Beloit, Wisconsin

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Prepared By:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES
Eric Miller, Director
Dawn DeuVall, Director of Accounting and Purchasing

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Transmittal Letter	i – v
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vi
Directory of Officials	vii
Organization Chart	viii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	ix – xi
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	xii – xxvi
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2 – 3
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	5 – 6
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	7
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	8 – 9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	11 – 12
Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund	13
Statement of Net Position – Component Units	14
Statement of Activities – Component Units	15
Notes to the Financial Statements	16 – 96

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL SECTION (cont.)	Page
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources – Budget and Actual – General Fund	97 – 99
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses – Budget and Actual – General Fund	100 – 101
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – TIF District No. 10 (Major Fund)	102
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan – Schedule of Funding Progress	103
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) – Wisconsin Retirement System	104
Schedule of Employer Contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System	104
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	105
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	106 – 108
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	109 – 111
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit) – Budget and Actual	
General Debt Service Fund (Major Fund)	112
Capital Improvements Fund (Major Fund)	113
Special Revenue Funds Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME) Fund Community Development Block Grant TIF District No. 5 TIF District No. 6 TIF District No. 8 TIF District No. 9 TIF District No. 11 TIF District No. 12 TIF District No. 13 TIF District No. 14 Fire Multi-Year Grants DPW Multi-Year Grants	114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124
Community Development	126

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL SECTION (cont.)	<u>Page</u>
Supplementary Information (cont.)	
Governmental Funds (cont.)	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) – Budget and Actual (cont.)	
Special Revenue Funds (cont.) Library Police Solid Waste	127 128 129
Capital Project Funds Computer Replacement Equipment Replacement Fund	130 131
Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position (Deficit) – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	132 – 133
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Deficit) – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	134
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	135
Detailed Schedule of Revenues and Expenses – Regulatory Basis – Beloit Mass Transit	136
Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenses to WisDOT and Federal Recognized Revenues and Expenses – Beloit Mass Transit	137
Computation of the Deficit Distribution Among the Subsidiary Grantors – Beloit Mass Transit	138
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position (Deficit) – Internal Service Funds	139
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Deficit) – Internal Service Funds	140
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	141
Agency Fund	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Tax Collections	142

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL SE	CTION (cont.)	<u>Page</u>
SUPPLEMENTAR	Y INFORMATION (cont.)	
Compone	nt Unit – Community Development Authority	
Combini	ng Statement of Net Position	143 – 144
Combini	ng Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	145
Combini	ng Statement of Cash Flows	146
STATISTICAL	SECTION	
Schedule 1	- Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years	147
Schedule 2	- Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years	148 – 149
Schedule 3	- Program Revenues by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years	150
Schedule 4	- Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years	151
Schedule 5	<ul> <li>Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years</li> </ul>	152
Schedule 6	<ul> <li>Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years</li> </ul>	153
Schedule 7	<ul> <li>Assessed Value and Equalized Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years</li> </ul>	154
Schedule 8	- Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years	155
Schedule 9	- Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago	156
Schedule 10	- Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years	157
Schedule 11	- Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years	158
Schedule 12	<ul> <li>Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt Margin, Last Ten Fiscal Years</li> </ul>	159
Schedule 13	<ul> <li>Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of December 31, 2016</li> </ul>	160
Schedule 14	- Pledged Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years	161

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

STATISTICAL	SECTION (cont.)	_Page						
Schedule 15 - Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years								
Schedule 16	- Principal Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago	163						
Schedule 17	<ul> <li>Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years</li> </ul>	164						
Schedule 18	- Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Years	165						
Schedule 19	- Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Years	166						
SINGLE AUDIT	SECTION							
Other Matte	ernal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and rs Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in with Government Auditing Standards	167 – 168						
Report on In	mpliance for Each Major Federal and Major State Program and atternal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance te Single Audit Guidelines	169 – 171						
Schedule of E	Expenditures of Federal Awards – supplementary information	172						
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards – supplementary information 173								
Notes to Scho	Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards 174							
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 175 – 182								



City Manager City Hall 100 State Street Beloit, Wisconsin 53511 608-364-6614 (Office) 608-364-6756 (Fax) beloitwi.gov Equal Opportunity Employer

June 23, 2017

To the City Council and
Citizens of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin

It is our pleasure to submit to you the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the City of Beloit for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. Wisconsin State Statutes, the Wisconsin Administrative Code, and the Municipal Code of the City of Beloit require that, at the end of the fiscal year, a full and complete examination of all books and accounts of the City be made by a certified public accountant and that the report be filed with the City Clerk/Treasurer as a matter of public record. This CAFR fulfills these requirements.

This CAFR was prepared by the City's finance department and consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Beloit. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. Management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to provide sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Beloit's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The system of internal control has been designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The cost of an internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefit; therefore, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements of fact. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the presented financial information is complete and reliable in all material aspects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial position have been included in this CAFR.

In compliance with the above statutory requirements, the City has retained the services of Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, to audit all books and accounts of the City. They have concluded, based upon auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America, that the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, are fairly presented in all material respects in accordance with GAAP. Their report is located at the beginning of the financial section of this CAFR.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors report and provides an introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### PROFILE of the CITY OF BELOIT

Beloit is located in Rock County Wisconsin just north of the Wisconsin/Illinois border along Interstate Highway 39/90, which travels south to Chicago and north to the state capitol Madison, and is directly connected to Milwaukee to the east via Interstate Highway 43. The City covers approximately 17 square miles. The most recent estimate indicates the City is home to 36,792 residents as well as more than 90 industrial firms, 850 retail establishments, several corporate headquarters, a minor league baseball team, and several museums. The City is also home to Beloit College; founded in 1846 it is Wisconsin's oldest college in continuous operation and is internationally renowned for its scholastic excellence. The college's approximate 1,300 students come from nearly every state and 40 nations worldwide.

The City was officially founded in 1836, incorporated as a village February 24, 1846, and incorporated as a city by the State of Wisconsin on March 31, 1856. The citizens adopted the Council-Manager form of government in 1929. The City Council is the policy making and legislative body. The Council consists of seven members that are elected at large for two-year staggered terms. At an organizational meeting following each general City election, the Council selects, by majority vote of its members, its president and vice-president for the ensuing Council year. The President acts as the presiding officer of the Council and in his/her absence the Vice-President presides. The Council, in its legislative role, adopts all ordinances and resolutions and establishes the general policies for the City. The Council also sets the tax rate and adopts the annual budget.

The City Manager is appointed by the Council to act as the executive and administrative head of the City. The Manager serves at the pleasure of the Council, carries out its policies, directs business procedures, and has the power of appointment and removal of all employees. Duties and responsibilities of the Manager include preparation, submission and administration of the annual budget, advising Council on the affairs of the City, enforcement of the ordinances and direction and supervision of all departments. The City provides typical municipal services including general administrative and financial services, police, fire, public works, sanitation, parks and recreation, planning and economic development, transit system and water and sewer utilities.

This report includes all of the funds and component units of the City of Beloit. The criteria used in determining the reporting entity is consistent with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) as outlined in the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. This report includes the general fund, which accounts for the general administration of the City, and the special revenue funds

relating to economic and community development, the public library, solid waste and recycling. The report also includes the City's enterprise funds that account for the water, storm water, and sanitary sewer utilities, ambulance services, cemeteries, transit, and the municipal golf course. Internal service funds provide information on the operations of the risk management, employee health benefits, and centralized equipment functions.

Financial data for the Beloit Public Library Foundation and Community Development Authority are included in the reporting entity by discrete presentation because they are component units of the City. The Beloit Public Library Foundation was formed to raise and provide support monies for the Beloit Public Library. The Community Development Authority was formed to engage in the development and operation of low-income housing. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) regulates such projects.

The annual budget provides the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Departmental budgets are prepared by department heads and are submitted each year in July for examination. After review by the Manager and budget committee, the proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Council for consideration by their first meeting in October. Workshops and a public hearing are held by the Council in October. The Council normally adopts the budget by their first meeting in November for the ensuing fiscal year. Once adopted, transfers among departments or supplemental appropriations require approval of the Council; the Manager is authorized to make adjustments within departments. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this CAFR for each governmental fund for which an annual budget has been adopted. This information can be found in the Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information sections of the CAFR beginning on page 97.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITION / MAJOR INITIATIVES

The local economy continues its recovery from the recent recession. The City's unemployment rate, at 4.8% in April, is the second highest in the State of Wisconsin. This is a significant improvement from a recession high rate of 18.3% in 2009. Although improving, the City still lags behind both the State and National averages which are 3.2% and 4.4% respectively. Fortunately, the City's large cluster of food processing industries continued to experience strong performance during this period. Several of these industries actually added employees and production lines in response to growing sales, despite the generally weak economy.

The City's Tax Increment District No. 10 continues to be its major economic development driver. Several major employers are now located in the TID including Kerry America's headquarters, Diamond Foods Kettle Brands, Pratt Industries, and the Staples Order Fulfillment Center; collectively all development in the TID has added \$171 million to the City's tax base and has provided over 1,000 new jobs with more to come. We continue to remain optimistic about the City's economic future and devote considerable time and resources to

economic development. The City currently has nine active Tax Increment Districts with over 1,200 acres of land available for development.

The City's economy historically and presently remains largely reliant on manufacturing and industry while offering a diversified employment base in the areas of metal fabrication, food processing, medical services, biotechnology, retail, and education. Located at the intersections of Interstates 90/39, that serves Chicago to the south and Madison to the north, and Interstate 43, providing a direct link east to Milwaukee, the City is marketed as the location of one of the Midwest's major distribution centers.

Additional economic and demographic data can be found in the MD&A and Statistical Sections of this report.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Each year the City prepares, as part of the budget process, a formal five year capital improvement plan for upgrades and replacement of public infrastructure and the management of related costs. This plan includes a funding methodology for each project utilizing the City's ability to borrow and other sources, primarily operating budgets and Federal and State grants. For budgetary and planning purposes, the City has policy guidelines establishing the appropriate levels and uses of unrestricted fund balance (15% of operating revenues or three months average expenditures whichever is greater). The City also has a debt service policy, which is consistent with its long range Financial Management Plan that was approved in 1998. This Plan established bond-rating objectives, use of debt policies, and debt load indicators that are reviewed annually. Standard and Poor's has assigned an "A+" rating to the City's general obligation debt and Stormwater utility revenue bonded debt and an "A-" for its Water utility revenue bonded debt. The general obligation rating was affirmed by Standard and Poor's on June 1, 2017.

#### AWARDS and ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Beloit for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This was the fourteenth consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2017. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document must be judged and determined to be proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communication device. This is the nineteenth year the City has received this award and is also valid for only one year.

The preparation of the CAFR would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance and Administrative Services Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all the members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report with particular recognition to Dawn DeuVall, Director of Accounting/Purchasing, Lisa White, Senior Accountant, and Jessica Tison, Budget Analyst. Credit is also given to the City Council for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Beloit's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Lori S. Curtis Luther

City Manager

Eric R. Miller

Finance and Administrative Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Beloit Wisconsin

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2015** 

Executive Director/CEO

#### City of Beloit, Wisconsin List of Elected and Appointed Officials December 31, 2016

#### **CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS**

David F. Luebke – President Kevin Leavy – Vice President Sheila De Forest Regina Dunkin Regina Hendrix Mark Preuschl Marilyn Sloniker

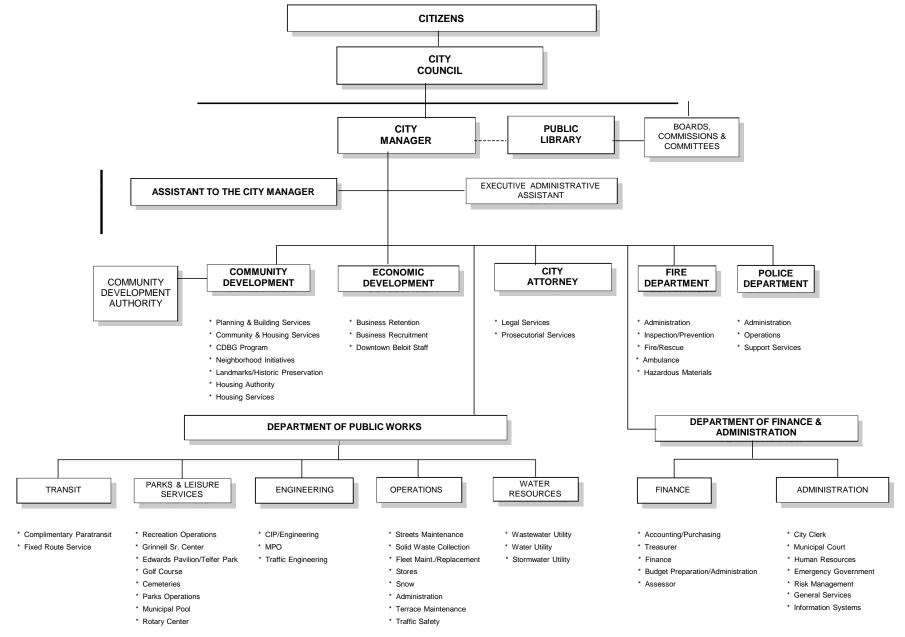
#### **CITY MANAGER**

Lori S. Curtis Luther

#### **DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS**

Eric Miller – Finance & Administrative Services Director
Gregory Boysen – Public Works Director
Julie Christensen – Community Development Director
Elizabeth Krueger – City Attorney
Andrew Janke – Economic Development Director
Bradley J. Liggett – Fire Chief
David Zibolski – Police Chief

#### CITY OF BELOIT, WISCONSIN ORGANIZATIONAL CHART 2016





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Beloit Beloit, Wisconsin

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Beloit's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., or the limited liability corporations (LLCs) presented as component units of the City of Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA). The Beloit Public Library Foundation Inc. represents 2 percent, 4 percent and 6 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the discretely presented component units. The LLCs of the CDA represent 59 percent, 69 percent, and 11 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and operating revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., and the limited liability corporations (LLCs) presented as component units of the City of Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA), is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., a component unit of the City of Beloit and the LLCs of the CDA were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Beloit's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Beloit's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Beloit's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the City Council City of Beloit

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Beloit's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Baker Tilly Virchaw & rause, LEP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 23, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Beloit's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Beloit's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Madison, Wisconsin June 23, 2017

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2016

As management of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, the basic financial statements, and related notes, all of which are contained in this comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR).

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- > The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Beloit exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2016, by \$123,366,950 (net position). Of this amount, \$(7,627,256) is an unrestricted deficit.
- > The City's total net position decreased \$2,520,790 largely due to operating losses in the Sewer Utility and Health Insurance Funds as well as depreciation of the City's capital assets and infrastructure exceeding its reduction in outstanding debt related to those assets.
- > In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 which requires governmental entities participating in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) to report their proportionate share of the plan's activity and net pension liability, the City recorded a pension liability of \$3,410,268 in 2016. This is a decrease from the pension amount reported in 2015 which was a \$5,160,932 asset. As of the December 31, 2015 measurement date used for the 2016 financial statements, WRS reported total resources available to provide pension benefits of \$88.5 billion. They also reported a total liability for pensions of \$90.1 billion, resulting in a net pension liability of \$1.6 billion. The City's proportionate share of this liability is \$3,410,268.
- > As of December 31, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,751,451, an increase of \$243,433 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$4,630,654 or 16.1% is unassigned and is available for spending at the government's discretion. The increase in fund balance was mostly due to a positive change in fund balance of \$687,532 in TIF District No. 6 and \$313,055 in TIF District No. 13.
- > As of December 31, 2016, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$8,303,332 or 27.8% of total general fund expenditures.
- > The business-type activities total net position at December 31, 2016 was \$68,192,639, which represents a decrease of \$1,488,825 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$53,967,808 represents the business-type activities net investment in capital assets.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This CAFR also includes supplementary information intended to provide additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (cont.)

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The **government-wide financial statements** are designed to provide information about the City as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the net amount reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, to assess the overall financial health of the City one must also consider non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, economic development, parks, recreation, and education, public safety, public works, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include the water and sewer utilities, which are considered major funds.

The government wide statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also two discretely presented component units that are separate legal entities for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 to 3 of this CAFR.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. These are explained in more detail as follows:

**Governmental Funds** – Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds. Fund based statements for these funds focus on how resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for future spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, this measures cash and other liquid assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term or current financial resources view that helps the reader determine the financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs and services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, general debt service fund, capital improvements fund, and TIF district No. 10 – special revenue fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this CAFR.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 4 to 6 of this CAFR.

**Proprietary Funds** – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, storm water, and sewer utilities, transit system, ambulance service, cemeteries, and golf course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and for its general liability and health insurance programs. Because internal service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds are reported using the full accrual basis of accounting method. The City's proprietary funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, and storm utilities, which are considered major funds. Data from the other proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this CAFR.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 8 to 12 of this CAFR.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

**Agency Funds** – Agency funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support city programs or services. The accounting used for agency funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic agency fund financial statements can be found on page 13 of this CAFR.

**Other Information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this CAFR also presents certain required supplementary information. This other information provides detailed budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and TIF District No. 10 to demonstrate compliance with their budgets. These schedules and all other required supplementary information can be found on pages 97 to 105 of this CAFR. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and can be found on pages 106 to 111 of this CAFR.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

An analysis of the City's financial position begins with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two statements report the City's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the City's financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth, and new regulations.

As noted earlier, over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City of Beloit, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$123,366,950 as of December 31, 2016. This is a decrease of \$2,520,970 from the previous year. This decrease is largely due to operating losses in the Sewer Utility and Health Insurance Funds as well as depreciation of the City's capital assets and infrastructure exceeding its reduction in outstanding debt related to those assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** (cont.)

The largest portion of the City of Beloit's net position (approximately 94%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e. g., land, buildings, machinery, improvements, construction in progress, and equipment) net of any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available to fund City operations. Although the City of Beloit's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### Summary of Net Position as of December 31 (\$ in millions)

	Govern Activ			ess-Type ivities	Total				
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016			
Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 72.0 105.7 177.7	\$ 67.9 107.5 175.4	\$ 17.8 84.9 102.7	\$ 17.3 81.4 98.7	\$ 89.8 190.6 280.4	\$ 85.2 188.9 274.1			
Deferred outflows of resources	5.7	17.2	0.9	2.9	6.6	20.1			
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities	100.8 4.8 105.6	104.6 4.2 108.8	32.4 0.8 33.2	31.0 0.6 31.6	133.2 5.6 138.8	135.6 4.8 140.4			
Deferred inflows of resources	21.6	28.7	0.7	1.7	22.3	30.4			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets, Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	59.8 18.0 (21.6)	65.8 13.2 (23.9)	55.6 4.0 10.1	54.0 2.1 12.1	110.8 22.0 (6.9)	115.6 15.3 (7.6)			
Total Net Position	\$ 56.2	\$ 55.2	\$ 69.7	\$ 68.2	\$ 125.9	\$ 123.4			

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities, but financed by the debt of the governmental activities column. Columns may not total due to rounding.

An additional portion of the City's net position (approximately 12%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (deficit) is \$(7,627,256).

**Analysis of City Operations** – The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2016. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$1.0 million and business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$1.5 million.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS** (cont.)

## Summary of Changes in Net Position for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31 (\$ in millions)

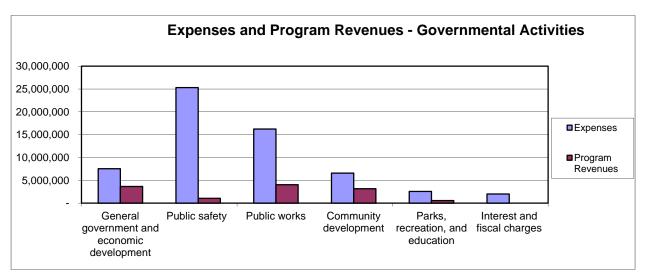
		nmental vities		ss-Type ⁄ities	Total Primary Government		
REVENUES	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Program Revenues:			<u> </u>	· <u> </u>	· <u> </u>		
Charges for services	\$ 5.4	\$ 7.7	\$ 15.1	\$ 15.6	\$ 20.5	\$ 23.3	
Operating grants & contributions	1.0	4.1	1.2	1.2	2.2	5.3	
Capital grants & contributions	0.2	0.6	0.1	-	0.3	0.6	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	20.7	21.5	0.7	0.7	21.4	22.2	
Other taxes	0.7	0.7	-	-	0.7	0.7	
Intergovernmental	22.2	21.9	-	-	22.2	21.9	
Investment income	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	
Gain on the sale of property	0.1	1.0	-	-	0.1	1.0	
Miscellaneous	0.9	1.0	-	-	0.9	1.0	
Total Revenues	51.5	58.8	17.4	17.8	68.9	76.6	
EXPENSES							
General government	0.8	0.8	-	-	0.8	0.8	
Finance and Administration	5.5	6.4	-	-	5.5	6.4	
Community development	3.0	6.5	-	-	3.0	6.5	
Economic development	0.3	0.4	-	-	0.3	0.4	
Police services	15.0	16.0	-	-	15.0	16.0	
Fire services	10.7	9.4	-	-	10.7	9.4	
Public works	13.0	16.2	-	-	13.0	16.2	
Parks, recreation, and education	2.3	2.5	-	-	2.3	2.5	
Interest & fiscal charges	2.2	2.0	-	-	2.2	2.0	
Water utility	-	-	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.8	
Sewer utility	-	-	9.2	8.9	9.2	8.9	
Other non-major proprietary							
funds			5.4	5.2	5.4	5.2	
Total Expenses	52.8	60.2	19.5	18.9	72.3	79.1	
Change in net position before	4		4				
transfers	(1.3)	(1.4)	(2.1)	(1.1)	(3.4)	(2.5)	
Transfers	0.6	0.4	(0.6)	(0.4)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Change in net position	(0.7)	(1.0)	(2.7)	(1.5)	(3.4)	(2.5)	
Net position – beginning	56.9	56.2	72.4	69.7	129.3	125.9	
Net position – ending	\$ 56.2	\$ 55.2	\$ 69.7	\$ 68.2	\$ 125.9	\$ 123.4	

Columns may not total due to rounding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)**

For 2016, revenues increased by approximately \$7,700,000 or 11% due primarily to charges for service and higher operating grants and contributions. Expenses increased by approximately \$6,800,000 or 9% compared to the prior year due primarily to increases in the Public Works Department and Community Development.

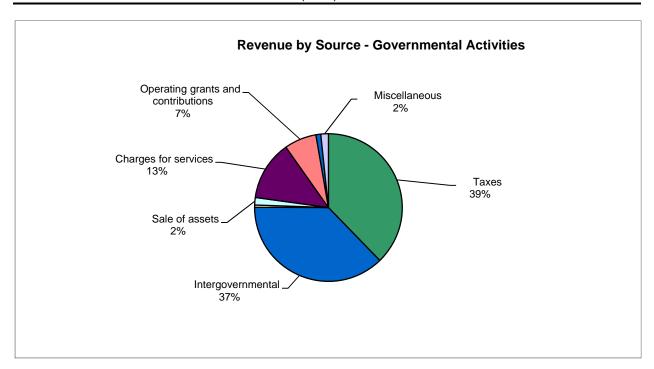


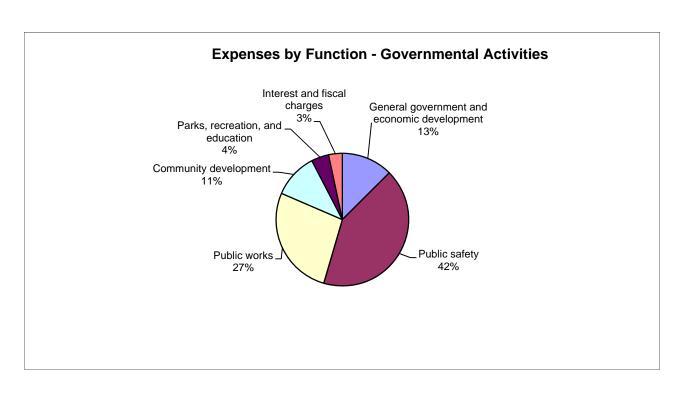
Intergovernmental revenue, such as state shared revenue, and property taxes are biggest sources of revenue for the City. Combined they make up 76% of the total revenue for Governmental Activities. The Public Safety and Public Works departments make up 42% and 27% of Governmental Activity Expenses respectively.

Charges for services account for 88% of the revenue for Business-type Activities. The Water and Sewer Utilities combine to make up 72% of the total Business-type Activities expenses.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2016

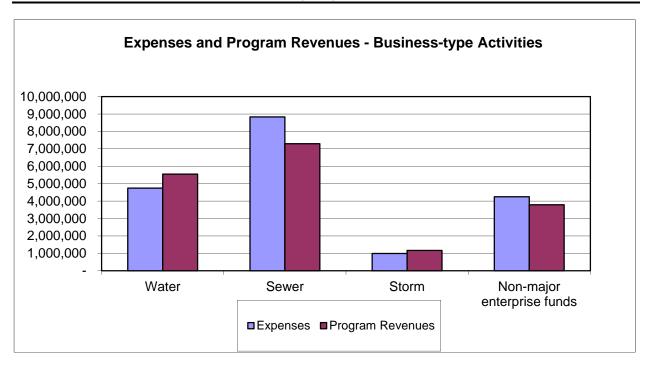
#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)**

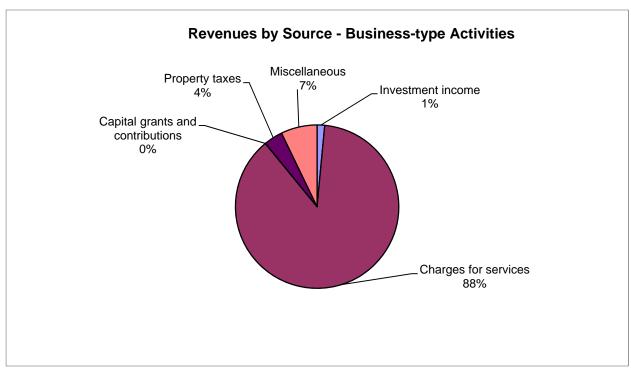




## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)**





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As was noted previously, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. Fund accounting and financial reporting focuses on short-term spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at year-end.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City of Beloit's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2016, the City of Beloit's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,751,451. This is an increase of \$243,433 from the previous year. Approximately 16% of this total or \$4,630,654 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The increase in fund balance was mostly due to a positive change in fund balance of \$687,532 in TIF District No. 6 and \$313,055 in TIF District No. 13.

The remainder of fund balance is restricted, assigned or non-spendable. Restricted fund balance totals \$12,697,326 and can be used for only those purposes established by parties outside the government. The largest single component being \$4,501,197 restricted for economic development. Other restrictions in this category are for debt service, capital projects, grant programs, library operations, solid waste, and cemetery perpetual care. Assigned fund balance totals \$9,844,541 and reflects the governments intended use of fund balances with such uses established by the City Council. This primarily includes funds assigned for capital projects and equipment replacement. The non-spendable portion of fund balance totals \$1,578,930 and is comprised primarily of advances to other funds, prepaids and supply inventories. Due to the inherent nature of these resources, they are considered non-spendable in their current form.

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund has a detailed fund balance reserve policy that insures financial stability for the City of Beloit. The policy stipulates that the unrestricted fund balance will be either 15% of operating revenues or 3 months of estimated General Fund expenditures whichever is greater. As of December 31, 2016, the total fund balance of the general fund was \$9,882,262 of which \$8,303,332 was unrestricted (assigned and unassigned). This unrestricted fund balance represents 28% of general fund expenditures. The City's total general fund balance increased \$83,088 from the prior year. The City budgeted for a change in fund balance of \$0.

**Capital Improvements Fund**: The capital improvements fund is used account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for capital improvement projects. It has a fund balance of \$5,263,135 of which \$2,190,884 is restricted for unspent bond proceeds with the remainder being assigned for capital improvement projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS (cont.)

**Tax Increment Financing District No. 10**: This tax increment district accounts for expenditures outlined in the TID project plan and related revenues and proceeds from long-term borrowing. It includes the Gateway Business Park, a mixed-use project comprising over 1,227 acres of land.

Since its inception in 2000, the TID has accounted for over 1,000 new jobs and additional tax base valued in excess of \$171 million. The premier projects in the TID are Diamond Foods Kettle Brands, Kerry Americas Headquarters, Pratt Industries, and the Staples Order Fulfillment Center. The district is scheduled to close in 2023. The annual tax increment of the TID exceeds \$4.4 million.

**General Debt Service Fund**: The general debt service fund is used to accumulate resources for the payments of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. It has a fund balance of \$2,098,792 which is restricted for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt.

The aggregate non-major governmental funds column includes several special revenue and capital projects funds that are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Most of these are the remaining tax incremental financing districts. The cumulative fund balances for these funds is \$11,023,979, an increase of \$435,917 from last year. There are three tax increment districts that have deficit fund balances as of December 31, 2016.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City of Beloit's major proprietary funds consist of the water and sewer utility funds. These activities are supported solely by fees assessed to the users of these services. Revenues generated by these funds are sufficient to provide for annual operating costs as well as long-term debt service payments as prescribed by the bond agreements.

*Water Utility*: The water utility realized a \$377,596 or 24% increase in operating income of \$1,973,430 in 2016 from \$1,595,834 in 2015. This increase was the result of decreased contractual service costs for maintenance in 2016. The change in net position in 2016 was an increase of \$125,581. The City serves 15,358 water customers and maintains eight wells and approximately 200 miles of water mains.

**Sewer Utility**: The sewer utility realized an operating loss of \$1,575,747 in 2016 compared to a loss of \$2,357,519 for 2015. This loss is largely the result of depreciation expense and increased contractual services to maintain the plant and equipment. Operating revenues increased slightly in 2016 as a result of increased industrial billings. There were no changes in the user fees assessed for sanitary sewer service. The rates for sewer services have not changed since 2003 and have not increased since the 1990's. Net position decreased \$1,230,729 due primarily to the increase in operating costs and depreciation. Cash flow remains positive for the sewer utility with an increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$712,345 from the prior year. The City serves 13,252 sewer customers with a wastewater treatment facility that has the capacity to treat 11 MGD of flow. The City maintains approximately 186 miles of sanitary sewer mains.

**Storm Utility**: The storm utility realized a \$227,952 increase in operating income of \$199,462 in 2016 from \$(28,490) in 2015. This increase was the result of increased charges for services and decrease in operation and maintenance costs in 2016. The change in net position in 2016 was an increase of \$174,338.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS (cont.)

The net position of the City's Enterprise Funds as of December 31, 2016 was \$68,084,235. The water, sewer, and storm utility's net position accounted for \$62,739,902 or 92% of this total.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The general fund budget appropriations totaled \$30,502,476. The final actual expenditures of \$29,860,797 were \$641,679 less than the final budget appropriations.

The actual revenues and other financing sources were \$29,943,885, which were \$558,591 less than the budgeted amount. Investment income in 2016 was \$235,156. Interest rates continue to remain very low but have shown signs of improvement. At \$7,202,750 the property tax levy is the second largest local source revenue in the general fund. Total taxes were greater than the final budget by \$43,750. The most significant revenue items in the general fund are the Aids to Local Government payments the City receives from the State of Wisconsin. In 2016, these payments totaled \$19,406,099. This represents 65% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources and is consistent with prior year's totals. Revenues and other financing sources were \$83,088 greater than expenditures and other financing uses, which is the net change in fund balance for 2016. As was previously mentioned, no change in fund balance was budgeted for the general fund in 2016.

Some of the highlights of comparing the final budget to actual for the fiscal year include the following:

- > General government expenditures were \$437,488 less than budget largely related to reduced personnel costs, and using fewer contracted services in the Finance and Administrative Services department.
- > Actual expenditures for the Public Safety departments were \$199,777 more than the final budget amount. This was due mainly to increases in overtime and legal fees.
- > Public Works department expenditures were \$325,047 less than budget due to the reduction in contracted services, vehicle maintenance and fuel costs, as well as lower snow and ice removal expenses related to less severe winter weather
- Overall, general fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$641,679 less than budgeted amounts.
- > Tax revenues were slightly higher than budget primarily due to increased motel tax collections.
- > The City's largest source of revenue for its general fund comes from funding it receives from the State of Wisconsin. In 2016 the City received \$19,406,099 in intergovernmental aid from the State to support municipal services and transportation. This amounts to 67% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources.
- > License and permit revenues were \$22,036 less than budget due to fewer sales of liquor licenses and decrease in cable TV franchise fees.
- > Fines, forfeitures and penalties were \$328,652 less than budget largely due to decreased fines collected for traffic and non-traffic related offenses and parking violations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The City of Beloit's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2016, was \$188,920,940 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment, park facilities, roads, bridges, highways and related fixtures and represents a decrease in net book value of \$1,649,621 from last year. This decrease is the result of current year depreciation exceeding current year additions to capital assets.

Major capital assets completed or started during the year include the following:

- > The City added over \$4.1 million in vehicles and equipment in 2016.
- > Currently \$2,682,361 in CWIP at year-end related to the Coley Rd and Wisconsin Ave reconstruction projects.
- > The City added over \$1 million of various improvements to its water and sewer utility funds including replacements and expansions to the water distribution system and the sewer collection system as well as customary infrastructures improvements to the water pollution control facility.

## Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31 (\$ in millions)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016
Land	\$	5.0	\$	5.0	\$	3.7	\$	3.7	\$	8.7	\$	8.7
Construction in progress		-		2.7		-		-		-		2.7
Buildings		14.6		14.2		7.5		7.2		22.1		21.4
Machinery & equipment		11.6		12.8		3.5		3.2		15.1		16.0
Other improvements		3.5		3.1		-		-		3.5		3.1
Streets		54.5		53.4		-		-		54.5		53.4
Street lights		5.3		5.2		-		-		5.3		5.2
Traffic signals		0.7		0.6		-		-		0.7		0.6
Bridges		10.5		10.3		-		-		10.5		10.3
Storm sewer infrastructure		-		-		9.4		9.3		9.4		9.3
Water plant & equipment		-		-		27.4		26.9		27.4		26.9
Sewer plant & equipment		-		<u>-</u>		33.3		31.1		33.3		31.1
Totals	\$	105.7	\$	107.5	\$	84.8	\$	81.4	\$	190.5	\$	188.9

Columns may not total due to rounding.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note IV.D on pages 39-41 of this CAFR.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

In 2016, the City issued \$17,515,000 in general obligation and revenue debt and retired \$20,401,105 resulting in \$75,525,850 in outstanding general obligation and revenue bonds at the end of 2016. Of the total bonded debt outstanding, \$50,514,403 is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Under Wisconsin State Statutes, the City's aggregate general obligation indebtedness may not exceed 5% of the equalized assessed value of taxable property located within the City. The total debt applicable to the statutory limit is 63% of the maximum allowed of \$79,677,965. The City's Stormwater utility revenue bonds and general obligation notes and bonds are rated "A+" and the Water utility revenue bonds are rated "A-" by Standard and Poor's. The general obligation debt rating was affirmed in 2016.

#### Outstanding Long-Term Debt as of December 31 (\$ in millions)

		Governmental Activities				Business- Activiti		Total			
	2015			2016		2015	2016	2015	2016		
General obligation bonds	\$	46.8	\$	46.8	\$	4.2 \$	3.7 \$	51.0 \$	50.5		
Revenue bonds						27.4	25.0	27.4	25.0		
Debt Outstanding	\$	46.8	\$	46.8	\$	31.6 \$	28.7 \$	78.4 \$	75.5		

Columns may not total due to rounding.

Additional information on the City of Beloit's long-term debt and capital leases can be found in footnote IV.F and IV.G on pages 44-52 of this CAFR.

#### **CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS/ECONOMIC CONDITIONS**

The City's economy historically and currently remains largely reliant on manufacturing and industry which are sectors of the economy that were most negatively impacted by the recent recession. As of late there have been improvements to the local economy and the City remains on a path to full recovery. In April 2009, the City's unemployment rate was 18.3%, which was the highest in the State. As of April 2017, the rate was 4.8%, which was second highest in the State. This trend is positive and has continued to improve, yet still lags behind both State and National averages which are 3.2% and 4.4% respectively.

