

Beloit, Wisconsin

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Prepared By:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES
Eric Miller, Director
Dawn DeuVall, Director of Accounting and Purchasing

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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CITY MANAGER

June 19, 2020

To the City Council and
Citizens of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin

It is our pleasure to submit to you the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the City of Beloit for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Wisconsin State Statutes, the Wisconsin Administrative Code, and the Municipal Code of the City of Beloit require that, at the end of the fiscal year, a full and complete examination of all books and accounts of the City be made by a certified public accountant and that the report be filed with the City Clerk/Treasurer as a matter of public record. This CAFR fulfills these requirements.

This CAFR was prepared by the City's finance department and consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Beloit. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. Management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to provide sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Beloit's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The system of internal control has been designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The cost of an internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefit; therefore, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements of fact. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the presented financial information is complete and reliable in all material aspects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial position have been included in this CAFR.

In compliance with the above statutory requirements, the City has retained the services of Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, to audit all books and accounts of the City. They have concluded, based upon auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America, that the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, are fairly presented in all material respects in accordance with GAAP. Their report is located at the beginning of the financial section of this CAFR.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors report and provides an introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE of the CITY OF BELOIT

Beloit is located in Rock County Wisconsin just north of the Wisconsin/Illinois border along Interstate Highway 39/90, which travels south to Chicago and north to the state capitol Madison, and is directly connected to Milwaukee to the east via Interstate Highway 43. The City covers approximately 17 square miles. The most recent estimate indicates the City is home to 36,548 residents as well as more than 90 industrial firms, 850 retail establishments, several corporate headquarters, and a minor league baseball team. The City is also home to Beloit College; founded in 1846 it is Wisconsin's oldest college in continuous operation and is internationally renowned for its scholastic excellence. The college's approximate 1,300 students come from nearly every state and 40 nations worldwide.

The City was officially founded in 1836, incorporated as a village February 24, 1846, and incorporated as a city by the State of Wisconsin on March 31, 1856. The citizens adopted the Council-Manager form of government in 1929. The City Council is the policy making and legislative body. The Council consists of seven members that are elected at large for two-year staggered terms. At an organizational meeting following each general City election, the Council selects, by majority vote of its members, its president and vice-president for the ensuing Council year. The President acts as the presiding officer of the Council and in his/her absence the Vice-President presides. The Council, in its legislative role, adopts all ordinances and resolutions and establishes the general policies for the City. The Council also sets the tax rate and adopts the annual budget.

The City Manager is appointed by the Council to act as the executive and administrative head of the City. The Manager serves at the pleasure of the Council, carries out its policies, directs business procedures, and has the power of appointment and removal of all employees. Duties and responsibilities of the Manager include preparation, submission and administration of the annual budget, advising Council on the affairs of the City, enforcement of the ordinances and direction and supervision of all departments. The City provides typical municipal services including general administrative and financial services, police, fire, public works, sanitation, parks and recreation, planning and economic development, transit system, water, sewer and stormwater utilities.

This report includes all of the funds and component units of the City of Beloit. The criteria used in determining the reporting entity is consistent with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) as outlined in the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. This report includes the general fund, which accounts for the general administration of the City, and the special revenue funds relating to economic and community development, the public library, solid waste and recycling. The report also includes the City's enterprise funds that account for the water, stormwater, and sanitary sewer utilities, ambulance services, cemeteries, transit, and the municipal golf course. Internal service funds provide information on the operations of the risk management, employee and retiree health benefits, and centralized vehicle and equipment functions.

Financial data for the Beloit Public Library Foundation and Community Development Authority are included in the reporting entity by discrete presentation because they are component units of the City. The Beloit Public Library Foundation was formed to raise and provide support monies for the Beloit Public Library. The Community Development Authority was formed to engage in the development and operation of low-income housing. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) regulates such projects.

The annual budget provides the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Departmental budgets are prepared by department heads and are submitted each year in July for examination. After review by the Manager and budget committee, the proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Council for consideration at their first meeting in October. Workshops and a public hearing are held by the Council in October. The Council normally adopts the budget at their first meeting in November for the ensuing fiscal year. Once adopted, transfers among departments or supplemental appropriations require approval of the Council; the Manager is authorized to make adjustments within departments. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this CAFR for each governmental fund for which an annual budget has been adopted. This information can be found in the Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information sections of the CAFR.

ECONOMIC CONDITION / MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City's economy historically and currently remains largely reliant on manufacturing and commercial growth. There have been significant improvements to the local economy and the City remains on a positive path. In March 2020, the unemployment rate was 4.0% which was a positive trend and had been continuing to improve, yet still lagged behind the State and National rate of 3.8%. Fortunately, the City's large cluster of food processing industries continued to experience strong performance during this period. Several of these industries have even added employees and production lines in response to growing demand.

However, in December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, Hubei province, China. In the first several months of 2020, the virus, SARS-CoV-2, and resulting disease, COVID-19, spread to the United States, including to areas impacting the City. As of the date above, the City's evaluation of the effects of these events is ongoing. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the City's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and related governmental or other regulatory actions.

The City's Tax Increment District No. 10 continues to be its major economic development driver. Several major employers are now located in the TID including Kerry America's headquarters, Diamond Foods Kettle Brands, Pratt Industries, and the new Amazon Order Fulfillment Center; collectively all development in the TID has added \$166 million to the City's tax base and has provided over 1,000 new jobs with more to come. We continue to remain optimistic about the City's economic future and devote considerable time and resources to economic development. The City currently has seven active Tax Increment Districts with over 1,100 acres of land available for development.

The City's economy has an exceptionally diversified employment base in the areas of metal fabrication, food processing, medical services, biotechnology, retail, and education. Located at the intersections of Interstates 90/39, that serves Chicago to the south, Madison to the north, and Interstate 43, providing a direct link east to Milwaukee, the City's location is marketed as one of the Midwest's major distribution areas.

Additional economic and demographic data can be found in the MD&A and Statistical Sections of this report.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Each year the City prepares, as part of the budget process, a formal five year capital improvement plan for upgrades and replacement of public infrastructure and the management of related costs. This plan includes a funding methodology for each project which utilizes the City's ability to borrow funds and use other funding sources such as operating budgets, fund balance, and Federal and State grants. For budgetary and planning purposes, the City has policy guidelines establishing the appropriate levels and uses of unrestricted fund balance (15% of operating revenues or three months average expenditures whichever is greater). The City also has a debt service policy, which is consistent with its long range Financial Management Plan that was approved in 1998. This Plan established bondrating objectives, use of debt policies, and debt load indicators that are reviewed annually. Standard and Poor's has assigned an "A+" rating to the City's general obligation debt, Sewer utility revenue bonded debt, and Stormwater utility revenue bonded debt and an "A-" for its Water utility revenue bonded debt. The general obligation rating was upgraded to "AA-/Stable" by Standard and Poor's on March 12, 2020.

AWARDS and ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Beloit for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This was the seventeenth consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2020. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document must be judged and determined to be proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communication device. This is the twenty-second year the City has received this award and is also valid for only one year.

The preparation of the CAFR would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance and Administrative Services Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all the members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report with particular recognition to Dawn DeuVall, Director of Accounting/Purchasing, Lisa White, Senior Accountant, and Jessica Tison, Budget Analyst. Credit is also given to the City Council for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Beloit's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Lori S. Curtis Luther

City Manager

Eric R. Miller

Finance and Administrative Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Beloit Wisconsin

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Beloit, Wisconsin List of Elected and Appointed Officials December 31, 2019

CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS

Regina Dunkin – President
Clinton Anderson – Vice President
Sherry Blakeley
Nancy V. Forbeck
Kevin D. Leavy
Mark Preuschl
Beth Jacobsen

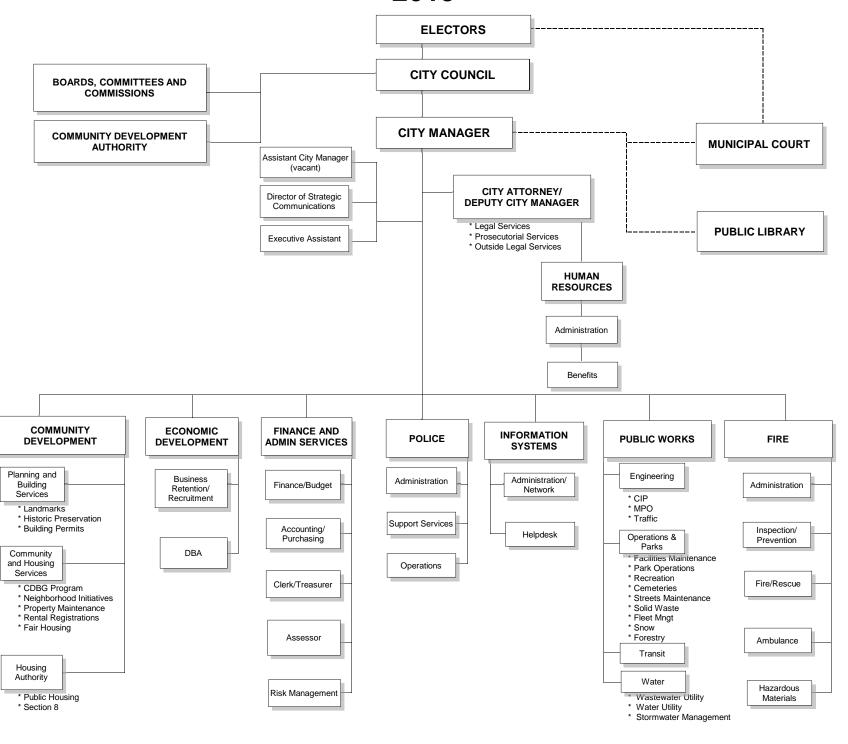
CITY MANAGER

Lori S. Curtis Luther

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Eric Miller – Finance & Administrative Services Director
Elizabeth Krueger – City Attorney
David Zibolski – Police Chief
Daniel Pease – Interim Fire Chief
Julie Christensen – Community Development Director
Andrew Janke – Economic Development Director
Raymond Gorsline – Information Technology Director
Laura Williamson – Public Works Director

CITY OF BELOIT, WISCONSIN ORGANIZATIONAL CHART 2019





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Beloit Beloit, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Beloit's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., or the limited liability corporations (LLCs) presented as component units of the City of Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA). The Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. represents 3 percent, 5 percent, and 3 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the discretely presented component units. The LLCs of the CDA represent 78 percent, 65 percent, and 15 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and operating revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., and the limited liability corporations (LLCs) presented as component units of the City of Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA), is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., and the LLCs of the CDA were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Beloit's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Beloit's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note I, the City of Beloit adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective January 1, 2019. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Beloit's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, which includes the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the *Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Beloit's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Baker Tilly Virchaw Krause, LP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Beloit's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Beloit's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Beloit's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Madison, Wisconsin June 19, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2019

As management of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, the basic financial statements, and related notes, all of which are contained in this comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2019, by \$68,865,449 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$(67,639,042) is an unrestricted deficit.
- > The City's total net position decreased \$1,979,332 largely due to expenditures exceeding revenues in the Governmental Activities.
- > In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 which requires governmental entities participating in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) to report their proportionate share of the plan's activity and net pension liability, the City recorded a pension liability of \$7,385,073 in 2019. This is a decrease of \$13,517,319 as the City reported a \$6,132,246 asset in 2018. As of the December 31, 2018 measurement date used for the 2019 financial statements, WRS reported total resources available to provide pension benefits of \$96.7 billion. They also reported a total liability for pensions of \$100.3 billion, resulting in a net pension liability of \$3.6 billion. The City's proportionate share of this liability is \$7,385,073.
- > As of December 31, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,554,308, an increase of \$2,344,244 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$9,228,578 or 26% is unassigned and is available for spending at the government's discretion. The increase in fund balance was largely due to revenues exceeding expenses in the general fund and TIF District No. 10. A large portion of the general fund increase was attributable to a \$1,475,414 transfer in from TIF District No. 6 related to its share of the district's dissolution.
- > As of December 31, 2019, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$11,882,949 or 39.2% of total general fund expenditures.
- > The business-type activities total net position at December 31, 2019 was \$67,327,855, which represents a decrease of \$2,720 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$51,152,284 represents the business-type activities net investment in capital assets.
- > As discussed in Note I of this CAFR, the City adopted the provisions of GASB issued Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities* and Statement No. 88 *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*, effective January 1, 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This CAFR also includes supplementary information intended to provide additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Government-Wide Statements

The **government-wide financial statements** are designed to provide information about the City as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the net amount reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, to assess the overall financial health of the City one must also consider non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, economic development, parks, recreation, and education, public safety, public works, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include the water, sewer, and storm utilities, which are considered major funds.

The government wide statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also two discretely presented component units that are separate legal entities for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 to 3 of this CAFR.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. These are explained in more detail as follows:

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds. Fund based statements for these funds focus on how resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for future spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, this measures cash and other liquid assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term or current financial resources view that helps the reader determine the financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs and services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, general debt service fund, capital improvements fund, and TIF District No. 10 – special revenue fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this CAFR.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 4 to 7 of this CAFR.

Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, storm water, and sewer utilities, transit system, ambulance service, cemeteries, and golf course. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and for its general liability and health insurance programs. Because internal service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds are reported using the full accrual basis of accounting method. The City's proprietary funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, and storm utilities, which are considered major funds. Data from the other proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this CAFR.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 8 to 12 of this CAFR.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Custodial funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support city programs or services. The accounting used for custodial funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic custodial fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this CAFR.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this CAFR also presents certain required supplementary information. This other information provides detailed budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and TIF District No. 10 to demonstrate compliance with their budgets. These schedules and all other required supplementary information can be found on pages 104 to 113 of this CAFR. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and can be found on pages 114 to 119 of this CAFR.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

An analysis of the City's financial position begins with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two statements report the City's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the City's financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth, and new regulations.

As noted earlier, over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City of Beloit, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$68,865,449 as of December 31, 2019. This is a decrease of \$1,979,332 from the previous year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, improvements, construction in progress, and equipment) net of any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available to fund City operations. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Net Position as of December 31 (\$ in millions)

		Govern Activ			Business-Type Activities					To	otal	otal		
	2	018	_	2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		
Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$	74.7 107.0 181.7	\$	71.5 106.0 177.5	\$	25.6 77.6 103.2	\$	23.4 77.1 100.5	\$	100.3 184.6 284.9	\$	94.9 183.1 278.0		
Deferred outflows of resources		14.7		20.5		1.7		3.1		16.4		23.6		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities		155.5 5.0 160.5	_	155.4 5.0 160.4	_	34.5 0.8 35.3	_	33.3 0.8 34.1		190.0 5.8 195.8	_	188.7 5.8 194.5		
Deferred inflows of resources		32.4		36.0		2.3		2.2		34.7		38.2		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets, Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total Net Position	\$	72.5 19.8 (88.8) 3.5	\$	73.8 12.1 (84.4) 1.5	<u>-</u>	52.5 3.0 11.8 67.3	\$	51.2 2.2 14.0 67.3		121.6 22.8 (73.6) 70.8		122.0 14.3 (67.5) 68.9		
lotal Net Position	\$	3.5	\$	1.5	\$	67.3	\$	67.3	\$	70.8	\$	68.9		

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities, but financed by the debt of the governmental activities column. Columns may not total due to rounding.

An additional portion of the City's net position (approximately 21%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (deficit) is \$(67,466,144).

Analysis of City Operations – The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2019. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$2 million and business-type activities remained very similar.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)

Summary of Changes in Net Position for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31 (\$ in millions)

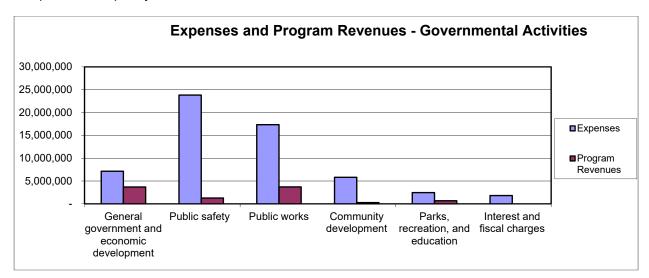
	Governmental Activities		ŕ	Busines Activ			Total Primary Government					
REVENUES	20)18	710.0	2019	_	2018		2019		<u>2018</u>		2019
Program Revenues:			_		_				_		_	
Charges for services	\$	9.7	\$	8.4	\$	16.8	\$	17.0	\$	26.5.	\$	25.4
Operating grants & contributions	•	0.9	•	0.8	•	1.2	•	1.2	•	2.1		2.0
Capital grants & contributions		1.1		0.4		0.1		0.8		1.2		1.2
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		22.7		21.8		0.7		0.6		23.4		22.4
Other taxes		0.6		0.7		-		-		0.6		0.7
Intergovernmental		21.7		21.6		-		-		21.7		21.6
Investment income		0.6		1.1		0.5		0.5		1.1		1.6
Miscellaneous		1.1		0.8		=		_		1.1		0.8
Total Revenues		58.4		55.6		19.3		20.1		77.7		75.7
EXPENSES												
General government		1.2		1.2		-		-		1.2		1.2
Finance and Administration		7.7		5.6		-		_		7.7		5.6
Community development		2.9		5.8		-		_		2.9		5.8
Economic development		0.4		0.4		=		_		0.4		0.4
Police services		13.5		14.5		=		_		13.5		14.5
Fire services		9.7		9.3		_		_		9.7		9.3
Public works		16.8		17.3		-		-		16.8		17.3
Parks, recreation, and education		2.6		2.5		-		-		2.6		2.5
Interest & fiscal charges		2.0		1.8		-		-		2.0		1.8
Water utility		-		_		5.0		4.5		5.0		4.5
Sewer utility		-		_		9.2		9.3		9.2		9.3
Storm utility Other non-major proprietary		-		-		1.0		1.0		1.0		1.0
funds		_		_		4.4		4.4		4.4		4.4
Total Expenses		56.8		58.4		19.5		19.2		76.4		77.6
Change in net position before				_				_				
transfers		1.4		(2.8)		(0.2)		8.0		1.2		(2.0)
Transfers		(0.1)		0.8		0.1		(8.0)		-		_
Change in net position		1.3		(2.0)		(0.1)		-		1.2		(2.0)
Net position – beginning		2.1		3.5	_	67.5		67.3		69.6	_	70.8
Net position – ending	\$	3.5	\$	1.5	\$	67.3	\$	67.3	\$	70.8	\$	68.9

Columns may not total due to rounding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)

For 2019, revenues decreased by approximately 2,000,000 or 2.5% due primarily to a decrease in charges for services as well as property taxes. Expenses increased by approximately \$1,200,000 or 1.5% compared to the prior year.

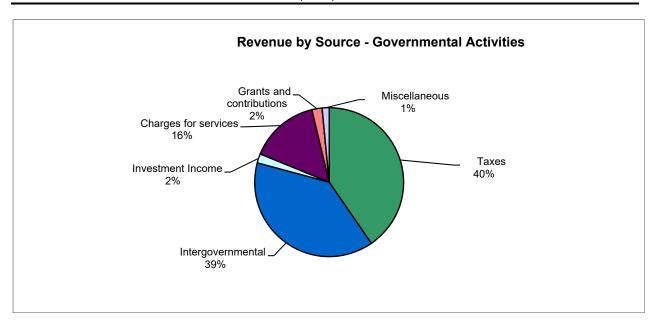


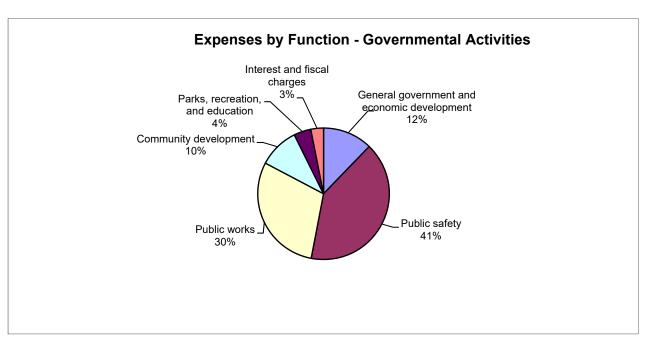
Intergovernmental revenue, such as state shared revenue, and property taxes are biggest sources of revenue for the City. Combined they make up 78% of the total revenue for Governmental Activities. The Public Safety and Public Works departments make up 41% and 30% of Governmental Activity Expenses respectively.

Charges for services account for 85% of the revenue for Business-type Activities. The Water and Sewer Utilities combine to make up 71% of the total Business-type Activities expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2019

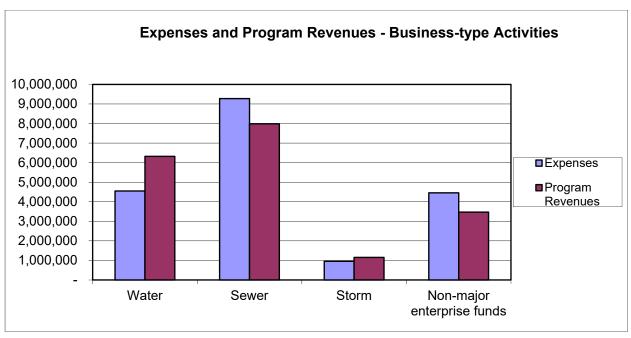
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)

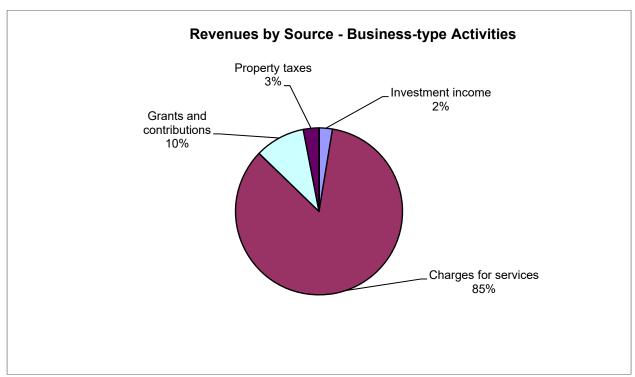




MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (cont.)





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As was noted previously, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. Fund accounting and financial reporting focuses on short-term spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at year-end.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Beloit's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2019, the City of Beloit's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35,554,308. This is an increase of \$2,344,244 from the previous year. Approximately 26% of this total or \$9,228,578 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The increase in fund balance was largely due to revenues exceeding expenses in the general fund and TIF District No. 10. A large portion of the general fund increase was attributable to a \$1,475,414 transfer in from TIF District No. 6 related to its share of the district's dissolution.

The remainder of fund balance is restricted, assigned or non-spendable. Restricted fund balance totals \$15,388,596 and can be used for only those purposes established by parties outside the government. The largest single component being \$3,844,409 restricted for economic development. Other restrictions in this category are for bridge maintenance, debt service, capital projects, grant programs, library operations, solid waste, and cemetery perpetual care. Assigned fund balance totals \$9,367,272 and reflects the governments intended use of fund balances with such uses established by the City Council. This primarily includes funds assigned for capital projects and equipment replacement. The non-spendable portion of fund balance totals \$1,569,862 and is comprised primarily of advances to other funds, delinquent personal property taxes, prepaids and supply inventories. Due to the inherent nature of these resources, they are considered non-spendable in their current form.

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund has a detailed fund balance reserve policy that insures financial stability for the City of Beloit. The policy stipulates that the unrestricted fund balance will be either 15% of operating revenues or 3 months of estimated General Fund expenditures whichever is greater. As of December 31, 2019, the total fund balance of the general fund was \$13,533,215 of which \$11,882,949 was unrestricted (assigned and unassigned). This unrestricted fund balance represents 39% of general fund expenditures or 4.7 months. The City's total general fund balance increased \$2,802,230 from the prior year. The City budgeted for a change in fund balance of \$0.

Capital Improvements Fund: The capital improvements fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for capital improvement projects. It has a fund balance of \$9,309,831 of which \$5,895,578 is restricted for unspent bond proceeds and the remainder being assigned for capital improvement projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS (cont.)

Tax Increment Financing District No. 10: This tax increment district accounts for expenditures outlined in the TID project plan and related revenues and proceeds from long-term borrowing. It includes the Gateway Business Park, a mixed-use project comprising over 1,227 acres of land.

Since its inception in 2000, the TID has accounted for over 1,000 new jobs and additional tax base valued in excess of \$140 million. The premier projects in the TID are Diamond Foods Kettle Brands, Kerry Americas Headquarters, Pratt Industries, and the Amazon Order Fulfillment Center. The district is scheduled to close in 2023. The annual tax increment of the TID exceeds \$5 million.

General Debt Service Fund: The general debt service fund is used to accumulate resources for the payments of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. It has a fund balance of \$1,255,829 which is restricted for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding debt.

The aggregate non-major governmental funds column includes several special revenue and capital projects funds that are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Most of these are the remaining tax incremental financing districts. The cumulative fund balances for these funds is \$8,170,624, a decrease of \$1,667,150 from last year. There are three tax increment districts that have deficit fund balances as of December 31, 2019.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Beloit's major proprietary funds consist of the water, sewer, and storm utility funds. These activities are supported solely by fees assessed to the users of these services. Revenues generated by these funds are sufficient to provide for annual operating costs as well as long-term debt service payments as prescribed by the bond agreements.

Water Utility: The water utility realized a \$223,748 or 12% increase in operating income of \$2,037,528 in 2019 from \$1,813,780 in 2018. This increase was the result of a decrease in contractual service costs for maintenance in 2019. The change in net position in 2019 was an increase of \$1,083,767. The City serves 15,338 water customers and maintains eight wells and approximately 200 miles of water mains.

Sewer Utility: The sewer utility realized an operating loss of \$1,133,988 in 2019 compared to a loss of \$1,230,317 for 2018. This loss is largely the result of depreciation expense and increased contractual services to maintain the plant and equipment. Net position decreased \$1,091,102 due primarily to the increase in operating costs and depreciation. Cash flow decreased for the sewer utility with a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$1,298,690 from the prior year. The City serves 13,303 sewer customers with a wastewater treatment facility that has the capacity to treat 11 MGD of flow. The City maintains approximately 186 miles of sanitary sewer mains.

Storm Utility: The storm utility realized a \$20,195 increase in operating income of \$215,468 in 2019 from \$195,273 in 2018. This increase was the result of an increase in charges for services and a decrease in operation and maintenance costs in 2019. The change in net position in 2019 was an increase of \$216,479.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS (cont.)

The net position of the City's Enterprise Funds as of December 31, 2019 was \$67,455,844. The water, sewer, and storm utility's net position accounted for \$63,136,117 or 94% of this total.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The general fund budget appropriations totaled \$31,988,212. The final actual expenditures of \$30,314,706 were \$1,673,506 less than the final budget appropriations.

The actual revenues and other financing sources were \$33,116,936, which were \$1,128,724 more than the budgeted amount. Investment income in 2019 was \$604,316. Interest rates continue to remain low but have shown signs of improvement. At \$7,852,636, the property tax levy is the second largest local source revenue in the general fund. Total taxes were higher than the final budget by \$2,063. The most significant revenue items in the general fund are the Aids to Local Government payments the City receives from the State of Wisconsin. In 2019, these payments totaled \$19,537,708. This represents 59% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources and is consistent with prior year's totals. Revenues and other financing sources were \$2,802,230 greater than expenditures and other financing uses, which is the net change in fund balance for 2019. As was previously mentioned, no change in fund balance was budgeted for the general fund in 2019.

Some of the highlights of comparing the final budget to actual for the fiscal year include the following:

- > General government expenditures were \$1,188,665 less than budget largely related to reduced costs related to licenses and permits, when compared to the budgeted amount.
- > Public Works department expenditures were \$440,587 less than budget due to the reduction in contracted services, vehicle maintenance and fuel costs, as well as lower snow and ice removal expenses related to less severe winter weather
- > License and permit revenues were \$22,159 more than budget due to more construction permits being issued than budgeted.
- > Fines, forfeitures and penalties were \$97,071 less than budget largely due to decreased fines collected for traffic and non-traffic related offenses and parking violations.
- > Transfers in were greater than budget by \$1,475,414, which was a result of the transfer in from TIF District No. 6 related to its share of the district's dissolution.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.) (UNAUDITED) For Year Ended December 31, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Beloit's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019, was \$183,131,700 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment, park facilities, roads, bridges, highways and related fixtures and represents a decrease in net book value of \$1,525,255 from last year.

Major capital assets completed or started during the year include the following:

- > The City added \$1,684,365 in vehicles and equipment in 2019.
- > Current year CWIP additions of \$968,901 in the Governmental Activities relates to the Milwaukee Road Gateway Corridor reconstruction and the fiber optic and radio expansion project.
- > The City added almost \$4.65M of various improvements to its water and sewer utility funds including replacements and expansions to the water distribution system and the sewer collection system as well as customary infrastructures improvements to the water pollution control facility.

Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation as of December 31 (\$ in millions)

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ			Total				
	2018	_	2019	2018 2019		2019 2018		2018	2019	
Land	\$ 5.6	\$	5.6	\$ 3.7	\$	3.7	\$	9.3	\$	9.3
Construction in progress	3.5		3.8	0.6		-		4.1		3.8
Buildings	13.5		13.7	6.7		6.4		20.2		20.1
Machinery & equipment	10.9		10.9	3.0		3.2		13.9		14.1
Other improvements	2.9		2.8	-		-		2.9		2.8
Streets	53.8		52.6	-		-		53.8		52.6
Structures	0.3		0.4	-		-		0.3		0.4
Street lights	4.9		4.8	-		-		4.9		4.8
Traffic signals	0.4		0.4	-		-		0.4		0.4
Bridges	11.2		11.0	-		-		11.2		11.0
Storm sewer infrastructure	-		-	9.0		8.9		9.0		8.9
Water plant & equipment	-		-	27.7		27.6		27.7		27.6
Sewer plant & equipment	 			 27.0		27.3		27.0		27.3
Totals	\$ 107.0	\$	106.0	\$ 77.6	\$	77.1	\$	184.7	\$	183.1

Columns may not total due to rounding.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note IV.D on pages 40-42 of this CAFR.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In 2019, the City issued \$5,565,000 in general obligation debt and retired \$6,778,863 resulting in \$78,293,072 in outstanding general obligation and revenue bonds at the end of 2019. Of the total bonded debt outstanding, \$50,527,025 is backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Under Wisconsin State Statutes, the City's aggregate general obligation indebtedness may not exceed 5% of the equalized assessed value of taxable property located within the City. The total debt applicable to the statutory limit is 57% of the maximum allowed of \$89,292,745. The City's Stormwater utility revenue bonds and general obligation notes and bonds are rated "A+" and the Water utility revenue bonds are rated "A-" by Standard and Poor's. The general obligation debt rating was affirmed in 2019.

Outstanding Long-Term Debt as of December 31 (\$ in millions)

	 Governn Activi			Busine: Acti		• •	Total	ul		
	2018	2019		2018		2019	2018	2019		
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	\$ 47.0 \$		3 \$	2.9 29.6	•	2.7 \$ 27.8	49.9 \$ 29.6	50.5 27.8		
rtoveride bende	 							27.0		
Debt Outstanding	\$ 47.0 \$	47.8	3 \$	32.5	\$	30.5 \$	79.5	78.3		

Columns may not total due to rounding.

Additional information on the City of Beloit's long-term debt and capital leases can be found in footnote IV.F and IV.G on pages 45-53 of this CAFR.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS/ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The City's economy historically and currently remains largely reliant on manufacturing, industry, and commercial growth. There have been significant improvements to the local economy over the last decade and the City remains on a positive path. In March 2020, the unemployment rate for Beloit was 4.0%, which is a positive trend, and has continued to improve, yet still lags behind both the state and national average rate of 3.8%.

Due to the City's proximity to metropolitan Chicago to the southeast and Madison to the north via Interstates 39/90, and Milwaukee to the east via Interstate 43, there is reason to be optimistic that the City's economy stands to continue to improve. Beloit has a unique opportunity to serve the Midwestern Unites States as a center for industry and manufacturing.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (cont.)
(UNAUDITED)
For Year Ended December 31, 2019

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS/ECONOMIC CONDITIONS (cont.)

This fact has become obvious from the economic development activity and growth being realized in the City's Tax Increment District No.10, which is located at the intersection of these highways. Since its inception in 2000, TID No.10 has realized an additional tax base value in excess of \$140 million with over 1,000 new jobs. We are optimistic that this linkage will further enhance the development potential of TID No. 10 and provide additional economic development opportunities for the City.

Another project that will have a profound impact on the City's economy is the potential for a gaming casino in the City. Eight years ago, the Ho Chunk Nation entered into an Inter-governmental Agreement with the City and Rock County to construct and operate a gaming casino in the City. They have submitted an application to the United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Indian Affairs seeking approval to operate a full class III gaming casino in Beloit. If approved, the tribe plans to construct a 700,000 sq. ft. facility for the casino and a 300-room hotel, conference and convention facility. The projected total investment is expected to be close to \$405 million. Once operational the facility is expected to provide approximately 1,500 new jobs in the City. The City will receive impact fee payments amounting to several million dollars to cover the costs of new infrastructure improvements to serve the facility as well as a share of net gaming proceeds. It is estimated the net gaming proceeds could possibly total \$5 to \$7 million per year. Seven years ago the City entered into a contract with the Ho Chunk Nation for the purchase of 41.6 acres of City owned land which is contiguous to the casino site which the tribe expects to develop as part of the casino project. These additional development opportunities will further add to the impact of the casino on the City's economy by creating more jobs and adding to the tax base.

In 2019, the City's tax base increased \$135,565,700 or 8.21% to \$1,785,854,900. Most of this increase occurred in commercial property values and was attributable to new economic development projects and increased economic conditions. Property values continued to stabilize in 2019 and have shown positive growth in net new construction for the City. Several commercial and manufacturing construction projects were completed in 2019.

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, Hubei province, China. In the first several months of 2020, the virus, SARS-CoV-2, and resulting disease, COVID-19, spread to the United States, including to areas impacting the City. As of the date above, the City's evaluation of the effects of these events is ongoing. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the City's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and related governmental or other regulatory actions.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This CAFR is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this CAFR or need additional information, please contact the City of Beloit, Attn: Finance Director, 100 State Street, Beloit, Wisconsin, 53511.

General information relating to the City of Beloit, Wisconsin, is available on the City's website, http://www.ci.beloit.wi.us.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

		-	Dri ma	on Covernmen	- 1			
	_		-rima	ary Governmer	nt			
	G	overnmental		Business- type		_	Component	
	G	Activities		Activities		Totals		Units
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	32,195,429	\$	12,559,524	\$	44,754,953	\$	1,734,730
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)								
Taxes		21,609,532		610,019		22,219,551		-
Delinquent personal property taxes		73,600		-		73,600		-
Accounts Special assessments		1,016,416 467,829		3,009,398		4,025,814 467,829		130,674
Loans		2,496,435		_		2,496,435		-
Accrued interest		145,497		_		145,497		540
Land contract		1,377,793		_		1,377,793		-
Other		113,753		906,679		1,020,432		-
Due from other governmental units		541,911		1,327,773		1,869,684		4,941
Internal balances - interfunds		1,319,771		(1,319,771)		-		-
Internal balances - advances		1,508,900		(1,508,900)		440.407		-
Due from component unit Inventories		142,127 525,243		262,069		142,127 787,312		-
Tax credit fees		525,245		202,009		767,312		105,472
Prepaid items		2,021		17,721		19,742		13,904
Lease receivable from primary government		_,0				-		3,838,285
Restricted Assets								.,,
Temporarily Restricted								
Cash and investments		-		7,417,514		7,417,514		2,670,068
Deposit with risk pool		1,575,475				1,575,475		-
Other assets		-		83,712		83,712		-
Land held for resale Capital Assets		6,356,370		-		6,356,370		-
Land		5,604,384		3,736,753		9,341,137		601,285
Construction in progress		3,823,231		-		3,823,231		-
Capital assets net of depreciation		96,556,841		73,410,491		169,967,332		14,863,824
Total Assets		177,452,558		100,512,982		277,965,540		23,963,723
Total Assets		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , .		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unamortized loss on advanced refunding		699,999		5,258		705,257		-
Pension related amounts		17,058,898		3,029,848		20,088,746		323,935
OPEB related amounts - heath		2,646,679		13,104		2,659,783		-
OPEB related amounts - life		110,760	_	33,184	_	143,944		3,511
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		20,516,336	_	3,081,394	_	23,597,730		327,446
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		2,020,158		514,547		2,534,705		33,829
Accrued liabilities		1,322,414		162,060		1,484,474		1,759,806
Claims payable		1,663,133		-		1,663,133		-
Due to primary government		-		-		-		142,127
Other liabilities		-		4,502		4,502		-
Deposits Noncurrent liabilities		-		135,000		135,000		82,957
OPEB liability - health		92,708,624		144.919		92.853.543		_
Net OPEB liability - life		861,242		256,879		1,118,121		27,215
Net pension liability		6,305,608		1,079,465		7,385,073		107,543
Due within one year		8,159,886		2,633,232		10,793,118		1,855,000
Due in more than one year		47,405,901	_	29,124,153	_	76,530,054		4,523,030
Total Liabilities		160,446,966		34,054,757	_	194,501,723		8,531,507
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property tax levied for next period		21,602,368		610,107		22,212,475		1,032,664
OPEB related amounts - heath		5,436,887		8,500		5,445,387		-
Pension related amounts		8,662,396		1,508,842		10,171,238		167,956
OPEB related amounts - life		282,683	_	84,315	_	366,998		8,932
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		35,984,334		2,211,764	_	38,196,098		1,209,552
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Net investment in capital assets		73,804,277		51,152,284		122,015,168		15,465,109
Restricted for debt service		879,948		619,901		1,499,849		-
Restricted for library operations Restricted for replacement		486,533		1,595,400		486,533 1,595,400		-
Restricted for economic development		4,483,029		1,000,400		4,483,029		_
Restricted for grant programs		3,537,091		-		3,537,091		5,470,974
Restricted for solid waste		464,527		-		464,527		-
Restricted for cemetery perpetual care		2,342,490		-		2,342,490		-
Restricted for bridge activities		80,404				80,404		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(84,540,705)		13,960,270	_	(67,639,042)	_	(6,385,973)
	_	4 = 4 =		o= oc=	_			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,537,594	\$	67,327,855	\$	68,865,449	\$	14,550,110

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Program Revenues					
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	(Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government Governmental Activities General Government								
City Council, Manager, Attorney	\$	1,146,064	\$	37,381	\$	-	\$	-
Finance and Administrative Services		5,554,143		3,619,505		36,193		-
Community Development		5,810,962		136,214		142,625		-
Economic Development		440,630		-		-		-
Public Safety								
Police Services		14,535,554		1,137,947		470		-
Fire Services		9,280,506		53,510		75,120		-
Public works		17,344,453		3,039,585		230,902		445,809
Parks, recreation, and education		2,465,679		378,531		301,763		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,818,478						
Total Governmental Activities		58,396,469		8,402,673		787,073		445,809
Business-type Activities								
Water		4,548,386		5,888,465		_		434,039
Sewer		9,292,453		7,985,607		-		-
Golf course		416.361		396.620		-		_
Cemeteries		244,152		173,585		-		_
Ambulance		1,469,591		1,215,904		-		_
Storm sewer		952,574		1,126,622		-		27,531
Transit		2,325,124		196,000		1,169,143		319,400
Total Business-type Activities		19,248,641	_	16,982,803	_	1,169,143		780,970
Total Primary Government	\$	77,645,110	\$	25,385,476	\$	1,956,216	\$	1,226,779
Component Units - Business-type Activities								
Community Development Authority	\$	5,539,027	\$	299,756	\$	3,891,949	\$	_
Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc.	Ψ	33,954	Ψ	200,700	Ψ	14,083	Ψ	_
Total Component Units	\$	5,572,981	\$	299,756	\$	3,906,032	\$	
Total Component Onits	Ψ	3,312,301	Ψ	233,130	Ψ	3,300,032	Ψ	

General Revenues

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, tax increment

Property taxes, levied for other

Other taxes

Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to

specific programs

Investment income

Gain on sale of property

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in net position

NET POSITION - Beginning

NET POSITION - ENDING

		Net (Expense) Changes in							
		Primary Government				-			
- (Sovernmental	Business-type				Component			
	Activities	Activities		Totals					
\$	(1,108,683) (1,898,445)	\$ -	\$	(1,108,683) (1,898,445)	\$	-			
	(5,532,123)	-		(5,532,123)		-			
	(440,630)	-		(440,630)		-			
	(13,397,137)	-		(13,397,137)		-			
	(9,151,876)	-		(9,151,876)		-			
	(13,628,157)	-		(13,628,157)		-			
	(1,785,385)	-		(1,785,385)		-			
	(1,818,478)			(1,818,478)	_	<u>-</u>			
_	(48,760,914)			(48,760,914)	_				
	-	1,774,118		1,774,118		-			
	-	(1,306,846)		(1,306,846)		-			
	-	(19,741)		(19,741)		-			
	-	(70,567)		(70,567)		-			
	-	(253,687)		(253,687)		-			
	-	201,579		201,579		-			
	<u>-</u>	(640,581)	_	(640,581)	_	<u>-</u>			
		(315,725)		(315,725)					
	(48,760,914)	(315,725)	_	(49,076,639)	_				
	_	_		_		(1,347,322)			
	-	-		-		(19,871)			
			_		_	(1,367,193)			
	7,852,636	610,019		8,462,655		-			
	5,250,052	-		5,250,052		-			
	6,841,436	-		6,841,436		-			
	1,806,895	-		1,806,895		-			
	713,589	-		713,589		-			
	21,565,462	-		21,565,462		-			
	1,099,877	518,050		1,617,927		450,937			
	2,763	-		2,763		97,334			
	836,528			836,528		184,908			
	815,064	(815,064)		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>			
_	46,784,302	313,005	_	47,097,307	_	733,179			
	(1,976,612)	(2,720)		(1,979,332)		(634,014)			
	3,514,206	67,330,575		70,844,781	_	15,184,124			
\$	1,537,594	\$ 67,327,855	\$	68,865,449	\$	14,550,110			

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2019

	General		F District No. 10		General Debt Service	Capital e Improvements		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 11,092,043	\$	3,320,040	\$	177,623	\$	9,026,771	\$	7,346,793	\$	30,963,270
Receivables	, , , , , , ,	Ψ	, ,	Ψ	,	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Taxes Delinguent personal property taxes	8,209,077 73,600		4,478,141		5,250,000		59,153		3,613,161		21,609,532 73,600
Accounts (net)	346,033				_		-		538,979		885,012
Special assessments	· -		-		-		467,829		-		467,829
Loans Accrued interest	106.009		-		-		-		2,496,435 39,488		2,496,435 145,497
Land contract	100,009		-		-		-		1,377,793		1,377,793
Other	113,753		-		-		-		-		113,753
Due from other governmental units	-		-		-		1,061		540,850		541,911
Due from other funds Due from component unit	2,301,475		-		-		-		- 142,127		2,301,475 142,127
Inventories	525,243		-		-		-				525,243
Prepaid items	2,021		-		-		-		-		2,021
Advances to other funds	968,998		<u>-</u>	_	1,083,738		1,119,806		3,181,371	-	6,353,913
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 23,738,252	\$	7,798,181	\$	6,511,361	\$	10,674,620	\$	19,276,997	\$	67,999,411
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities											
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 800,137 946,533	\$	35,231	\$	-	\$	837,807	\$	292,558	\$	1,965,733 946,533
Due to other funds	-		-		5,532		-		1,104,161		1,109,693
Advances from other funds				_	<u>-</u>		-		2,203,544		2,203,544
Total Liabilities	1,746,670		35,231	_	5,532	_	837,807	_	3,600,263		6,225,503
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Property tax levied for next period	8,209,077		4,478,141		5,250,000		59,153		3,605,997		21,602,368
Unavailable revenue	249,290			_	<u>-</u>		467,829		3,900,113	_	4,617,232
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,458,367		4,478,141	_	5,250,000		526,982		7,506,110	_	26,219,600
Fund Balances (Deficit)											
Nonspendable	1,569,862		-		-		-		-		1,569,862
Restricted Assigned	80,404		3,284,809		1,255,829		5,895,578 3,414,253		4,871,976 5,953,019		15,388,596 9,367,272
Unassigned (deficit)	11,882,949		-		-		3,414,233		(2,654,371)		9,228,578
Total Fund Balances	13,533,215		3,284,809	_	1,255,829		9,309,831		8,170,624		35,554,308
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 23,738,252	<u>\$</u>	7,798,181	\$	6,511,361	\$	10,674,620	\$	19,276,997		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the statement of net po	osition a	are different b	oeca	ause:						
Capital assets used in governmental funds are	not financial resource	s and, t	therefore, are	e no	t reported in the	funds	s. See Note II	.A.			105,980,631
Land held for resale is not reported in the fund	s										6,356,370
Some receivables that are not currently availal recognized as revenue when earned in the g					nd financial state	ment	s but are				4,617,232
Deferred outflows of resources related to pens governmental funds.	ions do not relate to cu	urrent fi	nancial reso	urce	es and are not re	porte	d in the				16,833,768
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension governmental funds.	ons do not relate to cur	rrent fina	ancial resour	ces	and are not rep	orted	in the				(8,544,186
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPE governmental funds.	B's do not relate to cui	rrent fin	ancial resou	rces	and are not rep	orted	in the				2,753,456
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB's do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.										(5,709,405	
Internal service funds are reported in the statement of net position as governmental activities.										(1,300,773	
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are reported in the funds. See Note II.A.	·	Ü				ot					(155,703,806
A deferred charge on refunding represents a conot reported in the funds.	onsumption of net posi	ition tha	at applies to a	a fut	ture period and,	there	fore, is				699,999
NET POSITION OF GOVERNME	NTAL ACTIVITIES									\$	1,537,594
NET FOSITION OF GOVERNME	HIAL ACTIVITIES									φ	1,007,094

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fines, forfeitures and penalties Fees and service charges Rent Special assessments Investment income (loss) Public charges for services	\$	8,100,078 19,537,708 818,294 798,169 845,790 77,441 - 604,316	\$ 4,285,418 236,558 - - - 60,367
Other		41,876	 27,103
Total Revenues		30,823,672	 4,609,446
Current General government Community development Public safety Public works Parks, recreation, and education Capital Outlay		3,456,460 1,373,292 19,939,616 5,545,338	- - - - 1,019,800
Debt Service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	_	30,314,706	 1,750,000 293,865 3,063,665
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		508,966	 1,545,781
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt issued Debt premium Sale of city property Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,786 2,290,478 - 2,293,264	 - - - (184,077) (184,077)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,802,230	1,361,704
FUND BALANCES - Beginning		10,730,985	 1,923,105
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	13,533,215	\$ 3,284,809

General Debt Service		•			Total Governmental Funds			
\$	5,250,052 - - - - - - 834	\$ - 41,400 - 445,809 162,607	2,52 5 2 30 2,95	35,544 23,814 56,621 - 22,425 - 06,351 54,676	\$	22,021,092 22,298,080 874,915 839,569 868,215 77,441 445,809 1,134,475 2,954,676		
	-	47,553		10,350		1,756,882		
	5,250,886	697,369		<u>39,781</u>		53,271,154		
	-	-	3 96	- 30,871		3,456,460 5,334,163		
	_	_		5,390		20,635,006		
	-	-		96,657		8,541,995		
	-	-		24,300		2,224,300		
	-	6,337,586	1,54	12,997		8,900,383		
	4,640,579	-	22	22,455		6,613,034		
	1,368,890	152,381	4	4,989		1,860,125		
	6,009,469	6,489,967	11,68	37,659		57,565,466		
	(758,583)	(5,792,598)	20	2,122		(4,294,312)		
	-	5,470,000		_		5,470,000		
	172,898	70,249		-		243,147		
	-	-		7,559		110,345		
	685,494	-		25,170		4,001,142		
	-		(3,00	02,001)		(3,186,078)		
	858,392	5,540,249	(1,86	9,272)		6,638,556		
	99,809	(252,349)	(1,66	37,150)		2,344,244		
	1,156,020	9,562,180	9,83	37,774		33,210,064		
\$	1,255,829	\$ 9,309,831	\$ 8,17	70,624	\$	35,554,308		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,344,244
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities. Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Less: Some items are reported as capital outlay but not capitalized Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Change in land held for resale	8,900,383 (6,064,793) (3,836,337) 83,272
Net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins) is to decrease net position.	(31,330)
Receivables not currently available are reported as unearned revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	(538,293)
Debt and lease issues provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing these obligations increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which debt issues (\$5,470,000 G.O. debt) were less than payments (\$4,593,666 G.O. debt, \$10,000 other debt, and \$2,009,368 capital leases).	1,143,034
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.	(229,251)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Accrued interest on debt Net pension liability/asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions OPEB liabilities Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB's Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB's	(60,409) 25,341 (11,436,672) 7,216,682 1,794,714 5,342,628 (1,375,530) (5,689,349)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance, printing services, engineering and equipment maintenance to other funds. The increase in net position of the internal service funds is reported in the governmental activities.	435,054
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,976,612)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2019

		Bus	ines	s-type Activit	ies -	Enterprise F	und	ls				
		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Storm Utility		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals	Governmenta Activities - Internal Servic Funds	
ASSETS												
Current Assets	•	4 500 400		0.740.000				00.400		10 ==0 =01		4 000 450
Cash and investments	\$	1,569,188	\$	9,710,323	\$	1,197,515	\$	82,498	\$	12,559,524	\$	1,232,159
Receivables Taxes								610,019		610.019		
Accounts		838,845		1,156,235		185,728		828,590		3,009,398		131,404
Other		97,429		809,250		105,720		020,390		906,679		131,404
Due from other governmental units		57,425		720,694		_		607,079		1,327,773		_
Inventories		65,764		38,040		_		158,265		262,069		_
Prepayments		17,721		-		_		-		17,721		_
Restricted Assets		,								,		
Bond redemption account		383,039		226,616	_	49,250		_		658,905		<u> </u>
Total Current Assets	_	2,971,986		12,661,158	_	1,432,493		2,286,451		19,352,088		1,363,563
Noncurrent Assets Restricted Assets												
Bond reserve account		1,899,707		269,100		110,500		-		2,279,307		-
Replacement account		-		1,595,400		-		=		1,595,400		=
Construction account		2,249,318		634,584		-		-		2,883,902		-
Deposit with risk pool			_			<u>-</u>	_		_		_	1,575,475
Total Restricted Assets		4,149,025	_	2,499,084		110,500		<u> </u>	_	6,758,609		1,575,475
Capital Assets												
Land		1,050,724		1,416,029		-		1,270,000		3,736,753		-
Land improvements						=		702,418		702,418		-
Buildings		5,449,135		73,328,246		-		4,923,206		83,700,587		-
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles Infrastructure		2,805,751		2,111,443		10 446 727		4,804,738		9,721,932		67,165
		45,610,573 (22,017,301)		18,593,861 (66,004,013)		12,446,737 (3,534,575)		(5,809,728)		76,651,171 (97,365,617)		(63,340)
Less: Accumulated depreciation			_	•					_			
Total Capital Assets, Net	_	32,898,882	_	29,445,566	_	8,912,162		5,890,634	_	77,147,244		3,825
Other Assets				00.740						00 710		
Preliminary survey and engineering		<u> </u>	_	83,712		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	83,712		<u> </u>
Total Other Assets			_	83,712	_				_	83,712	_	
Total Noncurrent Assets		37,047,907	_	32,028,362		9,022,662		5,890,634	_	83,989,565		1,579,300
Total Assets		40,019,893	_	44,689,520		10,455,155	_	8,177,085	_	103,341,653	_	2,942,863
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unamortized loss on advance refunding		3,313		1,215		-		730		5,258		-
Pension related amounts		217,705		1,029,287		52,071		1,730,785		3,029,848		225,130
OPEB related amounts - health		1,342		6,324		278		5,160		13,104		-
OPEB related amounts - life	_	2,347	_	17,457				13,380	_	33,184		3,983
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		224,707	_	1,054,283		52,349		1,750,055	_	3,081,394		229,113

		Bus	iness	s-type Activit	ies ·	- Enterprise F	und	Nonmajor				overnmental Activities -
		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Storm Utility		Enterprise Funds		Totals	Int	ernal Service Funds
LIABILITIES			-									
Current Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	206,461	\$	248,010	\$	5,787	\$	54,289	\$	514,547	\$	54,425
Accrued liabilities		5,668		2,856		2,711		1,321		12,556		=
Claims payable		=		-		-		=		-		1,663,133
Due to other funds		-		-		-		1,191,782		1,191,782		-
Compensated absences		15,236		191,648		7,531		150,010		364,425		-
Current maturities of general												
obligation debt		133,750		69,047		65,080		53,292		321,169		-
Customer deposits		135,000		-		-		-		135,000		-
Other current liabilities		-		-		-		4,502		4,502		-
Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets												
Current maturities of revenue debt		1,570,000		302,638		75,000		-		1,947,638		=
Accrued interest		114,644		29,935		4,925		<u> </u>		149,504	_	-
Total Current Liabilities		2,180,759		844,134		161,034		1,455,196		4,641,123		1,717,558
Noncurrent Liabilities												
General obligation debt, less current												
maturities		1,013,710		448,240		574,913		329,684		2,366,547		-
Compensated absences		23,662		179,003		=		32,367		235,032		-
OPEB liability - health		10,242		94,951		2,622		37,104		144,919		
Net OPEB liability - life		18,365		135,741		-		102,773		256,879		30,976
Revenue debt, less current maturities		00.045.000		5 500 445		007.004				00 500 574		
(including unamortized premium)		20,015,298		5,599,415		907,861		4 500 000		26,522,574		0.044.400
Advances from other funds				-		47.000		1,508,900		1,508,900		2,641,469
Net pension liability	_	77,017		347,714		17,269		637,465	_	1,079,465	_	82,360
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	21,158,294	_	6,805,064	_	1,502,665	_	2,648,293	_	32,114,316	_	2,754,805
Total Liabilities	_	23,339,053		7,649,198		1,663,699		4,103,489	_	36,755,439	_	4,472,363
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Property tax levied for next period		-		<u>-</u>		-		610,107		610,107		-
OPEB related amounts - heath		601		5,568		154		2,177		8,500		
Pension related amounts		108,799		516,373		25,762		857,908		1,508,842		118,210
OPEB related amounts - life	_	6,031		44,552			_	33,732	_	84,315	_	10,165
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	115,431		566,493	_	25,916	_	1,503,924	_	2,211,764	_	128,375
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)												
Net investment in capital assets		14,318,463		23,931,125		7,289,308		5,613,388		51,152,284		3,825
Restricted for debt service		268,395		196,681		154,825		-		619,901		-
Restricted for replacement		-		1,595,400		-		-		1,595,400		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		2,203,258		11,804,906		1,373,756		(1,293,661)	_	14,088,259		(1,432,587
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	16,790,116	\$	37,528,112	\$	8,817,889	\$	4,319,727		67,455,844	\$	(1,428,762)
Amounts reported for business-type activities in position are different because:	n the sta	atement of net										
•	norted	in the										
Portion of internal service fund net position re	poi ieu	iii uie								(127 080)		

NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

business-type activities as an interfund

(127,989) \$ 67,327,855

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Business-typ	e Activities - Ent	erprise Funds		Governmental
		_		Nonmajor		Activities -
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Storm Utility	Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	Ounty	Othity	Othity	1 unus	Totals	OCIVICE I UIUS
Charges for services	\$ 5,315,424	\$ 7,531,569	\$ 1,126,622	\$ 1,906,118	\$ 15,879,733	\$ 12,293,401
Other	573,041	454,038	<u> </u>	75,991	1,103,070	8,052
Total Operating Revenues	5,888,465	7,985,607	1,126,622	1,982,109	16,982,803	12,301,453
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and maintenance	1,711,675	4,877,952	556,248	4,075,170	11,221,045	11,139,408
Contractual services	844,895	1,542,545	208,064	126,752	2,722,256	647,305
Depreciation	1,294,367	2,699,098	146,842	279,788	4,420,095	
Total Operating Expenses	3,850,937	9,119,595	911,154	4,481,710	18,363,396	11,786,713
Operating Income (Loss)	2,037,528	(1,133,988)	215,468	(2,499,601)	(1,380,593)	514,740
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Intergovernmental revenues	=	-	-	1,169,143	1,169,143	-
Investment income	138,611	244,304	18,698	116,437	518,050	-
Interest expense	(842,774	, , ,	(50,578)	(6,948)	(, , ,	
Amortization of loss on refunding	(1,111	,	-	-	(1,111)	-
Amortization of debt premium	132,538	7,064	5,360	=	144,962	=
General property taxes	-	- -	-	610,019	610,019	-
Miscellaneous		(17,441)			(17,441)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(572,736	42,886	(26,520)	1,888,651	1,332,281	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,464,792	(1,091,102)	188,948	(610,950)	(48,312)	514,740
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						
Capital contributions	434,039	-	27,531	319,400	780,970	-
Transfers out	(815,064	· ——			(815,064)	
Total Contributions and Transfers	(381,025	·	27,531	319,400	(34,094)	
Change in Net Position	1,083,767	(1,091,102)	216,479	(291,550)	(82,406)	514,740
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - Beginning	15,706,349	38,619,214	8,601,410	4,611,277		(1,943,502
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ 16,790,116	\$ 37,528,112	\$ 8,817,889	\$ 4,319,727		\$ (1,428,762)
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:						
Portion of internal service funds change in net position reported in business-type activities					79,686	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					\$ (2,720)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Busin	ess-type Activitie	es - Enterprise F	unds		Governmental
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Storm Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A 7.004.000	A 4400.047	A 0.440.054	A 47 400 547	A 40 700 050
Received from customers	\$ 6,030,818	. , ,	. , ,		\$ 17,133,517	\$ 12,708,850
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,819,477)	(4,220,176)	(458,092)	(1,769,979)	(8,267,724)	(12,143,762
Payments to employees for services	(724,028)	(1,919,257)	(295,613)	(2,245,760)	(5,184,658)	(615,884
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	3,487,313	1,722,565	376,642	(1,905,385)	3,681,135	(50,796
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Operating grants received	-	-	-	1,222,108	1,222,108	-
Transfers in (out)	(815,064)	-	-	-	(815,064)	-
Property taxes received	-	-	-	610,019	610,019	-
Noncapital interfund/advance repayment	-	-	-	(78,373)	(78,373)	(154,546
Noncapital interfund/advance	<u>=</u> _			102,915	102,915	240,968
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital						
Financing Activities	(815,064)			1,856,669	1,041,605	86,422
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Debt retired	(1,614,223)	(374,332)	(148,761)	(47,881)	(2,185,197)	-
Interest paid	(866,026)	(191,041)	(50,578)	(8,593)	(1,116,238)	-
Proceeds from issuance of new debt	-	-	-	95,000	95,000	-
Debt issuance costs and premium	-	-	-	1,918	1,918	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(714,714)	(2,700,186)	-	(407,573)	(3,822,473)	-
Construction grants received	=			319,400	319,400	-
Contributions received for construction	213,169	-			213,169	
Net Cash Flows from Capital and						
Related Financing Activities	(2,981,794)	(3,265,559)	(199,339)	(47,729)	(6,494,421)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income	138,611	244,304	18,698	116,437	518,050	-
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	138,611	244,304	18,698	116,437	518,050	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(170,934)	(1,298,690)	196,001	19,992	(1,253,631)	35,626
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning	6,272,186	13,734,713	1,161,264	62,506	21,230,669	1,196,533
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 6,101,252	\$ 12,436,023	\$ 1,357,265	\$ 82,498	\$ 19,977,038	\$ 1,232,159