Due to the City's proximity to metropolitan Chicago to the southeast and Madison to the north via Interstates 39/90, and Milwaukee to the east via Interstate 43, there is reason to be optimistic that the City's economy stands to continue to improve. Beloit has a unique opportunity to serve the Midwestern Unites States as a center for industry and manufacturing.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS/ECONOMIC CONDITIONS (cont.)**

This fact has become obvious from the economic development activity and growth being realized in the City's Tax Increment District No.10 which is located at the intersection of these highways. Since its inception in 2000, TID No.10 has realized an additional tax base value in excess of \$171 million with over 1,000 new jobs. We are optimistic that this linkage will further enhance the development potential of TID #10 and provide additional economic development opportunities for the City.

Another project that will have a profound impact on the City's economy is the potential for an Indian gaming casino in the City. Five years ago, the Ho Chunk Nation entered into an Inter-governmental Agreement with the City and Rock County to construct and operate a gaming casino in the City. They have submitted an application to the United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Indian Affairs seeking approval to operate a full class III gaming casino in Beloit. If approved, the tribe plans to construct a 700,000 sq. ft. facility for the casino and a 300 room hotel, conference and convention facility. The projected total investment is expected to be close to \$200 million. Once operational the facility is expected to provide approximately 2,000 new jobs in the City. The City will receive impact fee payments amounting to several million dollars to cover the costs of new infrastructure improvements to serve the facility as well as a share of net gaming proceeds. It is estimated the net gaming proceeds could possibly total \$5 to \$7 million per year. Four years ago the City entered into a contract with the Ho Chunk Nation for the purchase of 41.6 acres of City owned land which is contiguous to the casino site which the tribe expects to develop as part of the casino project. These additional development opportunities will further add to the impact of the casino on the City's economy by creating more jobs and adding to the tax base.

In 2016, the City's tax base increased \$35,621,400 or 2.3% to \$1,593,559,300. Most of this increase occurred in commercial property values and was attributable to new economic development projects and increased economic conditions. Property values continued to stabilize in 2016 and have shown positive growth in net new construction for the City. Several commercial and manufacturing construction projects were completed in 2016.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This CAFR is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this CAFR or need additional information, please contact the City of Beloit, Attn: Finance Director, 100 State Street, Beloit, Wisconsin, 53511.

General information relating to the City of Beloit, Wisconsin, is available on the City's website, <a href="http://www.ci.beloit.wi.us">http://www.ci.beloit.wi.us</a>.

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2016

	I	Primary Governmer	nt	
	<u></u>	Business-		
	Governmental	type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Units
ASSETS	<b>A</b> 00 705 457	Φ 0.000.500	Φ 05.005.050	<b>A</b> 4 0 40 0 40
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$ 26,705,457	\$ 9,230,502	\$ 35,935,959	\$ 1,949,649
Taxes	22,553,619	662,833	23,216,452	_
Delinquent personal property taxes	38,394	-	38,394	-
Accounts	1,040,857	3,443,511	4,484,368	71,555
Pledges	-	-, -,-	-	7,433
Special assessments	1,335,777	-	1,335,777	· -
Loans	3,103,911	-	3,103,911	-
Accrued interest	83,819	-	83,819	540
Land contract	1,545,961	-	1,545,961	-
Other	65,264	549,030	614,294	-
Due from other governmental units	1,147,652	151,356	1,299,008	21,930
Internal balances - interfunds	61,858	(61,858)	-	-
Internal balances - advances	1,481,862	(1,481,862)		-
Due from component unit	94,048	-	94,048	-
Inventories	507,427	228,917	736,344	-
Tax credit fees		-		153,929
Prepaid items	56,466	-	56,466	1,726
Lease receivable from primary government	-	-	-	11,473,188
Restricted Assets				
Temporarily Restricted		4 070 700	4 070 700	0.040.400
Cash and investments	-	4,379,763	4,379,763	2,919,498
Deposit with risk pool	1,575,475	475.074	1,575,475	-
Other assets	- 0.500.475	175,074	175,074	-
Land held for resale	6,522,175	-	6,522,175	-
Capital Assets	4.074.026	2 707 005	0.670.044	604 205
Land	4,971,936	3,707,005	8,678,941	601,285
Construction in progress	2,682,361	77 71 / 90 /	2,682,361	16,794,102
Capital assets net of depreciation	99,844,744	77,714,894	177,559,638	
Total Assets	175,419,063	98,699,165	274,118,228	33,994,835
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unamortized loss on advanced refunding	1,127,937	62,688	1,190,625	-
Pension related amounts	16,130,521	2,808,066	18,938,587	337,330
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	17,258,458	2,870,754	20,129,212	337,330
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,575,628	304,799	1,880,427	43,398
Accrued liabilities	352,902	158,479	511,381	1,162,037
Claims payable	2,278,750	150,475	2,278,750	1,102,037
Due to primary government	2,270,700	_	2,270,700	94,045
Due to other governmental units	_	_	_	
Other liabilities	-	149,741	149,741	-
Deposits	-	26,000	26,000	160,981
Noncurrent liabilities		,	,	,
Due within one year	9,744,728	2,300,635	12,045,363	2,625,000
Due in more than one year	94,844,969	28,707,875	123,552,844	11,889,894
Total Liabilities	108,796,977	31,647,529	140,444,506	15,975,355
	·			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property tax levied for next period	22,536,819	659,475	23,196,294	1,406,851
Pension related amounts	6,169,414	1,070,276	7,239,690	131,403
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,706,233	1,729,751	30,435,984	1,538,254
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Net investment in capital assets	65,844,049	53,967,808	115,643,805	17,395,387
Restricted for debt service	1,745,892	514,032	2,259,924	-
Restricted for library operations	569,923		569,923	-
Restricted for replacement		1,595,400	1,595,400	_
Restricted for economic development	4,501,197	-	4,501,197	
Restricted for grant programs	3,864,390	-	3,864,390	5,447,903
Restricted for solid waste	318,565	-	318,565	-, , - 00
Restricted for cemetery perpetual care	2,241,002	-	2,241,002	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(23,910,707)	12,115,399	(7,627,256)	(6,024,734)
TOTAL NET POSITION	¢ 55 17/ 244	¢ 68 102 620	\$ 122.266.0E0	\$ 16 010 FEE
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 55,174,311	\$ 68,192,639	\$ 123,366,950	\$ 16,818,556

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

					Pro	ogram Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government Governmental Activities General Government								
City Council, Manager, Attorney	\$	782,031	\$	43,065	\$	-	\$	=
Finance and Administrative Services		6,391,553		3,433,164		171,591		-
Community Development		6,574,221		147,455		3,004,777		-
Economic Development Public Safety		368,492		-		-		-
Police Services		15,906,565		970,757		860		-
Fire Services		9,395,681		11,972		67,277		-
Public works		16,224,141		2,780,201		624,057		626,960
Parks, recreation, and education		2,571,609		279,608		278,679		-
Interest and fiscal charges		2,011,442						
Total Governmental Activities		60,225,735	_	7,666,222		4,147,241		626,960
Business-type Activities								
Water		4,761,331		5,507,429		-		6,490
Sewer		8,873,499		7,167,202		-		-
Golf course		424,392		360,638		-		-
Cemeteries		307,592		144,906		-		-
Ambulance		1,233,792		1,110,999		-		-
Storm sewer		998,387		1,124,771		-		-
Transit		2,320,457		189,917		1,234,089		<u> </u>
Total Business-type Activities		18,919,450	_	15,605,862	_	1,234,089	_	6,490
Total Primary Government	\$	79,145,185	\$	23,272,084	\$	5,381,330	\$	633,450
Component Units - Business-type Activities								
Community Development Authority	\$	5,742,639	\$	324,320	\$	3,951,853	\$	15,143
Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc.	*	160,562	•		•	259,667	•	-
Total Component Units	\$	5,903,201	\$	324,320	\$	4,211,520	\$	15,143
Total Joinpolloni Onito	Ψ	0,000,201	Ψ	0Z-7,0Z0	Ψ	7,211,020	Ψ	10,140

### General Revenues

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, tax increment

Property taxes, levied for other

Other taxes

Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to

specific programs

Investment income

Gain on sale of property

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

### Change in net position

**NET POSITION - Beginning** 

### **NET POSITION - ENDING**

		Net (Expense) Changes in			
		Primary Government			
	Sovernmental	Business-type			Component
	Activities	Activities		Totals	Units
\$	(738,966)	\$ -	\$	(738,966)	¢
φ	(2,786,798)	φ -	φ	(2,786,798)	\$ -
	(3,421,989)	_		(3,421,989)	_
	(368,492)			(368,492)	_
	(300,432)			(300,432)	
	(14,934,948)	-		(14,934,948)	-
	(9,316,432)	-		(9,316,432)	=
	(12,192,923)	-		(12,192,923)	-
	(2,013,322)	-		(2,013,322)	-
	(2,011,442)	-		(2,011,442)	-
	(47,785,312)			(47,785,312)	
	(,,			(::,::::,::=/	
		752,588		752,588	
		(1,706,297)		(1,706,297)	
	-				-
	-	(63,754)		(63,754)	-
	-	(162,686)		(162,686)	-
	-	(122,793)		(122,793)	-
	-	126,384		126,384	-
		(896,451)	_	(896,451)	
		(2,073,009)	_	(2,073,009)	
	(47,785,312)	(2,073,009)	_	(49,858,321)	
					(4 454 222)
	-	-		-	(1,451,323)
	<u>-</u>		_		99,105
	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	_	<u>-</u>	(1,352,218)
	7,080,809	662,833		7,743,642	_
	4,769,154	-		4,769,154	-
	7,688,407	_		7,688,407	_
	1,936,877	_		1,936,877	-
	724,441	-		724,441	-
	21 026 644			21 026 644	
	21,936,614	-		21,936,614	-
	292,699	265,580		558,279	679,591
	961,838	-		961,838	400 777
	974,468	43,811		1,018,279	106,777
_	388,040	(388,040)	_	<u> </u>	
	46,753,347	584,184	_	47,337,531	786,368
	(1,031,965)	(1,488,825)		(2,520,790)	(565,850)
	56,206,276	69,681,464		125,887,740	17,384,406
\$	55,174,311	\$ 68,192,639	\$	123,366,950	\$ 16,818,556

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

	General		TIF District No. 10		General Debt Service	lm	Capital provements	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS				_							
Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 8,062,493	3 \$	-	\$	724,389	\$	3,107,993	\$	13,563,739	\$	25,458,614
Taxes	7,350,019	9	5,147,563		4,850,000		197,845		5,008,192		22,553,619
Delinquent personal property taxes	38,394		-		-		-		-		38,394
Accounts (net)	265,310	)	-		-		-		615,439		880,749
Special assessments Loans		-	-				1,335,777		3.103.911		1,335,777 3,103,911
Accrued interest	69,334	1	-		-		-		14,485		83,819
Land contract		-	-		-		-		1,545,961		1,545,961
Other	65,264	1	710 425		-		122.750		-		65,264
Due from other governmental units  Due from other funds	837,230	- )	719,435				133,759		294,458		1,147,652 837,230
Due from component units	007,200	-	-		-		-		94,048		94,048
Inventories	507,427		-		-		-		-		507,427
Prepaid items	56,466		-		4 275 402		- 2.052.075		4 040 707		56,466
Advances to other funds	976,643	_		-	1,375,403	_	2,253,875	-	1,042,787		5,648,708
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,228,580	\$	5,866,998	\$	6,949,792	\$	7,029,249	\$	25,283,020	\$	63,357,639
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ 814,265	5 \$	137,642	\$	1,000	\$	232,492	\$	332,013	\$	1,517,412
Due to other funds	, , ,	-	98,510	•	-	,	-	•	568,458	,	666,968
Advances from other funds			<u>-</u>	_	-				3,629,278		3,629,278
Total Liabilities	814,265	<u> </u>	236,152	_	1,000	_	232,492		4,529,749		5,813,658
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Property tax levied for next period	7,350,019		5,147,563		4,850,000		197,845		4,991,392		22,536,819
Unavailable revenue	182,034			_	4.050.000		1,335,777	_	4,737,900	_	6,255,711
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,532,053		5,147,563	-	4,850,000		1,533,622	_	9,729,292	_	28,792,530
Fund Balances (Deficit)	1 579 020	,									1 579 020
Nonspendable Restricted	1,578,930	-	483,283		2,098,792		2,190,884		7,924,367		1,578,930 12,697,326
Assigned		-	-		-,,		3,072,251		6,772,290		9,844,541
Unassigned (deficit)	8,303,332	2 _		_	<u>-</u>		-		(3,672,678)		4,630,654
Total Fund Balances	9,882,262		483,283	_	2,098,792		5,263,135		11,023,979		28,751,451
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND											
FUND BALANCES	\$ 18,228,580	<u>\$</u>	5,866,998	\$	6,949,792	\$	7,029,249	\$	25,283,020		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in th											
Capital assets used in governmental funds are r	not financial resourc	es ar	nd, therefore, are	e no	ot reported in the	fund	s. See Note II	Α.			107,495,216
Land held for resale is not reported in the funds											6,522,175
Some receivables that are not currently available are recognized as revenue when earned in the	government-wide	state	ments. See Note	١٧	/.B.						6,255,711
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensio governmental funds.	ns do not relate to	curre	nt financial resou	urc	es and are not rep	orte	d in the				15,895,494
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension governmental funds.	s do not relate to cu	ırrent	t financial resour	ces	s and are not repo	rted	in the				(6,079,887)
Internal service funds are reported in the statem	ent of net position a	s go	vernmental funds	s							106,523
		n the	current period a	and	I, therefore, are no	ot					
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are no reported in the funds. See Note II.A.	t due and payable i	0	ourront ponda a								(104,900,309)
			·	a fu	uture period and, t	here	fore, is			_	1,127,937

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fines, forfeitures and penalties Fees and service charges Rent	\$	7,202,750 19,406,099 840,394 743,548 779,191 57,804	\$	TIF District No. 10 4,482,569 847,145 - -
Special assessments Investment income Unrealized gain (loss) on investments Public charges for services Other Total Revenues	_	235,156 (154,714) - 41,776 29,152,004	_	18,141 - - 51,392 5,399,247
Current General government Community development Public safety Public works Parks, recreation, and education Capital Outlay Debt Service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	_	3,594,944 1,342,378 19,218,338 5,705,137 - - - 29,860,797	_	3,090,916 1,625,440 512,318 5,228,674
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(708,793)		170,573
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Debt issued Debt premium Sale of city property Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- 1,608 790,273 - 791,881		19,435 - (291,528) (272,093)
Net Change in Fund Balances		83,088		(101,520)
FUND BALANCES - Beginning		9,799,174		584,803
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	9,882,262	\$	483,283

General Debt Servi	ce Im	Capital nprovements	Gove	nmajor rnmental unds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
	- - - - - 351 - - -	133,759 - 52,450 - 280,934 17,958 - 657,816 1,142,917	2	5,163,379 2,577,290 68,343 - 39,297 - 241,772 (71,490) 2,512,226 1,423,858 1,954,675	\$	21,617,852 22,964,293 908,737 795,998 818,488 57,804 280,934 513,378 (226,204) 2,512,226 2,174,997 52,418,503
	- - - -	- - - - 6,700,437	2	1,616,718 919,256 2,640,913 2,236,552 1,757,757		3,594,944 2,959,096 20,137,594 8,346,050 2,236,552 11,549,110
5,032,7 1,255,8 6,288,5	337	124,055 6,824,492	10	902,862 119,657 0,193,715	_	7,561,023 2,011,867 58,396,236
(1,518,8	398)	(5,681,575)	1	,760,960		(5,977,733)
1,277,7		4,960,000 130,133 11,303 647,250 - 5,748,686		308,413 37,584 (,671,040) (,325,043)	_	4,960,000 130,133 340,759 2,752,842 (1,962,568) 6,221,166
(241, <sup>2</sup> 2,339,9		67,111 5,196,024	10	435,917		243,433 28,508,018
\$ 2,098,7		5,263,135		1,023,979	\$	28,751,451

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 243,433
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities.  Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements	
but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Less: Some items are reported as capital outlay but not capitalized Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Change in land held for resale	11,549,110 (4,796,497) (3,754,988) (481,162)
Net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-in- is to decrease net position.	(1,210,461)
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	857,718
Debt and lease issues provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which debt issues (\$4,960,000 G.O. debt) were less than payments (\$4,989,116 G.O. debt, \$10,000 other debt, and \$2,561,907 capital leases).	2,601,023
Other post-employment benefit liability	(3,440,412)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.	(104,392)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences Accrued interest on debt Net pension liability	(122,337) (25,318) (7,189,192)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	11,519,245 (6,063,314)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance, printing services, engineering and equipment maintenance to other funds. The decrease	(64.4.404)
in net position of the internal service funds is reported in the governmental activities.	 (614,421)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,031,965)

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

		Bus	ines	s-type Activit	ies	- Enterprise F	und	ds				
		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Storm Utility		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals		overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
ASSETS												
Current Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	998,551	\$	7,609,255	\$	621,536	\$	1,160	\$	9,230,502	\$	1,246,843
Receivables												
Taxes		<del>-</del>		<del>.</del>		<del>-</del>		662,833		662,833		<del>-</del>
Accounts		840,886		1,886,450		189,659		526,516		3,443,511		160,108
Other		74,941		474,089		-		-		549,030		-
Due from other governmental units		-		-		55,205		96,151		151,356		-
Inventories		67,337		38,040		-		123,540		228,917		-
Restricted Assets		202 222		440 500		40.050				544.050		
Bond redemption account		383,039	_	112,563	_	49,250	-		_	544,852	_	
Total Current Assets		2,364,754		10,120,397		915,650	_	1,410,200	_	14,811,001	_	1,406,951
Noncurrent Assets												
Restricted Assets												
Bond reserve account		2,129,011		-		110,500		-		2,239,511		-
Replacement account		-		1,595,400		-		-		1,595,400		-
Deposit with risk pool					_							1,575,475
Total Restricted Assets		2,129,011		1,595,400		110,500		-		3,834,911		1,575,475
Capital Assets												
Land		1,050,724		1,386,281		-		1,270,000		3,707,005		_
Land improvements		-		-		-		702,418		702,418		_
Buildings		5,449,135		71,479,781		-		4,870,297		81,799,213		-
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		2,791,952		1,640,972		-		4,450,075		8,882,999		67,165
Infrastructure		42,326,358		18,081,795		12,409,705		-		72,817,858		-
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(18,658,092)		(59,735,075)		(3,095,000)		(4,999,427)		(86,487,594)		(63,340)
Total Capital Assets, Net		32,960,077		32,853,754		9,314,705		6,293,363		81,421,899		3,825
Other Assets												
Preliminary survey and engineering		-		175,074		_		-		175,074		-
Total Other Assets		-	_	175,074	_	-		-		175,074	_	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	35,089,088		34,624,228	_	9,425,205	_	6,293,363		85,431,884	_	1,579,300
Total Assets		37,453,842		44,744,625	_	10,340,855	_	7,703,563	_	100,242,885	_	2,986,251
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unamortized loss on advance refunding		58,435		2,691		_		1,562		62,688		-
Pension related amounts		211,355		1,032,852		49,485		1,514,374		2,808,066		235,027
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		269,790		1,035,543	-	49,485	_	1,515,936	-	2,870,754		235,027
Total Deferred Outflows of Nesburdes	_		_	.,000,010	_	.0,.00	_	.,0.0,000	_	_,0.0,.01	_	

		Busine	ess-type Activiti	es	- Enterprise F	unds	3				
	Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Storm Utility		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals	,	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
LIABILITIES											
Current Liabilities	¢ 4047	-00 (	140.007	Φ	07 404	φ	60.640	Φ	204 700	Φ	50.040
Accounts payable		00 \$	3,883	Ф	27,424 3,547	\$	62,648 1,321	\$	304,799 17,159	Ф	58,216
Accrued liabilities Claims payable	8,4	804	3,883		3,547		1,321		17,159		- 2,278,750
Due to other funds		-	-		-		170,262		170,262		2,270,750
Compensated absences	34,7	- 756	164,138		5,877		142,137		346,908		_
Current maturities of general	34,	30	104,130		3,077		142,137		340,900		_
obligation debt	176,5	76	104,908		77,806		77,968		437,258		_
Customer deposits	26,0		-						26,000		-
Other current liabilities	_0,	-	_		_		5,145		5,145		-
Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets							5,1.0		3, 1.0		
Current maturities of revenue debt	1,300,0	000	151,469		65,000		_		1,516,469		-
Accrued interest	124,8		10,786		5,700		_		141,320		-
Total Current Liabilities	1,772,0		548,411	_	185,354		459,481		2,965,320	_	2,336,966
Total Garront Elabintios				_		_			, ,	_	, ,
Noncurrent Liabilities											
General obligation debt, less current											
maturities (including unamortized premium)	2,466,7	'20	678,372		817,028		318,457		4,280,577		-
Compensated absences	32,2	210	176,593		-		40,318		249,121		-
Other post-employment benefits	19,0	)50	84,142		15,876		59,965		179,033		-
Revenue debt, less current maturities	19,855,0	000	2,544,978		1,095,000		-		23,494,978		-
Deferred credits	144,5	96	-		-		-		144,596		-
Advances from other funds		-	-		-		1,481,862		1,481,862		537,568
Net pension liability	37,6		183,547		8,970		274,002		504,166		42,290
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	22,555,2	223	3,667,632	_	1,936,874	_	2,174,604		30,334,333	_	579,858
Total Liabilities	24,327,2	297	4,216,043	_	2,122,228		2,634,085		33,299,653		2,916,824
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Property tax levied for next period		_	_		-		659,475		659,475		-
Pension related amounts	79,9	14	389,715		19,041		581,606		1,070,276		89,527
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	79,9		389,715		19.041		1,241,081		1,729,751		89,527
			,	_	- , -		, , , ,		, -, -	_	, -
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)											
Net investment in capital assets	11,349,2	227	29,376,718		7,259,871		5,981,992		53,967,808		3,825
Restricted for debt service	258,2	205	101,777		154,050		-		514,032		-
Restricted for replacement		-	1,595,400		-		-		1,595,400		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,708,9	989	10,100,515	_	835,150	_	(637,659)		12,006,995	_	211,102
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,316,4	21 9	\$ 41,174,410	\$	8,249,071	\$	5,344,333		68,084,235	\$	214,927
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the position are different because:	ne statement o	of net									
Portion of internal service fund net position repo business-type activities as an interfund	orted in the								108,404		
•								_			
NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE	ACTIVITIES							\$	68,192,639		

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Business-typ	e Activities - En	terprise Funds		Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Storm	Nonmajor Enterprise		Activities - Internal
ODED ATIMO DEVENIUES	Utility	Utility	Utility	Funds	Totals	Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 4,920,703	\$ 6,982,311	\$ 1,124,771	\$ 1,770,403	\$ 14,798,188	\$ 12,363,306
Other	586,726	184,891	Ψ 1,124,771	36,057	807,674	955
Total Operating Revenues	5,507,429	7,167,202	1,124,771	1,806,460	15,605,862	12,364,261
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and maintenance	1,602,916	4,746,569	585,459	3,728,949	10,663,893	12,562,796
Contractual services	703,438	1,355,658	193,382	170,851	2,423,329	512,939
Depreciation	1,227,645	2,640,722	146,468	336,713	4,351,548	2,295
Total Operating Expenses	3,533,999	8,742,949	925,309	4,236,513	17,438,770	13,078,030
Total Operating Expenses		0,1 42,040	020,000	4,200,010	17,400,770	10,070,000
Operating Income (Loss)	1,973,430	(1,575,747)	199,462	(2,430,053)	(1,832,908)	(713,769)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-		1,234,089	1,234,089	-
Investment income	42,584	130,664	7,082	85,250	265,580	-
Interest expense	(912,485)	(90,518)	(66,501)	(10,786)	(1,080,290)	-
Amortization of loss on refunding	(32,497)	(584)	-	-	(33,081)	-
General property taxes	-	-	-	662,833	662,833	-
Debt issuance expense	(267,961)		-	-	(267,961)	-
Miscellaneous		9,516	34,295		43,811	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(1,170,359)	49,078	(25,124)	1,971,386	824,981	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	803,071	(1,526,669)	174,338	(458,667)	(1,007,927)	(713,769)
Capital contributions - municipal	106,293	235,830	-	-	342,123	-
Capital contributions - TIF	-	60,110	-	-	60,110	-
Capital contributions	6,490	-	-	-	6,490	-
Transfers out	(790,273)	<u>-</u>			(790,273)	
Change in Net Position	125,581	(1,230,729)	174,338	(458,667)	(1,389,477)	(713,769
TOTAL NET POSITION - Beginning	13,190,840	42,405,139	8,074,733	5,803,000		928,696
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 13,316,421	\$ 41,174,410	\$ 8,249,071	\$ 5,344,333		\$ 214,927
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:						
Portion of internal service funds change in net position reported in business-type activities					(99,348)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					\$ (1,488,825)	

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Busi	ines	s-type Activiti	es -	Enterprise Fu	und	s			Governmental
		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Storm Sewer		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals	Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Received from customers Customer deposits received	\$	5,669,630 26,000	\$	7,266,501	\$	1,135,697 -	\$	1,877,713	\$	15,949,541 26,000	\$ 12,372,697
Paid to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees for services		(1,611,666) (722,784)		(4,205,034) (1,896,968)		(488,190) (287,074)		(1,544,336) (2,176,219)		(7,849,226) (5,083,045)	(12,179,599) (590,346)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		3,361,180	_	1,164,499	_	360,433	_	(1,842,842)	_	3,043,270	(397,248)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL											
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating grants received								1,355,493		1,355,493	
Transfers in (out)		(790,273)		-		-		1,355,495		(790,273)	_
Property taxes received		(130,213)		_		_		662,833		662,833	-
Noncapital advance (and repayment)		_		_		_		(145,617)		(145,617)	309,618
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital					_		-	(1.10,011)		(**************************************	
Financing Activities		(790,273)					_	1,872,709	_	1,082,436	309,618
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED											
FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Debt retired	(	14,866,617)		(252,971)		(142,135)		(150,265)		(15,411,988)	-
Interest paid		(1,017,985)		(91,616)		(66,969)		(11,143)		(1,187,713)	-
Proceeds from issuance of new debt		13,507,049		-		-		-		13,507,049	-
Debt issuance costs  Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(267,961) (418,458)		(298,341)		(8,560)		-		(267,961) (725,359)	-
Construction grants received		(410,436)		(290,341)		(8,300)		46,291		46,291	-
Contributions received for construction		6,490		60,110		-		40,291		66,600	-
Net Cash Flows from Capital and		0, 100	_	00,110	_		_		_	00,000	
Related Financing Activities		(3,057,482)	_	(582,818)		(217,664)	_	(115,117)	_	(3,973,081)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Investment income		42,584		130,664		7,082		85,250	_	265,580	
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		42,584		130,664		7,082	_	85,250	_	265,580	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and											
Cash Equivalents		(443,991)		712,345		149,851		-		418,205	(87,630)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning		3,954,592		8,604,873	_	631,435	_	1,160	_	13,192,060	1,334,473
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	3,510,601	\$	9,317,218	\$	781,286	\$	1,160	\$	13,610,265	\$ 1,246,843

		Busi	ines	s-type Activiti	es -	Enterprise Fu	ınds	3			Go	vernmental
		Water		Sewer		Storm		Nonmajor Enterprise			,	Activities - Internal
		Utility		Utility		Sewer		Funds		Totals	Se	rvice Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	го											
<b>NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>												
Operating income (Loss)	\$	1,973,430	\$	(1,575,747)	\$	199,462	\$	(2,430,053)	\$	(1,832,908)	\$	(713,769)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)				,				,		, , ,		,
to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities												
Nonoperating income		-		9,516		34,295		-		43,811		-
Depreciation charged to other funds		120,432		-		-		-		120,432		-
Depreciation expense		1,227,645		2,640,722		146,468		336,713		4,351,548		2,295
Changes in Assets and Liabilities												
Accounts receivable		16,769		89,783		(23,369)		72,321		155,504		(1,132)
Inventories		125		-		-		5,384		5,509		· -
Accounts payable		(60,741)		(180,103)		(2,627)		23,462		(220,009)		18,470
Customer deposits		26,000		-		-		-		26,000		-
Deferred credits		24,700		-		-		-		24,700		-
Other current liabilities		11,670		47,675		534		(4,122)		55,757		-
Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities		21,150		132,653		5,670		153,453		312,926		24,063
Claims payable	_		_			<u> </u>	_				_	272,825
NET CASH FLOWS FROM												
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	3,361,180	\$	1,164,499	\$	360,433	\$	(1,842,842)	\$	3,043,270	\$	(397,248)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS												
Cash and investments - statement of net position	\$	998,551	\$	7,609,255	\$	621,536	Ф	1.160	\$	9,230,502	Ф	1,246,843
Restricted cash and investments - statement of net position	Ф	990,551	Ф	7,009,255	Ф	021,530	Ф	1,160	Ф	9,230,502	Ф	1,240,043
Bond redemption account		383,039		112,563		49,250		-		544,852		-
Replacement account		-		1,595,400		-		-		1,595,400		-
Bond reserve account	_	2,129,011	_	<u>-</u>	_	110,500	_	<u>-</u>		2,239,511	_	<u>-</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -												

### NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During 2016, \$106,293 of water capital assets were contributed by the municipality.

During 2016, \$12,555,000 of water revenue bonds were issued to refund \$13,445,000 of debt.

During 2016, \$235,830 of sewer capital assets were contributed by the municipality.

### STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND As of December 31, 2016

	Agency Fund
	Tax Collection Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,000,392
Property taxes receivable	17,463,521
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 23,463,913
LIABILITIES	
Due to other taxing units	\$ 23,463,913
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 23,463,913

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - COMPONENT UNITS As of December 31, 2016

	Major	Nonmajor	
	Community		
	Development	Beloit Public Library	
	Authority	Foundation, Inc.	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,230,480	\$ 719,169	\$ 1,949,649
Receivables			
Accounts	71,209	346	71,555
Pledges	-	3,750	3,750
Accrued interest	2 025 000	540	540
Lease receivable from primary government	2,625,000	-	2,625,000
Due from other governmental units	21,930	-	21,930
Prepaid items Tax credit fees	1,726	-	1,726 153,929
Total Current Assets	153,929 4,104,274	723,805	4,828,079
Total Gullon 7636t6	4,104,214	720,000	4,020,07
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted Assets	0.040.400		0.040.400
Cash and investments	2,919,498	-	2,919,498
Capital Assets	004.005		004.000
Land	601,285	-	601,285
Land improvements Buildings	561,467 2,046,944	-	561,467
Building improvements	17,613,559	-	2,046,944 17,613,559
Machinery, equipment, furnishings and vehicles	796,711	_	796,711
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(4,224,579)	_	(4,224,579
Total Capital Assets, Net	17,395,387		17,395,387
•	17,393,367		17,393,307
Other Assets		2.002	2.000
Pledges Lease receivable from primary government	8,848,188	3,683	3,683 8,848,188
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total Other Assets	8,848,188	3,683	8,851,871
Total Noncurrent Assets	29,163,073	3,683	29,166,756
Total Assets	33,267,347	727,488	33,994,835
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related amounts	337,330		337,330
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	43,398	-	43,398
Accrued liabilities	1,162,037	-	1,162,037
Due to primary government	94,045	-	94,045
Deposits	160,981	-	160,981
Lease revenue bonds payable	2,625,000		2,625,000
Total Current Liabilities	4,085,461		4,085,461
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated absences	45,599	_	45,599
Loans payable	99,134	_	99,134
Other notes payable	738,091	_	738,091
Net pension liability	62,070	-	62,070
Lease revenue bonds payable	10,945,000	-	10,945,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	11,889,894		11,889,894
Total Liabilities	15,975,355		15,975,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unearned revenue	1,406,851	_	1,406,851
Chedined Tevende	131,403	-	131,403
Denoise related assessed			1,538,254
Pension related amounts  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1.538.254		.,000,20
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,538,254		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			17 205 205
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  NET POSITION (DEFICIT)  Net investment in capital assets	17,395,387	424 900	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  NET POSITION (DEFICIT)  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for grant programs	17,395,387 5,323,103	- 124,800 602,688	5,447,903
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources  NET POSITION (DEFICIT)  Net investment in capital assets	17,395,387		17,395,387 5,447,903 (6,024,734 \$ 16,818,556

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - COMPONENT UNITS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Major		Nonmajor		
	Community		Beloit Public		
	Development		Library		
		Authority	Foundation, Inc.		Totals
EXPENSES					
Community development	\$	4,886,889	\$ -	\$	4,886,889
Library services	_	<u>-</u>	160,562		160,562
Total Expenses		4,886,889	160,562		5,047,451
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for services		324,320	-		324,320
Operating grants and contributions		3,951,853	259,667		4,211,520
Other revenue		80,621			80,621
Total Program Revenues		4,356,794	259,667		4,616,461
Net Revenues (Expenses)		(530,095)	99,105	_	(430,990)
GENERAL REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income		634,348	45,243		679,591
Interest and amortization expense		(855,750)	-		(855,750)
Miscellaneous		26,156	<del>-</del>		26,156
Total General Revenues (Expenses)		(195,246)	45,243		(150,003)
Revenues (Expenses) Before Contributions		(725,341)	144,348		(580,993)
Capital contributions		15,143			15,143
Change in Net Position		(710,198)	144,348	•	(565,850)
TOTAL NET POSITION - Beginning		16,801,266	583,140	_	17,384,406
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	16,091,068	\$ 727,488	\$	16,818,556

## INDEX TO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOT	E	<u>Page</u>
I.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies  A. Reporting Entity  B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	17 17 18
	C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation	21
	<ul><li>D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</li><li>1. Deposits and Investments</li></ul>	23 23
	<ol> <li>Receivables</li> <li>Inventories and Prepaid Items</li> <li>Restricted Assets</li> </ol>	24 26 26
	<ul><li>5. Capital Assets</li><li>6. Deferred Outflows of Resources</li><li>7. Compensated Absences</li></ul>	26 27 27
	<ul><li>8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt</li><li>9. Deferred Inflows of Resources</li></ul>	27 28
	<ul><li>10. Equity Classifications</li><li>11. Basis for Existing Rates</li><li>12. Pension</li></ul>	28 29 30
II.	Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements  A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the	30
	Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position	30
III.	Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability  A. Budgetary Information  B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations  C. Deficit Balances  D. Limitations on the City's Tax Levy	31 31 31 32 32
IV.	Detailed Notes on All Funds  A. Deposits and Investments  B. Receivables  C. Restricted Assets  D. Capital Assets  E. Interfund Receivables/Payables, Advances, and Transfers  F. Long-Term Obligations  G. Lease Disclosures  H. Net Position/Fund Balances  I. Component Units	33 33 37 38 39 41 44 50 53 56
V.	Other Information A. Employees' Retirement System B. Risk Management C. Commitments and Contingencies D. Other Postemployment Benefits E. Bond Covenant Disclosures F. Tax Abatement G. Subsequent Events H. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements	83 83 89 92 93 95 95 96

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization; (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government: (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or had the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and its component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists; (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantially the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit; (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens; or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

### City of Beloit Community Development Authority

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Beloit Community Development Authority ("CDA") as a component unit. The CDA is a legally separate organization. The board of the CDA is appointed by the city council. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the City can impose their will on the CDA, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City (see Note IV.I.). As a component unit, the CDA's financial statements are shown as a discrete column (proprietary) in the financial statements. The CDA's financial statements include transactions of two limited liability companies which are used to promote redevelopment of CDA properties. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The CDA does not issue separate financial statements. Additional information may be obtained from the CDA's office.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

**Discretely Presented Component Units (cont.)** 

### City of Beloit Business Improvement District (the "district")

The district was created under the provisions of Wisconsin Statute Section 66.608. The district, created in 1989, is a legally separate entity with a separate thirteen member board appointed and approved by the city council. Wisconsin Statutes provide circumstances whereby the City can impose its will on the district, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City. The members serve staggered terms as designated by the city council. A majority of the members own or occupy real property in the district. The district has its own budgetary authority and assessment capabilities. The district's financial statements are not included in these financial statements as the activity of the district was deemed to be immaterial to the City. Separately issued financial statements of the district may be obtained from the City of Beloit Business Improvement District.

### Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation")

The government-wide financial statements include the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. as a component unit. The Foundation is a legally separate organization. The economic resources of the Foundation are held for the direct benefit of the City of Beloit library and are significant to the City. As a component unit, the Foundation's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 (see Note IV.I.). Separately issued financial statements of the Foundation may be obtained from the Foundation's office.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This standard was implemented January 1, 2016.