_	Вι	sine	ss-type Activit	es -	Enterprise F	und	ls			Go	vernmental
_	Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Storm Sewer		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	_	Totals		Activities - Internal rvice Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO											
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES											
Operating income (Loss) \$	2,037,52	3 \$	(1,133,988)	\$	215,468	\$	(2,499,601)	\$	(1,380,593)	\$	514,740
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)											
to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	400.00		10 = 10								
Depreciation charged to other funds	133,88		10,548		-		-		144,430		-
Depreciation expense	1,294,36	,	2,699,098		146,842		279,788		4,420,095		-
Change in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows											
Accounts receivable	E4.00	,	(404.000)		2.705		02.405		(20,004)		207.070
Inventories	54,989 952		(181,000)		3,725		93,405		(28,881) 952		397,978
Prepayments	(17,72	_	-		-		-		(17,721)		-
Accounts payable	14,72	,	185,795		3.514		5,522		209,554		- (155,185)
Unearned credits	(40,13		100,790		1.068		5,522		(39,069)		(155,165)
OPEB related deferrals and liabilities	(5,020	,	14,696		(146)		16.898		26,428		2,637
Other current liabilities	(11,37	,	(11,630)		(140)		(152)		(23,156)		2,007
Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities	25,12		139,046		6,171		198,755		369,096		38,444
Claims payable	20,.2	· 	-	_	-	_	-				(849,410)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM											
OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$	3,487,31	3 \$	1,722,565	\$	376,642	\$	(1,905,385)	\$	3,681,135	\$	(50,796)
or Ename Activities	0,101,01	<u> </u>	1,722,000	Ψ	010,012	Ψ	(1,000,000)	Ψ	0,001,100	<u>Ψ</u>	(00,700)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT											
OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS											
Cash and investments - statement of net position \$	1,569,18	3 \$	9,710,323	\$	1,197,515	\$	82,498	\$	12,559,524	\$	1,232,159
Restricted cash and investments - statement of net											
position											
Bond redemption account	383,039	9	226,616		49,250		-		658,905		-
Replacement account		-	1,595,400		-		-		1,595,400		-
Construction account	2,249,31		634,584		-		-		2,883,902		-
Bond reserve account	1,899,70	_	269,100	_	110,500	_		_	2,279,307	_	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -											
END OF YEAR \$	6,101,25	2 \$	12,436,023	\$	1,357,265	\$	82,498	\$	19,977,038	\$	1,232,159

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During 2019, the water utility received \$315,087 in capital contributions. During 2019, the storm utility received \$27,531 in capital contributions.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND As of December 31, 2019

ASSETS Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	Tax Collection Fund \$ 6,162,064 20,937,463
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 27,099,527
LIABILITIES Due to other taxing units	27,099,527
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,099,527
NET POSITION	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Tax Collection Fund
ADDITIONS	
Property taxes collected for other governments	<u>\$ 26,815,022</u>
Total Additions	26,815,022
DEDUCTIONS Property taxes distributed to other governments	\$ 26,815,022
Total Deductions	26,815,022
Change in Fiduciary Net Postion	-
NET POSITION - Beginnning of Year	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - COMPONENT UNITS As of December 31, 2019

	Major	Nonmajor	
	Community	Beloit Public	
	Development	Library	
	Authority	Foundation, Inc.	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,033,498	\$ 701,232	\$ 1,734,730
Receivables	120 424	1.050	120 674
Accounts Accrued interest	129,424	1,250 540	130,674 540
Lease receivable from primary government	1,855,000	-	1,855,000
Due from other governmental units	4,941	-	4,941
Prepaid items	13,904	-	13,904
Tax credit fees	105,472		105,472
Total Current Assets	3,142,239	703,022	3,845,261
Noncurrent Assets Restricted Assets			
Cash and investments	2,670,068		2,670,068
Total Restricted Assets	2,670,068		2,670,068
Capital Assets			
Land	601,285	-	601,285
Land improvements	612,630	-	612,630
Buildings	1,796,431	-	1,796,431
Building improvements	17,702,221	-	17,702,221
Machinery, equipment, furnishings and vehicles Less: Accumulated depreciation	795,232 (6,042,690)	-	795,232 (6,042,690)
Total Capital Assets, Net	15,465,109		15,465,109
Other Assets			10,400,100
Lease receivable from primary government	1,983,285	_	1,983,285
Total Other Assets	1,983,285		1,983,285
Total Noncurrent Assets	20,118,462		20,118,462
Total Assets	23,260,701	703,022	23,963,723
	23,200,701	703,022	23,903,723
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	202.005		202.025
Pension related amounts	323,935	-	323,935
OPEB related amounts - life Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,511 327,446		3,511 327,446
Total Deletted Outflows of Resources	327,440		321,440
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	33,730	99	33,829
Accrued liabilities	1,759,806	-	1,759,806
Due to primary government Deposits	142,127 82,957	-	142,127 82,957
Lease revenue bonds payable	1,855,000	-	1,855,000
Total Current Liabilities	3,873,620	99	3,873,719
Noncurrent Liabilities	02.002		02.002
Compensated absences Other notes payable	92,902 740,128	-	92,902 740,128
Net OPEB liability - life	27,215	_	27,215
Lease revenue bonds payable	3,690,000	-	3,690,000
Net pension liability	107,543		107,543
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,657,788		4,657,788
Total Liabilities	8,531,408	99	8,531,507
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unearned revenue	1,032,664	_	1,032,664
Pension related amounts	167,956	-	167,956
OPEB related amounts - life	8,932		8,932
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,209,552		1,209,552
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Net investment in capital assets	15,465,109	-	15,465,109
Restricted for grant programs	5,470,974	-	5,470,974
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,088,896)	702,923	(6,385,973)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,847,187	\$ 702,923	\$ 14,550,110
TOTAL NET FOOTHOR	φ 13,041,101	ψ 102,923	ψ 14,JJU, I IU

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - COMPONENT UNITS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Major Community Development Authority		Nonmajor Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc.		Totals
EXPENSES					
Community development	\$	4,969,245	\$ -	\$	4,969,245
Library services			33,954		33,954
Total Expenses		4,969,245	33,954	_	5,003,199
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for services		299,756	_		299,756
Operating grants and contributions		3,891,949	14,083		3,906,032
Other revenue		67,414	-		67,414
Total Program Revenues		4,259,119	14,083	_	4,273,202
Net Revenues (Expenses)		(710,126)	(19,871)		(729,997)
GENERAL REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income		329,228	121,709		450,937
Interest and amortization expense		(569,782)	-		(569,782)
Gain on sale of property		97,334	-		97,334
Miscellaneous		117,494			117,494
Total General Revenues (Expenses)		(25,726)	121,709	_	95,983
Change in Net Position		(735,852)	101,838		(634,014)
TOTAL NET POSITION - Beginning		14,583,039	601,085		15,184,124
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	13,847,187	\$ 702,923	\$	14,550,110

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization; (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government: (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax-exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or had the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of three methods, discrete presentation, blended, or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and its component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists; (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantially the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit; (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens; or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Discretely Presented Component Units

City of Beloit Community Development Authority

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Beloit Community Development Authority ("CDA") as a component unit. The CDA is a legally separate organization. The board of the CDA is appointed by the City council. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the City can impose their will on the CDA, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City (see Note IV.I.). As a component unit, the CDA's financial statements are shown as a discrete column (proprietary) in the financial statements. The CDA's financial statements include transactions of two limited liability companies which are used to promote redevelopment of CDA properties. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The CDA does not issue separate financial statements. Additional information may be obtained from the CDA's office.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

Discretely Presented Component Units (cont.)

City of Beloit Business Improvement District (the "district")

The district was created under the provisions of Wisconsin Statute Section 66.608. The district, created in 1989, is a legally separate entity with a separate thirteen member board appointed and approved by the City council. Wisconsin Statutes provide circumstances whereby the City can impose its will on the district, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City. The members serve staggered terms as designated by the City council. A majority of the members own or occupy real property in the district. The district has its own budgetary authority and assessment capabilities. The district's financial statements are not included in these financial statements as the activity of the district was deemed to be immaterial to the City. Separately issued financial statements of the district may be obtained from the City of Beloit Business Improvement District.

Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation")

The government-wide financial statements include the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. as a component unit. The Foundation is a legally separate organization. The economic resources of the Foundation are held for the direct benefit of the City of Beloit library and are significant to the City. As a component unit, the Foundation's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 (see Note IV.I.). Separately issued financial statements of the Foundation may be obtained from the Foundation's office.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This standard was implemented January 1, 2019.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements and establishes additional financial statement note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments, including direct borrowings and direct placements. This standard was implemented January 1, 2019.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (cont.)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- TIF District No. 10 Special Revenue Fund accounts for receipts of district "incremental" property taxes and other revenues that are legally restricted or committed to supporting expenditures of the district.
- General Debt Service used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt other than TIF or enterprise fund debt.
- Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure to be used capital improvement projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – accounts for operations of the water system Sewer Utility – accounts for operations of the sewer system Storm Sewer – accounts for operations of the storm sewer system

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME) TIF District No. 14 Community Development Block Grant Fire Multi-Year Grants TIF District No. 6 **DPW Multi-Year Grants** TIF District No. 8 Community Development TIF District No. 9 Library Police TIF District No. 11 TIF District No. 12 Solid Waste TIF District No. 13 Perpetual Care

Capital Projects Funds – used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition or construction of equipment and/or major capital facilities.

Computer Replacement

Equipment Replacement

Enterprise Funds – may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external uses for goods or services and must be used for activities which meet certain debt or cost recovery criteria.

Golf Course Cemeteries Ambulance Transit System

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Operations General Liability Insurance Health Insurance Retiree Health Insurance

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for other governmental units for tax collections.

Tax Collections

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues. At December 31, 2019, there were \$1,308,173 of unrecorded anticipated future assessments which are not recorded as receivables because collection is subject to certain events occurring in the future and no formal repayment schedule has been established.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, sewer, and storm funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Investment of most trust funds, including the cemetery perpetual care fund, is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. This section gives broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments including stocks, bonds and debentures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments. The policy includes custodial credit risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note IV.A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as unrealized gain (loss) on investments. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2019, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note IV.A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar – 2019 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date December 2019 Tax bills mailed December 2019 Payment in full, or January 31, 2020 First installment due January 31, 2020 Second installment due March 31, 2020 Third installment due May 31, 2020 Fourth installment due July 31, 2020 Personal property taxes in full January 31, 2020 Tax sale – 2019 delinquent real estate taxes October 2022

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 2. Receivables (cont.)

Uncollectible Accounts

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for water, sewer or storm sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

Interfund Loans

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

Loans

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amount recorded as economic development and housing rehabilitation loans receivable has been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$10,735. The loans receivable balance within the fund statements also includes conditional-type loans in the amount of \$544,205 which are not expected to be repaid unless conditional use or other provisions occur as part of the loan agreement. For these types of loans an allowance was established.

It is the City's policy to record unavailable revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year-end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Land Contract

During 2016, the City entered into a land contract which shows up as a receivable and unavailable revenue in TIF No. 8 in the fund statements. A monthly payment schedule has been setup charging 4% interest over 20 years. The receivable balance related to this land contract is \$1,377,793 as of December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory, if material, are recorded at cost based on an average cost method using the consumption method of accounting. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in accordance with the consumption method in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$10,000 for general capital assets and infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. There was no interest that was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired, or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Land Improvements	25 Years
Buildings	5-53 Years
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	4-45 Years
Sewer Mains	100 Years
Sewer Treatment Facility	30 Years
Water Mains	77 Years
Infrastructure	20-100 Years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of the debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2019 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

8. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable, accrued compensated absences, and OPEB liabilities.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) is reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, significant bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. The balance at yearend is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

10. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by
 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities column but financed by debt of the governmental activities column.

The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets," and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column of \$2,941,393.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
- 10. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (ordinance) of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The council may take official action to assign amounts. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

It is the desire of the City to maintain adequate General Fund fund balance to mitigate current and future risks (e.g., revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures) and to ensure stable tax rates. The City has adopted a financial standard to maintain a General Fund minimum unrestricted fund balance of 15% of operating revenue or three months of General Fund operating expenditures, whichever is greater. The General Fund's unrestricted fund balance was \$11,882,949 at year-end, or the equivalent of 4.7 months.

See Note IV. H. for further information.

11. Basis for Existing Rates

Water Utility

The water utility was authorized current rates by the Public Service Commission (PSC) effective May 1, 2017 and is allowed to earn a 5.00% rate of return.

Sewer Utility

Current sewer rates were approved by the council and effective on January 1, 2019.

Storm Sewer Utility

Current storm sewer rates were approved by the council and effective on January 1, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

12. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the City OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$	5,604,384
Construction in progress		3,823,231
Land improvements		67,854
Buildings		21,674,255
Machinery and equipment		27,678,624
Other improvements		6,168,407
Infrastructure		95,771,747
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(54,804,046)
Less: Internal service fund capital assets,		
net of depreciation		(3,825)
Capital Assets	\$ -	105,980,631
Oup.tu. / 100010	Ψ	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONt.)

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (cont.)

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities—both current and long-term—are reported in the statement of net position." The details of this \$155,703,806 difference in liabilities are as follows:

Bonds and notes payable	\$ 47,839,309
Unamortized debt premium	761,576
Compensated absences	2,965,890
Other post-employment benefit liabilities	93,538,890
Capital leases	3,999,012
Net pension liability	6,223,248
Accrued interest	 375,881*

Net Adjustment to Reduce Fund Balance – Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Net Position – Governmental Activities

\$ 155,703,806

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

A budget has been adopted for all funds with the exception of the Perpetual Care, Fire Multi-Year Grants, and Community Development special revenue funds. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

The City controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the City's year-end budget to actual report.

^{*} This amount is included in other accrued liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year-end.

As of December 31, 2019, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	Amount	Reason
Special Revenue – TIF District No. 8 Special Revenue – TIF District No. 9 Special Revenue – TIF District No. 13	761,498	Excess expenditures over revenues Excess expenditures over revenues Excess expenditures over revenues
Special Revenue – Police	71,169	Excess expenditures over revenues
Enterprise – Golf Course	145,932	Excess expenses over revenues
Internal Service – Retiree Health Insurance	2,610,815	Excess expenses over revenues
Internal Service – Health Insurance	958,404	Excess expenses over revenues

Tax incremental district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27) and may be extended in some cases. Other fund deficits are anticipated to be funded with future contributions, general tax revenues, or long-term borrowing.

D. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally, the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction, or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's cash and investments at year-end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balance	Associated Risks
Demand deposits	\$ 7,619,220	\$ 8,334,286	Custodial credit risk Custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of
U.S. agencies – implicitly guaranteed	3,771,761	3,771,761	credit risk Custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of
Municipal bonds	5,515,410	5,515,410	credit risk Credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit
Corporate bonds	14,261,725	14,261,725	risk, interest rate risk
LGIP	27,156,930	27,156,930	Credit risk
Petty cash	9,485	_	N/A
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 58,334,531	\$ 59,040,112	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net position Unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 44,754,953		
Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position – custodial fund	7,417,514		
Cash and investments	6,162,064		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 58,334,531		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit amounts (interest-bearing and noninterest bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposits.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

The Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), created by the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970, is an independent government-sponsored corporation (not an agency of the U.S. government).

SIPC membership provides account protection up to a maximum of \$500,000 per customer, of which \$100,000 may be in cash. Additionally, through Lloyds of London, City accounts have additional securities coverage of \$150 million per customer, subject to a \$600 million aggregate firm limit. \$500,000 of the City's investments are covered by SIPC.

The City maintains an irrevocable letter of credit with First National Bank. At December 31, 2019, the letter of credit was held in the amount of \$8,500,000 to secure the City's deposits.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

- > U.S. agencies implicitly guaranteed Similar institutional bond quotes evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
- > Municipal bonds Similar institutional bond quotes evaluations based on various market and industry inputs
- > Corporate bonds— Similar institutional bond quotes evaluations based on various market and industry inputs

	December 31, 2019					
Investment Type	Leve	el 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
U.S. agencies – implicitly guaranteed Municipal bonds Corporate bonds	\$	- - -	\$ 3,771,761 5,515,410 14,261,725	\$	- \$ 3,771,761 - 5,515,410 - 14,261,725	
Totals	\$		\$23,548,896	\$	- \$23,548,896	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk

For a deposit, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of December 31, 2019, the City had no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of the December 31, 2019, the City had no investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

The City's investment policy states that securities will be held by a custodian designated by the Director of Finance and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The policy does not address the risk for deposits.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of December 31, 2019, the City's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's	Fitch Ratings	Moody's Investor Service
U.S. agencies – implicitly guaranteed	AA+	N/A	AAA
Municipal bonds	AA	N/A	Aa3 to Aa1
Corporate bonds	BBB+ to AA-	N/A	Baa1 to Aa2

The City also had investments in the following which are not rated:

LGIP - external pool

The City's investment policy states the City shall invest in those securities having a rating which is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by S&P Corp, Moody's investors service or similar nationally recognized rating agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

As of December 31, 2019, of the City's total portfolio, 6.10% was invested in Wells Fargo corporate bonds and 5.92% was invested in Federal Home Loan Bank securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk (by Dealer):

Dealer	Dealer Fair Value		Percentage of Portfolio
Multi-Bank Securities, Inc.	\$	3,064,360	6%
Vinning Sparks		13,266,580	26
BOSC, Inc.		5,466,241	11
FHN		1,751,715	3
Total Concentrated Investments	\$	23,548,896	46%

According to the City's investment policy, the City will diversify its investments by security type and institution. No more than 40% of the City of Beloit's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution. The portfolio is currently in compliance with the City's investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2019, the City's investments were as follows:

			Maturity							
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Percentage of Portfolio		Less than 1 Yr.		1 to 5 Yrs.	_6	to 10 Yrs.		More than 10 Yrs.
U.S. agencies – implicitly guaranteed Municipal bonds Corporate bonds	\$ 3,771,761 5,515,410 14,261,725	6% 23 27	\$	1,000,200 - 505,865	\$	2,272,841 1,878,037 13,755,860	\$	498,720 3,637,373	\$	- - -
Totals	\$ 23,548,896		\$	1,506,065	\$	17,906,738	\$	4,136,093	\$	

The City's investment policy does not specifically mention interest rate risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivables not expected to be collected within one year as follows:

General Fund – delinquent personal property taxes	\$ 73,600
Capital Projects – capital improvement – special assessments	467,829
Special Revenue – TIF No. 8 – land contract	1,315,476
Nonmajor Governmental Funds – loans	 2,306,271
Total Amount Not Expected to be Collected	
Within One Year	\$ 4,163,176

Allowances on receivables as of year-end are as follows:

		ıotaı
Governmental Fund Types – municipal court receivable	\$	314,243
Governmental Fund Types – conditional loans		544,205
Governmental Fund Types – economic development loans		10,735
Governmental Fund Types – extrication services		36,051
Business Type – ambulance receivables	_	314,803
Total Uncollectibles	\$	1,220,037

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 Unearned	Unavailable		
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Loans receivable	\$ 21,602,368	\$	- 2,496,435	
Accounts receivable – noncurrent Investment income – noncurrent	-		165,227 108,032	
Special assessments Land contract receivable	-		469,745 1,377,793	
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$ 21,602,368	\$	4,617,232	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption – Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.
 Reserve – Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.
 Construction – Used to report debt proceeds restricted for use in construction

Equipment Replacement Account

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Following is a list of restricted cash and investments at December 31, 2019:

		Water		Sewer		Storm	
Bond redemption account	\$	383,039	\$	226,616	\$	49,250	
Equipment replacement account		-		1,595,400		-	
Bond reserve account		1,899,707		269,100		110,500	
Construction account		2,249,318		634,584			
Total Enterprise Fund Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	4,532,064	\$	2,725,700	\$	159,750	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	ı	Beginning	A 1 100	Dalations		Ending	
0		Balance	Additions	Deletions		_	Balance
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated	Φ.	E 00E 744	Φ.	Φ	04 000	Φ	5 004 004
Land	\$	5,635,714	\$ -	\$	31,330	\$	5,604,384
Construction in progress		3,474,803	968,901		620,473	_	3,823,231
Total Capital Assets		0 110 517	069 001		654 902		0.407.645
Not Being Depreciated		9,110,517	968,901		651,803		9,427,615
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		67,854	-		-		67,854
Buildings		21,036,978	637,277		-		21,674,255
Machinery, equipment,							
and vehicles		26,516,254	1,684,365		521,995		27,678,624
Other improvements		6,168,407	-		-		6,168,407
Streets		71,977,522	-		-		71,977,522
Structures		405,684	165,520		-		571,204
Street lights		6,578,339	-		-		6,578,339
Traffic signals		2,562,159	-		-		2,562,159
Bridges		14,082,523					14,082,523
Total Capital Assets							
Being Depreciated		149,395,720	2,487,162		521,995	_	151,360,887
Less: Accumulated depreciation for							
Land improvements		(61,070)	-		-		(61,070)
Buildings		(7,550,650)	(385,870)		_		(7,936,520)
Machinery, equipment,		, , ,	, , ,				(, , , ,
and vehicles		(15,638,292)	(1,703,205)		521,995		(16,819,502)
Other improvements		(3,255,850)	(87,528)		-		(3,343,378)
Streets		(18,180,382)	(1,210,871)		-		(19,391,253)
Structures		(127,347)	(17,578)		-		(144,925)
Street lights		(1,665,365)	(126,842)		_		(1,792,207)
Traffic signals		(2,129,848)	(70,434)		-		(2,200,282)
Bridges		(2,880,900)	(234,009)		_		(3,114,909)
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation		<u>(51,489,704</u>)	(3,836,337)		521,995		(54,804,046)
Net Capital Assets							
Being Depreciated		97,906,016	(1,349,175)				96,556,841
Total Governmental							
Activities – Capital Assets,	_						
Net of Depreciation	\$	107,016,533				\$	105,984,456

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (con	t.)
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Depreciation expense was charged to fu	nctions as follow	rs:		
Governmental Activities Finance and administrative services Public safety – police Public safety – fire Public works, which includes the depr	\$ 98,235 245,439 392,785 2,970,410 129,468			
Total Governmental Activities Depr	\$ 3,836,337			
Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress Total Capital Assets	\$ 3,736,753 568,183	\$ - -	\$ - 568,183	\$ 3,736,753
Not Being Depreciated	4,304,936		568,183	3,736,753
Other capital assets Land improvements Buildings	702,418 10,372,341	- -	- -	702,418 10,372,341
Machinery, equipment, and Vehicles Sewer mains Sewer treatment facility Water mains Storm infrastructure Total Capital Assets	9,269,592 18,593,861 71,883,685 45,022,966 12,419,206	572,292 - 3,044,561 1,012,586 27,531	119,952 - 1,600,000 424,979 -	9,721,932 18,593,861 73,328,246 45,610,573 12,446,737
Being Depreciated Less: Accumulated depreciation for Land improvements	168,264,069 (699,399)	4,656,970	2,144,931	170,776,108 (699,399)
Buildings Machinery, equipment, and vehicles Sewer mains Sewer treatment facility	(3,691,110) (6,226,785) (5,128,974) (58,481,734	(266,903) (330,001) (185,065) (2,453,490)	91,963 - 1,600,000	(3,958,013) (6,464,823) (5,314,039) (59,335,224)
Water mains Storm infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	(17,312,848) (3,387,733) (94,928,583)	(1,171,675) (146,842) (4,553,976)	424,979 - 2,116,942	(18,059,544) (3,534,575) (97,365,617)
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	73,335,486	102,994	27,989	73,410,491
Total Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 77,640,422			\$ 77,147,244

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type Activities

Water	\$ 1,294,367
Sewer	2,699,098
Storm	146,842
Transit	269,420
Golf Course	8,351
Cemetery	2,017
Total Business-type Activities	
Depreciation Expense	\$ 4,420,095

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity accumulated depreciation additions because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocators, or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 13	\$ 670,723
General	Special Revenue – Community Development	282,711
General	Special Revenue – Police	150,727
General	General Debt Service	5,532
General	Enterprise – Transit System	1,031,697
General	Enterprise – Ambulance	 160,085
Sub-total – Fund Financia	al Statements	2,301,475
Add: Allocation of Internal S	Service funds	127,989
Less: Fund eliminations		 (1,109,693)
Total – Government-V	Vide Statement of Net Position	\$ 1,319,771

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfund transactions is for deficit cash balances at year-end. All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Advances

The general debt service fund and the capital improvements program funds are advancing funds to various tax incremental districts. The amount advanced is determined by the deficiency of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources since the district's inception. The general fund is advancing funds to the golf course. The equipment replacement fund is advancing funds to the retiree health insurance fund, transit fund, and cemetery fund. The purpose of these advances is for deficit cash balances at year-end. No repayment schedules have been established for these advances.

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Totals	Amount Not Due in One Year
General	Enterprise – Golf Course	\$ 968,998	\$ 968,998
Equipment Replacement	Enterprise – Cemeteries	206,177	206,177
Equipment Replacement	Enterprise – Transit System	333,725	333,725
Equipment Replacement	Internal Service – Retiree		
	Health Insurance	2,641,469	2,641,469
General Debt Service	Special Revenue – TIF		
	District No. 8	1,083,738	1,083,738
Capital Improvements	Special Revenue – TIF		
	District No. 9	803,875	803,875
Capital Improvements	Special Revenue – TIF		
	District No. 13	315,931	315,931
Sub-Totals		6,353,913	6,353,913
Less: Fund eliminations		(4,845,013)	(4,845,013)
		(., ,)	(., ,)
Totals		\$ 1,508,900	\$ 1,508,900

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES, AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	An	nount	Purpose
General	Water Utility Special Revenue – TIF	\$	815,064	Payment in lieu of tax
General	District No. 6	1	,475,414	Close out TIF
Debt Service – General Debt Service Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 6 Special Revenue – TIF		106,690	Debt service
Debt Service	District No. 8		213,481	Debt service
Debt Service – General Debt Service Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 9 Special Revenue – TIF		20,200	Debt service
Debt Service	District No. 10		184,077	Debt service
Debt Service – General Debt Service Debt Service – General	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 11 Special Revenue – TIF		3,375	Debt service
Debt Service - General	District No. 12		63,283	Debt service
Debt Service – General Debt Service	Special Revenue – TIF District No. 13		94,388	Debt service
Total Debt Service – Gene	ral		685,494	
Equipment Replacement Special Revenue – TIF	Solid Waste Special Revenue – TIF		75,170	Capital asset purchases
District No. 9	District No. 11		950,000	Donor/donee districts
Sub-Total – Fund Finan	cial Statements	4	,001,142	
Less: Fund eliminations		(3	,186,078)	
Total – Government-v Activities	vide Statement of	\$	815,064	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	[Decreases		Ending Balance	_	Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_		_						_	
Bonds and Notes Payable										
General obligation debt	\$	45,946,198	\$	5,470,000	\$	4,344,629	\$	47,071,569	\$	4,254,859
General obligation debt from direct										
borrowings		1,016,777				249,037		767,740		257,534
Premium on debt		674,971		243,147		156,542		761,576		
Sub-totals		47,637,946	_	5,713,147		4,750,208		48,600,885	_	4,512,393
Other Liabilities										
Compensated Absences										
Sick leave		1,374,181		212,265		178,644		1,407,802		183,014
Vacation		1,531,300		1,548,088		1,521,300		1,558,088		1,558,088
Other Debt		, ,		,,		,- ,		,,		, ,
Town of Turtle		10,000		-		10,000		-		_
Capital Leases										
Payable to component unit		5,798,330		-		1,960,045		3,838,285		1,855,000
Other capital leases		210,050				49,323		160,727		51,391
Total Other Liabilities		8,923,861		1,760,353		3,719,312		6,964,902		3,647,493
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	56,561,807	\$	7,473,500	\$	8,469,520	\$	55,565,787	\$	8,159,886
Long Torm Elabilities	Ψ	00,001,007	Ψ	7,470,000	Ψ	0,400,020	Ψ	00,000,101	Ψ	0,100,000
		Beginning						Ending	[Amounts Due Within
		Balance		Increases	1	Decreases		Balance		One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				<u> </u>						
Bonds and Notes Payable										
General obligation debt	\$	2,943,806	\$	95,000	\$	355,370	\$	2,683,436	\$	320,141
General obligation debt from direct										
borrowings		5,280		-		1,000		4,280		1,028
Revenue bonds		27,205,000		-		1,670,000		25,535,000		1,785,000
CWFL revenue bond – direct borrowing		2,389,874		-		158,827		2,231,047		162,638
Add/(Subtract) Deferred Amounts For Premiums		849,609		_		145,444		704,165		_
Sub-total		33,393,569		95.000		2,330,641		31.157.928		2.268.807
Gub-total		00,000,000	-	33,000		2,000,041		31,137,320	-	2,200,007
Other Liabilities										
Compensated absences										
Sick leave		287,570		19,965		37,384		270,151		35,120
Vacation		335,032		329,305		335,031		329,306		329,305
Sub-total		622,602	_	349,270		372,415		599,457	_	364,425
Total Business time Activities										
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	34,016,171	\$	444,270	\$	2,703,056	\$	31,757,385	\$	2,633,232
Long-Torri Liabilities	Ψ	J T ,010,171	Ψ	777,270	Ψ	2,100,000	Ψ	01,707,000	Ψ	2,000,202

In addition to the liabilities above, information on the net pension liability (asset) and OPEB liabilities are provided in Note V.A and Note V.D.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.) General Obligation Debt (cont.)

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2019, was \$89,292,745. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year-end was \$50,527,025.

	Date of Issue	Due Date	Interest Rates	Inc	Original Indebted- ness		Indebted-		Balance 12-31-19
Governmental Activities –									
General Obligation Debt									
General obligation corporate									
purpose bonds Series 2009	5-28-09	5-1-29	1.10-4.60%	\$	7,057,000	\$	1,022,000		
General obligation refunding				•	, ,	•	,- ,		
bonds Series 2011A	10-21-11	4-1-25	2.45		9,726,168		3,504,230		
General obligation refunding					-, -,		.,,		
bonds Series 2011B	12-8-11	3-1-25	1.00-4.10		4,280,000		1,495,000		
2011 State trust fund loan - direct	8-1-11	3-15-21	3.75		1,500,000		340,985		
General obligation corporate					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		
purpose bonds Series 2012A	6-21-12	3-1-32	2.00-3.25		7,130,000		4,750,000		
General obligation refunding bonds					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,		
Series 2013A	2-13-13	5-1-27	2.00-3.00		6,729,000		2,627,700		
General obligation refunding bonds					-,,		_,,		
Series 2013C	2-13-13	5-1-21	0.55-2.50		885,000		235,000		
General obligation corporate		*			,		,		
purpose bonds Series 2013D	6-13-13	4-1-33	2.00-3.38		7,485,000		4,605,000		
2013 State trust fund loan - direct	8-1-13	3-15-23	2.75		667,100		285,782		
General obligation promissory					,		,		
notes Series 2014A	5-15-14	5-1-24	2.00-2.40		850,000		485,000		
General obligation corporate	0.0	0.2.	2.00 2		000,000		.00,000		
purpose bonds Series 2014B	5-15-14	5-1-34	2.00-3.50		7,777,275		5,342,639		
General obligation promissory					, , ,		.,. ,		
notes Series 2015B	3-19-15	3-1-25	0.80-2.40		720,000		450,000		
General obligation corporate					0,000		,		
purpose bonds Series 2015C	3-19-15	3-1-35	2.00-3.25		2,450,000		1,895,000		
2015 State trust fund loan - direct	11-23-15	3-15-25	3.25		200,000		140,973		
General obligation promissory					,		,		
notes Series 2016A	5-12-16	4-1-26	1.60-2.00		1,725,000		1,450,000		
General obligation corporate					.,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
purpose bonds Series 2016B	5-12-16	4-1-36	2.00-3.00		3,235,000		2,950,000		
General obligation promissory					-,,		_,,,,		
notes Series 2017A	6-22-17	6-1-27	2.00-3.00		1,715,00		1,465,000		
General obligation corporate					, -,		,,		
purpose bonds Series 2017B	6-22-17	6-1-37	3.00-3.25		4,320,000		4,040,000		
General obligation promissory					,,		,,		
notes Series 2018A	4-18-18	4-1-28	3.00-4.00		2,080,000		1,995,000		
General obligation corporate					, ,				
purpose bonds Series 2018B	4-18-18	4-1-28	3.00-4.00		3,315,000		3,290,000		
General obligation corporate					-,,		., ,		
promissory notes Series 2019A	5-22-19	5-1-29	3.00		1,835,000		1,835,000		
General obligation corporate					, ,		, ,		
purpose bonds Series 2019B	5-22-19	5-1-39	3.00-4.00		3,635,000		3,635,000		
					, ,		-,,		
Total Governmental Activities – G	General Obligation	n Debt				\$	47,839,309		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

	Date of Issue	Due Date	Interest Rates	Original Indebted- ness	Balance 12-31-19
Business-type Activities –					
General Obligation Debt					
General obligation corporate					
purpose bonds Series 2009	5-28-09	5-1-29	1.10-4.60%	\$ 333,000	\$ 153,000
General obligation refunding					
bonds Series 2011A	10-21-11	4-1-25	2.45	1,353,832	650,774
General obligation corporate	0.04.40	0.4.00	0.00.005	440.000	440.000
purpose bonds Series 2012A	6-21-12	3-1-26	2.00-3.25	110,000	110,000
General obligation refunding bonds Series 2013A	0 40 40	E 4 07	2 00 2 00	604.000	400 200
201120 001100 20101	2-13-13	5-1-27	2.00-3.00	601,000	192,300
General obligation corporate purpose bonds Series 2013D	6-13-13	4-1-30	2.00-3.38	250,000	150,000
2013 State trust fund loan - direct	8-1-13	3-15-23	2.00-3.36	129,600	4,280
General obligation promissory	0-1-13	0-10-20	2.70	129,000	4,200
notes Series 2014A	5-15-14	5-1-24	2.00-2.40	270,000	140,000
General obligation corporate	J-1J-14	J-1-24	2.00-2.40	270,000	140,000
purpose bonds Series 2014B	5-15-14	5-1-24	2.00-3.50	387,725	247,362
General obligation promissory	0 10 11	0.2.	2.00 0.00	00.,.20	217,002
notes Series 2015B refunding	3-19-15	3-1-25	0.80-2.40	40,000	10,000
General obligation corporate				.,	,,,,,,
purpose bonds Series 2017B	6-22-17	6-1-37	3.00-3.25	1,105,000	880,000
General obligation promising note				, ,	,
Series 2018A	4-18-18	4-1-28	3.00-4.00	60,000	55,000
General obligation promising note					
Series 2019A	5-22-19	5-1-29	3.00	95,000	95,000
Total Business-type Activities – 0	General Obl	igation Debt			\$ 2,687,716

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmenta General Oblig		Business-type Activities General Obligation Debt			
<u>Years</u>	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ 4,254,859 \$ 4,164,483	1,372,734 1,181,694 1,066,690 952,513 837,131	\$ 320,141 325,517 340,837 345,006 351,592	\$ 72,120 62,322 53,526 44,435 35,024		
2025 – 2029 2030 – 2034 2035 – 2039	15,524,660 7,085,000 <u>3,340,000</u>	2,598,282 1,038,113 205,738	980,340 20,000 	59,457 325 		
Totals	<u>\$ 47,071,569</u> <u>\$</u>	9,252,895	\$ 2,683,433	\$ 327,209		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

	Ge	Governmen eneral Obliga Direct Bo	n Debt from	Business-type Activities General Obligation Debt from Direct Borrowings				
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2020	\$	257,534	\$	25,297	\$	1,028	\$	118
2021		266,467		16,363		1,056		90
2022		95,484		7,187		1,085		61
2023		98,226		4,446		1,111		31
2024		24,612		1,630		-		-
2025		25,417	_	826				
Totals	<u>\$</u>	767,740	\$	55,749	\$	4,280	\$	300

The City's outstanding State Trust Fund loans from direct borrowings related to governmental activities and business-type activities of \$772,020 contain clauses that any delinquent payments are subject to a penalty of one percent per month and shall be deducted from any state payments that are due to the City.

Capital Leases

Refer to Note IV.G.

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

A statutory mortgage lien upon the City's utility system and any additions, improvements and extensions thereto is created by Section 66.066 of the Wisconsin Statutes as provided for in the ordinances creating the revenue bond issue. The City's system and the earnings of the system remain subject to the lien until payment in full of the principal and interest on the bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Other Debt - Governmental Activities

In May 1999, the City of Beloit and the Town of Turtle entered a Cooperative Boundary Plan. Under this plan, the City of Beloit is obligated to pay the Town of Turtle \$10,000 per year until December 31, 2019. The original amount owed was \$200,000.

	Balance 1-1-19		In	creases	_De	ecreases	 Balance 12-31-19	
Town of Turtle	\$	10,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	10,000	\$ <u>-</u>	
Total Other Debt	\$	10,000	\$		\$	10,000	\$ 	

Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the responsible proprietary fund.

The water utility has pledged future sales revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2009, 2010, 2016 and 2018. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the water systems. The bonds are payable solely from water revenues and are payable through 2038. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 40% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$26,246,836. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$2,294,865 and \$3,470,506, respectively.

The stormwater utility has pledged future sales revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2015. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the stormwater system. The bonds are payable solely from stormwater revenues and are payable through 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 27% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,140,825. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$100,250 and \$381,008, respectively.

The sewer utility has pledged future sales revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay a clean water fund loan issued in 2011 and revenue bonds issued in 2018. Proceeds from the loan provided financing for the sewer system. The loan is payable solely from sewer revenues and is payable through 2038. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 22% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loan is \$7,461,515. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$469,509 and \$1,809,414, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt (cont.)

				Original	
	Date of Issue	Due Date	Interest Rates	Indebted- Ness	Balance 12-31-19
Water Utility					
Revenue bonds	5-28-09	11-1-29	3.50-5.00%	\$ 3,910,000	\$ 2,265,000
Revenue bonds	4-6-10	11-1-30	2.00-4.50	4,025,000	2,410,000
Refunding revenue bonds	11-9-16	11-1-28	4.00-4.50	12,555,000	12,495,000
Revenue bonds	5-3-18	11-1-38	3.00-4.00	3,980,000	3,780,000
Total Water Utility					
Revenue Debt					20,950,000
Stormwater Utility					
Refunding revenue bonds	3-4-15	5-1-30	2.00-3.50	1,225,000	960,000
Total Stormwater Utility				, ,	
Revenue Debt					960,000
Sewer Utility	5 0 40	F 4 00	0.00.4.00	0.700.000	0.005.000
Revenue bonds	5-3-18	5-1-38	3.00-4.00	3,760,000	3,625,000
Total Sewer Utility Revenue Debt					3,625,000
Nevenue Debt					5,525,000
Total Revenue Bonds					\$ 25,535,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Business-type Activities -Revenue Debt <u>Years</u> Principal Interest 2020 1,785,000 \$ 925,818 2021 1,845,000 856,468 2022 1,915,000 784,243 2023 1,985,000 708,793 630,468 2024 2,070,000 2025 - 202910,500,000 2,026,505 2030 - 2034641,189 3,280,000 2035 - 20382,155,000 173,263 Totals \$ 25,535,000 \$ 6,746,747

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Clean Water Fund Loan Revenue Bond - Direct Borrowing

The sewer utility has entered into a loan agreement with the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for a loan up to and not exceeding \$3,481,777 at a fixed rate of 2.40% to fund the cost of constructing improvements to the City's sewerage system. The loan is payable from sewer revenues and are payable through 2031. As of December 31, 2019, the City has received \$3,397,675 in loan proceeds and paid \$158,827 and \$55,451 in principal and interest, respectively, in 2019.

	Fund Retired By	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
CWFP Loan (No. 4139-05)	Sewer	\$ 2,389,874	\$ -	\$ 158,827	\$ 2,231,047	\$ 162,638

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bond are as follows:

Years Ending	 Principal	 Interest	Business-Type Activities		
2020	\$ 162,638	\$ 51,593	\$	214,231	
2021 2022	166,542 170,539	47,643 43,599		214,185 214,138	
2023	174,632	39,456		214,088	
2024	178,823	35,215		214,038	
2025 – 2029	960,588	108,803		1,069,391	
2030 – 2031	 417,285	 10,073		427,358	
Totals	\$ 2,231,047	\$ 336,382	\$	2,567,429	

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

	Balance 1-1-19	Increases	[Decreases	Balance 12-31-19
Capital Leases Governmental Activities (to Note IV.F.)					
Payable to component unit Other capital leases	\$ 5,798,330 210,050	\$ - -	\$	1,960,045 49,323	\$ 3,838,285 160,727
Totals	\$ 6,008,380	\$ 	\$	2,009,368	\$ 3,999,012

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

Lessee - Community Development Authority

The City, through TIF District No. 13 and TIF District No. 10, is obligated to make lease payments to the Community Development Authority of Beloit (CDA) to retire debt issued by the CDA for TIF purposes.

Each lease obligation is directly attributable to the underlying debt issues noted.

Lessee – Capital Asset Capital Leases

The Lease Rental Payments are expressly limited to: (i) tax increments generated by the tax incremental district No. 13 and tax incremental district No. 10; (ii) special assessments, as may be levied by the City for eligible projects; (iii) proceeds from a portion of land sales as provided in the Development Agreement by and among the City, the Authority, and the Lease; and (iv) gas and electric reimbursement amounts generated by the tax incremental district No. 13 and tax incremental district No. 10 (the "Rental Payments").

The future minimum lease payments are required as follows:

Calendar				
<u>Years</u>	TI	F No. 13	T	TF No. 10
		_		_
2020	\$	103,295	\$	1,989,800
2021		105,383		758,663
2022		107,055		736,194
2023		103,433		717,313
2024		99,675		706,513
2025		95,873		689,069
2026		91,980		<u>-</u>
Sub-Totals		706,694		5,597,552
Less: Reserve funds to be applied to final				
principal payment		(61,520)		(1,645,199)
Less: Amount representing interest		(91,692)		(667,550)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ <u></u>	553,482	<u>\$</u>	3,284,803
Total TIF No. 13 and TIF No. 10			\$	3,838,285

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES (cont.)

Lessee - Other Capital Leases

In 2008, the City entered into a lease agreement to finance a lighting improvement project; heating, ventilating, and air conditioning improvement project; and a building envelope improvement project. The total lease amount was \$640,614. Only \$394,912 of assets were capitalized and are depreciable. The remaining amount was expensed in 2007.

	_	vernmental Activities
Asset Building improvements Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	394,912 (394,912)
Total	<u>\$</u>	

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value on these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2019, are as follows:

	F	Principal	 nterest	_	vernmental activities
2020 2021 2022	\$	51,391 53,546 55,790	\$ 6,739 4,584 2,340	\$	58,130 58,130 58,130
	\$	160,727	\$ 13,663		174,390
Less: Amount representing interest					(13,663)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments				\$	160,727

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2019 includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets Land Construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less: Related long-term debt outstanding Less: Capital leases – payable to component unit Less: Unamortized premium on debt Add: Unamortized loss on advance refunding Add: Unspent capital bond proceeds Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 5,604,384 3,823,231 96,556,841 (30,776,348) (4,634,588) (761,576) 699,999 3,292,334 73,804,277
Restricted General debt service TIF District No. 8 – economic development TIF District No. 10 – economic development TIF District No. 11 – economic development TIF District No. 12 – economic development TIF District No. 14 – economic development Rental rehab (WRRP/HOME) grant Community Development Block Grant Fire – multi-year grants DPW – multi-year grants Community development grants Library operations Cemetery perpetual care Bridge activities Solid waste Total Restricted	879,948 638,620 3,284,809 78,633 333,866 147,101 1,010,168 1,925,918 2,455 330,711 267,839 486,533 2,342,490 80,404 464,527
Unrestricted (deficit)	(84,540,705)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 1,537,594

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Activities (cont.)

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2019 include the following:

	General	TIF District No. 10	General Debt Service	- 1		Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable:						
Delinquent personal property taxes	\$ 73,600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,600
Inventories	525,243	-	-	-	=	525,243
Prepaid items	2,021	-	-	-	-	2,021
Advances to other funds	968,998					968,998
Total Nonspendable	1,569,862					1,569,862
Restricted for:						
Bridge maintenance	80,404	-	-	-	-	80,404
Debt service	_	-	1,255,829	-	-	1,255,829
Capital projects	-	=	-	5,895,578	=	5,895,578
Economic development	-	3,284,809	-	-	559,600	3,844,409
Grant programs	-	-	-	-	1,040,656	1,040,656
Library operations	-	-	-	-	486,533	486,533
Solid waste	-	-	-	-	464,527	464,527
Cemetery perpetual care					2,320,660	2,320,660
Total Restricted	80,404	3,284,809	1,255,829	5,895,578	4,871,976	15,388,596
Assigned to:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	3,414,253	5,953,019	9,367,272
Total Assigned			-	3,414,253	5,953,019	9,367,272
Unassigned (deficit):	11,882,949				(2,654,371)	9,228,578
Total Fund Balances	\$ 13,533,215	\$ 3,284,809	\$ 1,255,829	\$ 9,309,831	\$ 8,170,624	\$ 35,554,308

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-type Activities

	Water		Sewer	Storm		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Totals
Net investment in capital assets					_		_	
Land	\$ 1.050.724	\$	1,416,029	\$ -	\$	1,270,000	\$	3,736,753
Other capital assets, net of accumulated	+ .,,.	_	.,,	*	•	.,,	*	-,,
Depreciation (including CWIP)	31,848,158		28,029,537	8,912,162		4,620,634		73,410,491
Less: Long-term debt outstanding	(22,097,460)		(6,373,334)	(1,599,993)		(382,976)		(30,453,763)
Add: Noncapital debt outstanding	(==,00:,.00)		(0,0.0,00.)	(1,000,000)		105,000		105,000
Add: Unamortized loss on advance refunding	3,313		1,215	_		730		5,258
Less: Unamortized premium on debt	(635,297)		(46,006)	(22,861)				(704,164)
Add: Restricted assets not funded by revenues	4,149,025		903,684	(22,001)		_		5,052,709
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,318,463	_	23,931,125	7,289,308	_	5,613,388	_	51,152,284
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,310,403		23,931,123	1,209,300	_	3,013,300	_	31,132,204
Restricted Net Position								
	202.020		000 040	40.050				050 005
Redemption account	383,039		226,616	49,250		-		658,905
Replacement account	4 000 707		1,595,400	-		-		1,595,400
Reserve account	1,899,707		269,100	110,500		-		2,279,307
Construction account	2,249,318		634,584	-		-		2,883,902
Less: Restricted assets not funded by revenues	(4,149,025)		(903,684)	-		-		(5,052,709)
Less: Current liabilities payable from								
restricted assets	(114,644)		(29,935)	(4,925)	_			(149,504)
Total Restricted Net Position	268,395		1,792,081	154,825				2,215,301
Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,203,258		11,804,906	1,373,756		(1,293,661)		14,088,259
Total Enterprise Funds Net Position	\$ 16,790,116	\$	37,528,112	\$ 8,817,889	\$	4,319,727		
'		÷			÷			
Less: Portion of internal service funds net position allocated to business-type activities								(127,989)
CONTROS							_	(121,509)
Total Duainage type Activities								
Total Business-type Activities							Φ	07 207 055
Net Position							Ъ	67,327,855

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS

This report contains the City of Beloit Community Development Authority ("CDA"), the Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 1 and 2, LLC's, component units of the CDA, and the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. ("foundation") which are included as component units. Financial information is presented as a discrete column in the statement of net position and statement of activities.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

Community Development Authority - Primary Government

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The CDA prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The accounting records are kept on the accrual basis of accounting and flow of economic resources measurement focus.

b. Cash and Investments

The CDA's cash and investments (not including its component units) at year-end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balance	Associated Risks
Demand deposits	\$ 2,381,218	\$ 2,400,657	Custodial credit risk
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,381,218	\$ 2,400,657	
Reconciliation to financial statements Per statement of net position			
Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 674,503 1,706,715		
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,381,218		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit amounts (interest-bearing and noninterest bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposits.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in calculating custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority – Primary Government (cont.)

b. Cash and Investments (cont.)

Although the CDA has an investment policy, it does not discuss any of the risks below.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the CDA's deposits may not be returned to the CDA.

As of December 31, 2019, \$1,456,715 of the CDA's total bank balances of \$2,400,657 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized \$ 1,456,715

c. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents – bond redemption \$ 1,706,715

Total Restricted Assets \$ 1,706,715

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority – Primary Government (cont.)

d. Capital Assets

The useful life assigned to buildings is 40 years. Machinery and equipment are assigned useful lives ranging from 5-10 years. The change in capital assets for 2019 are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Additions	Deletions	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 414,539	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 414,539
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Furniture, equipment, and machinery-	846,310	-	254,859	591,451
dwellings	59,120	-	10,890	48,230
Furniture, equipment, and machine- administrative Total Capital Assets Being	 167,196	 		 167,196
Depreciated	 1,072,626	 <u>-</u>	265,749	 806,877
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (754,368)	(16,439)	162,231	 (608,576)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 732,797			\$ 612,840

e. Long-Term Obligations

Lease Revenue Bonds

The CDA has pledged future revenues from the City of Beloit resulting from TIF increments to repay \$24,915,000 in lease revenue bonds issued between 2007-2012. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for infrastructure improvements and other TIF district investments. The bonds are payable solely from TIF increment revenues and are payable through 2026. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 100% of TIF increment lease payments. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$6,304,242. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total pledged revenues were both \$2,390,119.

The following is a summary of the lease revenue bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 2019.

	Balance 1-1-19		Increases	<u> </u>	 Decreases	 Balance 12-31-19
Lease revenue bonds	\$	7,610,000	\$		\$ 2,065,000	\$ 5,545,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority – Primary Government (cont.)

e. Long-Term Obligations (cont.)

Lease Revenue Bonds (cont.)

Title of Issue	Date of Issue	Due Date	Interest Rates	Original Indebted- Ness	 Balance 12-31-19
2007A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds 2008A Lease Revenue	2-21-07	3-1-20	3.50-4.20%	\$ 8,915,000	\$ 1,200,000
Refunding Bonds 2009A Lease Revenue	6-19-08	3-1-25	4.00-6.75	2,640,000	1,390,000
Bonds 2011B Lease Revenue	7-1-09	3-1-25	1.30-5.00	5,340,000	2,340,000
Bonds	6-27-11	6-1-26	2.90-4.40	1,165,000	 615,000
Totals					\$ 5,545,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Calendar <u>Years</u>	F	Principal	ı	nterest		Totals
2020	\$	1,855,000	\$	238,095	\$	2,093,095
2021	·	685,000	•	179,045	•	864,045
2022		700,000		143,249		843,249
2023		715,000		105,745		820,745
2024		740,000		66,188		806,188
2025		760,000		24,940		784,940
2026		90,000		1,980		91,980
Totals	<u>\$</u>	5,545,000	\$	759,242	\$	6,304,242

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority - Primary Government (cont.)

f. Employee Retirement System

All eligible authority employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System ("system"), a costsharing defined benefit multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). All authority employees are considered to be City employees. Refer to Note V.A. for details.

g. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

All eligible authority employees participate in the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF), a multi-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. All authority employees are considered to be City employees. Refer to Note V.D for details.

h. Lease Disclosures

Refer to Note IV.G.

i. Net Position

Net position at December 31, 2019 includes the following:

Net investment in capital assets	
Land	\$ 414,539
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	198,301
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	612,840
Restricted	
Low Rent Public Housing	5,362,878
Project Based Vouchers	108,096
Total Restricted	 5,470,974
Unrestricted	 428,268
Total Net Position	\$ 6,512,082

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 1, LLC (the company) was organized on January 14, 2009, as a limited liability company (LLC) formed under the Wisconsin Limited Liability Company Act (the Act). The company was formed to acquire, rehabilitate, and operate a 39 building, 65-unit duplex and single-family home complex located on scattered sites in Beloit, Wisconsin, called Beloit Apartments Redevelopment, Phase 1 (the project). The project qualifies for low-income housing tax credits pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The original property, including the buildings and land, was acquired under a capital lease dated September 22, 2010. The company completed the rehabilitation of 14 units on various dates in December 2010 and completed the rehabilitation of the remaining 51 units on various dates from January through July of 2011.

The company consists of one managing member and three investor members, with rights, preferences, and privileges as described in the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement (operating agreement). Each member's liability for the debts and obligations of the company shall be limited to the maximum extent permitted by the Act and other applicable laws.

The company shall be operated in a manner consistent with its treatment as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes. Therefore, the accompanying financial statements do not include the personal or corporate assets and liabilities of the members, their obligation for income taxes on their distributive shares of the net income of the company or their rights to refunds on its net loss, nor any provision for income tax expense.

The operating agreement states that the company shall be perpetual unless sooner terminated in accordance with the operating agreement.

A summary of significant accounting policies follows:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the company considers all investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable and Revenue Recognition

The company utilizes the direct write-off method of accounting for bad debts. The use of this method has no material effect on the financial statements. A receivable is considered past due if payments have not been received by the company for 10 days. Accounts are generally written off when management determines an account is uncollectible. No fee is charged to customers for late payment.

Rental revenue is recognized when earned. The company leases apartments to eligible applicants under operating leases which are substantially all on a yearly basis. Operating subsidies represent grants from governmental agencies to provide housing to tenants. There grants are recognized in revenue in the same period in which the company recognizes the related expenses for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Other revenue consists of various tenant charges and other services and is recognized when the service is complete.

Rental Property

Rental property is stated at cost. Depreciation of rental property is computed on the straight-line method based upon the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	<u>rears</u>
Land and buildings under capital lease	98
Building improvements	15-40
Land improvements	15
Furnishings and equipment	5

Maintenance and repairs of rental property and equipment are charged to operations, and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale, or other disposition of rental property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

It is the company's policy to include amortization expense on assets acquired under capital leases with depreciation expense on owned assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The company reviews long-lived assets, including rental property and intangible assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. An impairment loss would be recognized when the estimated future cash flows from the use of the asset are less than the carrying amount of that asset. To date, there have been no such losses.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs incurred by the company totaled \$15,000. The company is amortizing these costs into interest expense on the straight-line method over 39 years and 9 months, the life of the loans. The use of the straight-line method rather than the effective interest method has no material effect on the financial statements.

Amortized costs included in interest expense amounted to \$377 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Tax Credit Fees

In connection with obtaining an allocation of low-income housing tax credits, the company paid fees totaling \$114,034 to the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA). The company is amortizing these fees over the related tax credit compliance period of 15 years using the straight-line method.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental agencies have provided grant funding to the company to encourage the development of affordable housing. The company received funds under the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP) (See Note I.h. in this section). The unearned revenue relating to this grant is recognized as other income in the statement of operations (shown as amortization of unearned revenue) under the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets purchased or constructed.

Current Vulnerability Due to Certain Concentrations

The project's operations are concentrated in the low-income, public housing residential real estate market. In addition, the project operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the project are subject to administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state and local regulatory agencies including, but not limited to, the Community Development Authority of the City of Beloit (CDA) under the Regulatory & Operating Agreement (R&O Agreement). Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or an administrative change mandated by the CDA. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Subsequent Events

These financial statements have not been updated for subsequent events occurring after March 5, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. The company has no responsibility to update these financial statements for events and circumstances occurring after this date.

b. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash is comprised of the following:

Replacement reserve	\$	130,901
Operating reserve		145,936
Tenants' security deposits	<u></u>	30,794
Total	\$	307.631

Replacement Reserve

The operating agreement and R&O Agreement require the company to make monthly deposits to the replacement reserve initially equal to \$300 per unit per year and increasing annually by 3%. Disbursements are restricted to capital improvements and repairs of the project. Disbursements in excess of \$5,000 or 10% of the balance in the reserve at such time will require written approval of the investor members. Any funds remaining at the end of the compliance period shall be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement.

Balance, beginning	\$ 104,708
Deposits	26,078
Interest earned	115
Balance, Ending	\$ 130,901

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

b. Restricted Cash (cont.)

Operating Reserve

Total

The R&O Agreement and the operating agreement require the company to fund and maintain an operating reserve in the amount of \$100,000. To the extent funds in the reserve fall below the initial deposit, the managing member must replenish the reserve from available cash flow as defined in the operating agreement. Disbursements in excess of \$10,000 or 10% of the then balance of the reserve require written approval from the investor members.

Balance, beginning Deposits	\$ 145,790
Interest earned	 146
Balance, Ending	\$ 145,936
Rental Property, Net	
Rental property, net is comprised of the following:	
Land	\$ 11,349
Land and buildings under capital lease	1,950,000
Building improvements	8,397,386
Land improvements	215,575
Furnishings and equipment	 265,998
	10,840,308
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 2,388,362

8,451,946

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable

Mortgage and other notes payable consists of the following:

CDA; managing member; non-recourse mortgage note payable under the capital lease described in Note I.e.; due in one installment on September 21, 2050, together with interest at 4.47% compounded annually; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$125,273 for the year ended December 31, 2019; accrued interest was \$977,793 as of December 31, 2019.

1,950,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$500,000; noninterest bearing; due in one installment on September 21, 2040; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property.

500,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$619,253; noninterest bearing; due in one installment on September 21, 2040; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property.

430,559

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$350,000; due in one installment on September 23, 2040, together with interest at 4.0% compounded annually; collateralized by a security interest on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$18,305 for the year ended December 31, 2019; accrued interest was \$125,929 as of December 31, 2019.

350,000

City of Beloit; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount up to \$170,639; noninterest bearing; principal due in one installment on September 21, 2040; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; the mortgage note was not funded as of December 31, 2019.

Total Long-term Debt

3,230,559

Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs

11,606

Total

3,218,953

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable (cont.)

Repayment of principal on the mortgage and other notes payable as of December 31, 2019, is as follows:

Years Ending December 31,

2020	\$ -
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
2024	-
Thereafter	3,230,559
Total	\$ 3,230,559

e. Capital Lease

The company has entered into a capital lease agreement with the CDA dated September 22, 2010, to operate and manage the project during the term of the capital lease in accordance with all applicable public housing requirements. Rental property recorded under this non-cancellable capital lease consists of:

Land Buildings	\$ 409,500 1,540,500
Total	\$ 1,950,000

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the land and building are capitalized as a single unit and amortized over the lease term of 98 years. Accumulated depreciation on the land and buildings under the capital lease was \$184,056 as of December 31, 2019.