In August 2015, the GASB issued statement No. 77 – *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about the agreements. This standard was implemented January 1, 2016.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

### Government-Wide Financial Statements (cont.)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- TIF District No. 10 Special Revenue Fund accounts for receipts of district "incremental" property taxes and other revenues that are legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures of the district.
- General Debt Service used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt other than TIF or enterprise fund debt.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

### Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Capital Improvements – Capital Projects Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure to be used capital improvement projects.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – accounts for operations of the water system Sewer Utility – accounts for operations of the sewer system Storm Sewer – accounts for operations of the storm sewer system

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME)	TIF District No. 14
Community Development Block Grant	Fire Multi-Year Grants
TIF District No. 5	DPW Multi-Year Grants
TIF District No. 6	Community Development
TIF District No. 8	Library
TIF District No. 9	Police
TIF District No. 11	Solid Waste
TIF District No. 12	Perpetual Care
TIF District No. 13	

Capital Projects Funds – used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition or construction of equipment and/or major capital facilities.

Computer Replacement

**Equipment Replacement** 

Enterprise Funds – may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external uses for goods or services, and must be used for activities which meet certain debt or cost recovery criteria.

Golf Course Cemeteries Ambulance Transit System

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### **B.** GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

### Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Operations General Liability Insurance Health Insurance Retiree Health Insurance

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for other governmental units for tax collections.

Tax Collections

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues. At December 31, 2016, there were \$1,126,951 of unrecorded anticipated future assessments which are not recorded as receivables because collection is subject to certain events occurring in the future and no formal repayment schedule has been established.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

The proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, sewer, and storm funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

#### All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Investment of most trust funds, including the cemetery perpetual care fund, is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. This section gives broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments including stocks, bonds and debentures.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

### 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments. The policy includes custodial credit risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note IV.A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as unrealized gain (loss) on investments. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2016, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note IV.A. for further information.

### 2. Receivables

### Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities – agency fund.

Property tax calendar – 2016 tax roll:

December 2016 Lien date and levy date Tax bills mailed December 2016 Payment in full, or January 31, 2017 First installment due January 31, 2017 Second installment due March 31, 2017 Third installment due May 31, 2017 Fourth installment due July 31, 2017 January 31, 2017 Personal property taxes in full Tax sale – 2016 delinquent real estate taxes October 2018

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

### 2. Receivables (cont.)

Uncollectible Accounts

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for water, sewer or storm sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

#### Interfund Loans

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

#### Loans

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amount recorded as economic development and housing rehabilitation loans receivable has been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$11,902. The loans receivable balance within the fund statements also includes conditional-type loans in the amount of \$878,697 which are not expected to be repaid unless conditional use or other provisions occur as part of the loan agreement. For these types of loans an allowance was established.

It is the City's policy to record unavailable revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

### Land Contract

During 2016, the City entered into a land contract which shows up as a receivable and unavailable revenue in TIF No. 8 in the fund statements. A monthly payment schedule has been setup charging 4% interest over 20 years. The receivable balance related to this land contract is \$1,545,961 as of December 31, 2016.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory, if material, are recorded at cost based on an average cost method using the consumption method of accounting. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in accordance with the consumption method in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

### 5. Capital Assets

#### Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$10,000 for general capital assets and infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. There was no interest that was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired, or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Land Improvements	25 Years
Buildings	5-53 Years
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	4-45 Years
Sewer Mains	100 Years
Sewer Treatment Facility	30 Years
Water Mains	77 Years
Infrastructure	20-100 Years

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
  - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

#### 6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of the debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

### 7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2016 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

### 8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable, and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) is reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, significant bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

### 8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt (cont.)

The City has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the City. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is \$143,916 made up of one issue.

#### 9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

### 10. Equity Classifications

### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by
   1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities column, but financed by debt of the governmental activities column.

The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column of \$4,168,052.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### **Fund Statements**

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
- 10. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (ordinance) of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The council may take official action to assign amounts. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

It is the desire of the City to maintain adequate General Fund fund balance to mitigate current and future risks (e.g., revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures) and to ensure stable tax rates. The City has adopted a financial standard to maintain a General Fund minimum unrestricted fund balance of 15% of operating revenue or three months of General Fund operating expenditures, whichever is greater.

See Note IV. H. for further information.

### 11. Basis for Existing Rates

Water Utility

The water utility was authorized current rates by the Public Service Commission (PSC) effective December 1, 2010 and is allowed to earn a 5.05% rate of return.

Sewer Utility

Current sewer rates were approved by the council and effective on November 1, 2003.

Storm Sewer Utility

Current storm sewer rates were approved by the council and effective on January 1, 2007.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

#### 12. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$ 4,971,936
Land improvements	67,854
Buildings and improvements	20,930,395
Machinery and equipment	25,830,223
Other improvements	6,168,407
Infrastructure	91,629,543
Construction in progress	2,682,361
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(44,781,678)
Less: Internal service fund capital assets,	
net of depreciation	 (3,825)
Capital Assets	\$ 107,495,216

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONt.)

### A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (cont.)

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities—both current and long-term—are reported in the statement of net position." The details of this \$104,900,309 difference in liabilities are as follows:

Bonds and notes payable	\$ 46,798,538
Unamortized debt premium	530,646
Compensated absences	3,000,157
Other post-employment benefit liabilities	39,538,245
Other debt	40,000
Capital leases	11,776,009
Net pension liability	2,863,812
Accrued interest	 352,902*

Net Adjustment to Reduce Fund Balance –
Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at
Not Position Governmental Activities

Net Position – Governmental Activities \$ 104,900,309

### NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

A budget has been adopted for all funds with the exception of the Perpetual Care special revenue fund. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

#### B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The City controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

<sup>\*</sup> This amount is included in other accrued liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

### C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2016, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	 Amount	Reason
Special Revenue – Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME)	\$ 20,336	Excess expenditures over revenues
Special Revenue – TIF District No. 5	171,447	Excess expenditures over revenues
Special Revenue – TIF District No. 8	1,156,340	Excess expenditures over revenues
Special Revenue – TIF District No. 9	2,249,047	Excess expenditures over revenues
Special Revenue – Community Development	43,021	Excess expenditures over revenues
Special Revenue – Police	32,487	Excess expenditures over revenues
Enterprise – Golf Course	141,988	Excess expenses over revenues
Internal Service – Retiree Health Insurance	508,191	Excess expenses over revenues
Internal Service – Health Insurance	1,343,877	Excess expenses over revenues

Tax incremental district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27) and may be extended in some cases. Other fund deficits are anticipated to be funded with future contributions, general tax revenues, or long-term borrowing.

### D. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally, the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction, or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's cash and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balance	Associated Risks
Demand deposits U.S. agencies – implicitly guaranteed	\$ 7,857,113 996,190	\$ 9,272,083 996,190	Custodial credit risk Custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk
U.S. agencies – explicitly guaranteed	1,237,813	1,237,813	Custodial credit risk, interest rate risk
Municipal bonds	6,406,534	6,406,534	Custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk
Corporate bonds	6,198,650	6,198,650	Credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk
LGIP	23,611,183	23,611,183	Credit risk
Petty cash	8,631		N/A
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 46,316,114	\$ 47,722,453	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net position			
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of assets and liabilities – agency fund	\$ 35,935,959 4,379,763		
Cash and investments	6,000,392		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 46,316,114		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit amounts (interest-bearing and noninterest bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposits.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing the amounts in Category 1 above.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

The Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), created by the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970, is an independent government-sponsored corporation (not an agency of the U.S. government).

SIPC membership provides account protection up to a maximum of \$500,000 per customer, of which \$100,000 may be in cash. Additionally, through Lloyds of London, City accounts have additional securities coverage of \$150 million per customer, subject to a \$600 million aggregate firm limit. \$500,000 of the City's investments are covered by SIPC.

The City maintains collateral agreements with its banks. At December 31, 2016, the banks had pledged various government securities in the amount of \$8,837,914 to secure the City's deposits.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

> Market approach – prices or other information from market transactions involving identical or similar assets

	December 31, 2016							
Investment Type	Level 1	_		Level 2	_	Level 3	_	Total
US agencies – implicitly guaranteed	\$	-	\$	996,190	\$	-	\$	996,190
US agencies – explicitly guaranteed		-		1,237,813		-		1,237,813
Corporate bonds		-		6,198,650		-		6,198,650
Municipal bonds				6,406,534			_	6,406,534
Totals	\$	_	<u>\$ 1</u>	4,839,187	\$	_	\$	14,839,187

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For a deposit, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of December 31, 2016, the City had no bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of the December 31, 2016, the City had no investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

The City's investment policy states that securities will be held by a custodian designated by the Director of Finance and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The policy does not address the risk for deposits.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of December 31, 2016, the City's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's Investor Service
U.S. agencies – implicitly guaranteed	AA+	N/A	AAA
Municipal bonds	AA	N/A	A3 to AA3
Corporate bonds	A- to AA-	N/A	A1 to AAA

The City also had investments in the following which are not rated:

LGIP - external pool

The City's investment policy states the City shall invest in those securities having a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by S&P Corp, Moody's investors service or similar nationally recognized rating agency.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

As of December 31, 2016, of the City's total portfolio, 6.9% was invested in FHLB investments and 5.6% was invested in Wisconsin State Municipal bonds.

# Concentration of Credit Risk (by Dealer):

Dealer	 Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio
Multi-Bank Securities, Inc. Vining Sparks	\$ 4,270,245 6,654,945	11% 17
Coastal Securities BOSC, Inc.	 2,264,680 1,649,316	6 4
Total Concentrated Investments	\$ 14,839,186	38%

According to the City's investment policy, the City will diversify its investments by security type and institution. No more than 40% of the City of Beloit's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. The portfolio is currently in compliance with the City's investment policy.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2016, the City's investments were as follows:

				Maturity						
Investment Type	· —	Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio	 Less than 1 Yr.	_	1 to 5 Yrs.	_(	6 to 10 Yrs.		More Than 10
U.S. agencies – implicitly guaranteed	\$	996,190	16%	\$ -	\$	-	\$	996,190	\$	-
U.S. agencies – explicitly guaranteed		1,237,813	3	-		237,703		1,000,110		_
Municipal bonds		6,406,534	17	849,626		1,720,839		3,582,031		254,038
Corporate bonds		6,198,650	3	 3,549,745	_	2,648,905	_			<u>-</u>
Totals	\$	14,839,187		\$ 4,399,371	\$	4,607,447	\$	5,578,331	\$	254,038

The City's investment policy does not specifically mention interest rate risk.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### B. RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivables not expected to be collected within one year as follows:

General Fund – delinquent personal property taxes	\$	38,394
Capital Projects – equipment replacement – loans		13,139
Capital Projects – capital improvement – special assessments		1,335,777
Special Revenue – TIF No. 8 – land contract		1,490,496
Nonmajor Governmental Funds – loans	_	2,541,271
Total Amount Not Expected to be Collected		

Allowances on receivables as of year-end are as follows:

Within One Year

	 Total
Governmental Fund Types – municipal court receivable Governmental Fund Types – economic development loans Business Type – ambulance receivables	\$ 293,532 11,902 166,316
Total Uncollectibles	\$ 471,750

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned			Unavailable		
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Loans receivable Accounts receivable – noncurrent Investment income – noncurrent Special assessments Land contract receivable	\$	22,536,819 - - - - -	\$	3,005,367 248,482 100,974 1,354,927 1,545,961		
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	22,536,819	\$	6,255,711		

5.419.077

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

### Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption – Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over

the next twelve months.

Reserve – Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in

the redemption account.

### **Equipment Replacement Account**

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Following is a list of restricted cash and investments at December 31, 2016:

	Water	Sewer	Storm
Bond redemption account	\$ 383,039	\$ 112,563	\$ 49,250
Equipment replacement account	-	1,595,400	-
Bond reserve account	2,129,011		110,500
Total Enterprise Fund Restricted Assets	\$ 2,512,050	\$ 1,707,963	\$ 159,750

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

### D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress Total Capital Assets	\$ 4,971,936	\$ - 2,682,361	\$ -	\$ 4,971,936 2,682,361
Not Being Depreciated	4,971,936	2,682,361		7,654,297
Capital assets being depreciated Land improvements Buildings Machinery, equipment,	67,854 20,930,395	-	-	67,854 20,930,395
and vehicles Other improvements	25,057,450 6,168,407	4,070,252	3,297,479	25,830,223 6,168,407
Streets Structures	69,268,561 405,684	-	-	69,268,561 405,684
Street lights Traffic signals Bridges	6,578,339 2,562,159 12,814,800	- -		6,578,339 2,562,159 12,814,800
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	143,853,649	4,070,252	3,297,479	144,626,422
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements Buildings Machinery, equipment,	(61,070) (6,377,662)		-	(61,070) (6,771,978)
and vehicles Other improvements	(13,474,004) (2,922,210)	(128,966)	(2,087,018)	(13,044,280) (3,051,176)
Streets Structures Street lights	(14,723,774) (72,415) (1,284,839)	(17,578)	- -	(15,884,794) (89,993) (1,411,681)
Traffic signals Bridges Total Accumulated	(1,879,085) (2,316,354)	(86,675) (184,592)		(1,965,760) (2,500,946)
Depreciation	(43,111,413)	(3,757,283)	(2,087,018)	(44,781,678)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	100,742,236	312,969	1,210,461	99,844,744
Total Governmental Activities – Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 105,714,172			\$ 107,499,041

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONt.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)						
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:						
Governmental Activities  Finance and administrative services Finance and administrative services Public safety – police Public safety – fire Public works, which includes the dep	\$ 172,305 2,295 220,937 324,619 2,899,172 137,955					
Total Governmental Activities Dep	preciation Expense	Э		\$ 3,757,283		
Business-type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance		
Land	\$ 3,707,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,707,005		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,707,005			3,707,005		
Other capital assets Land improvements Buildings Machinery, equipment, and vehicles Sewer mains Sewer treatment facility Water mains	702,418 10,372,342	-	-	702,418 10,372,342		
	8,717,551 17,754,699 71,457,465 41,961,519	116,958 371,726 - 534,026	4,418 22,315 - 169,188	8,830,091 18,104,110 71,457,465 42,326,357		
Storm infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	12,394,926 163,360,920	1,037,489	195,921	12,409,705 164,202,488		
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Land improvements Buildings Machinery, equipment, and	(693,699) (2,890,400)	(4,118) (266,903)	-	(697,817) (3,157,303)		
vehicles Sewer mains Sewer treatment facility Water mains Storm infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,234,970) (4,604,982) (51,292,370) (14,546,583)	(388,927) (179,944) (2,393,563) (1,092,056)	4,418 22,315 - 169,188	(5,619,479) (4,762,611) (53,685,933) (15,469,451)		
	(2,948,532) (82,211,536)	(146,468)	195,921	(3,095,000)		
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	81,149,384	(3,434,490)		77,714,894		
Total Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 84,856,389			\$ 81,421,899		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

**Business-type Activities** 

Water	\$	1,227,645
Sewer		2,640,722
Storm		146,468
Transit		322,227
Golf Course		12,470
Cemetery		2,016
Total Business-type Activities		
Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	4,351,548

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity accumulated depreciation additions because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocators, or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

#### E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General General General General General General	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 5 Special Revenue – TIF District No. 10 Special Revenue – Fire Multi-Year Grants Special Revenue – Community Development Special Revenue – Solid Waste Special Revenue – Police	\$	171,447 98,510 9,540 224,553 106,613 52,433
General General	Special Revenue – Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME) Enterprise – Transit System Enterprise – Ambulance		3,872 95,073 75,189
Sub-total – Fund Financial Statements			837,230
Less: Allocation of Internal Service funds Less: Fund eliminations			(108,404) (666,968)
Total – Government-	Wide Statement of Net Position	\$	61,858

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfund transactions is for deficit cash balances at year end. All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

#### Advances

The general debt service fund and the capital improvement program funds are advancing funds to various tax incremental districts. The amount advanced is determined by the deficiency of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources since the district's inception. The general fund is advancing funds to the golf course. The equipment replacement fund is advancing funds to the retiree health insurance fund, transit fund, and cemetery fund. The purpose of these advances is for deficit cash balances at year end. No repayment schedules have been established for these advances.

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

			Amount Not Due
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Totals	in One Year
General	Enterprise – Golf course fund	\$ 976,64	3 \$ 976,643
Equipment replacement	Enterprise – Cemeteries	171,49	
Equipment replacement Equipment replacement	Enterprise – Transit system Internal Service – Retiree	333,72	,
	health insurance	537,56	8 537,568
General debt service	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 8	1,183,73	8 1,183,738
General debt service	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 9	191,66	5 191,665
Capital improvements	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 9	2,253,87	5 2,253,875
Sub-Totals		5,648,70	8 5,648,708
Less: Fund eliminations		(4,166,84	6) (4,166,846)
Totals		\$ 1,481,86	2 \$ 1,481,862

The principal purpose of these advances is due to expenditures/expenses exceeding revenues.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

#### **Transfers**

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amount	Purpose
General	Water Utility	\$ 790,273	Payment in lieu of tax
Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF		
Debt Service	District No. 5	342,200*	Debt service
Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF		
Debt Service	District No. 6	170,165	Debt service
Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF		
Debt Service	District No. 8	215,649	Debt service
Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF	40.0==	5.1.
Debt Service	District No. 9	16,675	Debt service
Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 10	204 520	Dobt convice
Debt Service Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF	291,528	Debt service
Debt Service – General	District No. 11	99,930	Debt service
Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF	99,930	Debt service
Debt Service	District No. 12	65,900	Debt service
Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF	00,000	2021 0011.00
Debt Service	District No. 13	75,688	Debt service
Total Dakt Comitae Commu	1		
Total Debt Service – Genera	II	1,277,735	
Capital Improvements	Equipment Replacement	647,250	Capital asset purchases
Equipment Replacement	Solid Waste	37,584	Capital asset purchases
2quipment replacement	Cond Tracto		capital accet parenacce
Sub-Total – Fund Financia	al Statements	2,752,842	
Less: Capital contributions from	Governmental Activities to		
Business-type Activities	1 Covernmental Activities to	(402,233)	
Less: Fund eliminations		(1,962,569)	
		(.,552,566)	
Total – Government-wid	de Statement of		
Activities		\$ 388,040	

<sup>\*</sup> Note that the scheduled transfer was for \$532,150; however, this difference of \$189,950 was paid via levy due to insufficient increment collected in the TIF.

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases Decreases		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES  Bonds and Notes Payable  General Obligation Debt										
General	\$	46,827,654	\$	4,960,000	\$	4,989,116	\$	46,798,538	\$	5,323,352
Premium on debt		568,900		<u>-</u>		38,254		530,646	_	<u> </u>
Sub-totals		47,396,554	_	4,960,000		5,027,370	_	47,329,184		5,323,352
Other Liabilities										
Compensated Absences										
Sick leave		1,304,234		334,122		180,034		1,458,322		199,108
Vacation		1,573,586		1,541,835		1,573,586		1,541,835		1,541,835
Other post-employment benefit liability		36,097,833		3,440,412		-		39,538,245		-
Other Debt										
Town of Turtle		50,000		-		10,000		40,000		10,000
Capital Leases										
Payable to component unit		13,991,490		-		2,518,302		11,473,188		2,625,000
Other capital leases		346,426		-		43,605		302,821		45,433
Net pension liability (asset)		(4,388,651)		7,294,753		-		2,906,102		-
Total Other Liabilities		48,974,918	_	12,611,122		4,325,527	_	57,260,513		4,421,376
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	96,371,472	\$	17,571,122	\$	9,352,897	\$	104,589,697	\$	9,744,728

The liabilities for compensated absences, net pension liability and the other post employment benefit liability will be liquidated primarily from the General Fund.

	Beginning Balance			Increases Decreases		 Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Bonds and Notes Payable									
General obligation debt	\$	4,224,935	\$	-	\$	509,070	\$ 3,715,865	\$	437,258
Revenue bonds		24,515,000		12,555,000		14,755,000	22,315,000		1,365,000
CWFL revenue bond		2,844,366		-		147,919	2,696,447		151,469
Add/(Subtract) Deferred Amounts For									
Premiums		124,094		952,049		74,173	1,001,970		-
Sub-total		31,708,395	_	13,507,049		15,486,162	29,729,282		1,953,727
Other Liabilities									
Compensated absences		539,204		366,458		309,633	596,029		346,908
Other post-employment benefit liability		179,033		-		-	179,033		-
Net pension liability (asset)		(772,281)		1,276,447		-	504,166		-
Sub-total		(54,044)	_	1,642,905		309,633	1,279,228		346,908
Total Business-type Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	31,654,351	\$	15,149,954	\$	15,795,795	\$ 31,008,510	\$	2,300,635

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

# **General Obligation Debt**

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2016, was \$79,677,965. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$50,514,403.

	5	_		Original	5.
	Date of	Due	Interest	Indebted-	Balance
	Issue	Date	Rates	ness	12-31-16
Governmental Activities –					
General Obligation Debt					
General obligation corporate	0.40.00	0.4.00	0.75.4.400/	Φ 0 000 070	Φ 4 404 505
purpose bonds Series 2008	6-19-08	6-1-28	3.75-4.10%	\$ 2,260,670	\$ 1,461,525
General obligation corporate					4 0 4 4 0 0 0
purpose bonds Series 2009	5-28-09	5-1-29	1.10-4.60	7,057,000	1,611,000
General obligation refunding					
bonds Series 2011A	10-21-11	4-1-25	2.45	9,726,168	6,214,762
General obligation refunding					
bonds Series 2011B	12-8-11	3-1-25	1.00-4.10	4,280,000	2,575,000
2011 state trust fund loan	8-1-11	3-15-21	3.75	1,500,000	807,670
General obligation corporate					
purpose bonds Series 2012A	6-21-12	3-1-32	2.00-3.25	7,130,000	5,850,000
2012 state trust fund loan	10-1-12	3-15-17	2.50	330,000	86,527
General obligation refunding bonds					
Series 2013A	2-13-13	5-1-27	2.00-3.00	6,729,000	4,519,500
General obligation refunding bonds					
Series 2013C	2-13-13	5-1-21	0.55-2.50	885,000	600,000
General obligation corporate					
purpose bonds Series 2013D	6-13-13	4-1-33	2.00-3.38	7,485,000	6,120,000
2013 State trust fund loan	8-1-13	3-15-23	2.75	667,100	480,677
General obligation promissory					
notes Series 2014A	5-15-14	5-1-24	2.00-2.40	850,000	735,000
General obligation corporate				•	•
purpose bonds Series 2014B	5-15-14	5-1-34	2.00-3.50	7,777,275	7,586,877
General obligation promissory				, ,	, ,
notes Series 2015B	3-19-15	3-1-25	0.80-2.40	720,000	655,000
General obligation corporate				,	,
purpose bonds Series 2015C	3-19-15	3-1-35	2.00-3.25	2,450,000	2,335,000
2015 State trust fund loan	11-23-15	3-15-25	3.25	200,000	200,000
General obligation promissory				,	,
notes Series 2016A	5-12-16	4-1-26	1.60-2.00	1,725,000	1,725,000
General obligation corporate	· •	0	=	.,. ==,==	.,. ==,300
purpose bonds Series 2016B	5-12-16	4-1-36	2.00-3.00	3,235,000	3,235,000
, ,				-,,-30	

Total Governmental Activities – General Obligation Debt

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

# F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

# General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Concrat Congation 2001 (66	,			Original				
	Date of	Due	Interest	Indebted-	Balance			
	Issue	Date	Rates	ness	12-31-16			
Business-type Activities – General Obligation Debt								
General obligation corporate								
purpose bonds Series 2008 General obligation corporate	6-19-08	6-1-28	3.75-4.10%	\$ 1,954,330	\$ 1,263,475			
purpose bonds Series 2009	5-28-09	5-1-29	1.10-4.60	333,000	189,000			
General obligation refunding				•	,			
bonds Series 2011A	10-21-11	4-1-25	2.45	1,353,832	940,239			
General obligation corporate								
purpose bonds Series 2012A	6-21-12	3-1-26	2.00-3.25	110,000	110,000			
2012 state trust fund loan	10-1-12	3-15-17	2.50	47,000	12,323			
General obligation refunding bonds								
Series 2013A	2-13-13	5-1-27	2.00-3.00	601,000	370,500			
General obligation corporate								
purpose bonds Series 2013D	6-13-13	4-1-30	2.00-3.38	250,000	190,000			
2013 state trust fund loan	8-1-13	3-15-23	2.75	129,600	7,205			
General obligation promissory notes								
Series 2014A	5-15-14	5-1-24	2.00-2.40	270,000	220,000			
General obligation corporate	- 4- 44	5 4 0 4	0.00.0.50	007.705	000 400			
purpose bonds Series 2014B	5-15-14	5-1-24	2.00-3.50	387,725	383,123			
General obligation promissory	0.40.45	0.4.05	0.00.0.40	40.000	00.000			
notes Series 2015B	3-19-15	3-1-25	0.80-2.40	40,000	30,000			
Total Business-type Activities – General Obligation Debt \$ 3,715								

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 Government General Obli			Activities tion Debt			
<u>Years</u>	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2017	\$ 5,323,352	\$	1,255,603	\$	437,258	\$	107,790
2018	4,470,086		1,082,926		341,647		96,323
2019	4,353,115		970,196		351,922		86,211
2020	3,721,616		865,567		311,946		76,684
2021	3,747,855		766,138		314,669		67,720
2022 – 2026	15,893,335		2,479,115		1,557,603		194,473
2027 – 2031	6,609,179		852,637		400,820		18,363
2032 – 2036	 2,680,000		153,666				<u>-</u>
Totals	\$ 46,798,538	\$	8,425,848	\$	3,715,865	\$	647,564

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

### Capital Leases

Refer to Note IV.G.

#### Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences and other commitments are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

A statutory mortgage lien upon the City's utility system and any additions, improvements and extensions thereto is created by Section 66.066 of the Wisconsin Statutes as provided for in the ordinances creating the revenue bond issue. The City's system and the earnings of the system remain subject to the lien until payment in full of the principal and interest on the bonds.

#### Other Debt - Governmental Activities

In May 1999, the City of Beloit and the Town of Turtle entered a Cooperative Boundary Plan. Under this plan, the City of Beloit is obligated to pay the Town of Turtle \$10,000 per year until December 31, 2020. The original amount owed was \$200,000.

		Balance 1-1-16	Inc	reases	_De	ecreases	Balance 12-31-16		
Town of Turtle	\$	50,000	\$		\$	10,000	\$	40,000	
Total Other Debt	\$	50,000	\$		\$	10,000	\$	40,000	

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Gove	Governmental Activities – Other Debt						
<u>Years</u>	Princ	Principal Inter						
2017 2018 2019 2020	·	10,000 \$ 10,000 10,000	- - -					
Totals	\$ 4	40,000 \$						

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

#### Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the responsible proprietary fund.

The water utility has pledged future sales revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2009, 2010, 2013 and 2016. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the water systems. The bonds are payable solely from water revenues and are payable through 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 60% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$27,068,458. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$2,263,725 and \$3,243,659, respectively.

The stormwater utility has pledged future sales revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2015. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the stormwater system. The bonds are payable solely from stormwater revenues and are payable through 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 29% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,435,900. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$99,850 and \$353,012, respectively.

The sewer utility has pledged future sales revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay a clean water fund loan issued in 2011. Proceeds from the loan provided financing for the sewer system. The loan is payable solely from sewer revenues and is payable through 2031. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 18% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loan is \$3,210,396. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$214,409 and \$1,195,639, respectively.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

### Revenue Debt (cont.)

Nevenue Debt (com.)				Original		
	Date of	Due	Interest	Indebted-		Balance
	Issue	Date	Rates	Ness		12-31-16
Water Utility						
Revenue bonds	5-28-09	11-1-29	3.50-5.00%	\$ 3,910,000	\$	2,800,000
Revenue bonds	4-6-10	11-1-30	2.00-4.50	4,025,000		2,830,000
Refunding revenue bonds	2-13-13	11-1-19	2.00-3.00	5,745,000		2,970,000
Refunding revenue bonds	11-9-16	11-1-28	4.00-4.50	12,555,000		12,555,000
Total Water Utility						
Revenue Debt						21,155,000
Stormwotor Litility						
Stormwater Utility	0.445	5 4 00	0.00.0.50	4 005 000		4 400 000
Refunding revenue bonds	3-4-15	5-1-30	2.00-3.50	1,225,000		1,160,000
Total Stormwater Utility Revenue Debt						1 160 000
Revenue Debt						1,160,000
Total Revenue Bonds					\$	22,315,000
					÷	· ,

Business-type Activities -

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Dadificad type / totivities						
		Revent	ebt					
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest				
2017	\$	1,365,000	\$	792,052				
2018		1,385,000		768,970				
2019		1,435,000		725,370				
2020		1,545,000		678,968				
2021		1,605,000		617,818				
2022 – 2026		9,015,000		2,095,226				
2027 – 2030		5,965,000		510,956				
Totals	<u>\$</u>	22,315,000	\$	6,189,360				

#### Clean Water Fund Loan Revenue Bond

The sewer utility has entered into a loan agreement with the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for a loan up to and not exceeding \$3,481,777 at a fixed rate of 2.40% to fund the cost of constructing improvements to the City's sewerage system. The loan is payable from sewer revenues and are payable through 2031. As of December 31, 2016, the City has received \$3,397,675 in loan proceeds and paid \$147,919 and \$66,490 in principal and interest, respectively, in 2016.

	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balance	Additions	De	eletions	Ending Balance	 ue Within ne Year
CWFP Loan (No. 4139-05)	Sewer	\$ 2.844.366	\$	- \$	147.919	\$ 2.696.447	\$ 151.469

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

#### Clean Water Fund Loan Revenue Bond (cont.)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bond are as follows:

Year Ending	 Principal	 Interest		siness-Type Activities
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 – 2026	\$ 151,469 155,104 158,827 162,638 166,542 894,617	\$ 62,897 59,218 55,451 51,593 47,643 175,567	\$	214,366 214,322 214,278 214,231 214,185 1,070,184
2027 – 2031	 1,007,250	 61,580	_	1,068,830
Totals	\$ 2,696,447	\$ 513,949	\$	3,210,396

#### **Current Refunding**

On November 9, 2016, the water utility issued \$12,555,000 in revenue bonds with an average coupon rate of 2.56% to refund \$13,390,000 of outstanding 2007 revenue bonds with an average coupon rate of 2.68%. The net proceeds along with existing funds of the City were used to prepay the outstanding debt.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded bonds prior to the current refunding was \$18,164,455 from 2016 through 2030. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$16,091,419 from 2017 through 2028. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,576,478.

#### G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

	Balance 1-1-16	Increases		[	Decreases	Balance 12-31-16
Capital Leases	 					 
Governmental Activities						
(to Note IV.F.)						
Payable to component unit	\$ 13,991,490	\$	-	\$	2,518,302	\$ 11,473,188
Other capital leases	346,426		-		43,605	302,821
	 				_	 
Totals	\$ 14,337,916	\$		\$	2,561,907	\$ 11,776,009
			_	_		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

### Lessee - Community Development Authority

The City, through TIF District No. 13, TIF District No. 10, TIF District No. 6, and TIF District No. 5, is obligated to make lease payments to the Community Development Authority of Beloit (CDA) to retire debt issued by the CDA for TIF purposes.

Each lease obligation is directly attributable to the underlying debt issues noted.

#### Lessee - Capital Asset Capital Leases

The Lease Rental Payments are expressly limited to: (i) tax increments generated by the tax incremental district No. 13, tax incremental district No. 10, tax incremental district No. 6, and tax incremental district No. 5; (ii) special assessments, as may be levied by the City for eligible projects; (iii) proceeds from a portion of land sales as provided in the Development Agreement by and among the City, the Authority, and the Lease; and (iv) gas and electric reimbursement amounts generated by the tax incremental district No. 13, tax incremental district No. 10, tax incremental district No. 6, and tax incremental district No. 5 (the "Rental Payments").

The future minimum lease payments are required as follows:

Calendar								
<u>Year</u>	_TI	F No. 13	_1	ΓΙ <b>F</b> No. 10	T	TF No. 6	_	TIF No. 5
2017	\$	100,213	\$	2,108,124	\$	250,976	\$	702,944
2018		103,141		2,075,193		256,035		1,330,042
2019		100,816		2,033,865		255,438		-
2020		103,295		1,989,800		-		-
2021		105,383		758,663		-		-
2022		107,055		736,194		-		-
2023		103,433		717,313		-		-
2024		99,675		706,513		-		-
2025		95,873		689,069		-		-
2026		91,980		-		-		-
Sub-Totals		1,010,864		11,814,734		762,449		2,032,986
Less: Reserve funds to be applied to final								
principal payment		(90,517)		(1,650,240)		(94,015)		(262,044)
Less: Amount representing interest		(175,863)		(1,774,731)		(47,449)		(52,986)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	744,484	\$	8,389,763	\$	620,985	\$	1,717,956
Total TIF No. 13, TIF No. 10, TIF No. 6,								
and TIF No. 5							\$	11,473,188

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

#### Lessee - Other Capital Leases

In 2008, the City entered into a lease agreement to finance a lighting improvement project; heating, ventilating, and air conditioning improvement project; and a building envelope improvement project. The total lease amount was \$640,614. Only \$394,912 of assets were capitalized and are depreciable. The remaining amount was expensed in 2007.

	 vernmental Activities
Asset Building improvements Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 394,912 (365,294)
Total	\$ 29,618

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value on these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2016, are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		 overnmental Activities	
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	45,433 47,338 49,323 51,391 53,546 55,790	\$	12,697 10,792 8,807 6,739 4,584 2,340	\$ 58,130 58,130 58,130 58,130 58,130 58,130	
	\$	302,821	\$	45,959	348,780	
Less: Amount representing interest					 (45,959)	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments					\$ 302,821	

#### Lessee - Operating Lease

In 2012 the City entered into a four year lease agreement for the use of golf carts. Current year principal and interest payments totaled \$28,417 and \$1,743, respectively. Future principal and interest payments as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	P	rincipal	I	nterest	iness-Type Activities
2017	\$	49,452	\$	2,061	\$ 79,930

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2016 includes the following:

### **Governmental Activities**

Net investment in capital assets		
Land	\$	4,971,936
Construction in progress		2,682,361
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		99,844,744
Less: Related long-term debt outstanding	(	33,603,687)
Less: Capital leases – payable to component unit	(	10,839,480)
Less: Unamortized premium on debt		(530,646)
Add: Unamortized loss on advance refunding		1,127,937
Add: Unspent capital bond proceeds		2,190,884
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		65,844,049
Restricted		
General debt service		1,745,892
TIF District No. 6 – economic development		1,160,033
TIF District No. 10 – economic development		483,283
TIF District No. 11 – economic development		629,452
TIF District No. 12 – economic development		298,615
TIF District No. 13 – economic development		1,844,225
TIF District No. 14 – economic development		85,589
Rental rehab (WRRP/HOME) grant		1,012,668
Community Development Block Grant		2,423,483
Fire – multi-year grants		15,538
DPW – multi-year grants		237,955
Community development grants		174,746
Library operations		569,923
Cemetery perpetual care		2,241,002
Solid waste		318,565
Total Restricted		13,240,969
Unrestricted (deficit)		(23,910,707)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	55,174,311

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

# H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

### Governmental Activities (cont.)

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2016 include the following:

	General	TIF District No. 10	General Debt Service			Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable:						
Delinquent personal property taxes		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,394
Inventories	507,427	-	-	-	-	507,427
Prepaid items	56,466	-	-	-	-	56,466
Advances to other funds	976,643					976,643
Total Nonspendable	1,578,930					1,578,930
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	-	2,098,792	-	-	2,098,792
Capital projects	-	-	-	2,190,884	-	2,190,884
Economic development	-	483,283	-	-	4,017,914	4,501,197
Grant programs	-	-	-	-	791,448	791,448
Library operations	-	-	-	-	569,923	569,923
Solid waste	-	-	-	-	318,565	318,565
Cemetery perpetual care					2,226,517	2,226,517
Total Restricted		483,283	2,098,792	2,190,884	7,924,367	12,697,326
Assigned to:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	3,072,251	6,772,290	9,844,541
Total Assigned				3,072,251	6,772,290	9,844,541
Unassigned:	8,303,332				(3,672,678)	4,630,654
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,882,262	\$ 483,283	\$ 2,098,792	\$ 5,263,135	\$ 11,023,979	\$ 28,751,451

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

# H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

### Business-type Activities

					Nonmajor Proprietary		
	Water		Sewer	Storm	Funds		Totals
Net investment in capital assets							
Land	\$ 1,050,724	\$	1,386,281	\$ -	\$ 1,270,000	\$	3,707,005
Other capital assets, net of accumulated							
depreciation	31,909,353		31,467,473	9,314,705	5,023,363		77,714,894
Less: Long-term debt outstanding	(22,796,326	)	(3,479,727)	(2,054,834)	, ,	,	(28,728,820)
Add: Noncapital debt outstanding	-		-	-	85,000		85,000
Add: Unamortized loss on advance refunding	58,435		2,691	-	1,562		62,688
Less: Unamortized premium on debt	(1,001,970	,	-	-	-		(1,001,970)
Add: Restricted assets not funded by revenues	2,129,011					_	2,129,011
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,349,227	_	29,376,718	7,259,871	5,981,992	_	53,967,808
Restricted Net Position							
Redemption account	383,039		112,563	49,250	_		544,852
Replacement account	000,000		1,595,400	+0,200	_		1,595,400
Reserve account	2,129,011		1,000,400	110,500	_		2,239,511
Pension	2,125,011		_	110,000	_		2,200,011
Less: Restricted assets not funded by							
revenues	(2,129,011	)	_	_	_		(2,129,011)
Less: Current liabilities payable from	(=, :==, = : :	,					(=,:==,=::)
restricted assets	(124,834	.)	(10,786)	(5,700)	_		(141,320)
Total Restricted Net Position	258,205	_	1,697,177	154,050		_	2,109,432
		_	.,001,			_	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,708,989	_	10,100,515	835,150	(637,659)	) _	12,006,995
Total Enterprise Funds Net Position	\$ 13,316,421	\$	41,174,410	\$ 8,249,071	\$ 5,344,333	\$	68,084,235
Add: Portion of internal service funds net position allocated to business-type activities						_	108,404
Total Business-type Activities Net Position						\$	68,192,639

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS

This report contains the City of Beloit Community Development Authority ("CDA"), the Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 1 and 2, LLC's, component units of the CDA, and the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. ("foundation") which are included as component units. Financial information is presented as a discrete column in the statement of net position and statement of activities.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

#### Community Development Authority – Primary Government

#### Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The CDA prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The accounting records are kept on the accrual basis of accounting and flow of economic resources measurement focus.

#### b. Cash and Investments

The CDA's cash and investments (not including its component units) at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balance	Associated Risks
Demand deposits	\$ 3,015,089	\$ 3,023,215	Custodial credit risk
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 3,015,089	\$ 3,023,215	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net position			
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 918,277 2,096,812		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 3,015,089		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit amounts (interest-bearing and noninterest bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposits.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in calculating custodial credit risk.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

### **Community Development Authority – Primary Government (cont.)**

b. Cash and Investments (cont.)

Although the CDA has an investment policy, it does not discuss any of the risks below.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the CDA's deposits may not be returned to the CDA.

As of December 31, 2016, \$426,403 of the CDA's total bank balances of \$926,403 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 426,403
C.	Restricted Assets	
	Restricted assets at December 31, 2016, consist of the following:	
	Cash and cash equivalents – bond redemption	\$ 2,096,812
	Total Restricted Assets	\$ 2,096,812

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

#### **Community Development Authority – Primary Government** (cont.)

#### d Capital Assets

The useful life assigned to buildings is 40 years. Machinery and equipment are assigned useful lives ranging from 5-10 years. The change in capital assets for 2016 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 414,539	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 414,539
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Furniture, equipment, and machinery-dwellings Furniture, equipment, and machine-	835,189 46,406	6,775 12,714		841,964 59,120
administrative Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	167,196 1,048,791	19,489		167,196 1,068,280
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(676,162)	(27,610)		(703,772)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 815,595			\$ 779,047

#### e. Long-Term Obligations

#### Lease Revenue Bonds

The CDA has pledged future revenues from the City of Beloit resulting from TIF increments to repay \$24,915,000 in lease revenue bonds issued between 2007-2012. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for infrastructure improvements and other TIF district investments. The bonds are payable solely from TIF increment revenues and are payable through 2026. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 100% of TIF increment lease payments. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$15,621,028. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total pledged revenues were both \$3,181,973.

The following is a summary of the lease revenue bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 2016.

	Balance 1-1-16	Increases Decreases		 Balance 12-31-16	
Lease revenue bonds	\$ 16,120,000	\$ -	\$	2,550,000	\$ 13,570,000

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

# I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

### **Community Development Authority – Primary Government (cont.)**

e. Long-Term Obligations (cont.)

# Lease Revenue Bonds (cont.)

				Original	
	Date of	Due	Interest	Indebted-	Balance
Title of Issue	Issue	Date	Rates	Ness	 12-31-16
2007A Lease Revenue					
Refunding Bonds	2-21-07	3-1-20	3.50-4.20%	\$ 8,915,000	\$ 4,760,000
2007B Lease Revenue					
Bonds	7-12-07	6-1-19	3.70-4.35	2,015,000	715,000
2008A Lease Revenue					
Refunding Bonds	6-19-08	3-1-25	4.00-6.75	2,640,000	1,915,000
2009A Lease Revenue					
Bonds	7-1-09	3-1-25	1.30-5.00	5,340,000	3,365,000
2011A Lease Revenue					
Bonds	6-27-11	6-1-18	1.00-3.05	3,175,000	975,000
2011B Lease Revenue					
Bonds	6-27-11	6-1-26	2.90-4.40	1,165,000	835,000
2012A Lease Revenue					
Bonds	6-21-12	6-1-18	0.80-1.82	1,665,000	 1,005,000
Totals					\$ 13,570,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Calendar <u>Year</u>		Principal	 Interest	 Totals
2017	\$	2,625,000	\$ 537,257	\$ 3,162,257
2018		3,335,000	429,410	3,764,410
2019		2,065,000	325,119	2,390,119
2020		1,855,000	238,095	2,093,095
2021		685,000	179,045	864,045
2022		700,000	143,249	843,249
2023		715,000	105,745	820,745
2024		740,000	66,188	806,188
2025		760,000	24,940	784,940
2026		90,000	 1,980	 91,980
Totals	<u>\$</u>	13,570,000	\$ 2,051,028	\$ 15,621,028

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

### **Community Development Authority – Primary Government (cont.)**

# f. Employee Retirement System

All eligible authority employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System ("system"), a costsharing defined benefit multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). All authority employees are considered to be City employees. Refer to Note V.A. for details.

#### g. Lease Disclosures

Refer to Note IV.G.

#### h. Net Position

Net position at December 31, 2016 includes the following:

Net investment in capital assets		
Land	\$	414,539
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		364,508
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		779,047
Restricted Low Rent Public Housing Total Restricted	_	5,323,103 5,323,103
Unrestricted		544,056
Total Net Position	\$	6,646,206

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

#### Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Business**

Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 1, LLC (the company) was organized on January 14, 2009, as a limited liability company (LLC) formed under the Wisconsin Limited Liability Company Act (the Act). The company was formed to acquire, rehabilitate, and operate a 39 building, 65-unit duplex and single family home complex located on scattered sites in Beloit, Wisconsin, called Beloit Apartments Redevelopment, Phase 1 (the project). The project qualifies for low-income housing tax credits pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The original property, including the buildings and land, was acquired under a capital lease dated September 22, 2010. The company completed the rehabilitation of 14 units on various dates in December 2010 and completed the rehabilitation of the remaining 51 units on various dates from January through July of 2011.

The company consists of one managing member and three investor members, with rights, preferences, and privileges as described in the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement (operating agreement). Each member's liability for the debts and obligations of the company shall be limited to the maximum extent permitted by the Act and other applicable laws.

The company shall be operated in a manner consistent with its treatment as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes. Therefore, the accompanying financial statements do not include the personal or corporate assets and liabilities of the members, their obligation for income taxes on their distributive shares of the net income of the company or their rights to refunds on its net loss, nor any provision for income tax expense.

The operating agreement states that the company shall be perpetual unless sooner terminated in accordance with the operating agreement.

### **Significant Accounting Policies**

A summary of significant accounting policies follows:

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

#### Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the company considers all investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, with the exception of cash not available to the project due to restrictions placed on it.

The company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

#### **Accounts Receivable and Revenue Recognition**

The company utilizes the direct write-off method of accounting for bad debts. The use of this method has no material effect on the financial statements. A receivable is considered past due if payments have not been received by the company for 10 days. Accounts are generally written off as uncollectible if no payments are received after 30 days. No fee is charged to customers for late payment.

Rental revenue is recognized when earned. The company leases apartments to eligible applicants under operating leases which are substantially all on a yearly basis.

#### **Rental Property**

Rental property is stated at cost. Depreciation of rental property is computed on the straight-line method based upon the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	<u> Years</u>
Land and buildings under capital lease	98
Building improvements	15-40
Land improvements	15
Furnishings and equipment	5

Maintenance and repairs of rental property and equipment are charged to operations, and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale, or other disposition of rental property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

It is the company's policy to include amortization expense on assets acquired under capital leases with depreciation expense on owned assets.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### **Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

The company reviews long-lived assets, including rental property and intangible assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. An impairment loss would be recognized when the estimated future cash flows from the use of the asset are less than the carrying amount of that asset. To date, there have been no such losses.

#### **Financing Costs**

Financing costs incurred by the company totaled \$15,000. The company is amortizing these costs into interest expense on the straight-line method over 39 years and 9 months, the life of the loans. The use of the straight-line method rather than the effective interest method has no material effect on the financial statements.

Amortized costs included in interest expense amounted to \$377 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Tax Credit Fees**

In connection with obtaining an allocation of low-income housing tax credits, the company paid fees totaling \$114,034 to the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA). The company is amortizing these fees over the related tax credit compliance period of 15 years using the straight-line method.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Governmental agencies have provided grant funding to the company to encourage the development of affordable housing. The company received funds under the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP) (See Note I.h. in this section). The unearned revenue relating to this grant is recognized as other income in the statement of operations (shown as amortization of unearned revenue) under the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets purchased or constructed.

# **Current Vulnerability Due to Certain Concentrations**

The project's operations are concentrated in the low-income, public housing residential real estate market. In addition, the project operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the project are subject to administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state and local regulatory agencies including, but not limited to, the Community Development Authority of the City of Beloit (CDA) under the Regulatory & Operating Agreement (R&O Agreement). Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or an administrative change mandated by the CDA. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

### Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### **Subsequent Events**

These financial statements have not been updated for subsequent events occurring after March 15, 2017, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. The company has no responsibility to update these financial statements for events and circumstances occurring after this date.

#### b. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash is comprised of the following:

Replacement reserve	\$ 58,643
Operating reserve	145,499
Tenants' security deposits	 32,172
Total	\$ 236,314

#### Replacement Reserve

The operating agreement and R&O Agreement require the company to make monthly deposits to the replacement reserve initially equal to \$300 per unit per year, and increasing annually by 3%. Disbursements are restricted to capital improvements and repairs of the project. Disbursements in excess of \$5,000 or 10% of the balance in the reserve at such time will require written approval of the investor members. Any funds remaining at the end of the compliance period shall be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement.

Balance, Ending	\$ 58,643
Interest earned	45
Monthly deposits	43,257
Balance, beginning	\$ 15,341

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

### Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

### b. Restricted Cash (cont.)

#### **Operating Reserve**

The R&O Agreement and the operating agreement require the company to fund and maintain an operating reserve in the amount of \$100,000. To the extent funds in the reserve fall below the initial deposit, the managing member must replenish the reserve from available cash flow as defined in the operating agreement. Disbursements in excess of \$10,000 or 10% of the then balance of the reserve require written approval from the investor members.

Balance, beginning	\$ 100,295
Interest earned	129
Deposits	 45,075
Balance, Ending	\$ 145,499

#### **Rent-up Reserve**

C.

The operating agreement requires the managing member to establish a rent-up reserve in the amount of \$45,000. The funds shall be used to pay for costs incurred during the initial lease-up period. Any funds remaining after the initial lease up period is completed shall be deposited in the operating reserve.

Balance, beginning Interest earned Withdrawals	\$ 45,067 8 (45,075)
Balance, Ending	<u>\$ -</u>
Rental Property, Net	
Rental property, net is comprised of the following:	
Land Land and buildings under capital lease Building improvements Land improvements Furnishings and equipment  Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 11,349 1,950,000 8,397,386 164,412 260,764 10,783,911 1,653,340
Total	\$ 9,130,571

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

#### Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

#### d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable

Mortgage and other notes payable consists of the following:

CDA; managing member; non-recourse mortgage note payable under the capital lease described in Note K.e.; due in one installment on September 21, 2050, together with interest at 4.47% compounded annually; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$109,871 for the year ended December 31, 2016; accrued interest was \$617,826 as of December 31, 2016.

1,950,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$500,000; noninterest bearing; due in one installment on September 21, 2040; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property.

500,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$619,253; noninterest bearing; due in one installment on September 21, 2040; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property.

430,559

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$350,000; due in one installment on September 23, 2040, together with interest at 4.0% compounded annually; collateralized by a security interest on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$16,273 for the year ended December 31, 2016; accrued interest was \$73,099 as of December 31, 2016.

350,000

City of Beloit; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$170,639; noninterest bearing; principal due in one installment on September 21, 2040; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; the mortgage note was not funded as of December 31, 2016.

\_\_\_\_\_

Total Long-term Debt

3,230,559

Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs

12,737

Total

\$ 3,217,822

In 2016, the company retrospectively adopted the requirements in FASB Accounting Standards Codification 835-30 to present debt issuance costs as a reduction of the carrying amount of the debt rather than as an asset. Mortgage notes payable as of December 31, 2015 was previously reported in the balance sheet as \$3,230,559 with the associated \$13,114 unamortized financing costs included in assets.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

#### d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable (cont.)

Repayment of principal on the mortgage and other notes payable as of December 31, 2016, is as follows:

### Year Ending December 31,

2017 2018	\$	-
2019		-
2020		-
2021		-
Thereafter		3,230,559
Total	\$ 3	3.230.559

#### e. Capital Lease

The company has entered into a capital lease agreement with the CDA dated September 22, 2010, to operate and manage the project during the term of the capital lease in accordance with all applicable public housing requirements. Rental property recorded under this non-cancellable capital lease consists of:

Land	\$	409,500
Buildings		1,540,500
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,950,000

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the land and building are capitalized as a single unit and amortized over the lease term of 98 years. Accumulated depreciation on the land and buildings under the capital lease was \$124,369 as of December 31, 2016.

Base rent under the lease was payable in a single installment of \$1,950,000 on September 22, 2010. The balance of unpaid base rent accrues interest at 4.47%, compounded annually (see Note I.d. in this section). Payments made by the company shall be applied first to accrued interest and then against the unpaid base rent amount. The base rent and all accrued interest thereon is due September 21, 2050. The capital lease obligation is secured by a mortgage note as described in Note I.d. The lease expires September 21, 2108.

In addition to the base rent and related interest payments, the company is obligated to make an annual payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) to the City of Beloit (see Note I.g. in this section).

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

#### Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

#### f. Members' Capital Contributions

The company has one managing member, the CDA, which has a .01% interest, and three investor members, BMO, First National Bank and Trust Company (FNB), and Blackhawk State Bank (BSB) which have 19.998%, 39.996%, and 39.996% interests, respectively.

The CDA is required to make capital contributions of \$100,000. Of this amount, \$71,232 was contributed as rental property for year ended December 31, 2016. The investor members are required to make capital contributions totaling \$6,439,817. All contributions were made as of December 31, 2016.

#### g. Related Party Transactions

#### **Accounts Payable**

Included in accounts payable are amounts owed to the CDA for reimbursement of operating expenses totaling \$60,861 as of December 31, 2016.

#### **Property Management Agreement**

The company has entered into a property management agreement with the CDA under which the company is obligated to pay a property management fee equal to 5% of gross residential rents on a monthly basis. The agreement is automatically renewed from year to year unless otherwise terminated. Property management fees totaled 4,729 for the period ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Asset Management Fee**

The company is obligated to pay BMO an annual asset management fee of \$3,250. The fee is payable solely from cash flow as defined in the operating agreement, is cumulative, and accrues interest at the Prime Rate plus 3%. Included in accrued expenses are accrued asset management fees of \$9,750 and accrued interest on the asset management fees of \$643 as of December 31, 2016. Interest incurred on the asset management fee totaled \$439 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **PILOT**

The company and the CDA entered into a PILOT agreement with the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the City), under which the company will make an annual PILOT payment to the City beginning in 2010 and ending in the final calendar year of the project's compliance period (2025). The PILOT shall be equal to 10% of the difference between the annual tenant's portion of the collected rents for all of the residential rental units in the buildings and the annual utility bills incurred by the company with respect to the project. The PILOT is required for as long as the land and building under capital lease constitutes property of the CDA that is exempt from taxation under the Wisconsin Statutes.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

g. Related Party Transactions (cont.)

#### **Operating Deficit Guaranty**

The managing member is obligated, after all funds in the operating reserve account have been depleted, to fund operating deficits during the operating deficit guaranty period. The operating deficit guaranty period is defined as the period beginning with the date of achievement of breakeven operations and ending on the later of the third anniversary of the date of achievement of breakeven operations or when the project has maintained the operating reserve target amount of \$100,000 during the compliance period and the project has made all required deposits to the replacement reserve. The obligation to fund operating deficits shall be limited to \$145,000. Such loans are non-interest bearing and repayable solely from available cash flow as defined in the operating agreement. There was no operating deficit loans as of December 31, 2016.

### **R&O Agreement**

The company has entered into an R&O Agreement with the CDA. Provisions of the agreement require the company to maintain all units as public housing units. The CDA is to pay operating subsidies to the company equal to the project expenses less project income. The agreement will expire upon the earliest to occur of the expiration of 40 years from the date of first occupancy (December 2050) or at the option of the project at the close of the first project year of which the CDA ceases to pay operating subsidies. Operating subsidies totaling \$147,038 were earned during the period ended December 31, 2016. Included in accounts receivable are operating subsidies of \$19,404 as of December 31, 2016.

h. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Land Use Restriction Agreement (LURA)

The company has entered into a LURA with the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA) as a condition to receiving an allocation of low-income housing tax credits. Under this agreement, the company must continuously comply with IRC Section 42 and other applicable sections of the IRC. The agreement places occupancy restrictions on rents and the minimum percent of units which shall be occupied by individuals or families whose income meets the requirements set under IRC Section 42. If the company fails to comply with this agreement or with the IRC, it may be ineligible for low-income housing tax credits, and the members may be required to recapture a portion of the tax credits previously claimed on their income tax returns. In addition, noncompliance may require an adjustment to the contributed capital of the investor member's. The company is obligated to certify tenant eligibility.

#### **Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP)**

The company has entered into a TCEP Subaward Agreement (Subaward Agreement) with WHEDA. Under the Subaward Agreement, the company was awarded and received grant funds totaling \$1,345,125, pursuant to Section 1602 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. If the company fails to continuously comply with the guidelines of the Subaward Agreement, it may be required to refund up to the full amount of the grant funds received and reimburse WHEDA for the costs and fees incurred in connection with the recapture event. As a condition to making the Subaward Agreement, WHEDA required the owner to enter into a corporate guarantee. The Subaward Agreement terminates at the expiration of the low-income housing tax credit compliance period.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Business**

Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 2, LLC (the company) was organized on March 5, 2010, as a limited liability company (LLC) formed under the Wisconsin Limited Liability Company Act (the Act). The company was formed to acquire, rehabilitate, develop, and operate a 66-unit project comprised of 41 elderly and 25 family residential units, located on scattered sites in Beloit, Wisconsin, called Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 2, LLC (the project). The project qualifies for low-income housing tax credits pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The original property, including the buildings and land, was acquired under a capital lease dated October 14, 2011. The company completed the rehabilitation of the existing structures on various dates from January through May of 2012. The new construction portion of the projects was placed in service on various dates in August and December 2012.

The company consists of one managing member and one investor member, with rights, preferences and privileges as described in the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement (operating agreement). Each member's liability for the debts and obligations of the company shall be limited to the maximum extent permitted by the Act and other applicable laws.

The company shall be operated in a manner consistent with its treatment as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes. Therefore, the accompanying financial statements do not include the personal or corporate assets and liabilities of the members, their obligation for income taxes on their distributive shares of the net income of the company or their rights to refunds on its net loss, nor any provision for income tax expense.

The operating agreement states that the company shall be perpetual unless sooner terminated in accordance with the operating agreement.

# **Significant Accounting Policies**

A summary of significant accounting policies follows:

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the company considers all investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, with the exception of cash not available to the company due to restrictions placed on it.

The company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

#### **Accounts Receivable and Revenue Recognition**

The company utilizes the direct write-off method of accounting for bad debts. The use of this method has no material effect on the financial statements. A receivable is considered past due if payments have not been received by the company for 10 days. Accounts are generally written off as uncollectible if no payments are received after 30 days. No fee is charged to customers for late payment.

Rental revenue is recognized when earned. The company leases apartments to eligible applicants under operating leases which are substantially all on a yearly basis.

## **Rental Property**

Rental property is stated at cost. Depreciation of rental property is computed on the straight-line method based upon the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	<u>rears</u>
Land and buildings under capital lease	98
Buildings and improvements	27.5
Land improvements	15
Furnishings and equipment	5

Maintenance and repairs of rental property and equipment are charged to operations, and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale, or other disposition of rental property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

It is the company's policy to include amortization expense on assets acquired under capital leases with depreciation expense on owned assets.

#### **Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

The company reviews long-lived assets, including rental property and intangible assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. An impairment loss would be recognized when the estimated future cash flows from the use of the asset are less than the carrying amount of that asset. To date, there have been no such losses.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31. 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

# **Financing Costs**

Financing costs incurred by the company totaled \$12,000. The company is amortizing these costs into interest expense on the straight-line method over 39 years and 9 months, the life of the loans. The use of the straight-line method rather than the effective interest method has no material effect on the financial statements. Amortized costs included in interest expense amounted to \$301 for the period ended December 31, 2016.

# **Tax Credit Fees**

In connection with obtaining an allocation of low-income housing tax credits from the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Authority (WHEDA), the company incurred fees totaling \$128,263. The company is amortizing these fees over the related tax credit compliance period of 15 years using the straight-line method.

#### **Current Vulnerability Due to Certain Concentrations**

The project's operations are concentrated in the low-income, public housing residential real estate market. In addition, the project operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the project are subject to administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state and local regulatory agencies including, but not limited to, the Community Development Authority of the City of Beloit (CDA) under the Regulatory & Operating Agreement (R&O Agreement). Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or an administrative change mandated by the CDA. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

#### **Subsequent Events**

These financial statements have not been updated for subsequent events occurring after March 1, 2017, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. The company has no responsibility to update these financial statements for events and circumstances occurring after this date.

#### b. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash is comprised of the following:

Replacement reserve	\$ 90,415
Operating reserve	190,698
ACC reserve	281,028
Tenants' security deposits	 24,231
Total	\$ 586,372

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

b. Restricted Cash (cont.)

#### **Replacement Reserve**

The operating agreement and R&O Agreement require the company to make monthly deposits to the replacement reserve initially equal to \$300 per unit per year, and increasing annually by 3%. Disbursements are restricted to capital improvements and repairs of the project. Disbursements in excess of \$5,000 in the aggregate in any given month will require written approval of the managing member and the asset manager. Any funds remaining at the end of the compliance period shall be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement.

Balance, beginning Deposits Interest earned	\$ 68,046 22,285 84
Balance, Ending	\$ 90,415

#### **Operating Reserve**

The R&O Agreement and the operating agreement require the company to fund and maintain an operating reserve in the amount of \$190,000 upon receipt of the investor member's third installment of project equity. Any excess amount remaining at the end of the compliance period shall be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement, subject to consent by any lender or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). If the balance in the operating reserve falls below \$190,000, the company is obligated to replenish the operating reserve from cash flow or the proceeds of sales or refinancing. Disbursements require the approval of the managing member and the asset manager.

Interest earned	\$  190,50 <i>7</i> 191
Balance, Ending	\$ 190,698

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

# b. Restricted Cash (cont.)

# **Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) Reserve**

The operating agreement and R & O Agreement require the company to fund an ACC reserve equal to \$280,000 upon the receipt of the investor member's third installment of project equity. Disbursements are to be used to pay operating and debt service deficits that directly result from the reduction or loss of a reduction in the projected HUD mixed finance subsidies. Funds may only be withdrawn with the approval of the managing member and asset manager. Any funds remaining at the end of the compliance period shall, subject to any required lender or HUD consent, be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement.

	Balance, beginning Interest earned	\$ 	280,747 281
	Balance, Ending	<u>\$</u>	281,028
c.	Rental Property, Net		
	Rental property, net is comprised of the following:		
	Land Land and buildings under capital lease	\$	175,397 1,410,000
	Buildings and improvements  Land improvements		9,216,173
	Furnishings and equipment	-	309,631 11,508,256
	Less: Accumulated depreciation		1,867,467
	Total	<u>\$</u>	9,640,789

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

# d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable

Mortgage and other notes payable consists of the following:

CDA; managing member; nonrecourse mortgage note payable under the capital lease described in Note K.e.; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 4.19% compounded annually; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$70,244 for the year ended December 31, 2016; accrued interest was \$336,711 as of December 31, 2016.

\$ 1,410,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$230,074; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 0.50%; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$1,150 for the year ended December 31, 2016; accrued interest was \$4,218 as of December 31, 2016.

230.074

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$256,500; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 0.50%; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$1,283 for the year ended December 31, 2016; accrued interest was \$5,024 as of December 31, 2016.

256,500

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$540,000; noninterest bearing; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property.

540,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$600,000; principal due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 0.50%; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$2,371 for the year ended December 31, 2016; accrued interest was \$8,446 as of December 31, 2016.

474,260

**Total Mortgage Notes Payable** 

2,910,834

Less: Unamortized financing cost

10,491

Total \$ 2,900,343

In 2016, the company retrospectively adopted the requirements in FASB Accounting Standards Codification 835-30 to present debt issuance cost as a reduction of the carrying amount of the debt rather that an asset. Mortgage notes payable as of December 31, 2015 was previously reported in the balance sheet as \$2,910,834 with the associated \$10,792 unamortized debt issuance costs included in assets.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable (cont.)

Repayment of principal on the mortgage and other notes payable as of December 31, 2016, is follows:

Year Ending December 31,

2017	\$
2018	
2019	
2020	
2021	
Thereafter	2,910,834
Total	\$ 2,910,834

# e. Capital Lease

The company has entered into a capital lease agreement with the CDA dated October 14, 2011, to operate and manage the project during the term of the capital lease in accordance with all applicable public housing requirements. Rental property recorded under this non-cancellable capital lease consists of:

Land	\$ 770,000
Buildings	 640,000
Total	\$ 1,410,000

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the land and building are capitalized as a single unit and amortized over the lease term of 98 years. Accumulated depreciation on the land and building under the capital lease was \$75,536 as of December 31, 2016.

Base rent under the lease was payable in a single installment of \$1,410,000 on October 14, 2011. The balance of unpaid base rent accrues interest at 4.19%, compounded annually (see Note I.d. in this section). Payments made by the company shall be applied first to accrued interest and then against the unpaid base rent amount. The base rent and all accrued interest thereon is due October 13, 2051. The capital lease obligation is secured by a mortgage note as described in Note I.d. The lease expires October 13, 2109.

In addition to the base rent and related interest payments, the company is obligated to make an annual payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) to the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the City) (see Note I.f. in this section).

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

# f. Related Party Transactions

#### **Accounts Pavable**

Included in accounts payable are amounts owed to the CDA for reimbursement of operating expenses totaling \$27,293 as of December 31, 2016.

### **Property Management Agreement**

The company has entered into a property management agreement with the CDA under which the company is now obligated to pay a property management fee equal to 5% of gross residential rents and ACC operating subsidy received on a monthly basis. The agreement is automatically renewed from year to year unless otherwise terminated. Property management fees totaled \$13,459 for the period ended December 31, 2016.

### **Asset Management Fee**

The company is obligated to pay an affiliate of the investor member, NEF Community Investments, Inc., an annual asset management fee of \$6,600, increasing annually by 3%. The fee is payable solely from cash flow as defined in the operating agreement and shall be cumulative and accrued if not paid. Asset management fees incurred were \$7,428 for the period ended December 31, 2016. Asset management fees accrued and included in accrued expenses were \$28,784 as of December 31, 2016.

### **Operating Deficit Guaranty**

The managing member is obligated, after all funds in the operating reserve account have been depleted, to fund operating deficits during the operating deficit guaranty period. The operating deficit guaranty period is defined as the period beginning with the date of achievement of stabilized occupancy and ending on after achievement of 36 consecutive months with an expense coverage ratio of 1.00 or better commencing on or after the second anniversary of the later of the achievement of stabilized occupancy or repayment in full of the construction loan. The obligation to fund operating deficits shall be limited to \$190,000. Such loans are non-interest bearing and repayable solely from available cash flow as defined in the operating agreement. There was no operating deficit guaranty loans as of December 31, 2016.

## **R&O Agreement**

The company has entered into an R&O Agreement with the CDA. Provisions of the agreement require the company to maintain all units as public housing units. The CDA is to pay operating subsidies to the company equal to the project expenses less project income. The agreement will expire upon the earliest to occur of the expiration of 40 years from the date of first occupancy or at the option of the project at the close of the first project year of which the CDA ceases to pay operating subsidies. Operating subsidies totaling \$166,392 were earned during the period ended December 31, 2016. Included in accounts receivables are operating subsidies receivable of \$50,412 as of December 31, 2016.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

f. Related Party Transactions (cont.)

#### **PILOT**

The company and the CDA entered into a PILOT agreement with the City, in which the company will make an annual PILOT payment to the City beginning in 2011 and ending in the final calendar year of the project's compliance period (2026). The PILOT shall be equal to 10% of the difference between the annual tenant's portion of the collected rents for all of the residential rental units in the buildings and the annual utility bills incurred by the company with respect to the project. The PILOT is required for as long as the land and building under capital lease constitutes property of the CDA that is exempt from taxation under the Wisconsin Statutes.

g. Company Profits and Losses and Distributions

All profits and losses are allocated .01% to the managing member and 99.99% to the investor member.

Distributable cash flow, as defined by the operating agreement, is allocated .01% to the managing member and 99.99% to the investor member.

Gain, if any, from a sale or exchange or other disposition of the property owned by the company is allocable as follows:

- 1. To all members having negative balances in their capital accounts prior to the distribution of any sale or refinancing proceeds, an amount of such gain to increase their negative balance to zero.
- 2. To all members until their capital account balances are equal to net projected tax liabilities as defined in the company agreement.
- 3. The remainder of such gain, if any, 99.99% to the investor member and .01% to the managing member.
- h. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Land Use Restriction Agreement (LURA)

The company has entered into a LURA with the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority as a condition to receiving an allocation of low-income housing tax credits. Under this agreement, the company must continuously comply with IRC Section 42 and other applicable sections of the IRC. The agreement places occupancy restrictions on rents and the minimum percent of units which shall be occupied by individuals or families whose income meets the requirements set under IRC Section 42. If the company fails to comply with this agreement or with the IRC, it may be ineligible for low-income housing tax credits, and the members may be required to recapture a portion of the tax credits previously claimed on their income tax returns. In addition, noncompliance may require an adjustment to the contributed capital of the investor member. The company is obligated to certify tenant eligibility.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

h. Commitments and Contingencies (cont.)

### **Affordable Housing Program (AHP)**

On October 14, 2011, the CDA, on behalf of Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 2, LLC, entered into an AHP Agreement with The First National Bank and Trust Company (the bank) in the original amount of \$256,500. In connection with the AHP agreement, the CDA and the company entered into a Retention/Recapture Agreement with the bank. As a condition of receiving these funds, the CDA and the company have agreed to make 40 units, 25 units, and 1 unit of the project affordable for and occupied by households whose income does not exceed 50%, 60%, and 80%, respectively, of the county median income (CMI) of Rock County, Wisconsin. The compliance period will terminate 15 years from the date of project completion.

#### Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc.

a. Organization

The Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., (Foundation) is organized to raise and provide support monies for the Beloit, Wisconsin Public Library (Library).

- b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
  - 1. The Foundation's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
  - 2. The Foundation accounts for contributions in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All contributions are considered to be available for the general programs of the Foundation unless specifically restricted by the donor. The Foundation reports gifts of cash as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated cash. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net position is reclassified to unrestricted net position and reported in the Statement of Activities as net position released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions are booked in the temporarily restricted class for restrictions expiring during the fiscal year, and then reclassified to the unrestricted class.
  - 3. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
  - 4. The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2017 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

# c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Foundation considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. As of December 31, 2016, the Foundation had an uninsured cash balance of \$7,570.

# d. Receivables

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Foundation that is, in substance, unconditional. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets. Management feels all contribution and pledge amounts will be collected based on management's review of specific amounts, and therefore an allowance for uncollectables is not recorded.

Pledges receivable as of December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

	 2016
Receivable in less than one year Receivable in one to five years Total Pledges Receivable Less: Discount on long- term receivables	\$ 3,750 3,750 7,500 67
Net Pledges Receivable	\$ 7.433

2010

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

### Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

### d. Receivables (cont.)

The effective interest rate used to calculate the discount on long term receivables is 1.20% obtained from U.S Department of Treasury two year curve rate as of December 31, 2016.

Accounts receivable include due for Individual Appeal Donations. Management has evaluated these amounts and feels that the amount reported will be collectable.

# e. Temporarily Restricted Net Position

Temporarily restricted net position – Net position subject to grantor-imposed stipulations that either expire by passage of time or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the Foundation pursuant to those stipulations.

The following funds have been temporarily restricted from general operating use by grantors:

	12-31-16		
Library building fund Blender café fund	\$	5,434 119,366	
Total	<u>\$</u>	124,800	

#### f. Investments

In accordance with GAAP, investments are reported at fair market value. At December 31, as quoted by the trustee or from stock quotes, the market and cost are as follows:

		2016			
	Market			Cost	
Mutual Funds -					
Equity	\$	434,450	\$	439,453	
Fixed income		159,224		164,769	
Totals	\$	593,674	\$	604,222	

Unrealized gains amounted to \$(10,548) as of December 31, 2016. Current unrealized losses of \$(11,797) have been reflected in the Statement of Activities for 2016.

Interest and dividends earned on the above investments amounted to \$23,125 for 2016. Investments are exposed to potential risks including interest rate risk, credit risk, and overall market volatility. Accordingly, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of investments will occur in the near term and such changes could be material in amount.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

#### I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

### Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

#### g. Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation has adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) FASB ASC 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. FASB ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required to be recorded at fair value, the Foundation considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance.

FASB ASC 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires the Foundation to maximize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level on input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly, such as quoted market prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full terms of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis at December 31, 2016 are as follows.

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using			
	Quoted Pri		oted Prices	
			I	n Active
			M	arkets for
			I	dentical
				Assets
<u>December 31, 2016</u>	Fa	air Value	(	Level 1)
Marketable securities	\$	593,674	\$	593,674

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)**

# I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

# Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

#### h. Income Taxes

The Foundation is a nonprofit organization and is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and, therefore, there is no provision for income taxes in the financial statements.

Management of the Foundation has evaluated for uncertain tax positions and has determined that there are no uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2016. The Foundation is subject to income taxes in the United States Federal jurisdiction and the State of Wisconsin. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. Tax returns remain open for federal examination for the past three years and state examination for the past four years.

#### Related Organization

The Library is a separate tax exempt organization organized to provide books, audio books, magazines, CD's, movies and reading programs to the citizens of Beloit, Wisconsin. Program services expenses of the Foundation are for the benefit of the Library. The Foundation's contributions to the library as of December 31, 2016 were \$14,012.

### j. Blender Café

During 2016, the Foundation started a capital campaign for Blender Café', which is a café at the library that is planning to open April 2017. The Foundation is collecting donations for the Blender Café' and then passing those donations through to the City of Beloit to pay for the construction of the Café. The Foundation's contributions for the Blender Café as of December 31, 2016 were \$130,600.