Base rent under the lease was payable in a single installment of \$1,950,000 on September 22, 2010. The balance of unpaid base rent accrues interest at 4.47%, compounded annually (see Note I.d. in this section). Payments made by the company shall be applied first to accrued interest and then against the unpaid base rent amount. The base rent and all accrued interest thereon is due September 21, 2050. The capital lease obligation is secured by a mortgage note as described in Note I.d. The lease expires September 21, 2108.

In addition to the base rent and related interest payments, the company is obligated to make an annual payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) to the City of Beloit (see Note I.g. in this section).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

f. Members' Capital Contributions

The company has one managing member, the CDA, which has a .01% interest, and three investor members, BMO, First National Bank and Trust Company (FNB), and Blackhawk State Bank (BSB) which have 19.998%, 39.996%, and 39.996% interests, respectively.

The CDA is required to make capital contributions of \$100,000. The investor members are required to make capital contributions totaling \$6,439,817. All contributions were made as of December 31, 2019.

g. Related Party Transactions

Accounts Payable

Included in accounts payable are amounts owed to the CDA for reimbursement of operating expenses totaling \$99,858 as of December 31, 2019.

Property Management Agreement

The company has entered into a property management agreement with the CDA under which the company is obligated to pay a property management fee equal to 5% of gross residential rents on a monthly basis. The agreement is automatically renewed from year to year unless otherwise terminated. Property management fees totaled \$4,859 for the period ended December 31, 2019.

Asset Management Fee

The company is obligated to pay BMO an annual asset management fee of \$3,250. The fee is payable solely from cash flow as defined in the operating agreement, is cumulative, and accrues interest at the Prime Rate plus 3% compounded annually.

PILOT

The company and the CDA entered into a PILOT agreement with the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the City), under which the company will make an annual PILOT payment to the City beginning in 2010 and ending in the final calendar year of the project's compliance period (2025). The PILOT shall be equal to 10% of the difference between the annual tenant's portion of the collected rents for all of the residential rental units in the buildings and the annual utility bills incurred by the company with respect to the project. The PILOT is required for as long as the land and building under capital lease constitutes property of the CDA that is exempt from taxation under the Wisconsin Statutes. PILOT expense incurred and accrued totaled \$9,230 as of December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 1, LLC (cont.)

g. Related Party Transactions (cont.)

Operating Deficit Guaranty

The managing member is obligated, after all funds in the operating reserve account have been depleted, to fund operating deficits during the operating deficit guaranty period. The operating deficit guaranty period is defined as the period beginning with the date of achievement of breakeven operations and ending on the later of the third anniversary of the date of achievement of breakeven operations or when the project has maintained the operating reserve target amount of \$100,000 during the compliance period and the project has made all required deposits to the replacement reserve. The obligation to fund operating deficits shall be limited to \$145,000. Such loans are non-interest bearing and repayable solely from available cash flow as defined in the operating agreement. There was no operating deficit loans as of December 31, 2019.

R&O Agreement

The company has entered into an R&O Agreement with the CDA. Provisions of the agreement require the company to maintain all units as public housing units. The CDA is to pay operating subsidies to the company equal to the project expenses less project income. The agreement will expire upon the earliest to occur of the expiration of 40 years from the date of first occupancy (December 2050) or at the option of the project at the close of the first project year of which the CDA ceases to pay operating subsidies. Operating subsidies totaling \$238,477 were earned during the period ended December 31, 2019. Included in accounts receivable are operating subsidies of \$81,113 as of December 31, 2019.

h. Commitments and Contingencies

Land Use Restriction Agreement (LURA)

The company has entered into a LURA with the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA) as a condition to receiving an allocation of low-income housing tax credits. Under this agreement, the company must continuously comply with IRC Section 42 and other applicable sections of the IRC. The agreement places occupancy restrictions on rents and the minimum percent of units which shall be occupied by individuals or families whose income meets the requirements set under IRC Section 42. If the company fails to comply with this agreement or with the IRC, it may be ineligible for low-income housing tax credits, and the members may be required to recapture a portion of the tax credits previously claimed on their income tax returns. In addition, noncompliance may require an adjustment to the contributed capital of the investor member's. The company is obligated to certify tenant eligibility.

Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP)

The company has entered into a TCEP Subaward Agreement (Subaward Agreement) with WHEDA. Under the Subaward Agreement, the company was awarded and received grant funds totaling \$1,345,125, pursuant to Section 1602 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. If the company fails to continuously comply with the guidelines of the Subaward Agreement, it may be required to refund up to the full amount of the grant funds received and reimburse WHEDA for the costs and fees incurred in connection with the recapture event. As a condition to making the Subaward Agreement, WHEDA required the owner to enter into a corporate guarantee. The Subaward Agreement terminates at the expiration of the low-income housing tax credit compliance period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 2, LLC (the company) was organized on March 5, 2010, as a limited liability company (LLC) formed under the Wisconsin Limited Liability Company Act (the Act). The company was formed to acquire, rehabilitate, develop, and operate a 66-unit project comprised of 41 elderly and 25 family residential units, located on scattered sites in Beloit, Wisconsin, called Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 2, LLC (the project). The project qualifies for low-income housing tax credits pursuant to Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The original property, including the buildings and land, was acquired under a capital lease dated October 14, 2011. The company completed the rehabilitation of the existing structures on various dates from January through May of 2012. The new construction portion of the projects was placed in service on various dates in August and December 2012.

The company consists of one managing member and one investor member, with rights, preferences and privileges as described in the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement (operating agreement). Each member's liability for the debts and obligations of the company shall be limited to the maximum extent permitted by the Act and other applicable laws.

The company shall be operated in a manner consistent with its treatment as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes. Therefore, the accompanying financial statements do not include the personal or corporate assets and liabilities of the members, their obligation for income taxes on their distributive shares of the net income of the company or their rights to refunds on its net loss, nor any provision for income tax expense.

The operating agreement states that the company shall be perpetual unless sooner terminated in accordance with the operating agreement.

A summary of significant accounting policies follows:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the company considers all investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents, with the exception of cash not available to the company due to restrictions placed on it.

The company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Accounts Receivable and Revenue Recognition

The company utilizes the direct write-off method of accounting for bad debts. The use of this method has no material effect on the financial statements. A receivable is considered past due if payments have not been received by the company for 10 days. Accounts are generally written off as uncollectible if no payments are received after 30 days. No fee is charged to customers for late payment.

Rental revenue is recognized when earned. The company leases apartments to eligible applicants under operating leases which are substantially all on a yearly basis. Operating subsidies represent grants from governmental agencies to provide housing to tenants. There grants are recognized in revenue in the same period in which the company recognizes the related expenses for which the grants are intended to compensate. Other revenue consists of various tenant charges and other services and is recognized when the service is complete.

Rental Property

Rental property is stated at cost. Depreciation of rental property is computed on the straight-line method based upon the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Years
Land and buildings under capital lease Buildings and improvements	98 27.5
Land improvements	15
Furnishings and equipment	5

Maintenance and repairs of rental property and equipment are charged to operations, and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale, or other disposition of rental property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

It is the company's policy to include amortization expense on assets acquired under capital leases with depreciation expense on owned assets.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The company reviews long-lived assets, including rental property and intangible assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. An impairment loss would be recognized when the estimated future cash flows from the use of the asset are less than the carrying amount of that asset. To date, there have been no such losses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

a. Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Debt Issuance

Financing costs incurred by the company totaled \$12,000. The company is amortizing these costs into interest expense on the straight-line method over 39 years and 9 months, the life of the loans. The use of the straight-line method rather than the effective interest method has no material effect on the financial statements.

Amortized costs included in interest expense amounted to \$302 for the period ended December 31, 2019.

Tax Credit Fees

In connection with obtaining an allocation of low-income housing tax credits from the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA), the company incurred fees totaling \$128,263. The company is amortizing these fees over the related tax credit compliance period of 15 years using the straight-line method.

Current Vulnerability Due to Certain Concentrations

The project's operations are concentrated in the low-income, public housing residential real estate market. In addition, the project operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the project are subject to administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state and local regulatory agencies including, but not limited to, the Community Development Authority of the City of Beloit (CDA) under the Regulatory & Operating Agreement (R&O Agreement). Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or an administrative change mandated by the CDA. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

Subsequent Events

These financial statements have not been updated for subsequent events occurring after February 24, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued. The company has no responsibility to update these financial statements for events and circumstances occurring after this date.

b. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash is comprised of the following:

Replacement reserve	\$ 161,749
Operating reserve	191,271
ACC reserve	281,873
Tenants' security deposits	 20,829
Total	\$ 655,722

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

b. Restricted Cash (cont.)

Replacement Reserve

The operating agreement and R&O Agreement require the company to make monthly deposits to the replacement reserve initially equal to \$300 per unit per year and increasing annually by 3%. Disbursements are restricted to capital improvements and repairs of the project. Disbursements in excess of \$5,000 in the aggregate in any given month will require written approval of the managing member and the asset manager. Any funds remaining at the end of the compliance period shall be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement.

Balance, beginning	\$ 13	37,250
Deposits	:	24,352
Interest earned		147
Balance, Ending	\$ 10	61,749

Operating Reserve

The R&O Agreement and the operating agreement require the company to fund and maintain an operating reserve in the amount of \$190,000 upon receipt of the investor member's third installment of project equity. Any excess amount remaining at the end of the compliance period shall be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement, subject to consent by any lender or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). If the balance in the operating reserve falls below \$190,000, the company is obligated to replenish the operating reserve from cash flow or the proceeds of sales or refinancing. Disbursements require the approval of the managing member and the asset manager.

Balance, beginning Interest earned	\$ 191,080 191
Balance, Ending	\$ 191,271

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

b. Restricted Cash (cont.)

Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) Reserve

The operating agreement and R & O Agreement require the company to fund an ACC reserve equal to \$280,000 upon the receipt of the investor member's third installment of project equity. Disbursements are to be used to pay operating and debt service deficits that directly result from the reduction or loss of a reduction in the projected HUD mixed finance subsidies. Funds may only be withdrawn with the approval of the managing member and asset manager. Any funds remaining at the end of the compliance period shall, subject to any required lender or HUD consent, be distributed to the members as provided for in the operating agreement.

	Balance, beginning Interest earned	\$ 281,591 282
	Balance, Ending	\$ 281,873
C.	Rental Property, Net	
	Rental property, net is comprised of the following:	
	Land Land and buildings under capital lease Buildings and improvements Land improvements Furnishings and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 175,397 1,410,000 9,304,835 397,055 313,808 11,601,095 3,045,752
	Total	\$ 8,555,343

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable

Mortgage and other notes payable consists of the following:

CDA; managing member; nonrecourse mortgage note payable under the capital lease described in Note I.e.; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 4.19% compounded annually; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$79,449 for the year ended December 31, 2019; accrued interest was \$565,600 as of December 31, 2019.

\$ 1,410,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$230,074; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 0.50%; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$1,150 for the year ended December 31, 2019; accrued interest was \$7,669 as of December 31, 2019.

230,074

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$256,500; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 0.50%; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$1,283 for the year ended December 31, 2019; accrued interest was \$8,871 as of December 31, 2019.

256,500

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$540,000; noninterest bearing; due in one installment on October 13, 2051, collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property.

540,000

CDA; nonrecourse mortgage note in the original amount of \$600,000; principal due in one installment on October 13, 2051, together with interest at 0.50%; collateralized by a mortgage on the project's rental property; interest expense totaled \$2,371 for the year ended December 31, 2019; accrued interest was \$15,561 as of December 31, 2019.

474,260

Total Mortgage Notes Payable

2,910,834

Less: Unamortized financing cost

9,585

Total

\$ 2,901,249

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

d. Mortgage and Other Notes Payable (cont.)

Repayment of principal on the mortgage and other notes payable as of December 31, 2019, is follows:

Year Ending December 31,

2020	\$ -
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
2024	-
Thereafter	2,910,834
Total	\$ 2,910,834

e. Capital Lease

The company has entered into a capital lease agreement with the CDA dated October 14, 2011, to operate and manage the project during the term of the capital lease in accordance with all applicable public housing requirements. Rental property recorded under this non-cancellable capital lease consists of:

Land Buildings	\$ 770,000 640,000
Total	\$ 1,410,000

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the land and building are capitalized as a single unit and amortized over the lease term of 98 years. Accumulated depreciation on the land and building under the capital lease was \$118,700 as of December 31, 2019.

Base rent under the lease was payable in a single installment of \$1,410,000 on October 14, 2011. The balance of unpaid base rent accrues interest at 4.19%, compounded annually (see Note I.d. in this section). Payments made by the company shall be applied first to accrued interest and then against the unpaid base rent amount. The base rent and all accrued interest thereon is due October 13, 2051. The capital lease obligation is secured by a mortgage note as described in Note I.d. The lease expires October 13, 2109.

In addition to the base rent and related interest payments, the company is obligated to make an annual payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) to the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the City) (see Note I.f. in this section).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

f. Related Party Transactions

Accounts Payable

Included in accounts payable are amounts owed to the CDA for reimbursement of operating expenses totaling \$88,451 as of December 31, 2019.

Property Management Agreement

The company has entered into a property management agreement with the CDA under which the company is now obligated to pay a property management fee equal to 5% of gross residential rents and ACC operating subsidy received on a monthly basis. The agreement is automatically renewed from year to year unless otherwise terminated. Property management fees totaled \$13,194 for the period ended December 31, 2019.

Asset Management Fee

The company is obligated to pay an affiliate of the investor member, NEF Community Investments, Inc., an annual asset management fee of \$6,600, increasing annually by 3%. The fee is payable solely from cash flow as defined in the operating agreement and shall be cumulative and accrued if not paid. Asset management fees incurred were \$8,117 for the period ended December 31, 2019. Asset management fees accrued and included in accrued expenses were \$8,117 as of December 31, 2019.

Operating Deficit Guaranty

The managing member is obligated, after all funds in the operating reserve account have been depleted, to fund operating deficits during the operating deficit guaranty period. The operating deficit guaranty period is defined as the period beginning with the date of achievement of stabilized occupancy and ending on after achievement of 36 consecutive months with an expense coverage ratio of 1.00 or better commencing on or after the second anniversary of the later of the achievement of stabilized occupancy or repayment in full of the construction loan. The obligation to fund operating deficits shall be limited to \$190,000. Such loans are non-interest bearing and repayable solely from available cash flow as defined in the operating agreement. There was no operating deficit guaranty loans as of December 31, 2019.

R&O Agreement

The company has entered into an R&O Agreement with the CDA. Provisions of the agreement require the company to maintain all units as public housing units. The CDA is to pay operating subsidies to the company equal to the project expenses less project income. The agreement will expire upon the earliest to occur of the expiration of 40 years from the date of first occupancy or at the option of the project at the close of the first project year of which the CDA ceases to pay operating subsidies. Operating subsidies totaling \$160,658 were earned during the period ended December 31, 2019. Included in accounts receivables are operating subsidies receivable of \$63,526 as of December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

f. Related Party Transactions (cont.)

PILOT

The company and the CDA entered into a PILOT agreement with the City, in which the company will make an annual PILOT payment to the City beginning in 2011 and ending in the final calendar year of the project's compliance period (2026). The PILOT shall be equal to 10% of the difference between the annual tenant's portion of the collected rents for all of the residential rental units in the buildings and the annual utility bills incurred by the company with respect to the project. The PILOT is required for as long as the land and building under capital lease constitutes property of the CDA that is exempt from taxation under the Wisconsin Statutes.

g. Company Profits and Losses and Distributions

All profits and losses are allocated .01% to the managing member and 99.99% to the investor member.

Distributable cash flow, as defined by the operating agreement, is allocated .01% to the managing member and 99.99% to the investor member.

Gain, if any, from a sale or exchange or other disposition of the property owned by the company is allocable as follows:

- 1. To all members having negative balances in their capital accounts prior to the distribution of any sale or refinancing proceeds, an amount of such gain to increase their negative balance to zero.
- 2. To all members until their capital account balances are equal to net projected tax liabilities as defined in the company agreement.
- 3. The remainder of such gain, if any, 99.99% to the investor member and .01% to the managing member.
- h. Commitments and Contingencies

Land Use Restriction Agreement (LURA)

The company has entered into a LURA with the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority as a condition to receiving an allocation of low-income housing tax credits. Under this agreement, the company must continuously comply with IRC Section 42 and other applicable sections of the IRC. The agreement places occupancy restrictions on rents and the minimum percent of units which shall be occupied by individuals or families whose income meets the requirements set under IRC Section 42. If the company fails to comply with this agreement or with the IRC, it may be ineligible for low-income housing tax credits, and the members may be required to recapture a portion of the tax credits previously claimed on their income tax returns. In addition, noncompliance may require an adjustment to the contributed capital of the investor member. The company is obligated to certify tenant eligibility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Community Development Authority Component Unit - Beloit Apartments Redevelopment-Phase 2, LLC (cont.)

h. Commitments and Contingencies (cont.)

Affordable Housing Program (AHP)

On October 14, 2011, the CDA, on behalf of Beloit Apartments Redevelopment – Phase 2, LLC, entered into an AHP Agreement with The First National Bank and Trust Company (the bank) in the original amount of \$256,500. In connection with the AHP agreement, the CDA and the company entered into a Retention/Recapture Agreement with the bank. As a condition of receiving these funds, the CDA and the company have agreed to make 40 units, 25 units, and 1 unit of the project affordable for and occupied by households whose income does not exceed 50%, 60%, and 80%, respectively, of the county median income (CMI) of Rock County, Wisconsin. The compliance period will terminate 15 years from the date of project completion.

Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc.

a. Organization

The Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., (Foundation) is organized to raise and provide support monies for the Beloit, Wisconsin Public Library (Library).

- b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
 - The Foundation's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as promulgated by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
 - Net position and revenues, support, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the
 existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net position of the
 Foundation and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Position Without Donor Restrictions - Net position without donor restrictions are available for use at the discretion of the Board of Directors and management for general operating purposes. From time to time the Board may designate a portion of this net position for specific purposes which makes them unavailable for use at management's discretion.

Net Position With Donor Restrictions - Net position with donor restrictions consist of assets whose use is limited by donor-imposed, time and/or purpose restrictions. The Foundation reports gifts of cash and other assets as revenue with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, the net position is reclassified as net position without donor restrictions and reported in the Statements or Activities as net position released from restrictions. Some net position with donor restrictions include a stipulation the assets be maintained permanently (perpetual in nature) while permitting the Foundation to expend the income generated by the assets in accordance with the provisions of additional donor-imposed stipulations or a Board approved spending policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

- b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)
 - 3. The Foundation accounts for contributions in accordance with GAAP. All contributions are considered to be available for the general programs of the Foundation unless specifically restricted by the donor. The Foundation reports gifts of cash as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated cash. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net position with donor restrictions are reclassified to net position without donor restrictions and reported in the Statements of Activities as net position released from restrictions. Donor restricted contributions are booked in the net position without donor restrictions class for restrictions expiring during the fiscal year in which the contribution was made.
 - 4. Direct support expenses are requests from the library to purchase books and other supplies, and grants and awards, and are charged to program activities. All other expenses are management and general or fundraising. Management and general expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any specific function but provide for the overall support and direction of the Foundation.
 - 5. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
 - 6. The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through May 20, 2020, which was the date that these financial statements were available for issuance and determined there were no significant non-recognized events through that date except as noted below.

In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak originating in Wuhan, China to be a public health emergency. This coronavirus spread to other countries, including the United States, and efforts to contain the spread of this coronavirus intensified. The outbreak and any preventative or protective actions that governments or the Foundation may take in respect of this coronavirus may result in a period of business disruption and reduced operations. There has been no material effect at this point, although any resulting financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time but may materially affect the Foundation's financial condition and results of operations. The extent to which the coronavirus impacts the Foundation's results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions to contain the coronavirus or treat its impact, among others.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

The carrying amount of the Foundation's investments is their fair value at the end of the year, which reflected general market activity during the year. At the time these financial statements were issued, the market was in decline due primarily to the effect of the coronavirus on the economy. The market value as a percentage of cost for the Foundation's investments decreased from 100% at December 31, 2019 to 93% at March 31, 2020, a decline of 7%. However, the market is still in fluctuation, and there is a reasonable possibility the fair value of investments will continue to change, but that amount cannot be predicted.

The Foundation started a capital campaign to raise funds for a building improvement project at the Library and to increase their endowment investments. The Foundation has committed to fund the building improvement project, which will add two classrooms, for \$240,000. Subsequent to year end, the Foundation has received pledges towards this project in the amount of \$175,000. The pledges are to be received over the next five years.

c. Liquidity and Availability

The Foundation regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs. Financial assets in excess of daily cash requirements are invested in short-term investments. In addition, the Foundation receives support without donor restrictions; such support has historically funded annual programs and supporting service needs, together with investment income without donor restrictions. The Foundation projects revenue through contributions and special events, with any financial shortfall being made up by a draw from the investment account.

For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the Foundation considers all administrative and general expenses, fundraising expenses and grand commitments expected to be paid in the subsequent year to be general expenditures.

As of December 31, 2019, the following table show the total financial assets held by the Foundation and the amounts of those financial assets that could readily be made available within one year of the Statement of Financial Position date to meet general expenditures and other cash needs:

Financial assets at year-end-	
Cash and investments	\$ 701,232
Accounts receivable	1,250
Interest receivable	540
Financial Assets Available to Meet Cash Needs for	
General Expenditure within One Year	\$ 703,022

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Foundation considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Bank balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Money market funds held in one of the Foundation's investment accounts are insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000 for all accounts. As of December 31, 2019, the Foundation had an uninsured cash balance of \$437.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

e. Receivables

Accounts receivable at December 31, 2019 consist of amounts due from another nonprofit organization related to special events sponsorships which are expected to be collected within 30 days. Management feels that all amounts will be collected and therefore an allowance for uncollectables is not recorded.

f. Investments

In accordance with GAAP, investments are reported at fair market value. At December 31, as quoted by the trustee or from stock quotes, the market and cost are as follows:

	2019							
		Market		Cost				
Mutual Funds - Equity Fixed income	\$	647,748	\$	646,944				
Totals	\$	647,748	\$	646,944				

Unrealized gain amounted to \$804 as of December 31, 2019. Current unrealized gains amount to \$31,252 for 2019. Interest and dividends earned on the above investments amounted to \$15,630 for 2019. Investment fees amounted to \$5,730 for 2019. These amounts are all reflected in the Statements of Activities as investment return, net. Investments are exposed to potential risks including interest rate risk, credit risk, and overall market volatility. Accordingly, it is reasonably possible that changes in the value of investments will occur in the near term and such changes could be material in amount.

g. Net Position

The following funds have been designated from general operations by the Board of Directors:

	12-31-1	19
Library programming	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

h. Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation has adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) FASB ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*. FASB ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required to be recorded at fair value, the Foundation considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance.

FASB ASC 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires the Foundation to maximize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level on input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly, such as quoted market prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full terms of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis at December 31, 2019 are as follows.

	F	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using				
		Quoted Price				
		In Activ				
		Markets				
		Identica				
		Assets				
<u>December 31, 2019</u>	Fa	Fair Value (Level 1)				
Marketable securities	\$	647,748	\$	647,748		

i. Income Taxes

The Foundation is a nonprofit organization and is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and, therefore, there is no provision for income taxes in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc. (cont.)

Income Taxes (cont.)

Management of the Foundation has evaluated for uncertain tax positions and has determined that there are no uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2019. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. The Foundation is subject to income taxes in the United States Federal jurisdiction and the State of Wisconsin. Tax returns remain open for federal examination for the past three years and state examination for the past four years.

j. Related Organization

The Library is a separate tax-exempt organization organized to provide books, audio books, magazines, CD's, movies and reading programs to the citizens of Beloit, Wisconsin. Program services expenses of the Foundation are for the benefit of the Library. The Foundation's contributions to the library as of December 31, 2019 were \$19,062.

k. Blender Café

During 2016, the Foundation started a capital campaign for Blender Café', which is a café at the library that opened in 2017. The Foundation is collecting donations for the Blender Café' and then passing those donations through to the City of Beloit to pay for the construction of the Café. The Foundation's contributions for the Blender Café as of December 31, 2019 were \$6,000.

I. Change in Accounting Principle

In 2019, the Foundation adopted, retrospectively, ASU 2014-19 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The guidance requires the Foundation to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Foundation expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance also requires expanded disclosures relating to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Additionally, qualitative and quantitative disclosures are required regarding customer contracts, significant judgements and changes in judgements, and assets recognized from the costs to obtain or fulfill a contract.

In 2019, the Foundation also adopted, retrospectively, ASU 2016-01 *Financial Instruments – Overall* and ASU 2016-18 *Statement of Cash flows.* ASU 2016-01 requires equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. ASU 2016-18 requires entities to include restricted cash and equivalents with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the Statement of Cash Flows.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011 and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours teacher and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to receive benefit based on a formula factor, their average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefits. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Years	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2009	(2.1)%	(42.0)%
2010	(1.3)	22.0
2011	(1.2)	11.0
2012	(7.0)	(7.0)
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$2,174,393 in contributions from the City and CDA.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2019 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.7%	6.7%
Protective with Social Security	6.7%	10.7%
Protective without Social Security	6.7%	14.9%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, the City and CDA reported a liability of \$7,492,616 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City and CDA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City and CDA's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the City and CDA's proportion was 0.21056771%, which was an increase of 0.00088676% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City and CDA recognized pension expense of \$5,221,900.

At December 31, 2019, the City and CDA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred outflow (inflows) of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,835,700	\$ 10,312,499	
Change in assumptions		1,262,062	-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		10,936,186	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		47,691	26,695	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,331,042	 <u>-</u>	
Totals	\$	20,412,681	\$ 10,339,194	

\$2,331,042 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year Ended December 31:	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows on Resources (net)		
	2020		\$	2,790,783	
	2021			714,404	
	2022			1,241,359	
	2023			2,995,899	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

December 31, 2017

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)

December 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.0%

Discount Rate: 7.0%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments*: 1.9%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2018 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	
		Expected	Long-Term
	Current Asset	Nominal Rate of	Expected Real
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	Return %	Rate of Return %
Global Equities	49%	8.1%	5.5%
Fixed Income	24.5	4.0	1.5
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	3.8	1.3
Real Estate	9	6.5	3.9
Private Equity/Debt	8	9.4	6.7
Multi-Asset	4	6.7	4.1
Total Core Fund	110	7.3	4.7
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	7.6	5.0
International Equities	30	8.5	5.9
Total Variable Fund	100	8.0	5.4

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75% Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a long-term bond rate of 3.71%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
City and CDA's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$29,771,367	\$7,492,616	(\$9,075,589)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://legis.wisconsin.gov/lab/ and reference report number 15-11.

At December 31, 2019, the City and CDA reported a payable to the pension plan, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year. However, other risks, such as health care of its employees, liability claims, and worker's compensation are accounted for and financed by the City in the internal service funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Self Insurance

The City has a limited risk management program for employee health and dental benefits with claims processed by a third-party claims administrator on behalf of the City. The claims are being paid out of the internal service fund and are funded by allocations charged to other funds. Interfund premiums are based on claims experience. As a part of the plan a reinsurance policy has been purchased which picks up claims in excess of \$100,000 per individual with an unlimited lifetime limit of liability per covered participant. A separate insurance rider provides transplant coverage with a lifetime maximum of \$1 million. Settled claims have exceeded this stop-loss amount per individual in each of the past four years. Total amounts charged back to the various departments during the year were \$9,033,571.

The estimated liability for self-funded losses is based on reported claims for the year and those received subsequent to year end. The City does not allocate overhead costs or other nonincremental costs to the claims liability. The liability is considered a current liability of the City as incurred but not reported claims are normally paid within two months of year end and represent the majority of claims payable at December 31, 2019. The estimated liability for self insured losses for this program consisted of the following at December 31, 2019:

Reported and Known Claims	\$ 948,836
Incurred but not Reported Claims	604,194
•	
Total	\$ 1,553,030

Changes in the claims payable follow:

	 Balance Incurred January 1 Claims			Claims Paid		Balance December 31	
2018 2019	\$ 2,235,241 2,313,849	\$	9,418,261 4,932,197	\$	9,339,653 5,693,016	\$	2,313,849 1,553,030

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Public Entity Risk Pool

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC)
Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 19, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities. The City's share of such losses is approximately 3.29%.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC can be obtained directly from CVMIC's offices.

The initial investment in WMIC is refundable upon withdrawal from the commission and has been reported at the original amount of \$1,575,475 in the insurance internal service fund.

The City pays an annual premium to CVMIC for its general automobile, public official, and liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$50,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$200,000. An actuarially determined estimate has been recorded for this liability, as well as for claims incurred but not reported at December 31, 2019. A total liability of approximately \$110,103 at December 31, 2019 was recorded as claims payable in the internal service fund.

Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI)

Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMi) is a municipal mutual insurance corporation, which insures auto liability and auto physical damage for municipally-owned transit systems in Wisconsin. Each insured property is an owner of the mutual insurance corporation. The City insures its transit systems' auto liability and physical damage with TMi and is an owner of the corporation.

The City's auto liability insurance policy has a \$250,000 per person policy limit and a \$7,000,000 per accident policy limit. Of the per accident policy limit, TMi insures \$2,000,000 and reinsures \$5,000,000 with Genesis Insurance. In addition, the City's policy provides for \$25,000 per person and \$50,000 per accident in uninsured motorist insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI) (cont.)

The physical damage policy issued by TMi to the City provides collision and comprehensive coverage for the lesser of the agreed value or the cost of repairs minus a \$500 per accident deductible for private passenger and service units and a \$1,000 per accident deductible for bus units.

Management of TMi consists of a board of directors comprised of one representative for each member. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the corporation beyond its representation on the board of directors.

Premiums are determined in advance of each premium year, which begins on January 1. TMi is an assessable mutual; accordingly, the board of directors may require that supplemental contributions be made by members to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the obligations applicable to the premium year. Members are required by Wisconsin statute and TMi bylaws to fund any deficit attributable to a premium year during which they were a member. TMi was incorporated in 1985 and began issuing insurance policies in 1986; there has never been a member assessment beyond the annual premiums.

The City's share of this corporation is 1.67% for auto liability and 1.49% of physical damage liability. A list of the other members and their share of participation is available in the TMi report, which can be obtained directly from TMi's offices.

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments is only reported in governmental fund types if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has the following encumbrances outstanding at year-end, relating to funds on hand:

Major Funds \$ 1,522,412 Nonmajor Funds 642,712

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Health Insurance Plan

Plan description. The City's defined benefit healthcare OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the City. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the City council. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements and state that eligible retirees and their spouses be at established contribution rates. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits provided. The City makes the same monthly health insurance contribution on behalf of the retiree as it makes on behalf of all other active employees during that year. The City contributes 100% and 100% of the current year premiums for a family and a single plan, respectively, for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. Fire and police plan members receiving benefits contribute 0% and 0% of their premium costs for a family plan and a single plan, respectively. All others pay 100% of their premiums.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	
payments	197
Active plan members	311
Total	508

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$92,853,543 was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% Salary increases 3.0%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.50% decreasing by 0.50% per year down to 6.50%, then

by 0.10% per year down to 5.0%, and level thereafter

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Fire and police members 0%. All others 100%

Discount rate 4.0%

The discount rate was based on upon all years of projected payments discounted at the municipal bond rate of 4.0% per the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Go Index.

Mortality rates were based on the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2012-2014.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB	
	Liability	
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 98,007,600	
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	2,015,681	
Interest	3,395,010	
Changes in assumptions	(6,534,464)	
Benefit payments	(4,030,284)	
Net changes	(5,154,057)	
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 92,853,543	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.0 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.0%)	(4.0%)	(5.0%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 106,565,127	\$ 92,853,543	\$ 81,653,519

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent decreasing to 4.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent decreasing to 6.0 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease (6.5%	Trend Rates (7.5%	1% Increase (8.5%
	Decreasing to 4.0%)	Decreasing to 5.0%)	Decreasing to 6.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 80,398,299	\$ 92,853,543	\$ 108,147,103

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$4,321,614.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (cont.)

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 d Outflows sources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	5,445,387
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,659,783	 _
Totals	\$ 2,659,783	\$ 5,445,387

Deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB Liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows

Year Ended December 31:	_	of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (net)	
2020	;	\$	(1,089,077)
2021			(1,089,077)
2022			(1,089,077)
2023			(1,089,077)
2024			(1,089,079)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF)

Plan description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (cont.)

Benefits provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contribution based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2019 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contributions
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Employee Contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Employee Contribution

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates For

Attained Age	<u>Basic</u>
Under 30	\$0.05
30-34	0.06
34-39	0.07
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.12
50-54	0.22
55-59	0.39
60-64	0.49
65-69	0.57

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$8,551 in contributions from the City and CDA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2019, the City and CDA reported a liability of \$1,145,336 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City and CDA's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City and CDA's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the City and CDA's proportion was 0.44382573%, which was a decrease of 0.02693632% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City and CDA recognized OPEB expense of \$103,688.

At December 31, 2019, the City and CDA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 58,103
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPE plan investments	В	109,284	248,263
Changes of assumptions		27,372	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	69,564
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		10,799	
Total	\$	147,455	\$ 375,930

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (cont.)

\$10,799 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (net)
2020	\$ (33,971)
2021	(33,971)
2022	(33,971)
2023	(37,815)
2024	(41,775)
Thereafter	(57,771)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2018
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability:	December 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:	4.10%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	5.00%
Discount Rate:	4.22%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.00%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (cont.)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2018

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
US Government Bonds US Credit Bonds	Barclays Government	1% 40	1.44% 2.69
00 0.04.1.20.1.40	Barclays Credit	· -	3.01
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	4	
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	54	2.25
US Municipal Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays Muni	1	1.68
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate	e of Return		5.00

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 4.22% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (cont.)

Sensitivity of the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.22 percent, as well as what the City and CDA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.22 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.22 percent) than the current rate:

	Dis	Decrease scount Rate (3.22%)	rent Discount ate (4.22%)	Disco	crease to unt Rate 22%)
City and CDA's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,629,151	\$ 1,145,336	\$	771,977

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

E. BOND COVENANT DISCLOSURES

Debt Coverage

The revenue bond resolutions require revenue less operating expenses excluding depreciation and tax equivalent (defined net earnings) to exceed 1.25 times in the water and stormwater utilities the corresponding principal and interest. The Clean Water Fund revenue bonds require revenue less operating expenses excluding depreciation to exceed 1.10 times in the sewer utility the corresponding principal and interest.

	_W	/ater – 2019	Se	ewer – 2019	St —	ormwater – 2019
Operating revenues Investment income Operating expenses excluding depreciation	\$	5,888,465 138,611 (2,556,570)	\$	7,985,607 244,304 (6,420,497)	\$	1,126,622 18,698 (764,312)
Defined Earnings	<u>\$</u>	3,470,506	\$	1,809,414	\$	381,008
Annual debt service on revenue bonds Coverage factor	\$	2,351,287 x 1.25	\$	470,337 x 1.10	\$	103,425 x 1.25
Required Net Earnings	\$	2,939,108	\$	517,371	\$	129,281

F. TAX ABATEMENT

Tax abatements are a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

F. TAX ABATEMENT (cont.)

The City, through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) Nos. 6, 10 and 11, has entered into tax abatement agreements with developers in the form of tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans. The developers pay property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreements, are entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid.

Agreement Description	Calculation Method	Developer Commitment	2019	9 Payments
TIF 6	35%	Construction of improvements	\$	32,855
TIF 10	20%	Construction of improvements		54,062
TIF 10	35%	Construction of improvements		393,119
TIF 10	35%	Construction of improvements		44,787
TIF 10	35%	Construction of improvements		44,106
TIF 10	35%	Construction of improvements		171,494
TIF 10	25%	Construction of improvements		15,904
TIF 11	25%	Construction of improvements		38,498

G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 30, 2020, the City issued General Obligation Promissory Notes in the amount of \$1,780,000. The amount will be used to finance projects in the City's Capital Improvement Program.

On April 30, 2020, the City issued General Obligation Corporate Bonds in the amount of \$3,580,000. The amount will be used to finance projects in the City's Capital Improvement Program.

On April 30, 2020, the City issued Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$2,165,000. The amount will be used to refinance the 2009 Revenue Bonds.

H. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- > Statement No. 87, Leases
- > Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- > Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- > Statement No. 92, Omnibus
- > Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- > Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

The statements listed above through Statement No. 93 had their required effective dates postponed by one year with the issuance of Statement No. 95, *Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Gui*dance, with the exception of Statement No. 87, which was postponed by one and a half years.

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		riginal and inal Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
TAXES	Φ.	7 050 570	Φ.	7.050.000	Φ.	0.000	
Current levy Mobile home taxes	\$	7,850,573 16,800	\$	7,852,636 18,198	\$	2,063 1,398	
Payment in lieu of taxes - housing authority		10,000		22,547		22,547	
Motel tax		185,000		206,697		21,697	
Total Taxes		8,052,373	_	8,100,078		47,705	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL							
Shared aidable revenue		16,155,600		16,152,936		(2,664)	
Fire distribution fee		72,000		75,120		3,120	
Expenditure restraint payment		661,000		659,106		(1,894)	
State highway aids		1,565,000		1,506,746		(58,254)	
State aid - connecting streets		265,775		265,593		(182)	
Motor vehicle registration		545,000		561,719		16,719	
Municipal service payment		17,000		16,671		(329)	
Computer exemption aid		119,505		118,834		(671)	
Other state payments		180,983		180,983			
Total Intergovernmental Revenues		19,581,863	_	19,537,708		(44,155)	
LICENSES AND PERMITS Licenses							
Liquor - malt permits		68,225		80,093		11,868	
Cable TV		405,000		400,751		(4,249)	
Other licenses		37,600		36,739		(861)	
Total Licenses		510,825		517,583		6,758	
Permits						·	
Construction permits		204,700		255,361		50,661	
Other permits		78,010		39,093		(38,917)	
Underground storage tank inspection		2,600		6,257		3,657	
Total Permits		285,310	_	300,711		15,401	
Total Licenses and Permits		796,135		818,294		22,159	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES						
Municipal court costs	\$	125,000	\$	121,550	\$	(3,450)
Nontraffic fines		260,000		252,011		(7,989)
Traffic fines		145,000		146,854		1,854
Parking fines		200,000		121,394		(78,606)
Penalties on taxes		100,000		102,012		2,012
Other		65,240		54,348		(10,892)
Total Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		895,240		798,169		(97,071)
FEES AND SERVICE CHARGES						
Animal shelter		9,700		11,578		1,878
Recreation						
Other recreation		180,537		177,474		(3,063)
Telfer Park and Rivercenter		135,979		152,456		16,477
Swimming pool		69,472		72,769		3,297
Total Recreation		385,988		402,699		16,711
Other General Revenue						
Fire inspection fees		137,390		134,003		(3,387)
Property transfer certificates		15,450		28,891		13,441
In-house fees		37,450		37,648		198
Hazardous material response		16,000		46,340		30,340
Donations and miscellaneous		159,250		74,622		(84,628)
Nutrition coordinator		16,868		10,975		(5,893)
Recoveries from city		50,000		2,762		(47,238)
Miscellaneous police revenues		96,000		96,272		272
Total Other General Revenue		528,408		431,513		(96,895)
Total Fees and Service Charges		924,096		845,790		(78,306)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
RENT	\$ 48,666	\$ 77,441	\$ 28,775
INVESTMENT INCOME	697,958	604,316	(93,642)
OTHER	48,881	41,876	(7,005)
Total Revenues	31,045,212	30,823,672	(221,540)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Sale of city property Transfers in - tax equivalent Transfers in - operating Total Other Financing Sources	103,000 840,000 - 943,000	2,786 815,064 1,475,414 2,293,264	(100,214) (24,936) 1,475,414 1,350,264
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 31,988,212	\$ 33,116,936	\$ 1,128,724

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

CURRENT EXPENDITURES		Original and Final Budget Actual				Variance with Final Budget	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT							
City Council, Manager, Attorney							
Council	\$	50,653	\$	51,217	\$	(564)	
City manager		369,805		367,092		2,713	
City attorney		715,802		619,148		96,654	
Total City Council, Manager							
and Attorney		1,136,260		1,037,457		98,803	
Finance and Administrative Services							
Personnel and labor relations		185,188		126,295		58,893	
Municipal court		374,242		321,502		52,740	
Computer information systems		710,152		614,507		95,645	
Records and elections		344,459		338,919		5,540	
Property appraisal		183,715		118,115		65,600	
Accounting		290,667		296,930		(6,263)	
Financial management		230,250		212,657		17,593	
Licenses and permits		870,579		70,576		800,003	
Insurance		319,503		319,502		1	
City hall operation		110		_		110	
Total Finance and Administrative							
Services		3,508,865		2,419,003		1,089,862	
Total General Government	_	4,645,125		3,456,460		1,188,665	
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT							
City planning		735,031		742,235		(7,204)	
Economic development		291,356		296,058		(4,702)	
Code enforcement		332,897		334,999		(2,102)	
Total Community Development		1,359,284		1,373,292		(14,008)	
PUBLIC SAFETY							
Police Department							
Staff services		12,024,827		11,960,824		64,003	
Total Police Department		12,024,827		11,960,824		64,003	
Fire Department							
Staff services		615,850		554,895		60,955	
Inspection and prevention		333,208		323,242		9,966	
Fire fighting and rescue		7,023,993		7,100,655		(76,662)	
Total Fire Department		7,973,051		7,978,792		(5,741)	
Total Public Safety		19,997,878		19,939,616		58,262	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

CURRENT EXPENDITURES (cont.)	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
PUBLIC WORKS				
DPW engineering				
DPW administration and engineering	\$ 644,109	<u>\$ 593,403</u>	\$ 50,706	
Total DPW engineering	644,109	593,403	50,706	
DPW operations				
Streets and sanitation	2,440,343	2,291,350	148,993	
Central stores	53,773	44,935	8,838	
Total DPW operations	2,494,116	2,336,285	157,831	
DPW parks and recreation				
Parks	1,455,833	1,338,985	116,848	
Recreation	407,813	368,275	39,538	
Edwards pavilion	219,267	210,061	9,206	
Senior center	170,052	167,822	2,230	
Rotary river center	15,286	14,615	671	
Swimming pools	179,441	164,387	15,054	
Big Hill park	37,019	26,201	10,818	
Buildings and grounds operations	294,979	273,226	21,753	
Ice Arena	30,250	15,339	14,911	
Other summer recreation	37,760	36,739	1,021	
Total DPW parks and recreation	2,847,700	2,615,650	232,050	
Total Public Works	5,985,925	5,545,338	440,587	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 31,988,212	\$ 30,314,706	\$ 1,673,506	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 10 (MAJOR FUND)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	riginal and nal Budget	 Actual	\	/ariance
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 4,072,272	\$ 4,285,418	\$	213,146
Intergovernmental	235,839	236,558		719
Investment income	33,000	60,367		27,367
Other	 15,774	 27,103		11,329
Total Revenues	 4,356,885	 4,609,446		252,561
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay	1,002,529	1,019,800		(17,271)
Debt Service				,
Principal retirement	1,750,000	1,750,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 293,865	293,865		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	 3,046,394	 3,063,665		(17,271)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,310,491	 1,545,781		235,290
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(187,453)	(184,077)		3,376
Total Other Financing Uses	(187,453)	(184,077)		3,376
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,123,038	1,361,704		238,666
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	 1,923,105	 1,923,105		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3,046,143	\$ 3,284,809	\$	238,666

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/19	0.21056771%	\$ 7,492,616	\$ 23,121,668	32.41%	96.45%
12/31/18	0.20968095%	(6,226,069)	22,564,747	27.59%	102.93%
12/31/17	0.21275916%	1,753,645	22,815,405	7.69%	99.12%
12/31/16	0.21368493%	3,472,339	22,979,036	15.10%	98.20%
12/31/15	0.21355431%	(5,245,478)	23,533,359	22.29%	102.74%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	ontractually Required ontributions	R (ontributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	••		00.0.00	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31/19 12/31/18 12/31/17 12/31/16 12/31/15	\$ 2,331,042 2,338,585 2,293,274 2,042,843 2,006,238	\$	2,331,042 2,338,585 2,293,274 2,042,843 2,006,238	\$	- - - -		\$	23,173,688 22,349,799 21,484,613 22,815,405 22,979,036	10.06% 10.46% 10.67% 8.94% 8.73%	

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET LIFE INSURANCE OPEB LIABILITY LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
12/31/19	0.44382573%	\$ 1,145,336	\$ 21,861,710	5.22%	48.69%
12/31/18	0.47076205%	1,416,337	19,797,059	7.15%	44.81%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND* For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Fiscal Year Ending	Re	tractually equired tributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Pavroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Pavroll	
12/31/19 12/31/18	\$	10,799 10,353	\$	10,799 10,353	\$	-	\$	22,922,945 22,928,622	0.05% 0.05%	

^{*}Note: These schedules are intended to show information for ten years; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS HEALTH INSURANCE December 31, 2019

Total OPEB Liability	2019	•	2018
Service cost	\$ 2,015,681	\$	2,015,681
Interest	3,395,010		3,315,958
Changes of benefit terms	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		-
Changes of assumptions	(6,534,464)		-
Benefit payments	 (4,030,284)		(2,115,684)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(5,154,057)		3,215,955
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 98,007,600		94,791,645
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 92,853,543	\$	98,007,600
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 20,585,113	\$	20,585,113
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	451.07%		476.11%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. There were no changes to the benefits.

Changes in assumptions: The discount rate was changed to 4.0% to be reflective of a 20 year AA municipal bond rate.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, 2017.

Methods and assumptions used to determine the total OPEB liability:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of salary)

Amortization method Average of expected remaining service lives

Amortization period 6 years
Asset valuation method Market Value
Inflation 2.50 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.50 percent initial, decreasing by .50 percent per year to 6.50%

and than .10 percent per year down to 5.0 percent, and level thereafter

Salary increases 3 percent average

Investment rate of return N/A

Retirement age

Based upon rates from the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation for the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Mortality Assumed life expectancies were based on the Wisconsin

2012 Mortality Table

The city implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund.

All City departments are required to submit their annual budget requests for the ensuing year to the City manager by August 25. The Department of Finance, acting as staff for the City manager, reviews the requests in detail with the departments during August, September, and October. After all of the requests have been reviewed, the City manager submits the proposed budget to the City council. The City's ordinances require that this be done on or before October 15.

All adopted budgets for the governmental funds are prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. All adopted budgets for proprietary funds are prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting, except for the treatment of depreciation and capital outlays. For budget purposes, capital outlays are included as expenditures whereas for accounting purposes, depreciation is included as an expense.

The legal level of control for each budget is by department, as defined. Once the budget is adopted, transfers of appropriations among departments require approval by the City council and are permitted at any time during the year. Supplemental appropriations for the purpose of public emergencies may be made from unanticipated revenues received or surplus, as defined, by resolution adopted by a vote by the City council.

Every appropriation lapses at December 31, to the extent that it has not been expended, encumbered or administratively carried over to the next year. Operating account appropriations which are administratively carried forward are reviewed and approved by the City council. An appropriation for a capital expenditure or a major repair continues in force until the purpose for which it was made has been accomplished or abandoned. There were no carryovers to 2020. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

The budgeted amounts are as originally adopted by the City council. The City manager may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action.

FUNDING PROGRESS DATA

Data in the schedule of funding progress was taken from the reports issued by the actuary.

WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The City is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented. The additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in Assumptions. Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 – 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Total Pension Liability changed, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

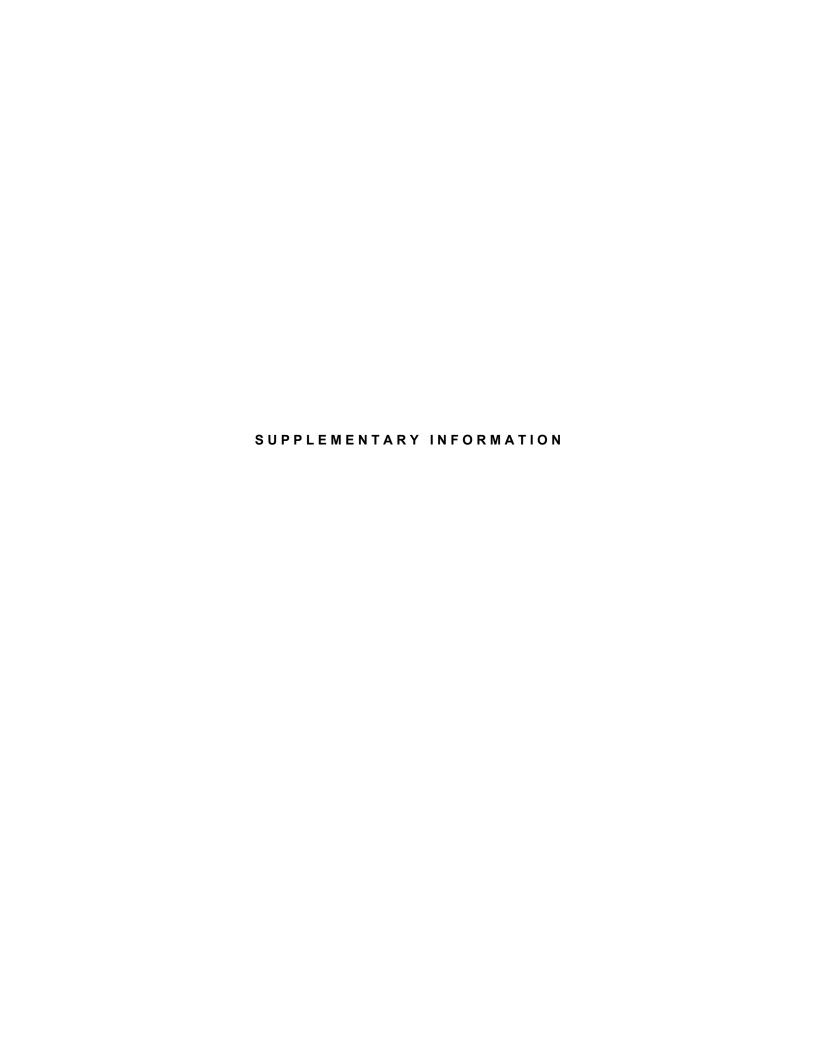
LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The City is required to present the last ten years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in Benefits: There were no change of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes in Assumptions: Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 – 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop Total OPEB Liability changed, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2019

				Spec	cial Rev	enue Fun	ds			
	Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME)			Community evelopment lock Grant	TIF District No. 6		TIF District No. 8		Т	TF District No. 9
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	189,093	\$	142,128	\$	_	\$	344.565	\$	9,415
Receivables	•	,	•	,	*		*	,	•	,
Taxes		-		120		-		404,657		165,938
Accounts (net) Loans		835,736		1,619,142		-		-		32,962
Accrued interest		-		-		_		-		-
Land contract		-		-		-		1,377,793		-
Due from other governmental units		6,903		235,120		-		-		-
Due from component unit		-		-		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		<u>-</u>					-			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,031,732	\$	1,996,510	\$		\$	2,127,015	\$	208,315
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	21,564	\$	70,592	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=
Due to other funds Advances from other funds		-		-		-		1,083,738		803,875
Total Liabilities		21,564	_	70,592	-			1,083,738	_	803,875
Total Elabilities	-	21,004		10,002				1,000,700	_	000,070
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property tax levied for next period		925 726		1 610 110		-		404,657		165,938
Unavailable revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		835,736 835,736	_	1,619,142 1,619,142			_	1,377,793	_	165,938
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		655,750	_	1,019,142				1,702,430	_	100,930
Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Restricted		174,432		306,776		-		-		-
Assigned Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		(739,173)		- (761,498)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		174,432		306,776			-	(739,173)		(761,498)
. Starr and Balanoso (Bollolo)										, , , , , , , ,
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND										
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	1,031,732	\$	1,996,510	\$		\$	2,127,015	\$	208,315

	District	TI	IF District No. 12	_	TIF District No. 13	Т	TF District No. 14	_	Fire Multi-Year Grants	_	DPW Multi-Year Grants		community evelopment		Library
\$	78,633	\$	303,592	\$	-	\$	147,101	\$	4,108	\$	262,168	\$	221,998	\$	516,492
	207,010		37,403 30,274		774,018		80,094		-		26,000		-		1,780,87 2,02
	-				-		-		- -		-		41,557		2,020
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		71,240 - -		146,050 142,127		2,128
	285,643	\$	371,269	\$	774,018	\$	227,195	\$	4,108	\$	359,408	\$	551,732	\$	2,301,51
6	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	95,877 670,723	\$	- -	\$	1,653	\$	3 2,697	\$	1,182 282,711	\$	34,10
				_	315,931 1,082,531			_	1,653		2,697		283,893	_	34,10
		_			1,002,001			_	1,000	_	2,007	_	200,000		34,10
	207,010		37,403		774,018 -		80,094		-		26,000		- 41,557		1,780,877
	207,010		37,403	_	774,018		80,094	_		_	26,000	_	41,557	_	1,780,877
	78,633		333,866		-		147,101		2,455		330,711		226,282		486,533
	-		-		(1,082,531)		-		-		-		-		
	78,633		333,866		(1,082,531)		147,101	_	2,455	_	330,711	_	226,282	_	486,533
;	285,643	\$	371,269	\$	774,018	\$	227,195	\$	4,108	\$	359,408	\$	551,732	\$	2,301,517

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (cont.) As of December 31, 2019

		Spe	cial I	Revenue F	unds	 Capital Pro	ojects	s Funds		Total
		Police	Sc	olid Waste	Perpetual Care	Computer placement		Equipment eplacement		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	48,795	\$ 2,320,660	\$ 207,427	\$	2,550,618	\$	7,346,793
Receivables										
Taxes		130,000		7,164	-	-		-		3,613,161
Accounts (net)		12,819		460,784	-	-		-		538,979
Loans		-		-	-	-		-		2,496,435
Accrued interest		-		-	21,830	-		17,658		39,488
Land contract		-		-	-	-		-		1,377,793
Due from other governmental units		79,409		-	-	-		-		540,850
Due from component unit		-		-	-	-		-		142,127
Advances to other funds	_					 <u> </u>	_	3,181,371		3,181,371
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	222,228	\$	516,743	\$ 2,342,490	\$ 207,427	\$	5,749,647	\$	19,276,997
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	12,670	\$	52,216	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	292,558
Due to other funds		150,727		-	-	-		-		1,104,161
Advances from other funds										2,203,544
Total Liabilities	_	163,397		52,216		 	_		-	3,600,263
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property tax levied for next period		130,000		-	-	-		-		3,605,997
Unavailable revenue				-	21,830	_		4,055		3,900,113
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	130,000			21,830	 	_	4,055	-	7,506,110
Fund Balances (Deficits)				404 507	0.000.000					4 074 070
Restricted		-		464,527	2,320,660	-		- 745 500		4,871,976
Assigned		(71,169)		-	-	207,427		5,745,592		5,953,019 (2,654,371)
Unassigned (deficit)				464 F07	2 220 660	 207 427		E 74E E00		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	(71,169)	_	464,527	2,320,660	207,427		5,745,592	-	8,170,624
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND										
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	222,228	\$	516,743	\$ 2,342,490	\$ 207,427	\$	5,749,647	\$	19,276,997

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Rental Rehab (WRRP/HOME)	Community Development Block Grant	TIF District No. 6	TIF District No. 8	TIF District No. 9								
REVENUES	Φ.	¢.	ф 000 F00	ф 440.400	ф 4 7 4.040								
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ - 18,368	\$ - 844,005	\$ 886,503 474,526	\$ 413,469 2,487	\$ 171,018 4,681								
Licenses and permits	-	-		2,407	-,001								
Fees and service charges	-	-	-	-	-								
Investment income (loss)	13,516	19,863	21,699	61,340	7,892								
Public charges for services	67 200	204.027	-	- 0.504	32,962								
Other	67,200 99,084	324,837 1,188,705	1,382,728	9,504 486,800	216,553								
Total Revenues	99,004	1,100,705	1,302,720	400,000	210,000								
EXPENDITURES													
Current													
Community development	210,104	1,110,373	2,483,001	-	-								
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-								
Public works Parks, recreation, and education	_	_	_	_	_								
Capital Outlay	_	-	43,555	3,630	150								
Debt Service			,	-,									
Principal retirement	-	-	147,455	-	-								
Interest and fiscal charges			19,173										
Total Expenditures	210,104	1,110,373	2,693,184	3,630	150								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over													
(under) expenditures	(111,020)	78,332	(1,310,456)	483,170	216,403								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Sale of city property	-	-	-	59,877	-								
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	(1,582,104)	- (213,481)	950,000 (20,200)								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(1,582,104)	(153,604)	929,800								
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)			(1,002,101)	(100,001)	020,000								
Net Change in Fund Balances	(111,020)	78,332	(2,892,560)	329,566	1,146,203								
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning													
of Year	285,452	228,444	2,892,560	(1,068,739)	(1,907,701)								
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -													
END OF YEAR	\$ 174,432	\$ 306,776	\$ -	\$ (739,173)	\$ (761,498)								

					Spec	ial Revenue Fu	nds		
Т	IF District No. 11	Т	IF District No. 12	TIF District No. 13	TIF District	Fire Multi-Year Grants	DPW Multi-Year Grants	Community Development	Library
\$	218,735 3,714	\$	40,835 512	\$ 629,098 11,537	\$ 66,360 6,366	\$ - 270	\$ 26,000 223,335 21,034	\$ - 150,044 -	\$ 1,780,895 303,891
	- 16,981 -		5,325 30,274	(10,857) -	2,558 -	- 114 -	- 148 -	1,585 -	22,425 3,130 91,176
	239,430		76,946	15,636 645,414	75,284	50 434	17,288 287,805	24,210 175,839	42,235 2,243,752
	-		-	-	-	- 7,463	-	157,393	-
	-		-	-	-		300,019	-	<u> </u>
	55,225		150	798,484	41,023	9,986	-	-	2,224,300 11,928
	-		-	75,000 25,816	-	-	-	-	-
	55,225		150	899,300	41,023	17,449	300,019	157,393	2,236,228
	184,205		76,796	(253,886)	34,261	(17,015)	(12,214)	18,446	7,524
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(953,375)		(63,283)	(94,388)	-	-	-	-	-
	(953,375)		(63,283)	(94,388)					
	(769,170)		13,513	(348,274)	34,261	(17,015)	(12,214)	18,446	7,524
	847,803		320,353	(734,257)	112,840	19,470	342,925	207,836	479,009
\$	78,633	\$	333,866	\$ (1,082,531)	\$ 147,101	\$ 2,455	\$ 330,711	\$ 226,282	\$ 486,533