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION**

# A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Plan description.* The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

**Vesting.** For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

**Benefits provided.** Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

**Post-retirement adjustments**. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2006	0.8%	3%
2007	3.0	10
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

**Contributions.** Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$2,012,193 in contributions from the City and CDA.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2016 are:

	<u>Employee</u>	Employer
General	6.6%	6.6%
Executives and Elected Officials	6.6%	6.6%
Protective with Social Security	6.6%	9.4%
Protective without Social Security	6.6%	13.2%

# Pension Assets, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the City and CDA reported a liability of \$3,472,339 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014 rolled forward to December 31, 2015. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City and CDA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City and CDA's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2015, the City and CDA's proportion was 0.21368493%, which was an increase of 0.00013062% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City and CDA recognized pension expense of \$4,144,475.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

# **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

# A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

At December 31, 2016, the City and CDA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	587,307	\$	7,307,477
Change in assumptions		2,429,400		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		14,216,367		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		63,616
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,042,843		
Totals	\$	19,275,917	\$	7,371,093

\$2,042,843 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
2017	\$ 4,474,508	\$	1,784,629	
2018	4,474,508		1,784,629	
2019	4,474,508		1,784,629	
2020	3,732,323		1,781,818	
2021	77,227		235,388	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

**Actuarial assumptions.** The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2014

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset) December 31, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Market Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.2%

Discount Rate: 7.2%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.2%

Seniority/Merit 0.2% - 5.8%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments\*: 2.1%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2012 using experience from 2009 – 2011. The total pension liability for December 31, 2015 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation.

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)**

# A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Destination Target Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
US Equities	27%	23%	7.6%	4.7%
International Equities	24.5	22	8.5	5.6
Fixed Income	27.5	37	4.4	1.6
Inflation Sensitive Assets	10	20	4.2	1.4
Real Estate	7	7	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	7	7	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4	4	6.7	3.8
Total Core Fund	107	120	7.4	4.5
Variable Fund Asset Class				
U.S. Equities	70	70	7.6	4.7
International Equities	30	30	8.5	5.6
Total Variable Fund	100	100	7.9	5.0

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75% Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)**

#### A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.56%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(6.20%)	Rate (7.20%)	(8.20%)
City and CDA's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability/(asset)	\$24,355,050	\$3,472,339	\$(12,837,431)

**Pension plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://legis.wisconsin.gov/lab/ and reference report number 15-11.

At December 31, 2016, the City and CDA reported a payable to the pension plan, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

#### B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year. However, other risks, such as health care of its employees, liability claims, and worker's compensation are accounted for and financed by the City in the internal service funds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

### B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

#### Self Insurance

The City has a limited risk management program for employee health and dental benefits with claims processed by a third-party claims administrator on behalf of the City. The claims are being paid out of the internal service fund, and are funded by allocations charged to other funds. Interfund premiums are based on claims experience. As a part of the plan a reinsurance policy has been purchased which picks up claims in excess of \$100,000 per individual with an unlimited lifetime limit of liability per covered participant. A separate insurance rider provides transplant coverage with a lifetime maximum of \$1 million. Settled claims have exceeded this stop-loss amount per individual in each of the past four years. Total amounts charged back to the various departments during the year were \$6,292,941.

The estimated liability for self-funded losses is based on reported claims for the year and those received subsequent to year end. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other nonincremental costs to the claims liability. The liability is considered a current liability of the City as incurred but not reported claims are normally paid within two months of year end and represent the majority of claims payable at December 31, 2016. The estimated liability for self insured losses for this program consisted of the following at December 31, 2016:

Reported and Known Claims	\$ 856,118
Incurred but not Reported Claims	1,336,565
Total	\$ 2,192,683

Changes in the claims payable follow:

	Balance January 1		Incurred Claims	Claims Paid	De	Balance ecember 31
2015 2016	\$	1,835,972 1,904,319	\$ 7,535,797 8,307,758	\$ 7,467,450 8,019,394	\$	1,904,319 2,192,683

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)**

#### B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

**Public Entity Risk Pool** 

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC)
Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities. The City's share of such losses is approximately 3.28%.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC can be obtained directly from CVMIC's offices.

The initial investment in WMIC is refundable upon withdrawal from the commission and has been reported at the original amount of \$1,575,475 in the insurance internal service fund.

The City pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general automobile, public official, and liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$50,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$200,000. An actuarially determined estimate has been recorded for this liability, as well as for claims incurred but not reported at December 31, 2016. A total liability of approximately \$86,067 at December 31, 2016 was recorded as claims payable in the internal service fund.

#### Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI)

Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMi) is a municipal mutual insurance corporation, which insures auto liability and auto physical damage for municipally-owned transit systems in Wisconsin. Each insured property is an owner of the mutual insurance corporation. The City insures its transit systems' auto liability and physical damage with TMi and is an owner of the corporation.

The City's auto liability insurance policy has a \$250,000 per person policy limit and a \$7,000,000 per accident policy limit. Of the per accident policy limit, TMi insures \$2,000,000 and reinsures \$5,000,000 with Genesis Insurance. In addition, the City's policy provides for \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident in uninsured motorist insurance.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

### Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI) (cont.)

The physical damage policy issued by TMi to the City provides collision and comprehensive coverage for the lesser of the agreed value or the cost of repairs minus a \$500 per accident deductible for private passenger and service units and a \$1,000 per accident deductible for bus units.

Management of TMi consists of a board of directors comprised of one representative for each member. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the corporation beyond its representation on the board of directors.

Premiums are determined in advance of each premium year, which begins on January 1. TMi is an assessable mutual; accordingly, the board of directors may require that supplemental contributions be made by members to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the obligations applicable to the premium year. Members are required by Wisconsin statute and TMi bylaws to fund any deficit attributable to a premium year during which they were a member. TMi was incorporated in 1985 and began issuing insurance policies in 1986; there has never been a member assessment beyond the annual premiums.

The City's share of this corporation is 1.17% for auto liability and 2.07% of physical damage liability. A list of the other members and their share of participation is available in the TMi report, which can be obtained directly from TMi's offices.

#### C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments is only reported in governmental fund types if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has the following encumbrances outstanding at year end, relating to funds on hand:

Nonmajor Funds

2,666,148

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees and their spouses be at established contribution rates.

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the City and the union. The City makes the same monthly health insurance contribution on behalf of the retiree as it makes on behalf of all other active employees during that year. The City contributes 100% and 100% of the current year premiums for a family and a single plan, respectively, for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For fiscal year 2016, the City contributed \$2,098,850 to the plan. Fire and police plan members receiving benefits contribute 0% and 0% of their premium costs for a family plan and a single plan, respectively. The City offered an early retirement incentive program to employees who were age 60 or over and had 20 or more years of service with the City, effective July 2010. These employees had to retire on or before December 31, 2010. The City pays 100% of the premium for pre-Medicare coverage for these retirees. All others pay 100% of their premiums. For fiscal year 2016, total member contributions were \$0 and there were 326 active and 183 retiree plan participants.

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 5,696,505 1,088,306 (1,245,506)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	 5,539,305 (2,098,850) 3,440,456
Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of Year	 36,276,866
Net OPEB Obligation – End of Year	\$ 39,717,322

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

### **D.** OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016, 2015, and 2014 were as follows:

	Annual OPEB	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	 Cost	Contributed	 Obligation
12/31/16	\$ 5,539,305	38%	\$ 39,717,322
12/31/15	7,360,025	37%	36,276,866
12/31/14	7,139,347	36%	31,663,841

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2016, as determined at January 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 102,502,429
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 102,502,429
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 24,088,678
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	425.52%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates for the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan is understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the City's actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 3.00% investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.50% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0%. Both rates include a 2.50% inflation assumption. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The amortization period at December 31, 2016 was 30 years.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### E. BOND COVENANT DISCLOSURES

## Debt Coverage

The revenue bond resolutions require revenue less operating expenses excluding depreciation and tax equivalent (defined net earnings) to exceed 1.25 times in the water and storm water utilities the corresponding principal and interest. The Clean Water Fund revenue bonds require revenue less operating expenses excluding depreciation to exceed 1.10 times in the sewer utility the corresponding principal and interest.

	Water – 2016	Sewer – 2016	Storm Sewer – 2016
Operating revenues Investment income Operating expenses excluding depreciation	\$ 5,507,429 42,584 (2,306,354)	\$ 7,167,202 130,664 (6,102,227)	\$ 1,124,771 7,082 (778,841)
Defined Earnings	\$ 3,243,659	\$ 1,195,639	\$ 353,012
Annual debt service on revenue bonds Coverage factor	\$ 2,263,725 x 1.25	\$ 214,409 x 1.10	\$ 99,850 x 1.25
Required Net Earnings	\$ 2,829,656	\$ 235,850	\$ 124,813

### F. TAX ABATEMENT

Tax abatements are a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The City, through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) Nos. 6, 11 and 10, has entered into tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans. The developers pay property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreements, are entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid.

Agreement Description	Calculation Method	Developer Commitment	2016	6 Payments
TIF 6	35%	Construction of improvements	\$	34,574
TIF 10	20%	Construction of improvements		58,994
TIF 10	35%	Construction of improvements		412,316
TIF 10	20%	Construction of improvements		57,868
TIF 10	35%	Construction of improvements		81,588
TIF 10	35%	Construction of improvements		709
TIF 11	20%	Construction of improvements		22,656

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION** (cont.)

#### G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 6, 2017 the City issued General Obligation Promissory Notes in the amount of \$1,730,000. The amount will be used to finance projects in the City's Capital Improvement Program.

On June 6, 2017 the City issued General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$5,645,000. The amount will be used to finance projects in the City's Capital Improvement Program as well as refund the 2008 GO Bonds.

#### H. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- > Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68
- > Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans
- > Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (effective December 31, 2018)
- > Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14
- > Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements
- > Statement No. 82, Pension Issues-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73
- > Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- > Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- > Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017
- > Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
TAXES	Φ.	7 000 000	Φ	7 070 700	Φ.	7 700
Current levy	\$	7,069,000	\$	7,076,780	\$	7,780
Mobile home taxes		15,000		13,891		(1,109)
Prior year tax collection/rescinded taxes		2,000		26.242		(2,000)
Payment in lieu of taxes - housing authority		72.000		26,342		26,342 12,737
Motel tax		73,000		85,737		
Total Taxes		7,159,000	_	7,202,750		43,750
INTERGOVERNMENTAL						
Shared aidable revenue		16,190,000		16,160,803		(29,197)
Fire distribution fee		60,270		67,277		7,007
Expenditure restraint payment		648,000		651,280		3,280
State highway aids		1,680,000		1,646,669		(33,331)
State aid - connecting streets		261,620		260,860		(760)
Motor vehicle registration		525,000		538,244		13,244
Municipal service payment		22,000		18,033		(3,967)
Computer exemption aid		66,000		62,933		(3,067)
Total Intergovernmental Revenues		19,452,890		19,406,099		(46,791)
LICENSES AND PERMITS						
Licenses						
Liquor - malt permits		63,695		56,658		(7,037)
Cable TV		440,000		428,853		(11,147)
Other licenses		17,860		17,594		(266)
Total Licenses		521,555	_	503,105		(18,450)
Permits						
Construction permits		144,460		140,798		(3,662)
Other permits		193,215		193,523		308
Underground storage tank inspection		3,200		2,968		(232)
Total Permits		340,875		337,289		(3,586)
Total Licenses and Permits		862,430		840,394		(22,036)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		riance with lal Budget
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES					
Municipal court costs	\$ 130,000	\$	111,384	\$	(18,616)
Nontraffic fines	320,000		250,439		(69,561)
Traffic fines	170,000		109,617		(60,383)
Parking fines	257,000		97,791		(159,209)
Penalties on taxes	110,000		98,454		(11,546)
Other	 85,200		75,863		(9,337)
Total Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	 1,072,200		743,548	(328,652)	
FEES AND SERVICE CHARGES					
Animal shelter	8,700		7,497		(1,203)
Recreation	0,700		7,437		(1,203)
Other recreation	151,444		197,050		45,606
Telfer Park and Rivercenter	124,598		118,858		(5,740)
Swimming pool	 64,364		63,668		(696)
Total Recreation	 340,406		379,576		39,170
Other General Revenue					
Fire inspection fees	135,490		140,272		4,782
Property transfer certificates	14,050		19,906		5,856
In-house fees	37,350		43,582		6,232
Hazardous material response	10,500		9,216		(1,284)
Donations and miscellaneous	88,455		85,740		(2,715)
Nutrition coordinator	7,229		9,855		2,626
Recoveries from city	-		93		93
Miscellaneous police revenues	 101,000		83,454		(17,546)
Total Other General Revenue	 394,074		392,118		(1,956)
Total Fees and Service Charges	743,180		779,191		36,011

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
RENT	\$ 17,000	\$ 57,804	\$ 40,804	
INVESTMENT INCOME	250,000	235,156	(14,844)	
UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS		(154,714)	(154,714)	
OTHER	41,776	41,776		
Total Revenues	29,598,476	29,152,004	(446,472)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Sale of city property	40,000	1,608	(38,392)	
Transfers in - tax equivalent	864,000	790,273	(73,727)	
Total Other Financing Sources	904,000	791,881	(112,119)	
TOTAL REVENUES AND				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 30,502,476	\$ 29,943,885	\$ (558,591)	

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	0	riginal and	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES	<u>_Fi</u>	nal Budget				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
City Council, Manager, Attorney						
Council	\$	49,342	\$	47,582	\$	1,760
City manager		296,837		274,254		22,583
City attorney		396,574		401,886		(5,312)
Total City Council, Manager						
and Attorney		742,753		723,722		19,031
Finance and Administrative Services						
Personnel and labor relations		231,075		199,899		31,176
Municipal court		342,863		321,707		21,156
Computer information systems		620,063		549,593		70,470
Records and elections		356,145		372,423		(16,278)
Property appraisal		199,303		195,141		4,162
Collections		80,434		70,925		9,509
Accounting		284,536		283,275		1,261
Financial management		323,992		207,999		115,993
Licenses and permits		268,077		89,861		178,216
Bad debts		500		117		383
Insurance		292,052		292,051		1
City hall operation		290,639	_	288,231		2,408
Total Finance and Administrative						
Services		3,289,679	_	2,871,222		418,457
Total General Government	_	4,032,432		3,594,944		437,488
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT						
City planning		674,935		655,561		19,374
Economic development		256,918		265,940		(9,022)
Code enforcement		489,446		420,877		68,569
Total Community Development		1,421,299		1,342,378		78,921
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police Department						
Staff services		11,518,510		11,616,831		(98,321)
Total Police Department		11,518,510		11,616,831		(98,321)
Fire Department		•		•		<u>, , ,                                </u>
Staff services		634,601		693,867		(59,266)
Inspection and prevention		309,537		282,145		27,392
Fire fighting and rescue		6,555,913	_	6,625,495	_	(69,582)
Total Fire Department		7,500,051		7,601,507		(101,456)
Total Public Safety	_	19,018,561		19,218,338		(199,777)

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

CURRENT EXPENDITURES (cont.)	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
PUBLIC WORKS				
DPW engineering	ф <b>774</b> 505	Φ 000 004	Φ 05.004	
DPW administration and engineering	<u>\$ 774,595</u>	\$ 688,931	<u>\$ 85,664</u>	
Total DPW engineering	774,595	688,931	85,664	
DPW operations				
Streets and sanitation	2,725,315	2,547,250	178,065	
Central stores	34,076	32,982	1,094	
Total DPW operations	2,759,391	2,580,232	179,159	
DPW parks and recreation			<u> </u>	
Parks	1,551,553	1,502,696	48,857	
Recreation	323,385	322,936	449	
Edwards pavilion	204,137	174,496	29,641	
Senior center	146,285	166,459	(20,174)	
Rotary river center	37,966	28,530	9,436	
Swimming pools	205,398	207,967	(2,569)	
Big Hill park	27,474	32,890	(5,416)	
Total DPW parks and recreation	2,496,198	2,435,974	60,224	
Total Public Works	6,030,184	5,705,137	325,047	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 30,502,476	\$ 29,860,797	\$ 641,679	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 10 (MAJOR FUND) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Variance witl Final Budget		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	4,336,187	\$ 4,336,187	\$	4,482,569	\$	146,382
Intergovernmental		637,516	837,516		847,145		509,629
Investment income		18,000	18,000		18,141		141
Other		16,300	 16,300		51,392		35,092
Total Revenues		5,008,003	 5,208,003		5,399,247		691,244
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay		2,746,115	2,946,115		3,090,916		(144,801)
Debt Service							
Principal retirement		1,615,000	1,615,000		1,625,440		(10,440)
Interest and fiscal charges		512,318	 512,318		512,318		-
Total Expenditures		4,873,433	 5,073,433		5,228,674		(155,241)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		134,570	 134,570		170,573		536,003
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of city property		-	-		19,435		19,435
Transfers out		(291,528)	(291,528)		(291,528)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(291,528)	 (291,528)		(272,093)		19,435
Net Change in Fund Balance		(156,958)	(156,958)		(101,520)		555,438
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		584,803	 584,803		584,803		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	427,845	\$ 427,845	\$	483,283	\$	555,438

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets		L	tuarial Accrued iability (AAL) Projected Unit redit Actuarial Cost	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	_	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
1/1/2016	\$	_	\$	102,502,429	\$ 102,502,429	0%	\$	24,088,678	425.52%
1/1/2014	•	-		118,761,524	118,761,524	0%	·	23,557,185	504.14%
1/1/2012		-		130,931,944	130,931,944	0%		19,598,021	668.09%

### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/16	0.21368493%	\$ 3,472,339	\$ 22,979,036	15.10%	98.20%
12/31/15	-0.21355431%	(5,245,478)	23,533,359	22.29%	102.74%

### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	ı	ontractually Required ontributions	Rel Co	tributions in ation to the ontractually Required ontributions	_	contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/16 12/31/15	\$	2,042,843 2,006,238	\$	2,042,843 2,006,238	\$		-	\$ 22,815,405 22,979,036	8.94% 8.73%

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund.

All City departments are required to submit their annual budget requests for the ensuing year to the City manager by August 25. The Department of Finance, acting as staff for the city manager, reviews the requests in detail with the departments during August, September, and October. After all of the requests have been reviewed, the city manager submits the proposed budget to the city council. The City's ordinances require that this be done on or before October 15.

All adopted budgets for the governmental funds are prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. All adopted budgets for proprietary funds are prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting, except for the treatment of depreciation and capital outlays. For budget purposes, capital outlays are included as expenditures whereas for accounting purposes, depreciation is included as an expense.

The legal level of control for each budget is by department, as defined. Once the budget is adopted, transfers of appropriations among departments require approval by the city council and are permitted at any time during the year. Supplemental appropriations for the purpose of public emergencies may be made from unanticipated revenues received or surplus, as defined, by resolution adopted by a vote by the city council.

Every appropriation lapses at December 31, to the extent that it has not been expended, encumbered or administratively carried over to the next year. Operating account appropriations which are administratively carried forward are reviewed and approved by the city council. An appropriation for a capital expenditure or a major repair continues in force until the purpose for which it was made has been accomplished or abandoned. There were no carryovers to 2017. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The budgeted amounts are as originally adopted by the City Council. The city manager may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action.

#### FUNDING PROGRESS DATA

Data in the schedule of funding progress was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

#### WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

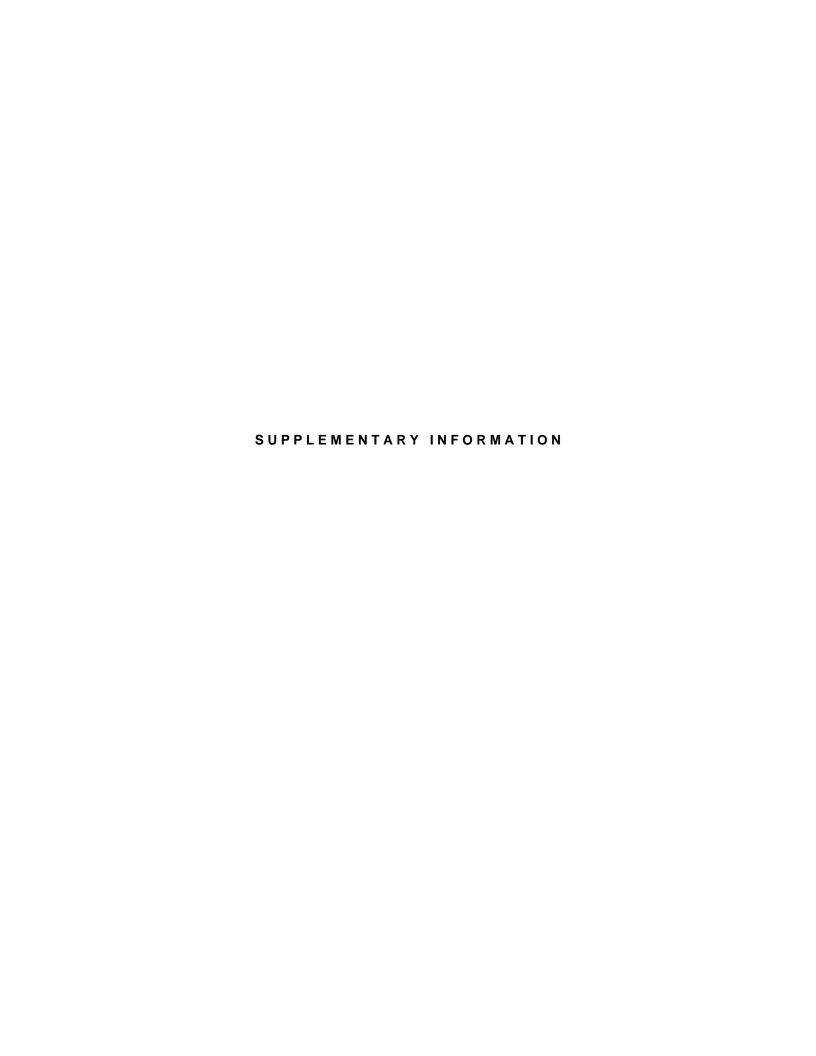
The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented. The additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in Assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

				;	Special Reve	nue	Funds				
	ntal Rehab RP/HOME)	De	Community evelopment lock Grant	1	ΠF District No. 5	1	TF District No. 6	_	TIF District No. 8	Т	IF District No. 9
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	485,369	\$	-	\$	1,160,033	\$	131,625	\$	159,564
Receivables					4 040 440		004.070		400 500		400.074
Taxes	-		-		1,019,412		861,973		128,503		139,871
Delinquent personal property taxes Accounts (net)	-		-		-		-		-		36,929
Special assessments	-		-		-		-		-		36,929
Loans	1,032,636		1,885,528		_		_		-		_
Accrued interest	1,032,030		1,000,020		_		_		_		_
Land contract	_		_		_		_		1,545,961		_
Due from other governmental units	283		88,483		_		_		-		_
Due from component unit			-		_		_		_		_
Advances to other funds	_		_		_		_		_		_
Advances to other rands	 					_					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,032,919	\$	2,459,380	\$	1,019,412	\$	2,022,006	\$	1,806,089	\$	336,364
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 16,379 3,872	\$	35,897 -	\$	- 171,447	\$	-	\$	104,227 -	\$	:
Advances from other funds	 			_				_	1,183,738		2,445,540
Total Liabilities	 20,251	_	35,897	_	171,447		<u>-</u>	_	1,287,965		2,445,540
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property tax levied for next period	-		-		1,019,412		861,973		128,503		139,871
Unavailable revenue	 1,033,004		1,885,528		<u>-</u>			_	1,545,961		<u> </u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,033,004		1,885,528		1,019,412	_	861,973	_	1,674,464		139,871
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted	-		537,955		-		1,160,033		-		-
Assigned	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	 (20,336)				(171,447)		-		(1,156,340)		(2,249,047)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	 (20,336)		537,955		(171,447)		1,160,033		(1,156,340)		(2,249,047)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 1,032,919	\$	2,459,380	\$	1,019,412	\$	2,022,006	\$	1,806,089	\$	336,364

									Fire		DPW				
TI	F District No. 11		F District No. 12		TF District No. 13		IF District No. 14	_	Multi-Year Grants	_	Multi-Year Grants		ommunity evelopment		Library
\$	629,452	\$	265,199	\$	1,844,225	\$	85,589	\$	8,558	\$	183,442	\$	69,889	\$	613,111
	226,059		43,120		575,760		59,817		-		26,000		-		1,780,877
	-		33,416		-		-		9,540		-		61,345		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		86,614		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		6,980 - -		67,780 - -		130,932 94,048 -		- -
<u>\$</u>	855,511	\$	341,735	<u>\$</u>	2,419,985	\$	145,406	<u>\$</u>	25,078	<u>\$</u>	277,222	\$	442,828	<u>\$</u>	2,393,988
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,267	\$	43,529	\$	43,188
	-		-		-										
			-		<u>-</u>				9,540		<u>-</u>		224,553		-
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		- - -	_	9,540 - 9,540	_	13,267	_	268,082	_	43,188
	226,059		43,120		575,760		59,817	_	-		13,267		<u> </u>		
	226,059 - 226,059	_	43,120 - 43,120		575,760 - 575,760	_	59,817 - 59,817		-	_		_	268,082		1,780,877
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		-		26,000		268,082 - 217,767		1,780,877 1,780,877 569,923
	226,059 629,452		298,615 -		575,760 1,844,225		59,817 85,589		9,540		26,000 - 26,000 237,955 -		268,082 217,767 217,767		1,780,877 - 1,780,877 569,923
	226,059		43,120		575,760		59,817		9,540		26,000 - 26,000		268,082 217,767 217,767		1,780,877 - 1,780,877

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (cont.) As of December 31, 2016

		Spec	cial F	Revenue F	unds		Capital Pro	ects	s Funds		Total
		Police	Sc	olid Waste	Perpetual Care		Computer placement		Equipment eplacement	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	21,096	\$		\$ 2,226,517	\$	283,888	\$	5,396,182	\$	13,563,739
Receivables	φ	21,090	φ	-	\$ 2,220,517	Φ	203,000	φ	5,590,162	φ	13,303,739
Taxes		130,000		16,800	-		-		-		5,008,192
Delinquent personal property taxes		-		-	-		-		-		-
Accounts (net)		-		433,054	-		-		41,155		615,439
Special assessments		-		-	-		-		-		-
Loans		-		-	-		-		99,133		3,103,911
Accrued interest		-		-	14,485		-		-		14,485
Land contract		-		-	-		-		-		1,545,961
Due from other governmental units		-		-	-		-		-		294,458
Due from component unit		-		-	-		-				94,048
Advances to other funds			_	<u>-</u>					1,042,787	_	1,042,787
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	151,096	\$	449,854	\$ 2,241,002	\$	283,888	\$	6,579,257	\$	25,283,020
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	,	\$	24,676	\$ -	\$	-	\$	49,700	\$	332,013
Due to other funds		52,433		106,613	-		-		-		568,458
Advances from other funds		<del></del>	_	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	_	<del></del>	_	3,629,278
Total Liabilities		53,583		131,289			-	_	49,700		4,529,749
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Property tax levied for next period		130,000		-			-				4,991,392
Unavailable revenue			_		14,485		<u> </u>	_	41,155	_	4,737,900
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		130,000		<u>-</u>	14,485		-	_	41,155		9,729,292
Fund Balances (Deficits)											
Restricted		-		318,565	2,226,517		-		-		7,924,367
Assigned		(00.46=)		-	-		283,888		6,488,402		6,772,290
Unassigned (deficit)		(32,487)		-			-	_		_	(3,672,678)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	(32,487)	_	318,565	2,226,517	_	283,888	_	6,488,402	_	11,023,979
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND	)										
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	151,096	\$	449,854	\$ 2,241,002	\$	283,888	\$	6,579,257	\$	25,283,020

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

			Special Reve	nue Funds		
	Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME)	Community Development Block Grant	TIF District	TIF District No. 6	TIF District No. 8	TIF District No. 9
REVENUES						
Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits	\$ - 134,491 -	\$ - 543,133 -	\$ 1,090,975 73,709	\$ 916,265 223,720	\$ 138,113 - -	\$ 150,821 2,979
Fees and service charges Investment income Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	12,100	23,221 -	- 184 -	16,378 -	65,867 -	3,580
Public charges for services	-	=	=	-	=	36,929
Other	150,482	375,975	21,242		9,926	
Total Revenues	297,073	942,329	1,186,110	1,156,363	213,906	194,309
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Community development	307,760	789,434	-	-	=	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	=	=	=	-	=	=
Parks, recreation, and education	-	-	- 00.070	-	205.025	-
Capital Outlay Debt Service	-	-	23,879	38,174	305,935	958
Principal retirement			607,841	225,010		
Interest and fiscal charges		_	52,246	35,483	_	_
3	307,760	789,434	683,966		305,935	958
Total Expenditures	307,760	769,434	003,900	298,667	305,935	936
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(10,687)	152,895	502,144	857,696	(92,029)	193,351
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of city property	-	-	-	-	288,848	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out			(342,200)	(170,164)	(215,649)	(16,675)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(342,200)	(170,164)	73,199	(16,675)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(10,687)	152,895	159,944	687,532	(18,830)	176,676
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	(9,649)	385,060	(331,391)	472,501	(1,137,510)	(2,425,723)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (20,336)	\$ 537,955	\$ (171,447)	\$ 1,160,033	\$ (1,156,340)	\$ (2,249,047)

_					Speci	al Revenue	e Fui	nds			
ТІ	F District No. 11	F District No. 12	Т	IF District No. 13	TIF	District	М	Fire ulti-Year Grants	DPW Multi-Year Grants	Community Development	Library
\$	224,421 30 -	\$ 36,084 3,656	\$	576,507 5,365	\$	72,652 5,904	\$	- 327,272 -	\$ 26,000 288,783 3,396	\$ - 385,510	\$1,780,877 291,679
	9,293	3,995		- 27,305		- 1,406		- 14	16	- 2,490	39,297 436
	-	33,416		-		- - -		100	- 1,453	- - 15,172	26,175 11,329
_	233,744	 77,151		609,177		79,962		327,386	319,648	403,172	2,149,793
	_	_		_		_		_	_	519,524	_
	-	-		-		-		322,678	-	-	-
	-	-		-		-		-	264,114	-	-
	23,556	900		- 118,495		54,440		1,643	-	-	2,236,552 78,383
	-	-		70,011 31,928		-		-	-	-	-
_	23,556	 900	_	220,434		54,440		324,321	264,114	519,524	2,314,935
	210,188	76,251		388,743		25,522		3,065	55,534	(116,352)	(165,142)
	_	_		_		_		_	_	_	_
	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-
	(99,930)	 (65,900)		(75,688)							
	(99,930)	 (65,900)		(75,688)					<u> </u>	·	
	110,258	10,351		313,055		25,522		3,065	55,534	(116,352)	(165,142)
	519,194	 288,264		1,531,170		60,067		12,473	182,421	73,331	735,065
\$	629,452	\$ 298,615	\$	1,844,225	\$	85,589	\$	15,538	\$ 237,955	\$ (43,021)	\$ 569,923

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (cont.) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	_	Spe	cial I	Revenue F	unds	Capital Projects Funds				Total
		Police	So	lid Waste	Perpetual Care		omputer olacement	Equipment Replacement		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$	130,000	\$	20,664	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,163,379
Intergovernmental		159,926		131,133	-		-	-		2,577,290
Licenses and permits Fees and service charges		-		64,947	-		-	-		68,343 39,297
Investment income		102		-	- -		4,130	71,255		241,772
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		-		-	(64,475)		-	(7,015)		(71,490)
Public charges for services		151,273	2	2,227,368	37,065		-	-		2,512,226
Other		16,538					345	821,296		1,423,858
Total Revenues		457,839		2,444,112	(27,410)		4,475	885,536	_	11,954,675
EXPENDITURES										
Current										4 040 740
Community development Public safety		596,578		-	-		-	-		1,616,718 919,256
Public works		390,376		2,376,799	-		-	-		2,640,913
Parks, recreation, and education		_		-	-		_	-		2,236,552
Capital Outlay		-		-	-		24,598	1,086,796		1,757,757
Debt Service										
Principal retirement		-		-	-		-	-		902,862
Interest and fiscal charges		<del></del>	_	<del></del>			<del></del>		_	119,657
Total Expenditures		596,578		2,376,799	-		24,598	1,086,796		10,193,715
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		(138,739)		67,313	(27,410)		(20,123)	(201,260)	_	1,760,960
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of city property		-		986	-		-	18,579		308,413
Transfers in		-		-	-		-	37,584		37,584
Transfers out		<u>-</u>		(37,584)				(647,250)	_	(1,671,040)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	<u>-</u>	_	(36,598)		_	<u> </u>	(591,087)	_	(1,325,043)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(138,739)		30,715	(27,410)		(20,123)	(792,347)		435,917
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year		106,252		287,850	2,253,927		304,011	7,280,749		10,588,062
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$	(32,487)	\$	318,565	\$ 2,226,517	\$	283,888	\$ 6,488,402	\$	11,023,979

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND (MAJOR FUND) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		riginal and nal Budget		Actual	,	Variance
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	4,769,154	\$	4,769,154	\$	-
Investment income		-		351		351
Other		388,050		155		(387,895)
Total Revenues		5,157,204	_	4,769,660		(387,544)
EXPENDITURES Debt Service						
Principal retirement		5,032,721		5,032,721		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,306,518		1,255,837		50,681
Total Expenditures	_	6,339,239		6,288,558		50,681
Deficiency of Revenues Under						
Expenditures	_	(1,182,035)		(1,518,898)		(336,863)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		1,182,035		1,277,735		95,700
Total Other Financing Sources		1,182,035	_	1,277,735		95,700
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(241,163)		(241,163)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		2,339,955		2,339,955		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	2,339,955	\$	2,098,792	\$	(241,163)

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND (MAJOR FUND) For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		riginal and inal Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES		mai buuget		Actual		variance
Intergovernmental	\$	1,261,447	\$	133,759	\$	(1,127,688)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	·	-	·	52,450		52,450
Special assessments		195,000		280,934		85,934
Investment income		-		17,958		17,958
Other		556,891		657,816		100,925
Total Revenues		2,013,338		1,142,917		(870,421)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		9,088,999		6,700,437		2,388,562
Debt service						
Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u>		124,055		(124,055)
Total Expenditures		9,088,999		6,824,492		2,264,507
Deficiency of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		(7,075,661)	_	(5,681,575)	_	1,394,086
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Debt issued		5,089,871		4,960,000		(129,871)
Debt premium		-		130,133		130,133
Sale of city property		-		11,303		11,303
Transfers in				647,250		647,250
Total Other Financing Sources		5,089,871		5,748,686		658,815
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,985,790)		67,111		2,052,901
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		5,196,024		5,196,024	-	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	3,210,234	\$	5,263,135	\$	2,052,901

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - RENTAL REHAB (WRRP/HOME) FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		ginal and al Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	91,116	\$	134,491	\$	43,375
Investment income	Ψ	31,110	Ψ	12,100	Ψ	12,100
Other		-		150,482		150,482
Total Revenues		91,116		297,073	_	205,957
EXPENDITURES Current						
Community development		91,116		307,760		(216,644)
Total Expenditures		91,116		307,760		(216,644)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(10,687)		(10,687)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning		(9,649)		(9,649)		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	(9,649)	\$	(20,336)	\$	(10,687)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

DEVENUES	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	577,356	\$	543,133	\$	(34,223)
Investment income	*	-	•	23,221	*	23,221
Other		317,000		375,975		58,975
Total Revenues		894,356		942,329		47,973
EXPENDITURES Current						
Community development		577,356		789,434		(212,078)
Total Expenditures		577,356		789,434		(212,078)
Net Change in Fund Balance		317,000		152,895		(164,105)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		385,060		385,060		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	702,060	\$	537,955	\$	(164,105)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 5 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual		Variance
REVENUES	 <u></u>		71010101	 Variation
Taxes	\$ 1,053,561	\$	1,090,975	\$ 37,414
Intergovernmental	87,892		73,709	(14,183)
Investment income	-		184	184
Other	 		21,242	 21,242
Total Revenues	 1,141,453		1,186,110	 44,657
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay	20,150		23,879	(3,729)
Debt Service	•			,
Principal retirement	640,000		607,841	32,159
Interest and fiscal charges	 52,246		52,246	 
Total Expenditures	 712,396		683,966	 28,430
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	 429,057		502,144	 73,087
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(332,150)		(342,200)	(10,050)
Total Other Financing Uses	(332,150)		(342,200)	 (10,050)
Net Change in Fund Balance	96,907		159,944	63,037
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning	 (331,391)		(331,391)	 
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ (234,484)	\$	(171,447)	\$ 63,037