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (cont.) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Sp	ecial Revenue	Funds	Capital Pro	ojects Funds	Total
	Police	Solid Waste	Perpetual Care	Computer Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 130,000		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,385,544
Intergovernmental	342,604		-	-	-	2,523,814
Licenses and permits	-	35,587	-	-	-	56,621
Fees and service charges	-	-	-	-	-	22,425
Investment income (loss)	393		321	3,529	158,814	306,351
Public charges for services	240,464	, ,	57,609	-	- 4 404 054	2,954,676
Other	4,000			536	1,134,854	1,640,350
Total Revenues	717,461	2,697,883	57,930	4,065	1,293,668	11,889,781
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	3,960,871
Public safety	687,927	-	-	-	-	695,390
Public works	-	2,696,638	-	-	-	2,996,657
Parks, recreation, and education	-	-	-	-	-	2,224,300
Capital Outlay	39,201	-	-	-	539,665	1,542,997
Debt Service						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	222,455
Interest and fiscal charges						44,989
Total Expenditures	727,128	2,696,638			539,665	11,687,659
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(9,667) 1,245	57,930	4,065	754,003	202,122
, , ,	_					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of city property	-	882	-	-	46,800	107,559
Transfers in	-	- (1-0)	-	-	75,170	1,025,170
Transfers out		(75,170)				(3,002,001)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(74,288)			121,970	(1,869,272)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(9,667) (73,043)	57,930	4,065	875,973	(1,667,150)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - Beginning of Year	(61,502) 537,570	2,262,730	203,362	4,869,619	9,837,774
or rear	(01,002	331,370	2,202,130	203,302	4,009,019	5,031,114
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -						
END OF YEAR	\$ (71,169) \$ 464,527	\$ 2,320,660	\$ 207,427	\$ 5,745,592	\$ 8,170,624

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND (MAJOR FUND) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget Actual					Variance
REVENUES	Φ	F 050 000	Φ	F 050 050	Φ	50
Taxes	\$	5,250,000	\$	5,250,052 834	\$	52 834
Investment income	-					
Total Revenues		5,250,000		5,250,886	_	886
EXPENDITURES Debt Service						
Principal retirement		4,642,989		4,642,989		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,357,255		1,366,480		(9,225)
Total Expenditures		6,000,244		6,009,469		(9,225)
Deficiency of Revenues Under						
Expenditures		(750,244)		(758,583)		(8,339)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Debt premium				172,898		172,898
Transfers in		750,244		685,494		(64,750)
Total Other Financing Sources	_	750,244	_	858,392	_	108,148
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		99,809		99,809
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		1,156,020		1,156,020	_	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,156,020	\$	1,255,829	\$	99,809

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND (MAJOR FUND) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		riginal and nal Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES	Φ.	0.007.407	Φ.		Φ.	(0.007.407)
Intergovernmental	\$	2,887,497	\$	-	\$	(2,887,497)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		42,000 245,000		41,400 445,809		(600) 200,809
Special assessments Investment income		145,300		162,607		17,307
Other		275,000		47,553		(227,447)
Total Revenues		3,594,797	_	697,369	_	(2,897,428)
Total Nevertues		0,004,707	_	007,000	_	(2,007,420)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		11,868,871		6,337,586		5,531,285
Debt service		, 000, 07 .		0,007,000		0,001,200
Interest and fiscal charges		134,800		152,381		(17,581)
Total Expenditures		12,003,671		6,489,967		5,513,704
		, ,				
Deficiency of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		(8,408,874)		(5,792,598)		2,616,276
<u></u> , μ - τ - τ - τ - τ - τ - τ - τ - τ - τ -						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Debt issued		5,529,656		5,470,000		(59,656)
Debt premium		244,000		70,249		(173,751)
Transfers in		41,000		-		(41,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		5,814,656		5,540,249		(274,407)
		, ,				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,594,218)		(252,349)		2,341,869
Trot Ghange III I and Balance		(2,001,210)		(202,010)		2,011,000
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		9,562,180		9,562,180		_
I OND DALANOL - Degining		3,002,100		5,002,100		
	_		_		_	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	6,967,962	\$	9,309,831	\$	2,341,869

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - RENTAL REHAB (WRRP/HOME) FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		iginal and nal Budget	Actual			Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	195,257	\$	18,368	\$	(176,889)
Intergovernmental Investment income	Ψ	13,515	Ψ	13,516	Ψ	(170,009)
Other		66,485		67,200		715
Total Revenues		275,257		99,084		(176,173)
EXPENDITURES Current						
Community development		200,000		210,104		(10,104)
Total Expenditures		200,000		210,104	_	(10,104)
Net Change in Fund Balance		75,257		(111,020)		(186,277)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		285,452		285,452		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	360,709	\$	174,432	\$	(186,277)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES	riginal and nal Budget		Actual		Variance
Intergovernmental	\$ 822,193	\$	844,005	\$	21,812
Investment income	19,865	·	19,863		(2)
Other	 312,475		324,837		12,362
Total Revenues	 1,154,533		1,188,705		34,172
EXPENDITURES Current					
Community development	1,130,955		1,110,373		20,582
Total Expenditures	1,130,955		1,110,373	_	20,582
Net Change in Fund Balance	23,578		78,332		54,754
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	 228,444		228,444	_	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 252,022	\$	306,776	\$	54,754

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 6 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget Actual				Variance
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 854,202	\$	886,503	\$	32,301
Intergovernmental	472,624		474,526		1,902
Investment income	38,400		21,699		(16,701)
Total Revenues	 1,365,226		1,382,728		17,502
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Community development	-		2,483,001		(2,483,001)
Capital Outlay	36,928		43,555		(6,627)
Debt Service					, ,
Principal retirement	250,000		147,455		102,545
Interest and fiscal charges	5,438		19,173		(13,735)
Total Expenditures	292,366		2,693,184		(2,400,818)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	1,072,860		(1,310,456)		(2,383,316)
(andor) Exponditares	 .,,	_	(1,010,100)		(=,==,=,=,=)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	_		(1,582,104)		(1,582,104)
Total Other Financing Uses	 		(1,582,104)		(1,582,104)
Total Other Financing Oses	 <u> </u>	_	(1,362,104)	_	(1,362,104)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,072,860		(2,892,560)		(3,965,420)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	 2,892,560		2,892,560	_	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3,965,420	\$	_	\$	(3,965,420)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 8 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

DEVENUE		iginal and nal Budget		Actual		ance With al Budget
REVENUES	Φ	200 404	Φ	440 400	Φ	45.005
Taxes	\$	398,404	\$	413,469	\$	15,065
Intergovernmental		2,486		2,487		1
Investment income		57,017		61,340		4,323
Other		67,377	_	9,504		(57,873)
Total Revenues		525,284		486,800		(38,484)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		12,500		3,630		8,870
Total Expenditures		12,500		3,630		8,870
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		512,784		483,170		(29,614)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of city property		-		59,877		59,877
Transfers out		(213,481)		(213,481)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(213,481)		(153,604)		59,877
Net Change in Fund Balance		299,303		329,566		30,263
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning		(1,068,739)		(1,068,739)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	(769,436)	\$	(739,173)	\$	30,263

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 9 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		iginal and al Budget	Actual			Variance_
REVENUES	_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	164,786	\$	171,018	\$	6,232
Intergovernmental		4,669		4,681		12
Investment income		3,800 34,114		7,892 32,962		4,092
Public charges for services						(1,152)
Total Revenues		207,369		216,553		9,184
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		1,150		150		1,000
Total Expenditures		1,150		150	_	1,000
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		206,219		216,403		10,184
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		950,000		950,000
Transfers out		(20,200)		(20,200)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(20,200)		929,800		950,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		186,019		1,146,203		960,184
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning	(1,907,701)		(1,907,701)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	<u>\$ (</u>	1,721,682)	\$	(761,498)	\$	960,184

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 11 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Taxes	\$ 210,765	\$ 218,735	7,970
	2,935	3,714	7,970
Intergovernmental Investment income	•		
	14,300	16,981	2,681
Total Revenues	228,000	239,430	11,430
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	43,906	55,225	(11,319)
Total Expenditures	43,906	55,225	(11,319)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	184,094	184,205	111
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out		(953,375)	(953,375)
Total Other Financing Uses		(953,375)	(953,375)
Net Change in Fund Balance	184,094	(769,170)	(953,264)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	847,803	847,803	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,031,897	\$ 78,633	\$ (953,264)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 12 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES		ginal and al Budget		Actual	Variance	
Taxes	\$	39,547	\$	40,835	\$	1,288
Intergovernmental	Ψ	512	Ψ	512	Ψ	1,200
Investment income		4,300		5,325		1,025
Public charges for services		32,223		30,274		(1,949)
Total Revenues		76,582		76,946		364
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		64,533		150		64,383
Total Expenditures		64,533		150		64,383
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		12,049		76,796		64,747
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(63,283)		(63,283)		
Total Other Financing Uses		(63,283)		(63,283)		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		(51,234)		13,513		64,747
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		320,353		320,353		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	269,119	\$	333,866	\$	64,747

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 13 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	iginal and nal Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES			_
Taxes	\$ 606,176	\$ 629,098	\$ 22,922
Intergovernmental	11,520	11,537	17
Investment income (loss)	1,800	(10,857)	(12,657)
Other	 55,000	 15,636	 (39,364)
Total Revenues	 674,496	 645,414	 (29,082)
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	65,250	798,484	(733,234)
Debt Service			
Principal retirement	75,000	75,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	 25,816	 25,816	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	 166,066	 899,300	 (733,234)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over			
(under) Expenditures	 508,430	 (253,886)	 (762,316)
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers out	(94,388)	(94,388)	_
Total Other Financing Uses	 (94,388)	 (94,388)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	414,042	(348,274)	(762,316)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning	 (734,257)	 (734,257)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ (320,215)	\$ (1,082,531)	\$ (762,316)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TIF DISTRICT NO. 14 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

•	0	i l l				
		ginal and al Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	63,942	\$ 66,360	\$	2,418	
Intergovernmental		6,343	6,366		23	
Investment income		900	 2,558		1,658	
Total Revenues		71,185	 75,284		4,099	
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay		1,500	41,023		(39,523)	
Total Expenditures		1,500	 41,023		(39,523)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		69,685	34,261		(35,424)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		112,840	 112,840			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	182,525	\$ 147,101	\$	(35,424)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DPW MULTI-YEAR GRANTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUES		iginal and al Budget		Actual	_\	/ariance
Taxes	\$	26,000	\$	26,000	\$	_
Intergovernmental	Ψ	219,112	Ψ	223,335	Ψ	4,223
Licenses and permits		,		21,034		21,034
Investment income		_		148		148
Other		_		17,288		17,288
Total Revenues		245,112		287,805		42,693
EXPENDITURES Current						
Public works		245,112		300,019		(54,907)
Total Expenditures		245,112		300,019		(54,907)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(12,214)		(12,214)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		342,925		342,925		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	342,925	\$	330,711	\$	(12,214)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LIBRARY For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		riginal and nal Budget	Actual			Variance		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,780,895	\$	1,780,895	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		301,763		303,891		2,128		
Fees and service charges		30,000		22,425		(7,575)		
Investment income		2,200		3,130		930		
Public charges for services		216,841		91,176		(125,665)		
Other		38,200		42,235		4,035		
Total Revenues		2,369,899		2,243,752	_	(126,147)		
EXPENDITURES Current								
Parks, recreation and education		2,369,899		2,224,300		145,599		
Capital Outlay		-		11,928		(11,928)		
Total Expenditures	_	2,369,899		2,236,228		133,671		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		7,524		7,524		
FUND BALANCE - Beginning		479,009		479,009	_			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	479,009	\$	486,533	\$	7,524		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - POLICE For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget Actual					Variance		
REVENUES		<u> </u>						
Taxes	\$	130,000	\$	130,000	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		326,850		342,604		15,754		
Investment income		393		393		-		
Public charges for services		309,610		240,464		(69,146)		
Other		4,000		4,000				
Total Revenues		770,853		717,461		(53,392)		
EXPENDITURES Current								
Public safety		713,407		687,927		25,480		
Capital Outlay		-		39,201		(39,201)		
Total Expenditures		713,407		727,128		(13,721)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		57,446		(9,667)		(67,113)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - Beginning		(61,502)		(61,502)				
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	(4,056)	\$	(71,169)	\$	(67,113)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SOLID WASTE For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

DEVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES	ф	Ф 00.004	Ф 00.004		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 22,631	\$ 22,631		
Intergovernmental	137,000	137,474	474		
Licenses and permits	- 0.047.740	35,587	35,587		
Public charges for services	2,617,710	2,502,191	(115,519)		
Total Revenues	2,754,710	2,697,883	(56,827)		
EXPENDITURES Current					
Public works	2,754,710	2,696,638	58,072		
Total Expenditures	2,754,710	2,696,638	58,072		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>-</u>	1,245	1,245		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of city property	-	882	882		
Transfers out	<u>=</u> _	(75,170)	(75,170)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(74,288)	(74,288)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(73,043)	(73,043)		
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	537,570	537,570			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 537,570	\$ 464,527	\$ (73,043)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMPUTER REPLACEMENT For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ginal and al Budget	Actual	ctual Variance				
REVENUES	 						
Investment income	\$ 3,600	\$	3,529	\$	(71)		
Other	 56,400		536		(55,864)		
Total Revenues	 60,000		4,065		(55,935)		
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Outlay	 60,000				60,000		
Total Expenditures	 60,000				60,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		4,065		4,065		
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	 203,362		203,362				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 203,362	\$	207,427	\$	4,065		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES	Ф 440.440	ф 450.044	ф <u>20.000</u>		
Investment income	\$ 119,116 1,134,854	\$ 158,814 1,134,854	\$ 39,698		
Other			20.600		
Total Revenues	1,253,970	1,293,668	39,698		
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	1,000,445	539,665	460,780		
Total Expenditures	1,000,445	539,665	460,780		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	253,525	754,003	500,478		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of fixed assets	_	46,800	46,800		
Transfers in	-	75,170	75,170		
Total Other Financing Sources		121,970	121,970		
Net Change in Fund Balance	253,525	875,973	622,448		
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	4,869,619	4,869,619			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 5,123,144	\$ 5,745,592	\$ 622,448		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of December 31, 2019

	Enterprise Funds								
	 Golf						Transit		
	 Course	Ce	emeteries	Aml	bulance		System		Totals
ASSETS									
Current Assets									
Cash and investments	\$ 15,641	\$	61,396	\$	-	\$	5,461	\$	82,498
Receivables									
Taxes	50,000		-		-		560,019		610,019
Customer accounts	2,710		-		784,237		41,643		828,590
Due from other governmental units	· -		-		· -		607,079		607,079
Inventories	-		-		-		158,265		158,265
Total Current Assets	68,351		61,396		784,237		1,372,467	_	2,286,451
Noncurrent Assets									
Capital Assets									
Land	816,000		322,000		-		132,000		1,270,000
Land improvements	666,970		35,448		-		-		702,418
Buildings	280,988		120,153		-		4,522,065		4,923,206
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	64,388		43,028		-		4,697,322		4,804,738
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(985,258)		(151,173)		-		(4,673,297)		(5,809,728)
Total Capital Assets, Net	843,088		369,456		-		4,678,090		5,890,634
Total Noncurrent Assets	 843,088		369,456				4,678,090		5,890,634
Total Assets	911,439		430,852		784,237		6,050,557		8,177,085
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 								
Unamortized loss on advance refunding							730		730
Pension related amounts	94,525		14,210		975,710		646,340		1,730,785
OPEB related amounts - heath	331		14,210		239		4,590		5,160
	1,427		-		2,216		9,737		13,380
OPEB related amounts - life	 		44.040						
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 96,283		14,210		978,165		661,397		1,750,055
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable	6,287		1,642		23,491		22,869		54,289
Accrued liabilities	-		-		-		1,321		1,321
Due to other funds	-		-		160,085		1,031,697		1,191,782
Compensated absences	11,414		2,961		56,247		79,388		150,010
Current maturities of									
general obligation debt	5,000		11,028		-		37,264		53,292
Other current liabilities	 4,502					_	_	_	4,502
Total Current Liabilities	 27,203		15,631		239,823		1,172,539	_	1,455,196
Noncurrent Liabilities									
General obligation debt	5,000		88,255		-		236,429		329,684
Compensated absences	19,596		4,539		-		8,232		32,367
OPEB liability - health	2,619		-		3,396		31,089		37,104
Net OPEB liability - life	11,063		-		17,147		74,563		102,773
Advances from other funds	968,998		206,177		-		333,725		1,508,900
Net pension liability	 19,928		4,905		395,343		217,289		637,465
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,027,204		303,876		415,886	_	901,327	_	2,648,293

Enterprise Funds										
	Golf Course		Cemeteries Ambuland			mbulance	Transit ce System			Totals
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Property tax levied for next period	\$	50,356	\$	-	\$	-	\$	559,751	\$	610,107
Pension related amounts		45,108		7,203		486,651		318,946		857,908
OPEB related amounts - heath		154		-		199		1,824		2,177
OPEB related amounts - life		3,629		<u>-</u>		5,629		24,474		33,732
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		99,247		7,203		492,479		904,995		1,503,924
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)										
Net investment in capital assets		843,088		365,173		-		4,405,127		5,613,388
Unrestricted (deficit)		(989,020)		(246,821)		614,214		(672,034)	_	(1,293,661)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$	(145,932)	\$	118,352	\$	614,214	\$	3,733,093	\$	4,319,727

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Enterprise Funds									
		Golf		•				Transit		
		Course	Ce	emeteries	Α	mbulance	System			Totals
OPERATING REVENUES									_	
Charges for services	\$	395,696	\$	166,214	\$	1,215,904	\$	128,304	\$	1,906,118
Other		924		7,371		-		67,696		75,991
Total Operating Revenues		396,620		173,585		1,215,904		196,000	_	1,982,109
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Operation and maintenance		405,342		238,456		1,484,114		1,947,258		4,075,170
Contractual services		-		-		-		126,752		126,752
Depreciation		8,351		2,017			_	269,420		279,788
Total Operating Expenses		413,693		240,473	_	1,484,114	_	2,343,430	_	4,481,710
Operating Income (Loss)		(17,073)		(66,888)	_	(268,210)		(2,147,430)	_	(2,499,601)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		1,169,143		1,169,143
Investment income (loss)		81		118,227		(201)		(1,670)		116,437
Interest expense		(196)		(3,973)		-		(2,779)		(6,948)
General property taxes		50,000		-			_	560,019		610,019
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	49,885		114,254		(201)	_	1,724,713	_	1,888,651
Income (loss) before contributions		32,812		47,366		(268,411)		(422,717)		(610,950)
Capital contributions								319,400		319,400
Change in Net Position		32,812		47,366		(268,411)		(103,317)		(291,550)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - Beginning		(178,744)		70,986		882,625		3,836,410		4,611,277
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	(145,932)	\$	118,352	\$	614,214	\$	3,733,093	\$	4,319,727

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Enter	prise	e F	unds				
		Golf Course		Cemeteries			Ambulance		Transit System		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from customers Paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$	402,833 (242,394)	\$		35	\$	1,288,082 (287,220)	\$	245,854 (1,108,623)	\$	2,110,354 (1,769,979)
Payments to employees for services		(152,932)	_	(104,22	_		(1,064,968)	_	(923,635)	_	(2,245,760)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		7,507	_	(62,38	<u>32</u>)	_	(64,106)	_	(1,786,404)	_	(1,905,385)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Operating grants received		-			-		-		1,222,108		1,222,108
Property taxes received Noncapital interfund/advance repayment		50,000 (37,501)		(40,87	- 72)		-		560,019		610,019 (78,373)
Noncapital interfund/advance		(07,001)		(40,0	<u>-</u>		64,307		38,608		102,915
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital											
Financing Activities		12,499	_	(40,87	⁷ 2)		64,307		1,820,735		1,856,669
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Debt retired		(5,000)		(11,00			-		(31,881)		(47,881)
Interest paid Proceeds from issuance of new debt		(196)		(3,97	(3)		-		(4,424) 95,000		(8,593) 95,000
Debt issuance costs		_			_		-		1,918		1,918
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-			-		-		(407,573)		(407,573)
Construction grants received		<u> </u>			_		<u>-</u>		319,400	_	319,400
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(5,196)		(14,97	73)		_		(27,560)		(47,729)
Č		(0,:00)	_	(1.1,0	<u> </u>	_		_	(2.,000)	_	(11,120)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		81		118,22	7		(201)		(1,670)		116,437
Investment income (loss) Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	81	_	118,22	_	_	(201)	_	(1,670)	_	116,437
				,	_		(=+-)		(1,51.5)		,
Net Increase in Cash and		44.004							5 404		40.000
Cash Equivalents		14,891			-		-		5,101		19,992
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning		750	_	61,39	96		<u>-</u>	_	360		62,506
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	15,641	\$	61,39	96	\$	-	\$	5,461	\$	82,498
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(17,073)	\$	(66,88	38)	\$	(268,210)	\$	(2,147,430)	\$	(2,499,601)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	·			•	•		, ,		,		
Depreciation expense Change in noncash Components of Working Capital		8,351		2,0	17		-		269,420		279,788
Accounts receivable		1,300			-		66,765		25,340		93,405
Accounts payable		4,792			12		13,316		(13,328)		5,522
Other current liabilities OPEB related deferrals and liabilities		1,648 7,006		(5	91)		(362) 1,498		(1,347) 8,394		(152) 16,898
Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities		1,483	_	1,83	38		122,887		72,547		198,755
NET OAGUELOWO FROM											
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	7,507	\$	(62,38	32)	\$	(64,106)	\$	(1,786,404)	\$	(1,905,385)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS											
Cash and investments - statement of net position	\$	15,641	\$	61,39	96	\$		\$	5,461	\$	82,498
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	15,641	\$	61,39	96	\$	_	\$	5,461	\$	82,498

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITY

None

ENTERPRISE FUND - BELOIT MASS TRANSIT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - REGULATORY BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REVENUE		2019
VEACIAGE		
401 - Passenger fares for transit service	\$	128,304
407 - Non-transportation revenue	*	,
Advertising		24,726
Investment Income		(1,670)
Rental Income		41,656
Charter and miscellaneous		1,314 '
409 - Local operating assistance - city levy		560,019
409 - Local operating assistance - inter-government		94,551
411 - State operating assistance		447,651
State paratransit grant		19,593
413 - Federal operating assistance		607,979
Capital contributions		
Total Revenue		1,924,123
EXPENSES - BY OBJECT CLASS TOTAL		
501 - Labor		923,635
502 - Fringe benefits		746,576
503 - Services		54,950
504 - Materials and supplies		202,360
505 - Utilities		68,669
506 - Casualty and liability costs		40,784
508 - Purchased transportation services		32,122
509 - Miscellaneous		4,914
509 - Interest expense		2,779
513 - Depreciation		269,420
Total Expenses		2,346,209
EXCESS EXPENSES OVER REVENUES		
FOR THE YEAR	\$	(422,086)

^{*} Contra expense for state subsidy purposes.

ENTERPRISE FUND - BELOIT MASS TRANSIT RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES TO WISDOT AND FEDERAL RECOGNIZED REVENUES AND EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		(Per WisDOT Guidelines	Per Federal Guidelines
Beloit Revenues		\$	1,924,123	\$ 1,924,123
Less Unrecognized Revenues Advertising Revenue Charter Revenue Investment income Rental income Local Operating Assistance State Operating Assistance Federal Operating Assistance Capital Contributions	1		1,314 (1,670) 41,656 654,570 467,244 607,979	24,726 1,314 (1,670) 41,656 654,570 467,244 607,979
ADJUSTED REVENUES		\$	153,030	\$ 128,304
Total Expenses		\$	2,346,209	\$ 2,346,209
Less Non-Recognized Expenses Interest Depreciation Less Contra Expenses Charter Revenue State Paratransit Assistance Capital Contributions for Operating Expenses	2		2,779 269,420 1,314 19,593	2,779 269,420 1,314 19,593
RECOGNIZED EXPENSES		\$	2,053,103	\$ 2,053,103
RECOGNIZED EARNINGS (DEFICITS)		\$	(1,900,073)	\$ (1,924,799)
Capital contributions - assets capitalized Capital contributions - expensed Total capital contributions			- - -	
Capital contributions - expensed Federal share Federal and local share of expenses			- 80% -	

ENTERPRISE FUND - BELOIT MASS TRANSIT COMPUTATION OF THE DEFICIT DISTRIBUTION AMONG THE SUBSIDY GRANTORS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

STATE FUNDS	
WisDOT Contract Amount	<u>\$ 447,651</u>
Local Operating Subsidy	<u>\$ 654,570</u>
5 Times Operating Subsidy	<u>\$ 3,272,850</u>
WisDOT Recognized Deficit	<u>\$ 1,937,078</u>
Federal Share of Operating Assistance Remaining State Share of Deficit	\$ 607,979 \$ 1,329,099
WisDOT Recognized Expenses	\$ 2,090,108
Maximum State and Federal Operating Assistance	60.00% \$ 1,254,065
Federal Share of Operating Assistance Remaining State Share of Operating Assistance	\$ 607,979 \$ 646,086
State Share – Least of the Five	<u>\$ 447,651</u>
FEDERAL SECTION 9 FO	UNDS
Federally Recognized Deficit	<u>\$ 1,961,804</u>
50% of Federal Deficit	\$ 980,902
Federal Recognized Deficit Less: State share	\$ 1,961,804 447,651
Local Share	<u>\$ 1,514,153</u>
Maximum Federal Share Per Grant Award	\$ 607,979
Federal Section 9 Share – Least of the Three	\$ 607,979

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS As of December 31, 2019

ASSETS	Equipment Operations	General Liability Insurance	Health Insurance	Retiree Health Insurance	Totals
Current Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 156,442	\$ 525,995	\$ 549,722	\$ -	\$ 1,232,159
Accounts receivable	19,511	28,005	53,233	30,655	131,404
Total Current Assets	175,953	554,000	602,955	30,655	1,363,563
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted Assets					
Deposit with risk pool		1,575,475	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,575,475
Total Restricted Assets		1,575,475			1,575,475
Capital Assets					
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	67,165	_	-	-	67,165
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(63,340)	-	-	-	(63,340)
Net Capital Assets	3,825				3,825
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,825	1,575,475			1,579,300
Total Assets	179,778	2,129,475	602,955	30,655	2,942,863
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related amounts	177,232	31,295	16,603	_	225,130
OPEB related amounts - life	3,316	345	322	_	3,983
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	180,548	31,640	16,925		229,113
Total Deferred Outllows of Resources	100,340	31,040	10,925		229,113
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	40,280	14,144	_	1	54,425
Claims payable	-	110,103	1,553,030	-	1,663,133
Total Current Liabilities	40,280	124,247	1,553,030	1	1,717,558
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Net OPEB liability - life	25,555	2,655	2,766	-	30,976
Advances from other funds	· -	-	· -	2,641,469	2,641,469
Net pension liability	57,744	15,430	9,186	-	82,360
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	83,299	18,085	11,952	2,641,469	2,754,805
Total Liabilities	123,579	142,332	1,564,982	2,641,470	4,472,363
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related amounts	91,637	14,176	12,397	_	118,210
OPEB related amounts - life	8,386	874	905	_	10,165
Of ED related amounts - life	100,023	15,050	13,302		128,375
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Net investment in capital assets	3,825	_	_	_	3,825
Unrestricted (deficit)	132,899	2,003,733	(958,404)	(2,610,815)	(1,432,587)
235110104 (4011011)	102,000	2,000,100	(300,+04)	(2,010,010)	(1, 102,001)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 136,724	\$ 2,003,733	\$ (958,404)	\$ (2,610,815)	\$ (1,428,762)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	_ ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		Health Insurance				Totals			
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	1 146 201	Φ	1 044 700	Φ	6 700 750	φ	2 512 522	φ	10 000 404
Charges for services Other	Ф	1,146,391 8,052	\$	1,844,729 -	\$	6,789,759 -	\$	2,512,522	\$	12,293,401 8,052
Total Operating Revenue		1,154,443		1,844,729		6,789,759	_	2,512,522		12,301,453
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Operation and maintenance		1,218,159		1,230,172		5,668,771		3,022,306		11,139,408
Contractual services		20,955		626,350				<u>-</u>		647,305
Total Operating Expenses	_	1,239,114		1,856,522		5,668,771	_	3,022,306		11,786,713
Operating Income (Loss)		(84,671)		(11,793)		1,120,988		(509,784)		514,740
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - Beginning		221,395		2,015,526	_	(2,079,392)		(2,101,031)		(1,943,502)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	136,724	\$	2,003,733	\$	(958,404)	\$	(2,610,815)	\$	(1,428,762)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		quipment perations		General Liability Insurance		Health Insurance		Retiree Health Insurance		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Received from customers	\$	1,168,755	\$	1,827,052	\$	6,931,705	\$	2,781,338	\$	12,708,850
Paid to suppliers for goods and services		(731,733)		(1,965,178)		(6,424,545)		(3,022,306)		(12,143,762)
Payments to employees for services		(485,699)	_	(130,185)	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	(615,884)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(48,677)	_	(268,311)	_	507,160	_	(240,968)	_	(50,796)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Noncapital interfund/advance repayment		-		-		(154,546)		-		(154,546)
Noncapital interfund/advance					_		_	240,968		240,968
Net Cash Used by Noncapital										
Financing Activities	-	<u>-</u>	_		_	(154,546)	_	240,968	_	86,422
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(48,677)		(268,311)		352,614		_		35,626
Oddii Equivalonio		(10,011)		(200,011)		002,011				00,020
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning		205,119	_	794,306	_	197,108	_			1,196,533
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	156,442	\$	525,995	\$	549,722	\$		\$	1,232,159
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)										
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	(04.074)	•	(44.700)	•	4 400 000	•	(500 704)	•	544.740
Operating income (loss) Change in noncash components of working capital	\$	(84,671)	\$	(11,793)	\$	1,120,988	\$	(509,784)	\$	514,740
Accounts receivable		6.542		(18,486)		141,106		268.816		397.978
Accounts payable		955		(155,140)		(1,000)		200,010		(155,185)
OPEB related deferrals and liabilities		2,120		175		342		_		2,637
Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities		26,377		5,524		6,543		-		38,444
Claims payable		<u> </u>		(88,591)	_	(760,819)	_	<u>-</u>	_	(849,410)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM										
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(48,677)	\$	(268,311)	\$	507,160	\$	(240,968)	\$	(50,796)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS										
Cash and investments - statement of net position	\$	156,442	\$	525,995	\$	549,722	\$		\$	1,232,159
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -										
END OF YEAR	\$	156,442	\$	525,995	\$	549,722	\$		\$	1,232,159