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 6 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	riginal and nal Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 884,842	\$	916,265	\$	31,423
Intergovernmental	99,787		223,720		123,933
Investment income	 11,000		16,378		5,378
Total Revenues	 995,629		1,156,363		160,734
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	36,490		38,174		(1,684)
Debt Service					
Principal retirement	225,000		225,010		(10)
Interest and fiscal charges	 35,482		35,483		(1)
Total Expenditures	 296,972		298,667		(1,695)
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	 698,657		857,696		159,039
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(170,165)		(170,164)		1
Total Other Financing Uses	 (170,165)		(170,164)		1
Net Change in Fund Balance	528,492		687,532		159,040
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	 472,501	_	472,501	_	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,000,993	\$	1,160,033	<u>\$</u>	159,040

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 8 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	riance With nal Budget
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	133,375	\$	133,375	\$	138,113	\$ 4,738
Investment income		-		-		65,867	65,867
Other	_	33,103		33,103		9,926	 (23,177)
Total Revenues		166,478		166,478		213,906	 47,428
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay		2,150		206,250		305,935	(99,685)
Total Expenditures		2,150	_	206,250	_	305,935	 (99,685)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		164,328		(39,772)		(92,029)	 (52,257)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of city property		-		-		288,848	288,848
Transfers out		(130,000)		(130,000)		(215,649)	(85,649)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(130,000)		(130,000)		73,199	203,199
Net Change in Fund Balance		34,328		(169,772)		(18,830)	150,942
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning		(1,137,510)		(1,137,510)		(1,137,510)	 <u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	(1,103,182)	\$	(1,307,282)	\$	(1,156,340)	\$ 150,942

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 9 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budge		Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 145,64	∩ đ	150 001	ф	E 170
Intergovernmental	\$ 145,64 2,03		150,821 2,979	\$	5,172 945
Public charges for services	28,25		36,929		8,678
Investment income	4,00		3,580		(420)
Total Revenues	179,93		194,309		14,375
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	1,15	0_	958		192
Total Expenditures	1,15	0	958		192
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	178,78	<u>4</u> _	193,351		14,567
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfer out	(16,67	<u>5</u> ) _	(16,675)		
Total Other Financing Uses	(16,67	<u>5</u> ) _	(16,675)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	162,10	9	176,676		14,567
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning	(2,425,72	3) _	(2,425,723)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ (2,263,61	<u>4</u> ) §	(2,249,047)	\$	14,567

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 11 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES	<b>A</b> 040 <b>-</b> 04		
Taxes	\$ 216,724	\$ 224,421	7,697
Intergovernmental	255	30	(225)
Investment income	7,500	9,293	1,793
Total Revenues	224,479	233,744	9,265
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	23,384	23,556	(172)
Total Expenditures	23,384	23,556	(172)
Excess of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	201,095	210,188	9,093
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(99,930)	(99,930)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(99,930)	(99,930)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	101,165	110,258	9,093
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	519,194	519,194	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 620,359	\$ 629,452	\$ 9,093

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 12 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

REVENUES		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Taxes	\$	34,846	\$	36,084	\$	1,238	
Intergovernmental	Φ	6,085	φ	3,656	φ	(2,429)	
Investment income		3,000		3,995		995	
Public charges for services		39,411		33,416		(5,995)	
Total Revenues		83,342		77,151		(6,191)	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay		1,150		900		250	
Total Expenditures		1,150		900		250	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		82,192		76,251		(5,941)	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out		(65,900)		(65,900)			
Total Other Financing Uses		(65,900)		(65,900)		<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance		16,292		10,351		(5,941)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		288,264		288,264		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	304,556	\$	298,615	\$	(5,941)	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 13 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget Actual			Variance		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 556,736	\$	576,507	\$	19,771	
Intergovernmental	2,281		5,365		3,084	
Investment income	 22,000		27,305		5,305	
Total Revenues	 581,017		609,177		28,160	
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay	10,150		118,495		(108,345)	
Debt Service						
Principal retirement	70,000		70,011		(11)	
Interest and fiscal charges	 31,927		31,928		(1)	
Total Expenditures	 112,077		220,434		(108,357)	
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 468,940		388,743		(80,197)	
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	 (75,688)		(75,688)		_	
Total Other Financing Uses	 (75,688)		(75,688)		<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	393,252		313,055		(80,197)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	 1,531,170		1,531,170		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,924,422	\$	1,844,225	\$	(80,197)	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 14 For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Ori	ginal and				
				Actual		Variance
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	70,161	\$	72,652	\$	2,491
Intergovernmental		3,661		5,904		2,243
Investment income		3,000		1,406		(1,594)
Total Revenues		76,822	-	79,962	_	3,140
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		1,150		54,440		(53,290)
Total Expenditures		1,150		54,440		(53,290)
Net Change in Fund Balance		75,672		25,522		(50,150)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		60,067		60,067		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	135,739	\$	85,589	\$	(50,150)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FIRE MULTI-YEAR GRANTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance
REVENUES				227 272	¢	(206.072)
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	624,245	\$	327,272 14	\$	(296,973) 14
Other revenues		-		100		100
Total Revenues		624,245		327,386		(296,859)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						.=
Public safety		701,539		322,678		378,861
Capital Outlay				1,643		(1,643)
Total Expenditures		701,539		324,321		377,218
Net Change in Fund Balance		(77,294)		3,065		80,359
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		12,473		12,473		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	(64,821)	\$	15,538	\$	80,359

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DPW MULTI-YEAR GRANTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance
Taxes	\$	26,000	\$	26,000	\$	_
	Ψ	207,681	Ψ	288,783	Ψ	81,102
Intergovernmental		207,001		•		•
Licenses and permits		-		3,396		3,396
Investment income		-		16		16
Other				1,453		1,453
Total Revenues		233,681		319,648		85,967
EXPENDITURES Current Public works		233,681		264,114		(30,433)
Total Expenditures		233,681		264,114		(30,433)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		55,534		55,534
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		182,421		182,421		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	182,421	\$	237,955	\$	55,534

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	556,858	\$	385,510	\$	(171,348)
Investment income		-		2,490		2,490
Other				15,172		15,172
Total Revenues		556,858		403,172		(153,686)
EXPENDITURES Current						
Community development		556,858		519,524		37,334
Total Expenditures		556,858		519,524	_	37,334
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(116,352)		(116,352)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		73,331		73,331		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	73,331	\$	(43,021)	\$	(116,352)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LIBRARY For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 1,780,877	\$ 1,780,877	\$ -
Intergovernmental	278,680	291,679	12,999
Fees and service charges	50,000	39,297	(10,703)
Investment income	500	436	(64)
Public charges for services	26,900	26,175	(725)
Other	138,476	11,329	(127,147)
Total Revenues	2,275,433	2,149,793	(125,640)
EXPENDITURES Current			
Parks, recreation and education	2,258,433	2,236,552	21,881
Capital Outlay	17,000	78,383	(61,383)
Total Expenditures	2,275,433	2,314,935	(39,502)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(165,142)	(165,142)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	735,065	735,065	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 735,065	\$ 569,923	<u>\$ (165,142)</u>

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POLICE For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Original and Final Budget		Actual	,	Variance
REVENUES				_		
Taxes	\$	130,478	\$	130,000	\$	(478)
Intergovernmental		169,109		159,926		(9,183)
Public charges for services		156,000		151,273		(4,727)
Investment income		-		102		102
Other				16,538		16,538
Total Revenues		455,587		457,839		2,252
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Public safety		467,255		596,578		(129,323)
Total Expenditures		467,255		596,578		(129,323)
Deficiency of Revenues						
Under Expenditures		(11,668)		(138,739)		(127,071)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(80,000)		<u>-</u>		80,000
Total Other Financing Uses		(80,000)				80,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(91,668)		(138,739)		(47,071)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		106,252		106,252		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	14,584	\$	(32,487)	\$	(47,071)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SOLID WASTE For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	-	inal and Budget	Actual		Variance
REVENUES			 		
Taxes	\$	29,000	\$ 20,664	\$	(8,336)
Intergovernmental		138,000	131,133		(6,867)
Licenses and permits		64,089	64,947		858
Public charges for services		,257,644	 2,227,368	_	(30,276)
Total Revenues	2	,488,733	 2,444,112	_	(44,621)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works	2	,431,161	2,376,799		54,362
Debt Service					
Principal retirement		47,304	-		47,304
Interest and fiscal charges		16,268	 		16,268
Total Expenditures	2	,494,733	 2,376,799		117,934
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		(6,000)	 67,313		(73,313)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of city property		6,000	986		(5,014)
Transfers out		, -	(37,584)		(37,584)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,000	(36,598)		(42,598)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	30,715		30,715
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		287,850	 287,850		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	287,850	\$ 318,565	\$	30,715

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMPUTER REPLACEMENT For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		ginal and al Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES			 	
Investment income	\$	1,000	\$ 4,130	\$ 3,130
Other		<u>-</u>	 345	345
Total Revenues		1,000	 4,475	 3,475
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>	 24,598	(24,598)
Total Expenditures			 24,598	 (24,598)
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,000	(20,123)	(21,123)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		304,011	 304,011	 <u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	305,011	\$ 283,888	\$ (21,123)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES	Φ 440.000	Φ 74.055	Φ (00.745)
Investment income	\$ 110,000	\$ 71,255	\$ (38,745)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments Other	941.206	(7,015)	(7,015)
	841,296 951,296	821,296 885,536	(20,000) (65,760)
Total Revenues	951,290	000,000	(65,760)
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	1,031,874	1,086,796	(54,922)
Total Expenditures	1,031,874	1,086,796	(54,922)
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(80,578)	(201,260)	(120,682)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of fixed assets	-	18,579	18,579
Transfers in	-	37,584	37,584
Transfers out	-	(647,250)	(647,250)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(591,087)	(591,087)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(80,578)	(792,347)	(711,769)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	7,280,749	7,280,749	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 7,200,171	\$ 6,488,402	\$ (711,769)

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

			En	terpri	se Funds				
	Golf						Transit		
	Course	е	Cemeter	ries	Ambulance		System		Totals
ASSETS									
Current Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	750	\$	50	\$	- \$	360	\$	1,160
Receivables									
Taxes		,000	28	3,114	475.74	-	584,719		662,833
Customer accounts	1	,200		-	475,714	•	49,602		526,516
Due from other governmental units		-		-	•	•	96,151		96,151
Inventories				<del></del>		-	123,540		123,540
Total Current Assets	51	,950	28	3,164	475,714	<u> </u>	854,372	-	1,410,200
Noncurrent Assets									
Capital Assets									
Land		,000		2,000	•	-	132,000		1,270,000
Land improvements		,970		,448	•	-	-		702,418
Buildings		,988		,153		-	4,469,156		4,870,297
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		,388		3,028	•	-	4,342,659		4,450,075
Less: Accumulated depreciation		3,622)		<u>,122</u> )	-	: —	(3,895,683)	_	(4,999,427)
Total Capital Assets, Net	869	,724	375	,507		-	5,048,132		6,293,363
Total Noncurrent Assets	869	,724	375	,507			5,048,132		6,293,363
Total Assets	921	,674	403	3,671	475,714	<u> </u>	5,902,504		7,703,563
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unamortized loss on advance refunding		-		-		-	1,562		1,562
Pension related amounts	98	,365	13	3,700	806,791		595,518		1,514,374
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	98	3,365	13	3,700	806,791		597,080		1,515,936
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable	2	,980		929	9,180	)	49,559		62,648
Accrued liabilities		-		-	•	-	1,321		1,321
Due to other funds		-		-	75,189	)	95,073		170,262
Compensated absences	10	,450	2	2,622	47,116	6	81,949		142,137
Current maturities of	4.4	457	4.0	044			44.007		77.000
general obligation debt		,457	18	3,814	•	•	44,697		77,968
Other current liabilities		5,14 <u>5</u>				-			5,145
Total Current Liabilities	33	3,032		2,365	131,485	<u> </u>	272,599		459,481
Noncurrent Liabilities									
General obligation debt		,000		,257	•	-	242,200		318,457
Compensated absences		,546		3,165	•	-	16,607		40,318
Other post-employment benefits		,763		,763	•	-	50,439		59,965
Advances from other funds		,643		,494		-	333,725		1,481,862
Net pension liability	-	3,266	-	2,503	144,873		108,360		274,002
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,040	,218	238	3,182	144,873	<u> </u>	751,331	_	2,174,604
Total Liabilities	1,073	3,250	260	,547	276,358	3	1,023,930		2,634,085

	Enterprise Funds									
		Golf Course	Cemeteries		Ambulance			Transit System		Totals
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_			-					_
Property tax levied for next period	\$	50,000	\$	28,114	\$	-	\$	581,361	\$	659,475
Pension related amounts		38,777		5,314		307,499		230,016		581,606
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		88,777		33,428		307,499		811,377		1,241,081
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)										
Net investment in capital assets		865,267		355,490		-		4,761,235		5,981,992
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,007,255)		(232,094)		698,648	_	(96,958)		(637,659)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$	(141,988)	\$	123,396	\$	698,648	\$	4,664,277	\$	5,344,333

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Enterprise Funds									
		Golf		-			Transit			
		Course	С	emeteries	Α	mbulance	System			Totals
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services Other	\$	360,638 <u>-</u>	\$	144,906 <u>-</u>	\$	1,110,999 -	\$	153,860 36,057	\$	1,770,403 36,057
Total Operating Revenues	_	360,638	_	144,906	_	1,110,999		189,917		1,806,460
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Operation and maintenance		412,548		301,421		1,219,748		1,795,232		3,728,949
Contractual services		-		-		-		170,851		170,851
Depreciation		12,470		2,016		_		322,227	_	336,713
Total Operating Expenses		425,018		303,437		1,219,748		2,288,310	_	4,236,513
Operating Income (Loss)		(64,380)	_	(158,531)	_	(108,749)	_	(2,098,393)	_	(2,430,053)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		1,234,089		1,234,089
Investment income (loss)		14		85,269		(25)		(8)		85,250
Interest expense		(721)		(1,899)		-		(8,166)		(10,786)
General property taxes		50,000		28,114		-		584,719	_	662,833
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	49,293	_	111,484	_	(25)	_	1,810,634	_	1,971,386
Change in Net Position		(15,087)		(47,047)		(108,774)		(287,759)		(458,667)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - Beginning		(126,901)		170,443		807,422		4,952,036	_	5,803,000
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	(141,988)	\$	123,396	\$	698,648	\$	4,664,277	\$	5,344,333

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Golf		Enterpris				Transit		
		Course	(	Cemeteries		Ambulance		System		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Received from customers	\$	361,728	\$	144,906	\$	1,189,675	\$	181,404	\$	1,877,713
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(234,582)		(153,584)		(109,905)		(1,046,265)		(1,544,336)
Payments to employees for services		(165,466)		(146,063)	_	(1,037,674)		(827,016)		(2,176,219)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(38,320)		(154,741)		42,096		(1,691,877)		(1,842,842)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Operating grants received		_		_		_		1,355,493		1,355,493
Property taxes received		50,000		28,114		-		584,719		662,833
Noncapital interfund/advance (and repayment)		3,375		61,852		(42,071)		(168,773)		(145,617)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital		-								
Financing Activities		53,375		89,966	_	(42,071)		1,771,439		1,872,709
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Debt retired		(14,348)		(18,595)		_		(117,322)		(150,265)
Interest paid		(721)		(1,899)		-		(8,523)		(11,143)
Construction grants received					_			46,291		46,291
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and										
Related Financing Activities		(15,069)		(20,494)	_			(79,554)		(115,117)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						(27)		(5)		
Investment income (loss)		14		85,269	_	(25)	_	(8)		85,250
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		14		85,269	_	(25)	_	(8)		85,250
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning		750		50	_			360	_	1,160
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	750	\$	50	\$		\$	360	\$	1,160
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)										
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating income (Loss)	\$	(64,380)	\$	(158,531)	\$	(108,749)	\$	(2,098,393)	\$	(2,430,053)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	*	(,)	*	(100,001)	•	(100,110)	•	(=,===,===)	*	(=, :==,===)
to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities										
Depreciation expense		12,470		2,016		-		322,227		336,713
Change in noncash Components of Working Capital										
Accounts receivable		(1,200)		-		78,676		(5,155)		72,321
Inventories		(2.508)		- -		562		5,384		5,384
Accounts payable Other post-employment benefits		(3,508)		504		562		25,904		23,462
Other current liabilities		3,639		(67)		1,796		(9,490)		(4,122)
Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities		14,659		1,337		69,811		67,646		153,453
Perision related deferrals and assets/liabilities		14,000		1,007	_	00,011	_	07,040		100,400
NET CASH FLOWS FROM										
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(38,320)	\$	(154,741)	\$	42,096	\$	(1,691,877)	\$	(1,842,842)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS										
Cash and investments - statement of net position	\$	750	\$	50	\$	<u> </u>	\$	360	\$	1,160
·					_					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	750	\$	50	\$	<del></del>	\$	360	\$	1,160

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITY

None

# ENTERPRISE FUND - BELOIT MASS TRANSIT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - REGULATORY BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	 2016
REVENUE	
401 - Passenger fares for transit service	\$ 153,860
407 - Non-transportation revenue	
Advertising	28,637
Investment Income	(8)
Rental Income	7,049
Charter and miscellaneous	371
409 - Local operating assistance - city levy	584,719
409 - Local operating assistance - inter-government	94,843
411 - State operating assistance	489,246
State paratransit grant	19,951
413 - Federal operating assistance	630,049
Capital contributions	 
Total Revenue	 2,008,717
EXPENSES - BY OBJECT CLASS TOTAL	
501 - Labor	827,016
502 - Fringe benefits	735,847
503 - Services	88,904
504 - Materials and supplies	176,459
505 - Utilities	50,772
506 - Casualty and liability costs	40,665
508 - Purchased transportation services	35,296
509 - Miscellaneous	11,123
509 - Interest expense	8,166
513 - Depreciation	 322,228
Total Expenses	 2,296,476
EXCESS EXPENSES OVER REVENUES	
FOR THE YEAR	\$ (287,759)

<sup>\*</sup> Contra expense for state subsidy purposes.

# ENTERPRISE FUND - BELOIT MASS TRANSIT RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES TO WISDOT AND FEDERAL RECOGNIZED REVENUES AND EXPENSES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>-</u>	Per WisDOT Guidelines		Per Federal Guidelines
Beloit Revenues	Ş	2,008,717	\$	2,008,717
Less Unrecognized Revenues Advertising Revenue Charter Revenue Investment income Rental income Local Operating Assistance State Operating Assistance Federal Operating Assistance Capital Contributions	_	371 (8) 7,049 679,562 509,197 630,049		28,637 371 (8) 7,049 679,562 509,197 630,049
ADJUSTED REVENUES	9	182,497	\$	153,860
Total Expenses	\$	2,296,476	\$	2,296,476
Less Non-Recognized Expenses Interest Depreciation Less Contra Expenses		8,166 322,228		8,166 322,228
Charter Revenue State Paratransit Assistance Capital Contributions for Operating Expenses	<u>.</u>	371 19,951 -		371 19,951 -
RECOGNIZED EXPENSES	9	1,945,761	\$	1,945,761
RECOGNIZED EARNINGS (DEFICITS)	9	(1,763,263)	\$	(1,791,901)
<ul> <li>1 - Capital contributions - assets capitalized</li> <li>Capital contributions - expensed</li> <li>Total capital contributions</li> </ul>	_	- - -		
Capital contributions - expensed     Federal share     Federal and local share of expenses	_	- 80% -	-	

# ENTERPRISE FUND - BELOIT MASS TRANSIT COMPUTATION OF THE DEFICIT DISTRIBUTION AMONG THE SUBSIDY GRANTORS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

STATE FUNDS			
WisDOT Contract Amount		\$ 489,246	
Local Operating Subsidy	\$ 679,562		
5 Times Operating Subsidy		\$ 3,397,810	
WisDOT Recognized Deficit	\$ 1,763,263		
Federal Share of Operating Assistance Remaining State Share of Deficit	\$ 630,049	<u>\$ 1,133,214</u>	
WisDOT Recognized Expenses	\$ 1,945,761		
Maximum State and Federal Operating Assistance	60.00%		
Federal Share of Operating Assistance Remaining State Share of Operating Assistance	\$ 1,167,456 \$ 630,049	\$ 537,407	
State Share – Least of the Five			\$ 489,246
FEDERAL SECTION 9 F	UNDS		
Federally Recognized Deficit	\$ 1,791,901		
50% of Federal Deficit		\$ 895,950	
Federal Recognized Deficit Less: State share	\$ 1,791,901 489,246		
Local Share		\$ 1,302,655	
Maximum Federal Share Per Grant Award		\$ 630,049	
Federal Section 9 Share – Least of the Three			\$ 630,049

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

	Equipment Operations	General Liability Insurance	Health Insurance	Retiree Health Insurance	Totals
ASSETS	- Орогашоно		<u> </u>	Hodrando	
Current Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 113,025	\$ 394,115	\$ 739,703	\$ -	\$ 1,246,843
Accounts receivable	26,738	991	102,373	30,006	160,108
Total Current Assets	139,763	395,106	842,076	30,006	1,406,951
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted Assets					
Deposit with risk pool		1,575,475			1,575,475
Total Restricted Assets		1,575,475			1,575,475
Capital Assets					
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	67,165		-	-	67,165
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(63,340				(63,340)
Net Capital Assets	3,825	<u> </u>			3,825
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,825	1,575,475			1,579,300
Total Assets	143,588	1,970,581	842,076	30,006	2,986,251
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related amounts	189,592	24,225	21,210		235,027
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	34,287		393	629	58,216
Claims payable		86,067	2,192,683		2,278,750
Total Current Liabilities	34,287	108,974	2,193,076	629	2,336,966
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Advances from other funds		-	-	537,568	537,568
Net pension liability	34,452	3,319	4,519		42,290
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	34,452	3,319	4,519	537,568	579,858
Total Liabilities	68,739	112,293	2,197,595	538,197	2,916,824
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related amounts	72,934	7,025	9,568		89,527
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Net investment in capital assets	3,825		-	-	3,825
Unrestricted (deficit)	187,682	1,875,488	(1,343,877)	(508,191)	211,102
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 191,507	\$ 1,875,488	\$ (1,343,877)	\$ (508,191)	\$ 214,927

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) -INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

OPERATING REVENUES	Equipment Operations	General Liability Insurance	Health Insurance	Retiree Health Insurance	Totals
Charges for services Other	\$ 1,235,784 955	\$ 1,836,734 -	\$ 7,281,922	\$ 2,008,866	\$ 12,363,306 955
Total Operating Revenue	1,236,739	1,836,734	7,281,922	2,008,866	12,364,261
OPERATING EXPENSES Operation and maintenance Contractual services Depreciation	1,191,196 16,838 2,295	1,204,041 496,101 -	7,871,959 - -	2,295,600	12,562,796 512,939 2,295
Total Operating Expenses	1,210,329	1,700,142	7,871,959	2,295,600	13,078,030
Operating Income (Loss)	26,410	136,592	(590,037)	(286,734)	(713,769)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - Beginning	165,097	1,738,896	(753,840)	(221,457)	928,696
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ 191,507	\$ 1,875,488	\$ (1,343,877)	\$ (508,191)	\$ 214,927

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Equipment Operations	_	General Liability Insurance		Health Insurance		Retiree Health Insurance	_	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	4 000 007	_	4 007 070	•	7 040 704	•	4 005 050	•	10.070.007
Received from customers	\$	1,239,337	\$	1,837,276	\$	7,310,731	\$	1,985,353	\$	12,372,697
Paid to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees for services		(679,413) (509,764)		(1,607,933) (80,582)		(7,597,282)		(2,294,971)		(12,179,599) (590,346)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		50,160		148,761	_	(286,551)		(309,618)	_	(397,248)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Noncapital advance (and repayment)		_		-		-		309,618		309,618
Net Cash Used by Noncapital					_					
Financing Activities					_	<u>-</u>		309,618		309,618
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and										
Cash Equivalents		50,160		148,761		(286,551)		-		(87,630)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning		62,865	_	245,354	_	1,026,254	_			1,334,473
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	113,025	\$	394,115	\$	739,703	\$		\$	1,246,843
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating income (loss)	\$	26,410	\$	136,592	\$	(590,037)	\$	(286,734)	\$	(713,769)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (loss)		,	·	,	Ċ	, , ,		, , ,		, , ,
to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities										
Depreciation expense		2,295		-		-		-		2,295
Change in noncash components of working capital										
Accounts receivable		2,598		542		19,241		(23,513)		(1,132)
Accounts payable Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities		(1,656)		19,497 8,062		- (4 512)		629		18,470 24,063
Claims payable		20,513	_	(15,932)	_	(4,512) 288,757			_	272,825
NET CASH FLOWS FROM										
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	50,160	\$	148,761	\$	(286,551)	\$	(309,618)	\$	(397,248)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS										
Cash and investments - statement of net position	\$	113,025	\$	394,115	\$	739,703	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,246,843
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -										
END OF YEAR	\$	113,025	\$	394,115	\$	739,703	\$	-	\$	1,246,843

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - TAX COLLECTIONS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

TAX COLLECTIONS	<u>Jar</u>	Balance nuary 1, 2016	 Additions	Deductions	De	Balance cember 31, 2016
Assets Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	\$	8,765,298 16,851,875	\$ 6,000,392 17,463,521	\$ 8,765,298 16,851,875	\$	6,000,392 17,463,521
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	25,617,173	\$ 23,463,913	\$ 25,617,173	\$	23,463,913
<b>Liabilities</b> Due to other taxing units	\$	25,617,173	\$ 23,463,913	\$ 25,617,173	\$	23,463,913
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	25,617,173	\$ 23,463,913	\$ 25,617,173	\$	23,463,913

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY As of December 31, 2016

			Primary Governn	oont			Com	ponent nits			
	Major	Major	Major	Major	Major	•	Beloit	Beloit			
	Section 8	Low Rent	Project	iviajoi	Iviajoi	Total	Apartments	Apartments			
	Rental Voucher	Public	Based		Leases	Primary	Redevelopment	Redevelopment	Totals Before		
	Program	Housing	Vouchers	Administration	Receivable	Government	Phase 1, LLC	Phase 2. LLC	Eliminations	Eliminations	Totals
ASSETS	riogram	riodoling	Voucilois	raminotration	reconvable	COVOITINGIA	1 11000 1, EEO	i nasc z, czo	Liiiiiiiddono	Liiiiiiiddioiio	Totalo
Current Assets											
Cash and investments	\$ 562.667	\$ 133,469	\$ 65,270	\$ 156,871	\$ -	\$ 918,277	\$ 160,907	\$ 151,296	\$ 1,230,480	\$ - 9	1,230,480
Receivables	*		• ••,=••	•,	*	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		*,	• 1,200,100	•	.,,,
Accounts	36,474	5,676	8,076	-	-	50,226	34,875	55,924	141,025	(69,816)	71,209
Lease receivable from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	-	2,800,000	· -	-	-	2,800,000	· -	-	2,800,000	(2,800,000)	· -
Lease receivable from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 2 - LLC	-	2,580,074	-	-	-	2,580,074	-	-	2,580,074	(2,580,074)	-
Lease receivable from primary government	-	-	-	-	2,625,000	2,625,000	-	-	2,625,000	-	2,625,000
Due from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	-	62,524	-	-	-	62,524	-	-	62,524	(62,524)	-
Due from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 2 - LLC	-	60,623	-	-	-	60,623	-	-	60,623	(60,623)	-
Due from other governmental units	-	21,930	-	-	-	21,930	-	-	21,930	-	21,930
Tax credit fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,421	85,508	153,929	-	153,929
Prepaid items	539	539				1,078		648	1,726		1,726
Total Current Assets	599,680	5,664,835	73,346	156,871	2,625,000	9,119,732	264,203	293,376	9,677,311	(5,573,037)	4,104,274
Noncurrent Assets											
Restricted Assets											
Cash and investments	_	_	_	_	2,096,812	2,096,812	236,314	586,372	2,919,498	_	2,919,498
Capital Assets					2,030,012	2,030,012	230,314	300,372	2,313,430		2,313,430
Land	_	344,067	70,472	_	_	414,539	420,849	945,397	1,780,785	(1,179,500)	601.285
Land improvements	_	-		_	_		164,412	397.055	561,467	(1,110,000)	561,467
Buildings	_	141,187	700,777	_	-	841,964	1,540,500	640,000	3,022,464	(975,520)	2,046,944
Building improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,397,386	9,216,173	17,613,559	(0:0,0=0)	17,613,559
Machinery, equipment, furnishings and vehicles	16,092	175,318	34,906	-	-	226,316	260,764	309,631	796,711	-	796,711
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(15,275)	(269,302)	(419,195)	-	-	(703,772)	(1,653,340)	(1,867,467)	(4,224,579)	-	(4,224,579)
Total Capital Assets, Net	817	391,270	386,960			779,047	9,130,571	9,640,789	19,550,407	(2,155,020)	17,395,387
Other Assets											
Lease receivable from primary government	_	_	_	_	8,848,188	8,848,188	_	_	8,848,188	_	8,848,188
Total Noncurrent Assets	817	391,270	386,960		10,945,000	11,724,047	9,366,885	10,227,161	31,318,093	(2,155,020)	29,163,073
Total Noncurrent Assets	017	391,270	366,960		10,945,000	11,724,047	9,300,003	10,227,101	31,310,093	(2,155,020)	29,103,073
Total Assets	600,497	6,056,105	460,306	156,871	13,570,000	20,843,779	9,631,088	10,520,537	40,995,404	(7,728,057)	33,267,347
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Pension related amounts	188.310	128,594	20,426		_	337,330	_		337,330	_	337,330
				450.074	40.570.000		0.024.000	40 500 507		(7 700 0EZ)	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Reasources	788,807	6,184,699	480,732	156,871	13,570,000	21,181,109	9,631,088	10,520,537	41,332,734	(7,728,057)	33,604,677

		-	rimary Governr	nont				ponent nits			
_	Major	Major	Major	ment Major	Major	-	Beloit	Beloit			
•	Section 8	Low Rent	Project			Total	Apartments	Apartments			
F	Rental Voucher	Public	Based		Leases	Primary	Redevelopment	Redevelopment	Totals Before		
	Program	Housing	Vouchers	Administration	Receivable	Government	Phase 1, LLC	Phase 2, LLC	Eliminations	Eliminations	Totals
LIABILITIES				-							
Current Liabilities											
				\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,562				\$ (123,147) \$	43,398
Accrued liabilities	19,265	32,600	1,250	-	-	53,115	711,734	397,188	1,162,037	-	1,162,037
Due to Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	-	19,404	-	-	-	19,404	-	-	19,404	(19,404)	-
Due to Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 2 - LLC	-	50,412	-	-	-	50,412	-	-	50,412	(50,412)	
Due to primary government	-	94,045	-	-	-	94,045	-	-	94,045	-	94,045
Deposits	48,317	44,114	7,425	-		99,856	33,400	27,725	160,981	-	160,981
Lease revenue bonds payable					2,625,000	2,625,000			2,625,000		2,625,000
Total Current Liabilities	79,614	262,590	11,190		2,625,000	2,978,394	810,668	489,362	4,278,424	(192,963)	4,085,461
Noncurrent Liabilities											
Compensated absences	10,751	34,848	-	-	-	45,599	-	-	45,599	-	45,599
Loans payable	-	99,134	-	-	-	99,134	-	-	99,134	-	99,134
Mortgage notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,800,000	2,580,074	5,380,074	(5,380,074)	-
Other notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	417,822	320,269	738,091	-	738,091
Net pension liability	34,650	23,662	3,758	-	-	62,070	-	-	62,070		62,070
Lease revenue bonds payable					10,945,000	10,945,000			10,945,000		10,945,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	45,401	157,644	3,758		10,945,000	11,151,803	3,217,822	2,900,343	17,269,968	(5,380,074)	11,889,894
Total Liabilities	125,015	420,234	14,948		13,570,000	14,130,197	4,028,490	3,389,705	21,548,392	(5,573,037)	15,975,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unearned revenue	273,303	_	-	-	-	273.303	1,133,548	_	1,406,851	-	1.406.851
Pension related amounts	73,354	50,092	7,957	-	-	131,403	-	-	131,403	-	131,403
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	346,657	50,092	7,957			404,706	1,133,548		1,538,254		1,538,254
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	817	391,270	386,960	-	-	779,047	9,130,571	9,640,789	19,550,407	(2,155,020)	17,395,387
Restricted for grant programs		5,323,103			-	5,323,103	-	-	5,323,103	-	5,323,103
Unrestricted (deficit)	316,318		70,867	156,871		544,056	(4,661,521)	(2,509,957)	(6,627,422)		(6,627,422)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 317,135	\$ 5,714,373	\$ 457,827	\$ 156.871	\$ -	\$ 6,646,206	\$ 4,469,050	\$ 7.130.832	\$ 18,246,088	\$ (2,155,020) \$	16.091.068

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Deix	mary Governm	ont			Comp	onent			
	Major	Maior	Maior	Maior	Major	•	Beloit	Beloit			
	Section 8	Low Rent	Project	iviajoi	iviajoi	Total	Apartments	Apartments			
	Rental Voucher	Public	Based		Lease	Primary	Redevelopment	Redevelopment	Totals Before		
	Program	Housing	Vouchers	Administration	Receivable	Government	Phase 1, LLC	Phase 2, LLC	Eliminations	Eliminations	Totals
EXPENSES	riogiani	riodollig	Voucitore	7 tarriirii otratiori	receivable	COVERNION	T Hadd T, LLO	T Hado Z, ELO	Liiiiiiiidiioiio	Liiiiiiiddioiio	Totalo
Community development	\$ 3,245,634	\$ 678,688	\$ 62,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,986,945	\$ 447,129	\$ 700,704	\$ 5,134,778	\$ (247,889)	\$ 4,886,889
Community development	Ψ 0,210,001	Ψ 0/0,000	ψ 02,020	Ψ	Ψ	ψ 0,000,040	Ψ 117,120	ψ 100,104	ψ 0,104,110	ψ (247,000)	Ψ 4,000,000
PROGRAM REVENUES											
Charges for services	-	38,735	65,596	-	-	104,331	93,882	126,107	324,320	-	324,320
Operating grants and contributions	3,172,115	779,739	-	-	-	3,951,854	147,038	166,392	4,265,284	(313,431)	3,951,853
Other revenue			3,038			3,038	56,661	20,922	80,621		80,621
Total Program Revenues	3,172,115	818,474	68,634			4,059,223	297,581	313,421	4,670,225	(313,431)	4,356,794
Net Revenues (Expenses)	(73,519)	139,786	6,011	-	-	72,278	(149,548)	(387,283)	(464,553)	(65,542)	(530,095)
GENERAL REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Investment income	160	1,448	_	_	631,975	633,583	197	568	634,348	_	634,348
Interest and amortization expense	-	(5,752)	-	-	(631,975)	(637,727)	(134,123)	(83,900)	(855,750)	-	(855,750)
Payment to Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	-	(65,542)	-	-	-	(65,542)	-	-	(65,542)	65,542	-
Miscellaneous	23,917	13,356				37,273	(3,689)	(7,428)	26,156		26,156
Total General Revenue (Expenses)	24,077	(56,490)				(32,413)	(137,615)	(90,760)	(260,788)	65,542	(195,246)
Revenues (Expenses) Before Contributions and Transfers	(49,442)	83,296	6,011	-	-	39,865	(287,163)	(478,043)	(725,341)	-	(725,341)
Capital contributions	-	-	_	-	-	-	15,143	-	15,143	-	15,143
Transfers in (out)	-	60,000	(60,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(49,442)	143,296	(53,989)	-	-	39,865	(272,020)	(478,043)	(710,198)	-	(710,198)
NET POSITION – Beginning of Year	366,577	5,571,077	511,816	156,871		6,606,341	4,741,070	7,608,875	18,956,286	(2,155,020)	16,801,266
NET POSITION – END OF YEAR	\$ 317,135	\$ 5,714,373	\$ 457,827	\$ 156,871	\$ -	\$ 6,646,206	\$ 4,469,050	\$ 7,130,832	\$ 18,246,088	\$ (2,155,020)	\$ 16,091,068

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

				Pr	ima	ary Governmer	nt					
		Major		Major		Major		Major		Major	•	
	Re	Section 8 ntal Voucher		Low Rent Public Housing	Project Based Vouchers		Administration			Leases Receivable		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	Program	_	riousing	_	vouchers		ummstration	_	Receivable	_	TOTALS
Received from customers	\$	17,900	Φ	63,013	Ф	66,108	Ф		\$		\$	147,021
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	φ	(3,028,890)	φ	(622,962)	φ	(23,299)	φ	_	φ	_	φ	(3,675,151)
Payments to employees for services		(206,861)		(134,585)		(16,562)		_		_		(358,008)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	-	(3,217,851)	_	(694,534)	_	26,247	_		_		_	(3,886,138)
The Case Thomas Tom Operating The Invited		(0,2,00)		(00.,00.)	_	20,211	_		_			(0,000,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
Governmental grants received		3,445,418		810,464		-		-		-		4,255,882
Paid to LLC's		-		(132,613)		-		-		-		(132,613)
Transfers in (out)		-		60,000		(60,000)		-		-		-
Collections on leases receivable		<del></del>	_	<del></del>	_		_		_	2,518,302	_	2,518,302
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	_	3,445,418	_	737,851	_	(60,000)	_		_	2,518,302	_	6,641,571
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		_		(19,489)		-		-		-		(19,489)
Debt retired		_		-		-		-		(2,550,000)		(2,550,000)
Interest paid		-		(5,752)		-		-		(631,975)		(637,727)
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related			_		_		_		_			
Financing Activities		-		(25,241)		<u>-</u>		-		(3,181,975)		(3,207,216)
· ·												
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES												
Investment income		160	_	1,448	_		_		_	631,975	_	633,583
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		160	_	1,448	_		_		_	631,975		633,583
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		227,727		19,524		(33,753)		-		(31,698)		181,800
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	_	334,940	_	113,945	_	99,023	_	156,871	_	2,128,510	_	2,833,289
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	562,667	\$	133,469	\$	65,270	\$	156,871	\$	2,096,812	\$	3,015,089
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,245,634)	\$	(639,953)	\$	6,011	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,879,576)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	·	(-, -,,	·	(,,	·	-,-	·		·		·	(-,,,
Nonoperating income		23,917		13,356		-		-		-		37,273
Depreciation		1,003		7,147		19,460		-		-		27,610
Change in Assets and Liabilities												
Accounts receivable		(23,022)		(992)		(4,026)		-		-		(28,040)
Prepaid items		(539)		(539)		-		-		-		(1,078)
Pension related deferrals and liabilities		8,957		18,145		2,323		-		-		29,425
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		462		57,214		979		-		-		58,655
Due to primary government		-		(160,826)		-		-		-		(160,826)
Deposits		17,005	_	11,914	_	1,500	_		_		_	30,419
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(3,217,851)	\$	(694,534)	\$	26,247	\$		\$		\$	(3,886,138)

### NONCASH CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

### **Statistical Section**

This section of the City of Beloit's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial condition through multi-year comparative data.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends - Schedules 1 through 5 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	147 - 152
Revenue Capacity - Schedules 6 through 10  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	153 - 157
Debt Capacity - Schedules 11 through 14  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	158 - 161
Demographic and Economic Information - Schedules 15 and 16  These schedules provide demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.	162 - 163
Operating Information - Schedules 17 through 19  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	164 - 166

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant yea.

#### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,730,847	\$ 34,379,310	\$ 35,513,141	\$ 32,392,062	\$ 32,741,870	\$ 54,274,785	\$ 53,354,535	\$ 55,479,784	\$ 59,758,251	\$ 65,844,049
Restricted	11,760,200	10,428,457	8,816,905	8,659,283	15,589,925	11,580,550	12,309,637	12,769,533	17,998,995	13,240,969
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,566,212	10,045,542	2,934,357	2,410,345	(5,964,986)	(11,324,043)	(15,825,906)	(20,090,783)	(21,550,970)	(23,910,707)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 58,057,259	\$ 54,853,309	\$ 47,264,403	\$ 43,461,690	\$ 42,366,809	\$ 54,531,292	\$ 49,838,266	\$ 48,158,534	\$ 56,206,276	\$ 55,174,311
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 51,141,052	\$ 56,401,815	\$ 62,058,630	\$ 62,944,168	\$ 63,001,736	\$ 60,323,671	\$ 58,348,338	\$ 57,555,475	\$ 55,645,129	\$ 53,967,808
Restricted	8,110,918	6,694,042	2,899,983	3,138,458	3,157,163	3,169,002	3,194,991	3,212,483	3,979,871	2,109,432
Unrestricted	9,583,948	7,893,186	9,454,212	8,713,964	9,051,974	10,967,316	10,188,754	10,091,793	10,056,464	12,115,399
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 68,835,918	\$ 70,989,043	\$ 74,412,825	\$ 74,796,590	\$ 75,210,873	\$ 74,459,989	\$ 71,732,083	\$ 70,859,751	\$ 69,681,464	\$ 68,192,639
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 92,871,899	\$ 86,261,662	\$ 93,328,072	\$ 89,611,229	\$ 89,992,940	\$ 108,794,859	\$ 106,308,162	\$ 107,836,387	\$ 110,826,442	\$ 115,643,805
Restricted	19,871,118	17,122,499	11,716,888	11,797,741	18,747,088	14,749,552	15,504,628	15,982,016	21,978,866	15,350,401
Unrestricted	14,150,160	22,458,191	16,632,268	16,849,310	8,837,654	5,446,870	(242,441)	(4,800,118)	(6,917,568)	(7,627,256)
Total primary government net position	\$ 126,893,177	\$ 125,842,352	\$ 121,677,228	\$ 118,258,280	\$ 117,577,682	\$ 128,991,281	\$ 121,570,349	\$ 119,018,285	\$ 125,887,740	\$ 123,366,950

Note: The primary government section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities, but financed by the debt of the governmental activities. Refer to Note I D. 10

### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses		<u> </u>	<u>——</u>							
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 776,459	\$ 804,713	\$ 780,235	\$ 680,410	\$ 820,889	\$ 747,997	\$ 788,296	\$ 772,449	\$ 778,843	\$ 782,031
Finance and administrative services	6,767,790	7,277,848	6,927,516	7,947,872	9,029,097	4,249,269	4,589,561	4,358,216	5,446,685	6,391,553
Community development	2,743,751	2,221,424	3,173,955	3,569,817	3,978,299	3,593,036	3,271,431	2,143,055	3,029,594	6,574,221
Economic development	264,699	266,796	278,919	315,893	336,540	283,643	340,202	355,466	268,874	368,492
Public safety:										
Police services	10,969,806	14,125,683	13,176,014	14,431,648	14,780,278	15,044,071	15,892,086	15,311,616	15,005,398	15,906,565
Fire services	7,335,343	7,544,082	8,709,729	9,460,266	9,797,889	10,210,826	10,883,679	10,153,177	10,680,264	9,395,681
Health										
Public works	13,366,204	12,973,727	20,115,663	13,882,641	12,828,126	16,676,877	15,538,957	16,731,753	13,037,701	16,224,141
Library	2,050,640	2,117,408	2,701,175	2,222,913	2,272,383	2,211,860	2,242,126	2,290,591	2,344,409	2,571,609
Interest and fiscal charges	3,501,709	2,084,379	3,063,257	3,164,857	3,042,878	2,956,048	3,796,706	2,437,125	2,169,801	2,011,442
Total governmental activities	47,776,401	49,416,060	58,926,463	55,676,317	56,886,379	55,973,627	57,343,044	54,553,448	52,761,569	60,225,735
-										
Business-type activities:										
Water	3,939,599	4,293,844	4,799,644	4,505,850	4,467,294	4,436,025	5,075,698	4,567,804	4,894,535	4,761,331
Sewer	7,189,675	7,500,706	7,683,971	7,920,544	8,019,535	8,445,553	8,739,011	8,820,728	9,206,619	8,873,499
Other non-major enterprise funds	4,345,532	4,630,975	4,699,156	4,962,055	5,030,578	5,029,201	5,183,296	5,352,057	5,349,522	5,284,620
Total business-type activities	15,474,806	16,425,525	17,182,771	17,388,449	17,517,407	17,910,779	18,998,005	18,740,589	19,450,676	18,919,450
Total expenses	\$ 63,251,207	\$ 65,841,585	\$ 76,109,234	\$ 73,064,766	\$ 74,403,786	\$ 73,884,406	\$ 76,341,049	\$ 73,294,037	\$ 72,212,245	\$ 79,145,185
Program Revenues (see Schedule 3)										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 21,402	\$ 17,856	\$ 15,507	\$ 26,550	\$ 31,670	\$ 35,761	\$ 45,430	\$ 24,937	\$ 49,500	\$ 43,065
Finance and administrative services	1,454,134	2,804,954	2,870,541	3,670,559	4,529,164	1,181,472	1,599,407	1,267,188	1,058,211	3,433,164
Community development	367,089	19,496	143,657	113,941	180,125	115,177	262,901	270,531	121,212	147,455
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety:										
Police services	1,429,750	969,005	1,322,122	1,383,631	1,429,097	1,254,166	1,368,350	1,307,662	1,208,635	970,757
Fire services	19,589	164,324	40,676	52,421	1,310	38,329	2,676	49,148	28,248	11,972
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	2,259,768	2,359,255	2,214,592	2,519,039	2,477,014	2,631,861	2,674,811	2,742,229	2,731,862	2,780,201
Library	140,446	160,832	195,909	194,405	199,207	188,106	179,073	193,649	226,895	279,608
Operating grants and contributions	1,157,167	1,861,658	2,693,755	1,992,886	2,640,623	2,212,186	2,083,822	1,352,609	1,054,099	4,147,241
Capital grants and contributions	233,136	262,640	1,157,709	234,354	507,677	14,404,161	75,722	160,386	172,012	626,960
Total governmental activities	7,082,481	8,620,020	10,654,468	10,187,786	11,995,887	22,061,219	8,292,192	7,368,339	6,650,674	12,440,423
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	4,605,675	4,693,431	4,690,251	5,029,628	5,428,312	5,812,294	5,542,677	5,465,477	5,496,668	5,507,429
Sewer	7,479,230	7,189,691	6,809,634	6,946,357	6,742,228	6,792,043	6,615,442	6,725,986	6,751,680	7,167,202
Storm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,124,771
Other non-major enterprise funds	2,302,068	2,531,473	2,580,501	2,873,575	2,737,877	2,886,428	2,781,660	2,818,869	2,863,402	1,806,460
Operating grants and contributions	1,107,569	1,119,323	1,132,853	-	-	-	22,439	1,195,763	1,234,243	1,234,089
Capital grants and contributions	1,173,071	934,212	4,871,996	-	27,386	32,203	147,573	734,718	68,837	6,490
Total business-type activities	16,667,613	16,468,130	20,085,235	14,849,560	14,935,803	15,522,968	15,109,791	16,940,813	16,414,830	16,846,441
Total revenues	\$ 23,750,094	\$ 25,088,150	\$ 30,739,703	\$ 25,037,346	\$ 26,931,690	\$ 37,584,187	\$ 23,401,983	\$ 24,309,152	\$ 23,065,504	\$ 29,286,864
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (40,693,920)	\$ (40,796,040)	\$ (48,271,995)	\$ (45,488,531)	\$ (44,890,492)	\$ (33,912,408)	\$ (49,050,852)	\$ (47,185,109)	\$ (46,110,895)	\$ (47,785,312)
Business-type activities	1,192,807	42,605	2,902,464	(2,538,889)	(2,581,604)	(2,387,811)	(3,888,214)	(1,799,776)	(3,035,846)	(2,073,009)
Total net expense	\$ (39,501,113)	\$ (40,753,435)	\$ (45,369,531)	\$ (48,027,420)	\$ (47,472,096)	\$ (36,300,219)	\$ (52,939,066)	\$ (48,984,885)	\$ (49,146,741)	\$ (49,858,321)
·										(continued)
										. ,

#### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

(concluded)

Fiscal Year 2009 2013 2007 2008 2010 2011 2012 2014 2015 2016 General revenues Governmental activities: Taxes 5,375,871 \$ 5,570,069 \$ 5,654,118 \$ 5,990,830 \$ 6,170,168 \$ 6,167,786 \$ 6,794,942 \$ 6,867,316 \$ 6,886,366 \$ 7,080,809 Property taxes, levied for general purposes 2.882.495 3.603.871 3.816.130 4.298.477 4.573.523 4.873.523 4.445.195 4.787.927 4.800.000 4.769.154 Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for other 4.360.329 6.816.113 7.492.551 8.560.888 8.555.227 9.117.555 9,600,907 8.885.545 9.077.710 9.625.284 Other taxes 508,753 551,547 510,674 612,327 561,291 567,650 658,072 591,020 668,830 724,441 Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs 20,671,176 20.071.655 20.679.687 21,209,003 21.957.459 21.707.260 20.511.649 21.961.045 22.177.385 21.936.614 Public gifts and/or grants Investment income 2,397,498 691,086 630,129 39,470 986,271 1,163,493 (384,380)972,002 262,851 292,699 Gain (loss) on sale of property 623,359 318,690 86,179 172,518 20,672 52,738 65,842 214,055 35,026 961,838 Miscellaneous 1,646,145 992,256 1,327,240 1,628,340 1,661,285 1,651,813 1,835,433 1,237,121 882,350 974,468 (1,567,885)(1,023,197)584,499 830,166 633,315 388,040 Transfers 486,381 (690, 285)775,073 (10,654)Total general revenues and transfers 36,897,741 37,592,090 40,683,089 43,096,352 43,795,611 46,076,891 44,357,826 45,505,377 45,423,833 46,753,347 Business-type activities: Taxes 700,697 594,530 530,980 519,980 567,256 537,256 554,367 612,481 662,833 662,833 Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs 1,172,108 1,194,315 1,154,514 1,163,443 Investment income 669,637 492,793 457,938 377,693 529,770 592,441 343,408 299,078 281,989 265,580 Miscellaneous 15,781 26,838 14,261 3.000 127,789 (70,744)5,231 8.968 43.811 Gain (loss) on sale of property Transfers 1.567.885 1.023.197 (486,381) (584.499)690.285 (775.073)(830,166) 10.654 (633.315) (388.040) 2,938,219 Total business-type activities 2,110,520 521,318 1,512,120 2,995,887 1,636,927 1,160,308 927,444 320,475 584,184 39,835,960 39,702,610 \$ 41,204,407 \$ 44,608,472 46,791,498 \$ 47,713,818 \$ 45,518,134 46,432,821 \$ 45,744,308 \$ 47,337,531 Total primary government Change in net position Governmental activities (3,796,179)(3,203,950)\$ (7,588,906)(2,392,179)\$ (1,094,881) 12,164,483 \$ (4,693,026) (1,679,732) (687,062)(1,031,965) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Business-type activities 4,131,026 2,153,125 3,423,782 (1,026,769)414,283 (750,884)(2,727,906)(872,332) (2,715,371)(1,488,825)(680,598) Total change in net position 334.847 \$ (1,050,825) \$ (4,165,124) \$ (3,418,948) \$ 11,413,599 \$ (7,420,932) \$ (2,552,064) \$ (3,402,433) \$ (2,520,790)

### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 21,402	\$ 17,856	\$ 15,507	\$ 26,550	\$ 31,670	\$ 35,761	\$ 45,430	\$ 24,937	\$ 49,500	\$ 43,065
Finance and administrative services	1,455,401	2,817,806	3,086,078	3,873,509	4,847,967	1,556,285	1,979,567	1,564,123	1,385,039	3,604,755
Community development	588,969	199,078	1,665,932	1,059,927	1,681,051	1,181,594	1,221,147	478,325	149,384	3,152,232
Economic development	166,421	11,076	41,529	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety:										
Police services	1,476,936	1,217,410	1,588,909	1,433,267	1,458,056	1,254,481	1,368,595	1,307,867	1,208,635	971,617
Fire services	68,752	248,684	105,548	118,626	64,433	97,985	60,008	109,580	88,520	79,249
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	2,901,070	3,697,776	3,711,718	3,206,532	3,430,619	17,439,999	3,150,302	3,404,713	3,266,069	4,031,218
Library	403,530	410,334	439,247	469,375	482,091	495,114	467,143	478,794	503,527	558,287
Total governmental activities	7,082,481	8,620,020	10,654,468	10,187,786	11,995,887	22,061,219	8,292,192	7,368,339	6,650,674	12,440,423
Business-type activities:										
Water	4,886,450	4,980,009	5,680,334	6,123,465	5,428,312	5,812,294	5,647,690	5,540,195	5,525,879	5,513,919
Sewer	7,573,835	7,291,004	8,262,681	6,946,357	6,742,228	6,792,043	6,615,442	6,725,986	6,751,680	7,167,202
Storm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,124,771
Other non-major enterprise funds	4,207,328	4,197,117	6,142,220	3,190,272	2,765,263	2,918,631	2,846,659	4,674,632	4,137,271	3,040,549
Total business-type activities	16,667,613	16,468,130	20,085,235	16,260,094	14,935,803	15,522,968	15,109,791	16,940,813	16,414,830	16,846,441
Total primary government	\$ 23,750,094	\$ 25,088,150	\$ 30,739,703	\$ 26,447,880	\$ 26,931,690	\$ 37,584,187	\$ 23,401,983	\$ 24,309,152	\$ 23,065,504	\$ 29,286,864

#### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016
General fund										
Reserved	\$ 2,031,796	\$ 2,149,150	\$ 1,924,704	\$ 2,076,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	8,547,741	8,184,365	8,519,970	8,724,137	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	1,761,379	1,634,901	1,449,818	2,071,820	1,791,582	1,578,930
Assigned	-	-	-	-	605,321	589,028	626,840	300,000	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	8,408,569	9,144,726	8,339,711	7,762,537	8,007,592	8,303,332
Total general fund	\$ 10,579,537	\$ 10,333,515	\$ 10,444,674	\$ 10,800,186	\$ 10,775,269	\$ 11,368,655	\$ 10,416,369	\$ 10,134,357	\$ 9,799,174	\$ 9,882,262
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	\$ 10,935,007	\$ 11,565,636	\$ 8,022,576	\$ 7,271,469	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	3,423,288	533,830	(485,129)	243,976	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	22,179,563	9,335,975	8,910,576	9,354,103	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service funds	(5,136,143)	· · · · · -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	75,000	-	-	11,709	402,577	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	15,502,709	9,892,961	10,314,163	10,480,740	10,974,549	12,697,326
Assigned	-	-	-	-	11,069,132	10,666,183	12,231,672	11,784,859	11,235,991	9,844,541
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	(4,553,852)	(4,572,305)	(4,374,225)	(3,841,960)	(3,904,273)	(3,672,678)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 31,401,715	\$ 21,435,441	\$ 16,448,023	\$ 16,869,548	\$ 22,092,989	\$ 15,986,839	\$ 18,171,610	\$ 18,435,348	\$ 18,708,844	\$ 18,869,189
Total governmental funds	\$ 41,981,252	\$ 31,768,956	\$ 26,892,697	\$ 27,669,734	\$ 32,868,258	\$ 27,355,494	\$ 28,587,979	\$ 28,569,705	\$ 28,508,018	\$ 28,751,451

**Note:** It is the city's policy to maintain an unrestricted general fund balance of not less than 15% of operating revenues or three months of general fund expenditures, whichever is greater. The projected target for 2016 was \$7,625,619 which represents three months of budgeted operating expenditures. The city exceeded this limit by \$677,713. The city implemented GASB Statement 54 beginning with fiscal year 2011. Refer to Note I D 10 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of the report.

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year											
	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015	2016	
Revenues											
Taxes (see Schedule 6)	\$ 12,615,533	\$ 16,047,362	\$ 17,006,060	\$ 18,928,612	\$ 19,372,644	\$ 20,225,496	\$ 20,959,622	\$ 20,588,063	\$ 20,887,634	\$ 21,617,852	
Intergovernmental	21,902,213	21,831,391	22,996,684	23,009,047	23,963,992	23,612,491	22,449,953	22,704,505	22,913,912	22,964,293	
Licenses and permits	758,459	733,953	567,135	579,017	590,135	652,541	863,215	938,474	970,400	908,737	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	1,212,231	1,187,381	1,166,653	1,270,139	1,217,884	1,151,148	1,134,664	1,077,893	937,079	795,998	
Fees and service charges	630,560	677,097	648,181	720,898	655,964	664,322	732,733	792,397	816,604	818,488	
Rent	43,182	30,715	30,026	15,469	56	3,615	13,031	19,178	47,003	57,804	
Special assessments	314,066	246,045	250,769	158,485	225,047	204,105	188,098	190,402	312,480	280,934	
Investment income	2,908,368	2,247,632	671,550	28,627	1,027,796	1,163,493	580,052	431,892	433,241	513,378	
Unrealized Gain (loss) on investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	(964,552)	479,956	(187,938)	(226,204)	
Public charges for services	2,256,901	2,261,251	2,254,880	2,576,526	2,520,878	2,642,302	2,703,076	2,709,994	2,686,514	2,512,226	
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	· · · · -	-	-	-	· · · · -	
Other	2,775,930	2,350,749	3,373,864	2,963,236	2,657,310	2,842,474	2,925,678	2,230,696	2,199,253	2,174,997	
Total revenues	45,417,443	47,613,576	48,965,802	50,250,056	52,231,706	53,161,987	51,585,570	52,163,450	52,016,182	52,418,503	
Expenditures Current											
General government	3,895,310	3,965,843	4,274,654	3,849,649	3.935.480	3.769.962	3.828.921	3.705.212	3.739.168	3,594,944	
Community development	2,775,921	2,600,297	3,101,277	3,963,150	3,916,607	4,224,110	3,452,579	2,864,857	3,408,202	2,959,096	
Public safety	17,960,197	18,022,207	18,225,392	18,447,116	19,113,358	19,118,570	20,372,113	20,423,475	20,470,156	20,137,594	
Public salety Public health	17,300,137	10,022,207	10,223,332	10,447,110	19,113,330	19,110,570	20,372,113	20,423,473	20,470,130	20,137,334	
Public works	8,797,432	8,780,712	8,622,853	8,325,488	8,194,319	7,958,183	8,883,972	8,943,426	8,600,822	8,346,050	
Parks, recreation, and education	1,938,463	1,970,069	1,928,426	1,992,966	2,045,247	2,036,683	2,038,937	2,090,762	2,140,358	2,236,552	
Capital outlay	10,443,691	18,213,473	20,304,947	9,474,436	11,075,644	14,064,117	7,254,823	9,513,875	8,663,135	11,549,110	
•	10,443,691	10,213,473	20,304,947	9,474,430	11,075,644	14,064,117	1,254,025	9,513,675	0,003,133	11,549,110	
Debt service:	44 700 004	10,294,458	4,946,407	5,609,568	5,923,641	11,952,889	11,334,674	6,993,294	7,237,072	7,561,023	
Principal retirement	11,760,034	, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,				
Interest and fiscal charges	3,876,435	1,956,651	3,181,079	3,119,978	3,181,470	3,085,618	2,842,047	2,303,641	2,165,894	2,011,867	
Total expenditures	61,447,483	65,803,710	64,585,035	54,782,351	57,385,766	66,210,132	60,008,066	56,838,542	56,424,807	58,396,236	
Excess of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	(16,030,040)	(18,190,134)	(15,619,233)	(4,532,295)	(5,154,060)	(13,048,145)	(8,422,496)	(4,675,092)	(4,408,625)	(5,977,733)	
Other financing sources (uses)	(10,000,010)	(12,122,123)	(12,013,200)	(1,000,000)	(2,121,222)	(10,010,110)	(0, 1==, 100)	(1,010,000)	(1,100,000)	(5,511,155)	
Debt issued	15,196,994	3,438,190	15,785,965	4,462,587	1.500.000	3,753,800	3.686.989	3,149,816	3,370,000	4,960,000	
Debt issued - refunding	15,190,994	3,430,190	15,765,965	4,462,567	14,006,168	3,706,200	12,079,111	5,477,459	3,370,000	4,960,000	
8	11 212 100	E 00E 000	-	-	, ,	1,498,489	12,079,111	5,477,459	-	-	
Capital lease issued	11,213,109	5,085,000	-	-	3,915,445	, ,	400 445	250 444	-	420 422	
Premium on bonds	-	-	(4.404.040)	-	(0.750.005)	139,913	423,115	256,111	-	130,133	
Payments to escrow agent	700 745	477.045	(1,194,912)	-	(9,759,095)	(2,458,608)	(7,664,827)	(5,643,847)	440.004	- 040.750	
Sale of city property	780,745	477,845	88,022	262,246	302,433	106,598	150,427	568,504	116,084	340,759	
Debt service - principal			(4,880,389)								
Transfers in	1,017,571	1,350,505	3,247,606	2,141,710	2,509,837	2,613,170	3,387,428	2,439,001	2,266,370	2,752,842	
Transfers out	(385,288)	(2,373,702)	(2,303,318)	(1,557,211)	(2,122,204)	(1,824,177)	(2,407,262)	(1,590,226)	(1,405,516)	(1,962,568)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	27,823,131	7,977,838	10,742,974	5,309,332	10,352,584	7,535,385	9,654,981	4,656,818	4,346,938	6,221,166	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 11,793,091	\$ (10,212,296)	\$ (4,876,259)	\$ 777,037	\$ 5,198,524	\$ (5,512,760)	\$ 1,232,485	\$ (18,274)	\$ (61,687)	\$ 243,433	
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	28.41%	23.93%	14.68%	16.78%	17.92%	24.74%	24.14%	16.81%	18.12%	18.54%	

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property	Mok	oile Home	yments Lieu of	Co	ior Year llections/ escinded)	Motel	Total
2007	\$ 12,621,107	\$	22,868	\$ -	\$	(82,301)	\$ 53,859	\$ 12,615,533
2008	15,992,806		25,791	13,185		(64,930)	80,510	16,047,362
2009	16,965,490		10,018	10,312		(372)	20,612	17,006,060
2010	18,852,196		12,182	10,509		899	52,826	18,928,612
2011	19,299,003		12,628	9,038		2,006	49,969	19,372,644
2012	20,147,260		15,267	10,822		(5,420)	57,567	20,225,496
2013	20,867,890		13,462	9,089		1,773	67,408	20,959,622
2014	20,505,168		12,869	8,808		(4)	61,222	20,588,063
2015	20,785,707		12,541	9,104		760	79,522	20,887,634
2016	21,491,882		13,891	26,342		-	85,737	21,617,852

**Note:** Wisconsin Statutes limits the amount that the property tax levy may increase to the percentage increase in the tax base attributed to net new construction.

Taxable

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Assessed Value and Equalized Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Manufacturing Property	_	ricultural Property	Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	City Direct Tax Rate	Total Equalized Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Equalized Value
2007	\$ 1,046,740,100	\$ 423,735,800	\$ 114,075,400	\$	710,400	\$ 79,446,830	\$ 1,664,708,530	7.87	\$ 1,630,887,400	102.07%
2008	1,054,404,900	439,788,300	121,180,400		691,200	83,002,580	1,699,067,380	8.08	1,718,751,200	98.85%
2009	1,003,840,630	449,214,400	142,397,900		700,400	88,111,210	1,684,264,540	8.89	1,744,186,100	96.56%
2010	900,230,900	427,694,300	135,080,700		679,600	87,133,340	1,550,818,840	10.04	1,610,889,800	96.27%
2011	899,392,250	432,887,800	141,146,700		596,600	82,989,040	1,557,012,390	10.33	1,558,718,400	99.89%
2012	894,849,000	424,796,000	166,829,600		599,300	102,931,800	1,590,005,700	10.30	1,507,977,900	105.44%
2013	888,191,900	424,675,300	180,902,200		593,200	84,031,750	1,578,394,350	10.62	1,377,134,000	114.61%
2014	884,755,300	430,356,700	168,818,300		576,400	81,975,602	1,566,482,302	10.83	1,471,696,200	106.44%
2015	883,032,900	439,131,000	163,631,548		549,800	84,559,452	1,570,904,700	10.96	1,557,937,900	100.83%
2016	883,276,700	471,910,400	165,852,600		546,900	87,247,190	1,608,833,790	11.11	1,593,559,300	100.96%

**Note:** Property in the city is assessed each year as of January 1. Property is assessed at actual value; however, the Wisconsin Department of Revenue each year estimates the market value of all taxable property for the purpose of apportioning tax levies among the various taxing jurisdictions.

This value is referred to as the equalized value. Taxable assessed value does not include tax exempt properties. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value and the city direct rate represents the city's portion of the tax levy. The total tax rates including those of other taxing jurisdictions can be found on Schedule 8. Taxes are levied in December based on the assessed value as of January 1 and collected the following year.

Source: City of Beloit annual budget.

## City of Beloit, Wisconsin Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

#### **Beloit School District**

			City of Beloit			Overlappin	g Rates (a)				
Levy Year	Collection Year	Basic Rate	G. O. Debt Service Rate	Direct Tax Rate	Rock County	State of Wisconsin	Technical College	Beloit School District	Gross Tax Rate	School Tax Credit	Net Tax Rate
2007	2008	5.71	2.17	7.87	5.25	0.17	1.66	9.08	24.03	(1.47)	22.55
2008	2009	5.83	2.25	8.08	5.33	0.17	1.72	7.73	23.03	(1.56)	21.48
2009	2010	6.34	2.55	8.89	5.75	0.18	1.79	8.53	25.15	(1.40)	23.75
2010	2011	7.09	2.95	10.04	6.23	0.18	1.80	9.84	28.08	(1.37)	26.71
2011	2012	6.59	3.74	10.33	6.30	0.17	1.79	9.48	28.07	(1.30)	26.77
2012	2013	7.51	2.79	10.30	6.18	0.16	1.75	10.11	28.50	(1.27)	27.22
2013	2014	7.59	3.03	10.62	6.00	0.15	1.68	10.08	28.53	(1.31)	27.21
2014	2015	7.77	3.06	10.83	6.27	0.16	1.04	10.88	29.18	(1.34)	27.84
2015	2016	7.92	3.04	10.96	6.60	0.17	1.19	11.47	30.39	(1.59)	28.80
2016	2017	8.09	3.02	11.11	6.52	0.17	1.20	9.63	28.62	(1.59)	27.04

#### Beloit Turner School District

			City of Beloit			Overlapping	g Rates (a)				
Levy Year	Collection Year	Basic Rate	G. O. Debt Service Rate	Direct Tax Rate	Rock County	State of Wisconsin	Technical College	Beloit Turner School District	Gross Tax Rate	School Tax Credit	Net Tax Rate
2007	2008	5.71	2.17	7.87	5.25	0.17	1.66	8.94	23.89	(1.47)	22.42
2008	2009	5.83	2.25	8.08	5.33	0.17	1.72	9.98	25.28	(1.56)	23.72
2009	2010	6.34	2.55	8.89	5.75	0.18	1.79	10.35	26.96	(1.40)	25.56
2010	2011	7.09	2.95	10.04	6.23	0.18	1.80	10.95	29.20	(1.37)	27.83
2011	2012	6.59	3.74	10.33	6.30	0.17	1.79	11.05	29.63	(1.30)	28.34
2012	2013	7.51	2.79	10.30	6.18	0.16	1.75	11.08	29.47	(1.27)	28.20
2013	2014	7.59	3.03	10.62	6.00	0.15	1.68	10.35	28.80	(1.31)	27.48
2014	2015	7.77	3.06	10.83	6.27	0.16	1.04	10.72	29.02	(1.34)	27.68
2015	2016	7.92	3.04	10.96	6.60	0.17	1.19	10.88	29.79	(1.59)	28.21
2016	2017	8.09	3.02	11.11	6.52	0.17	1.20	10.52	29.51	(1.59)	27.92

#### Clinton Community School District

			City of Beloit			Overlapping	g Rates (a)				
Levy Year	Collection Year	Basic Rate	G. O. Debt Service Rate	Direct Tax Rate	Rock County	State of Wisconsin	Technical College	Clinton School District	Gross Tax Rate	School Tax Credit	Net Tax Rate
2007	2008	5.71	2.17	7.87	5.25	0.17	1.66	9.87	24.82	(1.47)	23.35
2008	2009	5.83	2.25	8.08	5.33	0.17	1.72	10.32	25.62	(1.56)	24.07
2009	2010	6.34	2.55	8.89	5.75	0.18	1.79	11.42	28.03	(1.40)	26.63
2010	2011	7.09	2.95	10.04	6.23	0.18	1.80	11.97	30.21	(1.37)	28.84
2011	2012	6.59	3.74	10.33	6.30	0.17	1.79	12.34	30.92	(1.30)	29.63
2012	2013	7.51	2.79	10.30	6.18	0.16	1.75	11.64	30.03	(1.27)	28.76
2013	2014	7.59	3.03	10.62	6.00	0.15	1.68	10.68	29.13	(1.31)	27.82
2014	2015	7.77	3.06	10.83	6.27	0.16	1.04	11.53	29.82	(1.34)	28.48
2015	2016	7.92	3.04	10.96	6.60	0.17	1.19	12.05	30.97	(1.59)	29.38
2016	2017	8.09	3.02	11.11	6.52	0.17	1.20	12.13	31.12	(1.59)	29.53

**Note:** The city's property tax rate is approved each year by the City Council and is based on the city's tax levy and the taxable assessed value of property in the city. Property taxes are levied in December based on the assessed value as of January 1 of the tax year and collected the following year.

<sup>(</sup>a) Overlapping rates are those of other local governments and taxing authorities that apply to property owners within the City of Beloit. The school district rates apply only to those properties located within the various school districts whereas the city, county, state, and technical college rates would apply to all properties in the city.

### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			<u>2</u> (	<u>016</u>		<u>2007</u>			
Taxpayer	Type of Business/Property	Taxable Assessed Valuation		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank		Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank
ABC Supply/Hendricks	Wholesale Distribution/Property Development	\$	76,579,250	4.76%	1	\$	55,278,560	3.39%	1
Kerry Ingredients	Mfg. of Food Additives		41,343,000	2.57%	2				
Staples Contract & Commercial LLC	Fulfillment Center		34,001,070	2.11%	3		36,317,110	2.23%	2
Frito Lay Inc.	Food Processor		23,522,600	1.46%	4		25,045,500	1.54%	3
Pratt Industries			18,911,300	1.18%	5				
Kettle Foods	Food Processor		16,929,800	1.05%	6				
Beloit Health Systems	Health Services		15,616,140	0.97%	7		14,286,530	0.88%	7
Woodman's	Retail Grocer		15,295,930	0.95%	8		15,282,270	0.94%	5
Walmart	Retailer		15,255,690	0.95%	9		14,763,120	0.91%	6
McGuire/Morgan Square	Developer Commercial		13,439,400	0.84%	10		10,199,800	0.63%	9
Menards	Retail Home Improvements						18,149,200	1.11%	4
Reynolds Aluminum	Manufacturer						11,939,800	0.73%	8
Genencor	Manufacturer						9,781,600	0.60%	10
Totals		\$	270,894,180	16.84%	_ _	\$	211,043,490	12.94%	

Source: City of Beloit Assessor's Office.

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Collected within the

				Joniootou i					
				 Fiscal Year	of the Levy	(	Collections	Total Collection	ns to Date
	Collection		Total City		Percentage	in	Subsequent		Percentage
Levy Year	Year	<u></u>	ax Levy (1)	 Amount	of Levy	<u> </u>	Years	 Amount	of Levy
2007	2008	\$	13,108,729	\$ 2,198,715	16.77%	\$	10,906,854	\$ 13,105,569	99.98%
2008	2009		13,727,262	2,804,254	20.43%		10,920,358	13,724,612	99.98%
2009	2010		14,980,809	4,112,716	27.45%		10,858,577	14,971,293	99.94%
2010	2011		15,564,530	3,861,158	24.81%		11,692,161	15,553,319	99.93%
2011	2012		16,085,443	2,917,275	18.14%		13,165,124	16,082,399	99.98%
2012	2013		16,394,872	3,331,278	20.32%		13,062,062	16,393,340	99.99%
2013	2014		16,769,023	1,992,160	11.88%		14,775,750	16,767,910	99.99%
2014	2015		16,963,108	3,843,552	22.66%		13,105,602	16,949,154	99.92%
2015	2016		17,211,767	3,062,611	17.79%		14,104,637	17,167,248	99.74%
2016	2017		17,868,428	3,167,994	17.73%	N/A		N/A	

**Note:** In addition to city property taxes, the city also collects and remits property taxes to the State of Wisconsin, Rock County, Beloit School District, Beloit Turner School District, Clinton Community School District and Blackhawk Technical College. Taxes are levied in December of each year based on the assessed value as of the preceding January 1. Real estate taxes can be paid in four installments on January 31, March 31, May 31 and July 31. Personal property taxes are due January 31. Tax settlements to the other taxing authorities are made in January, February, April, June and the final settlement is in August. The city contracts with the Rock County Treasurer to collect all real estate taxes. The city collects all personal property taxes unpaid after January 31.

(1) Source: City of Beloit budget

#### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Issuance Premiums (Discounts)	Other Debt	Capital Leases	ner Capital Leases	Sewer Revenue Bonds	Water Revenue Bonds	Storm Water Revenue Bonds	Total Outstanding Debt	Estimated Full Property Value	Percentage of Full Property Value	Population	ebt per Capita
<b>Governmental Activities</b>													
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	\$53,255,304 52,967,110 53,844,175 54,003,141 55,450,472 50,222,921 49,839,619 48,305,828	\$ (420,309) (372,992) (325,674) (278,357) (721,460) (809,965) 389,297 607,154	\$ 306,532 235,479 110,000 100,000 90,000 80,000 70,000 60,000	9 14,882,996 18,984,934 17,723,067 20,442,853 20,446,434 18,269,381	\$ 876,179 787,048 696,897 602,607 503,988 466,990 428,441 346,426	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 70,278,395 68,499,641 73,310,332 72,150,458 75,765,853 70,406,380 68,996,738 65,689,796	\$ 1,630,887,400 1,718,751,200 1,744,186,100 1,610,889,800 1,558,718,400 1,507,977,900 1,377,134,000 1,471,696,200	4.31% 3.99% 4.20% 4.48% 4.86% 4.67% 5.01% 4.46%	37,110 37,110 37,000 36,966 36,945 36,850 36,820 36,805	\$ 1,894 1,846 1,981 1,952 2,051 1,911 1,874 1,785
2015 2016	46,827,654 46,798,538	568,900 530,646	50,000 40,000	13,991,490	346,426 302,821		_	_	61,784,470 59,145,193	1,557,937,900 1,593,559,300	3.97% 3.71%	36,792 36,657	1,679 1,613
Business-Type Activities													
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 Total Government-wide	\$ 4,169,402 5,928,389 5,986,851 5,925,112 5,577,580 5,225,896 4,859,952 4,680,857 4,224,935 3,715,865	\$ (1,086,278) (866,375) (734,700) (626,876) (501,757) (362,058) 26,566 179,630 124,094 1,001,970	\$	- \$	\$ -	\$ 6,890,000 4,090,000 - 2,866,012 3,267,644 3,129,884 2,988,818 2,844,366 2,696,447	\$ 23,700,000 23,025,000 26,240,000 29,155,000 28,075,000 26,960,000 25,800,000 24,560,000 23,290,000 21,155,000	\$ - 1,470,000 1,420,000 1,365,000 1,310,000 1,255,000 1,225,000 1,160,000	\$ 33,673,124 32,177,014 31,492,151 35,923,236 37,436,835 36,456,482 35,126,402 33,664,305 31,708,395 29,729,282	\$ 1,630,887,400 1,718,751,200 1,744,186,100 1,610,889,800 1,558,718,400 1,507,977,900 1,377,134,000 1,471,696,200 1,557,937,900 1,593,559,300	2.06% 1.87% 1.81% 2.23% 2.40% 2.42% 2.55% 2.29% 2.04% 1.87%	37,110 37,100 37,000 36,966 36,945 36,850 36,820 36,805 36,792 36,657	\$ 907 867 851 972 1,013 989 954 915 862 811
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	\$57,424,706 58,895,499 59,831,026 59,928,253 61,028,052 55,448,817 54,699,571 52,986,685 51,052,589 50,514,403	\$ (1,506,587) (1,239,367) (1,060,374) (905,233) (1,223,217) (1,172,023) 415,863 786,784 692,994 1,532,616	\$ 306,532 235,475 110,000 100,000 90,000 80,000 70,000 60,000 50,000 40,000	14,882,996 18,984,934 17,723,067 20,442,853 20,2446,434 118,269,381 118,370,388 13,991,490	\$ 876,179 787,048 696,897 602,607 503,988 466,990 428,441 346,426 346,426 302,821	\$ 6,890,000 4,090,000 - 2,866,012 3,267,644 3,129,884 2,988,818 2,844,366 2,696,447	\$23,700,000 23,025,000 26,240,000 29,155,000 28,075,000 26,960,000 25,800,000 24,560,000 23,290,000 21,155,000	\$ - 1,470,000 1,420,000 1,365,000 1,310,000 1,255,000 1,225,000 1,160,000	\$103,951,519 100,676,655 104,802,483 108,073,694 113,202,688 106,862,862 104,123,140 99,354,101 93,492,865 88,874,475	\$ 1,630,887,400 1,718,751,200 1,744,186,100 1,610,889,800 1,558,718,400 1,507,977,900 1,377,134,000 1,471,696,200 1,557,937,900 1,593,559,300	6.37% 5.86% 6.01% 6.71% 7.26% 7.09% 6.756% 6.00% 5.58%	37,110 37,110 37,000 36,966 36,945 36,850 36,820 36,805 36,792 36,657	\$ 2,801 2,713 2,832 2,924 3,064 2,900 2,828 2,699 2,541 2,424

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gen Oblig Bor	ation	Less: Amounts Available i Debt Servid Fund (a)	n	Per (	Capita (c)	Percentage of Estimated Actual Market Value of Property (b)	Α	Total Debt pplicable to Debt Limit	Leg	al Debt Limit (d)	Legal Debt Margin (e)	Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit
2007	\$ 57,4	124,706	\$ 5,026,14	52,398,566	\$	1,412	3.21%	\$	57,424,706	\$	81,544,370	\$ 24,119,664	29.58%
2008	58,8	395,499	4,000,67	73 54,894,826		1,479	3.19%		58,895,499		85,937,560	27,042,061	31.47%
2009	59,8	331,026	2,297,69	9 57,533,327		1,555	3.30%		59,831,026		87,209,305	27,378,279	31.39%
2010	59,9	28,253	2,077,28	57,850,965		1,565	3.59%		59,928,253		80,544,490	20,616,237	25.60%
2011	61,0	28,052	6,031,21	9 54,996,833		1,489	3.53%		61,028,052		77,935,920	16,907,868	21.69%
2012	55,4	148,817	1,871,64	53,577,176		1,454	3.55%		55,448,817		75,398,895	19,950,078	26.46%
2013	54,6	699,571	2,212,59	52,486,976		1,426	3.81%		54,699,571		68,856,700	14,157,129	20.56%
2014	52,9	986,685	2,048,47	2 50,938,213		1,384	3.46%		52,986,685		73,584,810	20,598,125	27.99%
2015	51,0	)52,589	2,012,37	3 49,040,216		1,333	3.15%		51,052,589		77,896,895	26,844,306	34.46%
2016	50,5	514,403	1,745,89	92 48,768,511		1,330	3.06%		50,514,403		79,677,965	29,163,562	36.60%

**Note:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (a) Restricted net position balance for debt service refer to page 1.
- (b) Property value data can be found in Schedule 6: Total Equalized Value is used as estimated market value.
- (c) Population data can be found in Schedule 14: Demographic and Economic Indicators. Under city's Debt Policy target is \$950-\$1,050.
- (d) Wisconsin State Statutes limit the city's general obligation indebtedness to 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the city's boundaries. The city has established a self imposed limit under its Debt Policy of 3.0-3.5% of equalized value.
- **(e)** The legal debt margin is the city's available borrowing authority under State Statutes and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of December 31, 2016

Governmental Unit	General Obligation Debt Outstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	imated Share Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes				
County of Rock, Wisconsin Blackhawk Technical College Beloit School District Beloit Turner School District Clinton Community School District Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$	42,370,000 48,875,000 62,582,219 4,765,000 4,500,000	15.50% 12.92% 94.49% 10.73% 13.43%	\$ 6,568,325 6,316,947 59,131,185 511,313 604,525 73,132,295
City direct debt				 59,145,193
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 132,277,488
Population				36,657
Overlapping debt per capita				\$ 1,995
Direct and overlapping debt per capita				\$ 3,609

**Sources:** Equalized value data provided by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue was used to determine the estimated percentage of overlapping debt applicable. Debt outstanding data was provided by each jurisdiction.

**Note:** Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Beloit. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be considered. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and is responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(a) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using estimated market value (equalized value) of property as provided by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Applicable percentages were calculated by using the portion of the taxing jurisdiction's estimated market value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by the jurisdiction's total estimated market value.

Direct Debt includes outstanding long term bonded debt, notes, loans, and capital leases of the city's governmental activities.

### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Sewer	Utility	Revenue	Bonds
-------	---------	---------	-------

			Debt Service										
Fiscal Year	Utility Charges and Other	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage							
2007	\$ 7,854,276	\$ 4,341,516	\$ 3,512,760	\$ 2,696,186	\$ 352,407	1.15							
2008	7,495,480	4,613,801	2,881,679	2,800,000	248,500	0.95							
2009	7,066,624	5,019,792	2,046,832	-	-	-							
2010	7,083,699	5,370,311	1,713,388	-	-	-							
2011	6,867,461	5,471,436	1,396,025	-	13,820	101.01							
2012	6,975,312	5,803,825	1,171,487	130,030	74,991	5.71							
2013	6,779,720	6,051,452	728,268	137,760	76,771	3.39							
2014	6,878,377	6,135,784	742,593	141,066	73,424	3.46							
2015	6,899,605	6,475,410	424,195	144,452	69,998	1.98							
2016	7,297,866	6,102,227	1,195,639	147,919	66,490	5.58							

### Water Utility Revenue Bonds

				Debt	Service	
	Utility Charges and Other	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2007	\$ 4,791,676	\$ 1,771,273	\$ 3,020,403	\$ 780,000	\$ 865,315	1.84
2008	4,851,984	1,914,142	2,937,842	675,000	980,887	1.77
2009	4,756,316	2,268,695	2,487,621	695,000	1,030,961	1.44
2010	5,174,136	1,853,338	3,320,798	1,110,000	1,189,850	1.44
2011	5,472,411	1,823,566	3,648,845	1,080,000	1,220,495	1.59
2012	5,874,505	1,810,557	4,063,948	1,115,000	1,183,233	1.77
2013	5,600,028	2,266,499	3,333,529	1,235,000	1,064,519	1.45
2014	5,515,294	2,068,833	3,446,461	1,240,000	992,212	1.54
2015	5,535,133	2,633,314	2,901,819	1,270,000	962,339	1.30
2016	5,550,013	2,306,354	3,243,659	1,300,000	963,725	1.43

#### **Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds**

				Debt	Service	
	Utility Charges and Other	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2007	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	951,506	737,653	213,853	-	41,424	5.16
2011	950,724	635,318	315,406	50,000	72,369	2.58
2012	958,856	702,539	256,317	55,000	71,444	2.03
2013	958,980	699,169	259,811	55,000	69,813	2.08
2014	959,068	720,259	238,809	55,000	68,694	1.93
2015	972,517	846,762	125,755	-	23,371	5.38
2016	1,131,853	778,841	353,012	65,000	34,850	3.54

**Note:** Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Sewer, water, and stormwater charges include non-operating revenues. Operating expenses do not include interest, amortization, or depreciation. The City's required coverage ratios are 1.10 for the sewer bonds and 1.25 for the water and stormwater bonds.

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Estimated Personal Income (2)	Pe	Capita rsonal ome (3)	School Enrollment (4)	Labor Force (5)	Employment (5)	Unemployment (5)	City Unemployment Rate (5)
2007	37,110	\$ 1,171,006,050	\$	31,555	7,125	17,493	16,193	1,300	7.4%
2008	37,110	1,190,154,810		32,071	7,130	16,981	15,548	1,433	8.4%
2009	37,000	1,142,893,000		30,889	7,146	17,275	14,254	3,021	17.5%
2010	36,966	1,179,104,502		31,897	6,891	16,486	14,362	2,124	12.9%
2011	36,945	1,230,453,225		33,305	6,967	16,273	14,484	1,789	11.0%
2012	36,850	1,321,256,750		35,855	6,985	16,474	14,770	1,704	10.3%
2013	36,820	1,401,148,280		38,054	7,116	16,880	15,013	1,867	11.1%
2014	36,805	1,424,831,965		38,713	7,133	17,148	15,850	1,298	7.6%
2015	36,792	1,472,636,592		40,026	7,186	17,179	16,053	1,126	6.6%
2016	36,657	N/A		N/A	7,030	17,264	16,298	966	5.6%

Sources: (1) State of Wisconsin Department of Administration or U. S. Census Bureau (2010).

- (2) Personal income estimate for the city is based on city population and per capita personal income for Rock County, WI using data obtained from the Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.
- (3) Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Rock County, WI.
- (4) State of Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.
- (5) State of Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development Office of Economic Advisors.

**Note:** In 2008 the General Motors assembly plant in Janesville, WI closed eliminating over 1,200 jobs and severely impacting the regional economy. The affect of the plant's closure on the City of Beloit led to the unemployment rate soaring to almost 20% in 2009 and it remains as one of the highest in the State of Wisconsin.

### City of Beloit, Wisconsin Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2016 2007 Percentage of Percentage of **Total City Total City Employer Employees** Rank **Employment Employees** Rank **Employment** 7.23% Beloit Health Systems 1,576 10.50% 1,239 1 1 School District of Beloit 938 2 6.25% 871 5.08% 2 **Kerry Ingredients** 740 3 4.93% 330 10 1.93% Frito-Lay 4 4.42% 3 663 717 4.19% **Taylor Company** 635 5 4.23% 4 3.04% 520 Birds Eye 559 6 3.72% City of Beloit 2.23% 447 2.98% 382 8 **Beloit College** 8 5 408 2.72% 448 2.62% Hendricks Holdings (ABC Supply) 391 9 2.60% 439 7 2.56% Fairbanks-Morse 374 10 2.49% Alcoa Wheel Products 440 6 2.57% 336 9 1.96% Wal-Mart Total 6,731 44.83% 5,722 33.41%

**Source:** City of Beloit Department of Economic Development.

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.30	7.14	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00
Finance and Administrative Services	36.55	35.60	34.30	33.35	33.25	31.00	30.70	29.75	29.85	29.00
Community Development	19.00	19.00	18.00	18.00	19.00	18.50	16.50	16.50	16.50	17.00
Economic Development	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.00
Public Safety:										
Police Services	95.75	95.95	95.96	95.91	95.91	88.76	90.26	90.66	91.16	91.16
Fire Services	65.62	65.65	65.65	65.65	65.65	59.25	59.74	64.74	63.24	64.86
Engineering and public works	60.83	60.83	61.83	60.54	60.44	57.71	56.08	56.08	59.67	57.67
Parks and Recreation	40.64	40.26	40.26	39.26	39.76	37.37	38.01	38.01	38.07	38.04
Library	27.00	26.48	25.82	25.59	25.76	26.01	27.15	27.34	27.60	26.98
Water and Sewer Utility	35.54	36.80	36.82	37.11	37.11	35.57	34.90	35.40	35.40	35.40
Transit	20.50	20.10	20.50	20.50	20.50	20.50	20.50	20.50	20.50	20.50
Total	411.83	411.07	409.54	406.31	408.08	385.21	384.24	389.38	392.39	389.61

Source: City of Beloit annual budget

A full time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave used). Full time equivalent employment is determined by dividing the total hours worked by 2,080.

# City of Beloit, Wisconsin Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General government										
New Building permits	27	17	9	2	3	2	7	6	7	10
Building permits issued	967	936	625	925	1,030	1,156	990	1,074	1,002	1,009
Building inspections conducted	5,585	4,215	3,811	3,972	3,932	4,540	3,874	1,657	2,269	3,449
Site plans reviewed	27	26	22	14	18	21	25	14	13	12
Rental certificates issued	5,748	5,456	5,673	5,624	5,449	6,010	5,990	5,927	6,134	6393
Police										
Physical Arrests	10,467	9,777	8,384	7,952	7,736	8,756	10,026	4,850	4,683	3802
Traffic Violations	6,639	5,578	5,328	6,434	6,261	6,494	5,529	4,746	3,564	2611
Parking Violations	12,663	11,209	8,197	9,536	8,461	6,782	6,230	7,072	3,837	2275
Fire										
Emergency responses	7,565	7,979	7,262	7,834	7,896	7,693	8,194	8,452	8,513	8929
Fires extinguished	115	122	96	125	134	150	107	122	134	114
Inspections conducted	2,430	2,449	2,349	2,336	2,293	2,029	2,000	2,050	2,096	1964
Ambulance runs	3,392	3,625	3,394	3,498	3,534	3,517	3,726	3,835	3,969	4428
Engineering and public works										
Development plans reviewed	27	26	22	14	18	21	25	14	13	12
Infrastructure projects designed	27	28	30	30	20	23	16	15	24	16
Infrastructure projects completed	14	18	20	20	18	19	16	14	20	15
Highways and Streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1.00	1.50	4.40	4.8	1.9	3.1	5.5	1.92	6.3	6.1
Potholes repaired	42,972	38,897	47,309	47,218	50,590	40,319	38,725	38,176	38,720	43,737
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	38	38	37	34	33	32.39	33.79	39.07	37	42.51
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	21	20	20	23	16	15.92	15.15	18.47	16.5	19.96
Culture and Recreation										
Facility use permits issued	453	465	459	448	460	469	431	491	530	577
Number of programs offered	66	67	79	77	75	78	81	84	86	84
Rounds of golf played	22,345	28,202	25,448	28,117	17,524	25,174	21,822	20,056	19,502	19,266
Senior center participants	20,411	22,564	24,199	24,318	24,011	23,919	25,822	25,934	26,194	26,546
Number of cemetery internments	169	178	148	161	185	170	175	147	164	141
Water										
Work orders processed	1,782	1,855	1,876	3,656	2,952	2,711	2,724	2,321	2,336	2,910
DHL locate tickets processed	, -	4,706	4,620	4,248	4,187	4,289	5,196	4,170	5,183	5,033
Main breaks	49	39	34	35	30	32	56	52	34	36
Average daily production (MGD)	6.60	6.71	6.15	5.89	5.47	5.75	5.55	5.468	6.109	5.804
Peak daily production (MGD)	9.74	9.81	8.62	8.36	8.59	10.14	8.726	7.500	8.427	8.593
Wastewater										
Average daily treatment (MGD)	5.34	7.35	5.96	4.26	3.664	3.529	4.32	3.776	3.95	4.205
Peak daily treatment (MGD)	12.79	18.81	13.83	6.22	4.999	4.671	15.459	9.640	6.071	5.414
Transit										
Total route miles	392,041	392,041	392,041	343,029	343,029	343,029	343,029	311,017	287,839	287,963
Passengers	311,353	313,845	307,568	272,089	265,590	246,323	243,859	223,291	198,719	184,013

Source: Various city departments.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	40	39	39	39	40	40	40	40	40	51
Fire										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trucks	10	10	10	10	10	10	14	14	14	14
Ambulances	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Refuse Collection										
Garbage trucks	14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	12
94 Gallon trash cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,647
94 Gallon recycling cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,647
64 Gallon trash cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	278
64 Gallon recycling cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	278
Other public works										
Streets/highways (miles)	181.92	182.2	182.2	183.5	183.5	183.5	183.5	183.5	184.8	184.8
Streetlights	889	902	1,053	1,229	1,320	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,456	1,498
Traffic signals	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	41	42
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	851	851	861	861	861	861	924	924	924	924
Parks	34	34	35	35	35	35	39	39	39	39
Tennis courts	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Water										
Wells	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	9	8	8
Water mains (miles)	178	194	196.7	197.7	197.7	198.9	198.9	198.9	199	199
Hydrants	1,714	1,436	1,434	1,464	1,464	1,555	1,555	1,555	1,558	1,488
Storage capacity (MGD)	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	4.15	4.15	4.150	4.15	4.15
Wastewater										
Treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sanitary sewer (miles)	168	170.5	170.8	175	172.8	172.8	172.8	172.8	172.8	172.8
Storm sewer (miles)	172	110.5	108	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2
Treatment capacity (MGD)	11	11	11	11	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3
Transit										
Buses	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

Source: Various city departments.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Beloit Beloit, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Beloit's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2017. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., a component unit, and the limited liability corporations (LLC's) presented as component units of the City of Beloit CDA (CDA), as described in our report on the City of Beloit's financial statements. The financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., a component unit of the City and the LLC's of the CDA, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-001 and 2016-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.



To the City Council City of Beloit

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### The City's Response to Findings

Baker Tilly Vircham & rause, LEP

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Madison, Wisconsin June 23, 2017



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Beloit Beloit, Wisconsin

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and Major State Program

We have audited City of Beloit's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal and major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2016. The City's major federal and major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal and major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



### Opinion on Each Major Federal and Major State Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance or the *State Single Audit Guidelines* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-003 and 2016-004. Our opinion on each major federal and major state program is not modified with respect to these matters.

### City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal or major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-003 and 2016-004, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

To the City Council City of Beloit

### City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Guidelines. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Madison, Wisconsin

Baker Tilly Virchaw & rause, LLP

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Federal Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Passed Through Agency	Number/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Other Agencies
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster					
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	Direct	359**	\$ 473,042	\$ 137,813
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants - Revolving Loan/Program Income	14.218		359**	268,862	-
Total CFDA #14.218				741,904	137,813
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program					
and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii - Program Income	14.228	WI DOA	73675200-4330-10479/71	193,336	-
Community Development Block Grant/State's Program			(5.55.45)	47.500	
and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	WI DOA	3595D (RIPRAP)	47,530	
Total CFDA #14.228				240,866	-
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		35125-36125	134,773	-
Home Investment Partnerships Program - Program Income	14.239	C/ Janesville	35125-36125	162,582	
Total CFDA #14.239				297,355	-
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	Direct		409,700	-
Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.870	Direct		10,420	-
Hausing Vaushas Chiefes					
Housing Voucher Cluster Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	Direct		3,172,115	-
Public Housing Capital Fund	44.070	Discot		44.646	
Wl39-P064-501-12 Wl39-P064-501-13	14.872 14.872			14,616 50,930	-
WI39-PO64-501-14	14.872			91,180	-
WI39-PO64-501-15	14.872	Direct		2,714	-
WI39-PO64-501-16	14.872	Direct		120,000	
Total CFDA #14.872				279,440	-
Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.896	Direct		62,336	-
Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant Program	14.905	WI DHS	73675200-436001-10510	363,510	-
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				5,577,646	137,813
U.S. Department of the Interior					
Intensive Survey of Historic Properties	15.904	WI HS		22,000	
U.S. Department of Justice					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	Direct	35235 prepaid	11,600	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Federal Transit Cluster					
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	WI-90-X794-00	630,049	
Total Federal Transit Cluster				630,049	-
Metropolitan Transportation Planning	20.505	IL DOT	35276	203,302	-
Highway Safety Cluster					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600				
Speed Enforcement		WI DOT	10656	8,185	
Alcohol Enforcement		WI DOT	10575-10576	5,362	-
Total Highway Safety Cluster				13,547	
				846,898	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation					
U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.083	Direct	35282	108.174	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083 97.083		35282 35284	108,174 157,856	:
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				157,856	<u>-</u>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)		Direct		157,856	

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

State Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Program Title	State Number	Grant Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Other Agencies
Wisconsin Department of Transportation Transit Operating Aids				
2016 Operating Aids	395.104	25707410-436001	\$ 489,246	\$ -
2014 Operating Aids	395.104	25707410-436001	600	Ψ -
2016 Paratransit Aids	395.104	85.205	19,951	_
Total Transit Operating Aids	333.104	00.200	509,197	-
Transportation Economic Assistance (TEA) Grant	395.510	P5001652	700,000	-
Planning Commission Program	395.202	35276	36,815	
Total Wisconsin Department of Transportation			1,246,012	
Wisconsin Department of Health Services				
Ambulance Funding Assistance Grant	435.162	74666400-436001-81021	8,608	
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources				
Beloit Storm Water Management Plan Update	370.658	27707508-10715	72,719	-
Big Hill Park Trail Development Grant	370.663	S-ADLP3-14-1195	98,159	-
Recycling Grants to Responsible Units	370.670		121,497	-
Recycling Consolidation Grant	370.673		9,636	
Total Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources			302,011	
Wisconsin Department of Administration Office of Justice Assistance				
Uniform Beat Patrol Officers	505.620	61622239-406001-10024	121,434	
TOTAL STATE AWARDS			\$ 1,678,065	\$ -

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **NOTE 1 – Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (the "schedule") includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Beloit under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended December 31, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Guidelines. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Beloit, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Beloit.

The reporting entity for the City is based upon criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City of Beloit is the primary government according to GASB criteria, while the Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA) is a component unit. Federal and state awards received directly by the CDA are included in this report.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The underlying accounting records for some grant programs are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. The accounting records for other grant programs are maintained on the accrual basis; i.e., when the revenue has been earned and the liability is incurred.

#### NOTE 3 - Pass-Through Agencies

The following identifies the pass-through agency acronyms used on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

WI DOA Wisconsin Department of Administration

C/ Janesville City of Janesville, Wisconsin

WI DHS Wisconsin Department of Health Services

WI HS Wisconsin Historical Society

WI DOT Wisconsin Department of Transportation
IL DOT Illinois Department of Transportation

### **NOTE 4 – INDIRECT COST RATE**

The City of Beloit has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS								
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS								
Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified								
Internal control over financial reporting:								
> Material weakness (es) identified?	X	_ yes			no			
> Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		_ yes		X	none	ereported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_ yes		X	no			
FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS								
Internal control over major programs:		Federa	al Pro	grams		State	e Progra	ams
> Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	Χ	no		yes	<u> </u>	0
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	X	yes		none reporte	ed	yes	n s <u>X</u> re	one eported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Un	modif	fied		Ur	nmodifie	ed
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance or the State Single Audit Guidelines?	X	_ yes		no		yes	X	_ no
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		_ yes	X	no		yes	X	_ no
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$ 7	50,00	00		\$ 2	50,000	

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (cont.)**

### FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (cont.)

Identification of major federal programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

14.871 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers

Federal Transit Cluster

20.507 Federal Transit – Formula Grants

Identification of major state programs:

State Number	Name of State Program
395.104	Transit Operating Aids
395.510	Transportation Economic Assistance (TEA) Grant

# SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

FINDING 2016-001: INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

### Repeat of prior year finding 2015-001

*Criteria:* According to Statement on Auditing Standards AU-C Section 265, *Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit*, sufficient internal controls should be in place that provide for the preparation of reliable financial statements that are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. According to Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), sufficient internal controls should be in place that provide for the preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards.

**Condition:** The City of Beloit's financial records contained material misstatements and the City did not prepare its annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The City prepared the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards in accordance with the Uniform Guidance; however, material changes were proposed to the city during the audit process.

**Cause:** Due to staffing and financial limitations, the City chooses to contract with the auditors to assist with some year-end audit entries, prepare the annual financial statements, and assist with the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards.

**Effect:** Complete and accurate financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are not available until the conclusion of the audit.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the city evaluate if additional procedures are practical at this time to eliminate material adjustments proposed by the auditor and to increase the city's involvement in the financial reporting process.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (cont.)

FINDING 2016-001: INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (cont.)

**Management's Response**: Most entries are prepared by City staff, which continues to decrease the amount of audit entries needed. The Finance and Administrative Services Director and Director of Accounting and Purchasing review and approve the financial statements, disclosures and schedules prepared by our auditing firm utilizing a financial statement disclosure checklist. The Director of Accounting and Purchasing and Senior Accountant have also made changes by conducting monthly reconciliations for payables and major receivables, and monthly reconciliations for cash.

FINDING 2016-002: INTERNAL CONTROL ENVIRONMENT

# Repeat of prior year finding 2015-002 – certain aspects of finding 2015-002 were addressed and no longer appear

*Criteria:* According to Statement on Auditing Standards AU-C Section 315, *Understanding the Entity and Its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement*, sufficient internal accounting controls should be in place that mitigate the risk of material misstatement in the financial records due to fraud or error.

**Condition:** We identified key controls that ideally should be present or strengthened in order to mitigate the risk of material misstatement in relation to the City's significant transaction cycles as follows:

### CONTROLS OVER BILLING/RECEIVABLES/REVENUE

- 1. For both utility and general billing, there should be segregation be segregation between the bill receipting and accounts receivable billing/adjustments functions.
  - **Management's Response:** Point still applies for 2016 however as of January 2017, the utility billing clerk has now been assigned to the Accounting Department and the utility billing clerk will no longer process payments. The other change that occurred is that the City Clerk and City Treasurer's offices are now combined. This has added two additional staff so that the billing clerk would not be needed to process payments. There would be no occasion where a cashier would generate billings.
- All billing adjustments should be supported by appropriate documentation and reviewed and approved by someone independent of the billing and collecting process. Currently, there is no process in place to review a complete list of billing adjustments. Only adjustments provided to the treasurer are reviewed. Additionally, the approval should be documented.
  - **Management's Response:** Point still applies for 2016 however as of December 2016, a workflow process has been created in the Munis financial software the City uses. The workflow notifies the City Clerk/Treasurer every time an adjustment is made. The billing clerk then gives the adjustment, including back up documentation to the Clerk/Treasurer to sign her approval of the adjustment. The double check is now the Clerk/Treasurer is receiving the adjustment to approve after getting notification from the software of the adjustment.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (cont.)

FINDING 2016-002: INTERNAL CONTROL ENVIRONMENT (cont.)

CONTROLS OVER BILLING/RECEIVABLES/REVENUE (cont.)

3. There should be segregation between the municipal court billing, receipting and accounts receivable functions. Also, the amounts recorded in the subsidiary municipal court system should be reconciled to the general ledger on a regular basis. Additionally, adjustments made to municipal court receivables in the subsidiary system should be reviewed by an individual that is independent of the billing and collecting process.

**Management's Response:** With the staffing changes to the Municipal Court, the City will work to segregate billing, receipting, and receivable duties in the department. The Director of Accounting and Purchasing will reconcile the municipal court system to the general ledger on a quarterly basis. All adjustments made to the municipal court receivable will be reviewed and signed off on by the Municipal Court judge, Director of Accounting and Purchasing or the Finance and Administrative Services Director. The Accounting Department also conducted an audit of the Municipal Court mid-year in 2016.

#### **CONTROLS OVER INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

- 1. Access rights for the network and significant applications should be reviewed at least annually by an appropriate person.
  - **Management's Response:** The Director of Accounting will assist the IT Director in reviewing significant financial applications and network access annually. Individuals identified as having access to all financial application systems will have complete network access reviewed and folder rights examined and tested annually.
- The operating system, database, and applications should be monitored to identify any security violations. The City should proactively monitor both internal access on the network and financial applications as well as external access. In addition, there should be a procedure to resolve or escalate any security violations.
  - **Management's Response:** The Information Technology Department has completely overhauled the network firewall and hardened virtual private network tunnels for external system access. All internal and external access requires a current user name and password compliant with departmental policy. The IT Supervisor utilizes software which monitors and reviews all network access and all security violations are promptly reported to the IT Director for immediate action.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (cont.)

FINDING 2016-002: INTERNAL CONTROL ENVIRONMENT (cont.)

**CONTROLS OVER INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (cont.)** 

3. Unnecessary generic accounts within the active directory and Munis should be identified and eliminated.

**Management's Response:** The Information Technology Department has reviewed all generic level restricted accounts and is in the process of eliminating or revising each account on a case by case basis. Multiple generic system accounts which were created for system level processes will be eliminated or consolidated as needed. Systems requiring generic accounts to maintain reasonable functionality will be thoroughly documented and passwords will be changed per departmental policy.

#### CONTROLS OVER MONTHLY AND YEAR-END ACCOUNTING

 There should be evidence that the adjusting journal entries and supporting documentation of the CDA have been reviewed and approved by an appropriate person who is not the original preparer.

**Management's Response:** Beloit Housing Authority Accountant will initial any adjusting journal entries completed by the Fee Accountant. Whenever the Accountant makes any adjusting journal entries, he will have them reviewed and initialed by the Fee Accountant.

**Cause:** The City does not have the resources required to adequately segregate all accounting functions at all times. The City's internal control system does not require the above controls to be in place.

**Effect:** Due to the lack of certain controls, there is a risk that material misstatements (intentional and unintentional) may go undetected in the City's financial records.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the City consider the benefits of implementing additional policies and procedures to address key controls related to its significant transaction cycles, as noted above.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FINDING 2016-003

PROGRAM CFDA NUMBER: 14.871 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers

FEDERAL GRANTOR: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

### Repeat of prior year finding 2015-003

*Criteria*: According to 2 CFR part 200, subpart E, charges to Federal awards for salaries and wages must be based on records that accurately reflect the work performed. Budgeted allocations when timesheets are not completed may be used for interim accounting. However, the City's system of internal control should include a process to review after-the-fact interim charges made to a Federal awards based on budget estimates. All necessary adjustments must be made such that the final amount charged to the Federal award is accurate, allowable, and properly allocated.

**Condition/Context:** During our testing of the Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program, it was noted that time charged to the program was allocated based on an estimate and never reviewed to verify that no adjustment was needed. The sample was not a statistical sample.

**Cause:** The City did not have a process to review actual wages in comparison to estimated wages charged to the program.

Effect: The amounts charged to the Federal grant may not reflect actual distribution of costs.

Questioned Costs: Questioned costs cannot be determined.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the City implement a procedure to document allocated time in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

**Management's Response:** Beloit Housing Authority staff that work under multiple grants have been completing timesheets in accordance with the time actually spent in each grant area. Beginning July 2017, the payroll clerk will key in actual hours worked to each grant in the payroll system every pay period. This will eliminate the need to true up the actual hours worked vs. the allocation at year end.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (cont.)

### **FINDING 2016-004**

PROGRAM CFDA NUMBER: 20.507 Federal Transit Formula Grants

FEDERAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: WI-90-X794-00

FEDERAL GRANTOR:

U.S. Department of Transportation

### A portion of this finding is a repeat of prior year finding 2015-007

*Criteria*: Section 200.430 of the Office of Management and Budget's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards outlines the requirements for compensation charged to Federal awards. According to section 200.430 (a) (1), costs of compensation are allowable to the extent they conform to the established written policy of the non-Federal entity. According to Section 200.430 (i)(1)(vii) & (viii), charges to Federal awards must be based on records that support the distribution of the employee's salary among specific activities if the employee works on a Federal award and a non-Federal award. Budget estimates alone do not qualify as support for Federal awards.

**Condition/Context:** During testing of the Federal Transit Formula Grants program, there were two issues that were noted. The first issue involved an employee being paid at a lower rate than what was stated in the sample. The expected wage rate was recalculated by taking the salary increase percent multiplied by the previous authorized wage rate. The second issue was in regards to an employee who was being paid workers compensation, but there was neither a time sheet nor supporting documentation as to how it was concluded that the employee was only receiving amounts for workers compensation. The sample was not a statistical sample.

**Cause:** There was a recalculation done for the first finding, noting a wage rate of \$44.66. When compared to the listing, the stated wage rate for the employee was \$44.44. For the second finding, there was a lack of supporting documentation as to the verification of only workers compensation payment.

**Effect:** There may be more employees who are not getting paid properly, causing incorrect cost allocations.

**Questioned Costs:** The first issue showed the employee was underpaid by \$17.84 for the pay period. There were no questioned costs for the second finding as the finding relates only to the lack of supporting documentation.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the City require timesheets for all employees working on federal awards (including salaried individuals) and that the City review timecards in detail before entering payroll to ensure accuracy.

**Management's Response:** Timesheets will be completed by all employees working on federal awards. The timesheets will be reviewed and signed by the Transit supervisor or Finance Director before payroll processing.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

SECTION IV - OTHER ISSUES	
Does the auditor's report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?	yes <u>X</u> no
Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned costs, material weakness, significant deficiency, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the <i>State Single Audit Guidelines</i> :	
Department of Transportation Department of Health Services Department of Natural Resources Department of Administration	yes         X         no           yes         X         no           yes         X         no           yes         X         no
Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?	X yes no
Name and signature of partner	Carlo A bogin
	Carla A. Gogin, CPA, Partner
Date of report	June 23, 2017