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

TAX COLLECTIONS	Balance uary 1, 2019	 Additions	 Deductions	Dec	Balance cember 31, 2019
Assets					
Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	\$ 7,103,354 19,841,459	\$ 6,162,064 20,937,463	\$ 7,103,354 19,841,459	\$	6,162,064 20,937,463
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 26,944,813	\$ 27,099,527	\$ 26,944,813	\$	27,099,527
Liabilities					
Due to other taxing units	\$ 26,944,813	\$ 27,099,527	\$ 26,944,813	\$	27,099,527
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 26,944,813	\$ 27,099,527	\$ 26,944,813	\$	27,099,527

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY As of December 31, 2019

		P	rimary Governm	ent				ponent nits			
	Major	Major	Major	Major	Major		Beloit	Beloit			
	Section 8	Low Rent	Project			Total	Apartments	Apartments			
	Rental Voucher	Public	Based		Leases	Primary	Redevelopment		Totals Before		
	Program	Housing	Vouchers	Administration	Receivable	Government	Phase 1, LLC	Phase 2, LLC	Eliminations	Eliminations	Totals
ASSETS											
Current Assets											
Cash and investments	\$ 276,203	\$ 198,179	\$ 55,482	\$ 144,639	\$ -	\$ 674,503	\$ 185,970	\$ 173,025	\$ 1,033,498	\$ - \$	1,033,498
Receivables	70.040	450	0.500			00.700	447.044	75 700	074 000	(4.4.4.000)	400 404
Accounts Lease receivable from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	72,013	156 2.800.000	8,533	-	-	80,702 2.800.000	117,641	75,720	274,063 2,800,000	(144,639) (2,800,000)	129,424
Lease receivable from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC Lease receivable from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 2 - LLC	-	2,580,000	-	-		2,580,074	-	-	2,580,074	(2,580,074)	-
Lease receivable from primary government	-	2,300,074	-	-	1.855.000	1,855,000	-	-	1,855,000	(2,300,014)	1.855.000
Due from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	_	99,858	_	_	-,000,000	99,858	_	_	99.858	(99,858)	-
Due from Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 2 - LLC	_	88.451	-	_	_	88.451	_	_	88.451	(88,451)	_
Due from other governmental units	-	4,941	-	-	-	4,941	-	-	4,941	-	4,941
Tax credit fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,615	59,857	105,472	-	105,472
Prepaid items	7,801	5,535			-	13,336		568	13,904		13,904
Total Current Assets	356,017	5,777,194	64,015	144,639	1,855,000	8,196,865	349,226	309,170	8,855,261	(5,713,022)	3,142,239
Noncurrent Assets Restricted Assets											
Cash and investments	_	_	_	_	1,706,715	1,706,715	307,631	655,722	2.670.068	_	2,670,068
Capital Assets					1,7 00,7 10	1,1 00,1 10		000,122	2,010,000		2,010,000
Land	_	344,067	70,472	_	_	414.539	420.849	945.397	1.780.785	(1,179,500)	601.285
Land improvements	_	-		_	-	-	215.575	397.055	612,630	-	612,630
Buildings	-	145,533	445,918	-	-	591,451	1,540,500	640,000	2,771,951	(975,520)	1,796,431
Building improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,397,386	9,304,835	17,702,221	-	17,702,221
Machinery, equipment, furnishings and vehicles	16,092	175,318	24,016	-	-	215,426	265,998	313,808	795,232	-	795,232
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(16,092)	(284,365)	(308,119)			(608,576)	(2,388,362)	(3,045,752)	(6,042,690)		(6,042,690)
Total Capital Assets, Net		380,553	232,287			612,840	8,451,946	8,555,343	17,620,129	(2,155,020)	15,465,109
Other Assets											
Lease receivable from primary government					1,983,285	1,983,285			1,983,285		1,983,285
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>-</u>	380,553	232,287		3,690,000	4,302,840	8,759,577	9,211,065	22,273,482	(2,155,020)	20,118,462
Total Assets	356,017	6,157,747	296,302	144,639	5,545,000	12,499,705	9,108,803	9,520,235	31,128,743	(7,868,042)	23,260,701
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Pension related amounts	180,347	123,982	19,606	_	_	323,935	_	_	323,935	_	323,935
OPEB related amounts - life	1,982	1,426	103	-	-	3,511		-	3,511	-	3,511
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	182,329	125,408	19,709			327,446			327,446		327,446
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	538,346	6,283,155	316,011	144,639	5,545,000	12,827,151	9,108,803	9,520,235	31,456,189	(7,868,042)	23,588,147

		_	rimary Governm	ont		Component Units							
	Major	r Major	Major	Major	Major	•	Beloit	Beloit					
	Section 8	Low Rent	Project	ajo.		Total	Apartments	Apartments					
	Rental Voucher	Public	Based		Leases	Primary	Redevelopment		Totals Before				
	Program	Housing	Vouchers	Administration	Receivable	Government	Phase 1, LLC	Phase 2, LLC	Eliminations	Eliminations	Totals		
LIABILITIES													
Current Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 1,910			\$ -	\$ -					\$ (188,309) \$	33,730		
Accrued liabilities	7,777	22,421	249	-	-	30,447	1,112,952	616,407	1,759,806	-	1,759,806		
Due to Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	-	81,113	-	-	-	81,113	-	-	81,113	(81,113)	-		
Due to Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 2 - LLC	-	63,526	-	-	-	63,526	-	-	63,526	(63,526)	-		
Due to primary government	-	142,127	-	-	-	142,127	-	-	142,127	-	142,127		
Deposits	5,258	9,895	6,403	-		21,556	34,900	26,501	82,957	-	82,957		
Lease revenue bonds payable					1,855,000	1,855,000			1,855,000		1,855,000		
Total Current Liabilities	14,945	342,541	8,035		1,855,000	2,220,521	1,249,902	736,145	4,206,568	(332,948)	3,873,620		
Noncurrent Liabilities													
Compensated absences	14,382	78,520	-	-	-	92,902	-	-	92,902	-	92,902		
Mortgage notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,800,000	2,580,074	5,380,074	(5,380,074)	-		
Other notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	418,953	321,175	740,128	-	740,128		
Net OPEB liability - life	15,365	11,244	606	-	-	27,215	-	-	27,215	-	27,215		
Lease revenue bonds payable				-	3,690,000	3,690,000	-	-	3,690,000	-	3,690,000		
Net pension liability	59,815	32,194	15,534			107,543			107,543		107,543		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	89,562	121,958	16,140		3,690,000	3,917,660	3,218,953	2,901,249	10,037,862	(5,380,074)	4,657,788		
Total Liabilities	104,507	464,499	24,175		5,545,000	6,138,181	4,468,855	3,637,394	14,244,430	(5,713,022)	8,531,408		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unearned revenue	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,032,664	_	1,032,664	_	1,032,664		
Pension related amounts	94,091	72,072	1,793	_	_	167,956	.,002,00	_	167.956	_	167,956		
OPEB related amounts - life	5,023	3,153	756	_	_	8,932	_		8,932	_	8,932		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	99,114	75,225	2,549			176,888	1,032,664		1,209,552		1,209,552		
	55,114	70,220	2,040			170,000	1,002,004		1,200,002		1,200,002		
NET POSITION													
Net investment in capital assets	-	380,553	232,287	-	-	612,840	8,451,946	8,555,343	17,620,129	(2,155,020)	15,465,109		
Restricted for grant programs	108,096	5,362,878	-	-	-	5,470,974	-	-	5,470,974	-	5,470,974		
Unrestricted (deficit)	226,629		57,000	144,639		428,268	(4,844,662)	(2,672,502)	(7,088,896)		(7,088,896)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 334,725	\$ 5,743,431	\$ 289,287	\$ 144,639	<u> </u>	\$ 6,512,082	\$ 3,607,284	\$ 5,882,841	\$ 16,002,207	\$ (2,155,020) \$	13,847,187		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Pri	mary Governm	ent				oonent			
	Major	Major	Major	Major	Major		Beloit	Beloit			
	Section 8	Low Rent	Project	-		Total	Apartments	Apartments			
	Rental Voucher	Public	Based		Lease	Primary	Redevelopment	Redevelopment	Totals Before		
	Program	Housing	Vouchers	Administration	Receivable	Government	Phase 1, LLC	Phase 2, LLC	Eliminations	Eliminations	Totals
EXPENSES											
Community development	\$ 3,242,483	\$ 779,017	\$ 91,302	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 4,112,802	\$ 596,317	\$ 646,032	\$ 5,355,151	\$ (385,906)	\$ 4,969,245
PROGRAM REVENUES											
Charges for services	-	18,053	47,626	-	-	65,679	96,285	137,792	299,756	-	299,756
Operating grants and contributions	3,253,518	630,632	-	-	-	3,884,150	283,477	160,658	4,328,285	(436,336)	3,891,949
Other revenue			1,305			1,305	57,862	8,247	67,414		67,414
Total Program Revenues	3,253,518	648,685	48,931			3,951,134	437,624	306,697	4,695,455	(436,336)	4,259,119
Net Revenues (Expenses)	11,035	(130,332)	(42,371)			(161,668)	(158,693)	(339,335)	(659,696)	(50,430)	(710,126)
GENERAL REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Investment income	2,237	965	_	-	325,119	328,321	277	630	329,228	-	329,228
Interest and amortization	-	-	-	-	(325,119)	(325,119)	(151,557)	(93,106)	(569,782)	-	(569,782)
Payment to Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 1 - LLC	-	(24,352)	-	-	-	(24,352)	-		(24,352)	24,352	-
Payment to Beloit Apartments Redevelopment - Phase 2 - LLC	-	(26,078)	-	-	-	(26,078)	-	-	(26,078)	26,078	-
Gain on sale of property	-	-	97,334	-	-	97,334	-	-	97,334	-	97,334
Miscellaneous	47,428	81,433				128,861	(3,250)	(8,117)	117,494		117,494
Total General Revenue (Expenses)	49,665	31,968	97,334			178,967	(154,530)	(100,593)	(76,156)	50,430	(25,726)
Revenues (Expenses) Before Transfers	60.700	(98,364)	54,963	_	_	17,299	(313,223)	(439,928)	(735,852)	_	(735,852)
November (Expenses) Belore Translate	00,100	(00,004)	04,000			17,200	(010,220)	(400,020)	(100,002)		(100,002)
Transfers in (out)		187,453	(187,453)		<u>-</u> _	-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	60,700	89,089	(132,490)	-	-	17,299	(313,223)	(439,928)	(735,852)	-	(735,852)
NET POSITION – Beginning of Year	274,025	5,654,342	421,777	144,639		6,494,783	3,920,507	6,322,769	16,738,059	(2,155,020)	14,583,039
											A 1001=15=
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 334,725	\$ 5,743,431	\$ 289,287	\$ 144,639	\$ -	\$ 6,512,082	\$ 3,607,284	\$ 5,882,841	\$ 16,002,207	\$ (2,155,020)	\$ 13,847,187

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Dr	ims	ary Governmen	t					
		Major		Major	11116	Major	_	Major		Major		
	Re	Section 8 Intal Voucher Program	_	Low Rent Public Housing	_	Project Based Vouchers	A	dministration		Leases Receivable		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						_			_			_
Received from customers Paid to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees for services	\$	11,597 (3,045,622) (188,353)	\$	84,498 (589,906) (109,843)	\$	49,088 (58,303) (17,637)	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	145,183 (3,693,831) (315,833)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		(3,222,378)		(615,251)		(26,852)						(3,864,481)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Governmental grants received Paid to LLC's Transfers in (out) Collections on leases receivable Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		3,253,518 - - - 3,253,518	_	646,699 (117,719) 187,453 - 716,433		(187,453) - (187,453)	_	- - - -	_	1,960,045 1,960,045	_	3,900,217 (117,719) - 1,960,045 5,742,543
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
Proceeds from sale of property Debt retired Interest paid Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related		- - -	_	- - -		200,852		- - -	_	(2,065,000) (325,119)	_	200,852 (2,065,000) (325,119)
Financing Activities				_		200,852				(2,390,119)	_	(2,189,267)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	_	2,237 2,237	_	965 965	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	325,119 325,119	_	328,321 328,321
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		33,377		102,147		(13,453)		-		(104,955)		17,116
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		242,826	_	96,032		68,935	_	144,639	_	1,811,670	_	2,364,102
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	276,203	\$	198,179	\$	55,482	\$	144,639	\$	1,706,715	\$	2,381,218
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	\$	(3,242,483)	\$	(760,964)	\$	(42,371)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,045,818)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Nonoperating income Depreciation Change in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows		47,428 -		81,433 4,167		12,272		- -		- -		128,861 16,439
Accounts receivable Prepaid items		(32,141) (380)		7,792 1,335		546 -		-		-		(23,803) 955
Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities OPEB related deferrals and liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		25,304 1,275 (13,038)		16,074 793 84,445		3,897 200 (274)		-		-		45,275 2,268 71,133
Due to primary government Deposits	_	(8,343)	_	(24,656) (25,670)	_	(1,122)		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	(24,656) (35,135)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(3,222,378)	\$	(615,251)	\$	(26,852)	\$		\$		\$	(3,864,481)

NONCASH CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

Statistical Section

This section of the City of Beloit's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial condition through multi-year comparative data.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends - Schedules 1 through 5 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	152 - 157
Revenue Capacity - Schedules 6 through 10 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	158 - 162
Debt Capacity - Schedules 11 through 14 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	163 - 166
Demographic and Economic Information - Schedules 15 and 16 These schedules provide demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.	167 - 168
Operating Information - Schedules 17 through 19 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	169 - 171

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant yea.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year

	<u>2010</u>	<u>201</u>	<u> 1</u>	<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>
Governmental activities																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 32,392,0	2 \$ 32,7	41,870 \$	54,274,785	\$	53,354,535	\$	55,479,784	\$	59,758,251	\$	65,844,049	\$	67,681,103	\$	72,490,136	\$	73,804,277
Restricted	8,659,2	3 15,5	89,925	11,580,550		12,309,637		12,769,533		17,998,995		13,240,969		15,943,566		19,793,501		12,274,022
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,410,3	5 (5,9	64,986)	(11,324,043)		(15,825,906)		(20,090,783)		(21,550,970)		(23,910,707)		(31,078,924)		(88,769,431)		(84,540,705)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 43,461,69	0 \$ 42,3	66,809 \$	54,531,292	\$	49,838,266	\$	48,158,534	\$	56,206,276	\$	55,174,311	\$	52,545,745	\$	3,514,206	\$	1,537,594
Business-type activities																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 62,944,10	8 \$ 63,0	01,736 \$	60,323,671	\$	58,348,338	\$	57,555,475	\$	55,645,129	\$	53,967,808	\$	52,335,132	\$	52,474,261	\$	51,152,284
Restricted	3,138,4	8 3,1	57,163	3,169,002		3,194,991		3,212,483		3,979,871		2,109,432		2,112,303		3,036,621		2,215,301
Unrestricted	8,713,9	4 9,0	51,974	10,967,316		10,188,754		10,091,793		10,056,464		12,115,399		13,265,935		11,819,693		13,960,270
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 74,796,59	0 \$ 75,2	10,873 \$	74,459,989	\$	71,732,083	\$	70,859,751	\$	69,681,464	\$	68,192,639	\$	67,713,370	\$	67,330,575	\$	67,327,855
Data																		
Primary government			00040	100 701 050	•	100 000 100	•	407.000.007	•	440 000 440	•	445.040.005	•	110 057 070	•	101 011 110	•	100 045 400
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 89,611,2		92,940 \$	108,794,859	\$	106,308,162	\$	107,836,387	\$	110,826,442	\$	115,643,805	\$	116,257,070	\$	121,614,118	\$	122,015,168
Restricted	11,797,7	- 1	47,088	14,749,552		15,504,628		15,982,016		21,978,866		15,350,401		18,055,869		22,830,122		14,489,323
Unrestricted	16,849,3	8,8	37,654	5,446,870		(242,441)		(4,800,118)		(6,917,568)		(7,627,256)		(14,053,824)		(73,599,459)		(67,639,042)
Total primary government net position	\$ 118,258,2	0 \$ 117,5	77,682 \$	128,991,281	\$	121,570,349	\$	119,018,285	\$	125,887,740	\$	123,366,950	\$	120,259,115	\$	70,844,781	\$	68,865,449

Note: The primary government section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities, but financed by the debt of the governmental activities. Refer to Note I D. 10.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year												
	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Expenses												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 680,410	\$ 820,889	\$ 747,997	\$ 788,296	\$ 772,449	\$ 778,843	\$ 782,031	\$ 1,007,820	\$ 1,199,584	\$ 1,146,064		
Finance and administrative services	7.947.872	9.029.097	4.249.269	4.589.561	4.358.216	5.446.685	6.391.553	6,476,937	7.678.069	5.554.143		
Community development	3,569,817	3,978,299	3,593,036	3,271,431	2,143,055	3,029,594	6,574,221	3,266,790	,,	5,810,962		
									2,949,491			
Economic development	315,893	336,540	283,643	340,202	355,466	268,874	368,492	420,046	433,082	440,630		
Public safety:												
Police services	14,431,648	14,780,278	15,044,071	15,892,086	15,311,616	15,005,398	15,906,565	15,777,635	13,534,636	14,535,554		
Fire services	9,460,266	9,797,889	10,210,826	10,883,679	10,153,177	10,680,264	9,395,681	10,658,395	9,735,744	9,280,506		
Public works	13,882,641	12,828,126	16,676,877	15,538,957	16,731,753	13,037,701	16,224,141	14,973,850	16,836,734	17,344,453		
Library	2,222,913	2,272,383	2,211,860	2,242,126	2,290,591	2,344,409	2,571,609	2,627,298	2,560,159	2,465,679		
Interest and fiscal charges	3,164,857	3,042,878	2,956,048	3,796,706	2,437,125	2,169,801	2,011,442	2,010,600	1,972,300	1,818,478		
Total governmental activities	55,676,317	56,886,379	55,973,627	57,343,044	54,553,448	52,761,569	60,225,735	57,219,371	56,899,799	58,396,469		
•		· ———										
Business-type activities:												
Water	4,505,850	4,467,294	4,436,025	5,075,698	4,567,804	4,894,535	4,761,331	3,995,317	4,957,318	4,548,386		
Sewer	7,920,544	8,019,535	8,445,553	8,739,011	8,820,728	9,206,619	8,873,499	9,012,687	9,168,565	9,292,453		
Storm	-	-	-	-	-	-	998,387	977,034	978,025	952,574		
Other non-major enterprise funds	4,962,055	5,030,578	5,029,201	5,183,296	5,352,057	5,349,522	4,286,233	4,433,774	4,352,889	4,455,228		
Total business-type activities	17,388,449	17,517,407	17,910,779	18,998,005	18,740,589	19,450,676	18,919,450	18,418,812	19,456,797	19,248,641		
Total expenses	\$ 73,064,766	\$ 74,403,786	\$ 73,884,406	\$ 76,341,049	\$ 73,294,037	\$ 72,212,245	\$ 79,145,185	\$ 75,638,183	\$ 76,356,596	\$ 77,645,110		
Program Revenues (see Schedule 3)												
Governmental activities:												
Charges for services:												
General government	\$ 26,550	\$ 31,670	\$ 35,761	\$ 45,430	\$ 24,937	\$ 49,500	\$ 43,065	\$ 37,381	\$ -	\$ 37,381		
Finance and administrative services	3,670,559	4,529,164	1,181,472	1,599,407	1,267,188	1,058,211	3,433,164	3,317,896	4,891,235	3,619,505		
Community development	113,941	180,125	115,177	262,901	270,531	121,212	147,455	91,562	126,459	136,214		
Public safety:												
Police services	1,383,631	1,429,097	1,254,166	1,368,350	1,307,662	1,208,635	970,757	1,111,992	1,108,601	1,137,947		
Fire services	52,421	1,310	38,329	2,676	49,148	28,248	11,972	40,258	36,032	53,510		
Public works	2,519,039	2,477,014	2,631,861	2,674,811	2,742,229	2,731,862	2,780,201	2,742,428	3,097,658	3,039,585		
Library	194,405	199,207	188,106	179,073	193,649	226,895	279,608	317,482	444,274	378,531		
•	1,992,886	2,640,623	2,212,186	2,083,822	1,352,609	1,054,099	4,147,241	832,304	913,335	787,073		
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	234,354	507,677	14,404,161	75,722	160,386	172,012	626,960	79,484	1,136,615	445,809		
, ,		11,995,887		8,292,192		6,650,674	12,440,423	8,570,787	11,754,209			
Total governmental activities	10,187,786	11,995,007	22,061,219	0,292,192	7,368,339	0,030,074	12,440,423	0,570,767	11,754,209	9,635,555		
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services:												
Water	5,029,628	5,428,312	5,812,294	5,542,677	5,465,477	5,496,668	5,507,429	5,873,464	5,883,446	5,888,465		
Sewer	6,946,357	6,742,228	6,792,043	6,615,442	6,725,986	6,751,680	7,167,202	7,614,184	7,604,279	7,985,607		
Storm	0,040,007	0,742,220	0,732,043	0,010,442	0,723,300	0,731,000	1,124,771	1,127,563	1,119,715	1,126,622		
Other non-major enterprise funds	2,873,575	2,737,877	2,886,428	2,781,660	2,818,869	2,863,402	1,806,460	1,984,177	2,196,587	1,982,109		
	2,013,313	2,737,077	2,000,420	2,761,000								
Operating grants and contributions	-		-	,	1,195,763	1,234,243	1,234,089	1,179,413	1,184,400	1,169,143		
Capital grants and contributions		27,386	32,203	147,573	734,718	68,837	6,490	59,245	91,647	780,970		
Total business-type activities	14,849,560	14,935,803	15,522,968	15,109,791	16,940,813	16,414,830	16,846,441	17,838,046	18,080,074	18,932,916		
Total revenues	\$ 25,037,346	\$ 26,931,690	\$ 37,584,187	\$ 23,401,983	\$ 24,309,152	\$ 23,065,504	\$ 29,286,864	\$ 26,408,833	\$ 29,834,283	\$ 28,568,471		
Net (expense)/revenue												
Governmental activities	\$ (45,488,531)	\$ (44,890,492)	\$ (33,912,408)	\$ (49,050,852)	\$ (47,185,109)	\$ (46,110,895)	\$ (47,785,312)	\$ (48,648,584)	\$ (45,145,590)	\$ (48,760,914)		
Business-type activities	(2,538,889)	(2,581,604)	(2,387,811)	(3,888,214)	(1,799,776)	(3,035,846)	(2.073.009)	(580,766)	(1.376.723)	(315,725)		
Total net expense	\$ (48,027,420)		\$ (36,300,219)	\$ (52,939,066)	\$ (48,984,885)	\$ (49,146,741)	\$ (49,858,321)	\$ (49,229,350)	\$ (46,522,313)	\$ (49,076,639)		
Total fiet expense	φ (40,021,420)	φ (41,412,090)	ψ (30,300,219)	ψ (32,939,000)	ψ (40,904,003)	ψ (49,140,741)	ψ (49,000,321)	ψ (49,229,350)				
									(continued)	(continued)		

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year

-	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
General revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 5,990,830	\$ 6,170,168	\$ 6,167,786	\$ 6,794,942	\$ 6,867,316	\$ 6,886,366	\$ 7,080,809	\$ 7,246,136	\$ 7,631,364	\$ 7,852,636
Property taxes, levied for debt service	4,298,477	4,573,523	4,873,523	4,445,195	4,787,927	4,800,000	4,769,154	4,850,000	4,849,994	5,250,052
Property taxes, levied for other	8,560,888	8,555,227	9,117,555	9,600,907	8,885,545	9,077,710	9,625,284	9,673,138	10,236,771	8,648,331
Other taxes	612,327	561,291	567,650	658,072	591,020	668,830	724,441	660,550	628,669	713,589
Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to										
specific programs	21,209,003	21,957,459	21,707,260	20,511,649	21,961,045	22,177,385	21,936,614	21,686,774	21,637,351	21,565,462
Public gifts and/or grants	-									
Investment income	39,470	986,271	1,163,493	(384,380)	972,002	262,851	292,699	205,821	621,267	1,099,877
Gain (loss) on sale of property	172,518	20,672	52,738	65,842	214,055	35,026	961,838	1,650	760	2,763
Miscellaneous	1,628,340	1,661,285	1,651,813	1,835,433	1,237,121	882,350	974,468	858,406	1,067,892	836,528
Transfers	584,499	(690,285)	775,073	830,166	(10,654)	633,315	388,040	837,543	(98,359)	815,064
Total general revenues and transfers	43,096,352	43,795,611	46,076,891	44,357,826	45,505,377	45,423,833	46,753,347	46,020,018	46,575,709	46,784,302
Business-type activities:										
Taxes	519,980	567,256	537,256	554,367	612,481	662,833	662,833	662,833	634,719	610,019
Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to										
specific programs	1,172,108	1,194,315	1,154,514	1,163,443	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	377,693	529,770	592,441	343,408	299,078	281,989	265,580	266,130	453,836	518,050
Miscellaneous	26,838	14,261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain (loss) on sale of property	-	-	127,789	(70,744)	5,231	8,968	43,811	10,077	11,083	-
Transfers	(584,499)	690,285	(775,073)	(830,166)	10,654	(633,315)	(388,040)	(837,543)	98,359	(815,064)
Total business-type activities	1,512,120	2,995,887	1,636,927	1,160,308	927,444	320,475	584,184	101,497	1,197,997	313,005
Total primary government	\$ 44,608,472	\$ 46,791,498	\$ 47,713,818	\$ 45,518,134	\$ 46,432,821	\$ 45,744,308	\$ 47,337,531	\$ 46,121,515	\$ 47,773,706	\$ 47,097,307
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ (2,392,179)	\$ (1,094,881)	\$ 12,164,483	\$ (4,693,026)	\$ (1,679,732)	\$ (687,062)	\$ (1,031,965)	\$ (2,628,566)	\$ 1,430,119	\$ (1,976,612)
Business-type activities	(1,026,769)	414,283	(750,884)	(2,727,906)	(872,332)	(2,715,371)	(1,488,825)	(479,269)	(178,726)	(2,720)
Total change in net position	\$ (3,418,948)	\$ (680,598)	\$ 11,413,599	\$ (7,420,932)	\$ (2,552,064)	\$ (3,402,433)	\$ (2,520,790)	\$ (3,107,835)	\$ 1,251,393	\$ (1,979,332)

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)
Fiscal Year

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 26,550	\$ 31,670	\$ 35,761	\$ 45,430	\$ 24,937	\$ 49,500	\$ 43,065	\$ 37,381	\$ -	\$ 37,381
Finance and administrative services	3,873,509	4,847,967	1,556,285	1,979,567	1,564,123	1,385,039	3,604,755	3,358,715	4,899,942	3,655,698
Community development	1,059,927	1,681,051	1,181,594	1,221,147	478,325	149,384	3,152,232	129,548	264,462	278,839
Public safety:										
Police services	1,433,267	1,458,056	1,254,481	1,368,595	1,307,867	1,208,635	971,617	1,112,922	1,109,331	1,138,417
Fire services	118,626	64,433	97,985	60,008	109,580	88,520	79,249	112,583	104,964	128,630
Public works	3,206,532	3,430,619	17,439,999	3,150,302	3,404,713	3,266,069	4,031,218	3,226,837	4,639,822	3,716,296
Library	469,375	482,091	495,114	467,143	478,794	503,527	558,287	592,801	735,688	680,294
Total governmental activities	10,187,786	11,995,887	22,061,219	8,292,192	7,368,339	6,650,674	12,440,423	8,570,787	11,754,209	9,635,555
Business-type activities:										
Water	6,123,465	5,428,312	5,812,294	5,647,690	5,540,195	5,525,879	5,513,919	5,932,709	5,975,093	6,322,504
Sewer	6,946,357	6,742,228	6,792,043	6,615,442	6,725,986	6,751,680	7,167,202	7,614,184	7,604,279	7,985,607
Storm	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,124,771	1,127,563	1,119,715	1,154,153
Other non-major enterprise funds	3,190,272	2,765,263	2,918,631	2,846,659	4,674,632	4,137,271	3,040,549	3,163,590	3,380,987	3,470,652
Total business-type activities	16,260,094	14,935,803	15,522,968	15,109,791	16,940,813	16,414,830	16,846,441	17,838,046	18,080,074	18,932,916
Total primary government	\$ 26,447,880	\$ 26,931,690	\$ 37,584,187	\$ 23,401,983	\$ 24,309,152	\$ 23,065,504	\$ 29,286,864	\$ 26,408,833	\$ 29,834,283	\$ 28,568,471

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)
Fiscal Year

		2010	2011	2012	2013	_	2014		2015	2016	_	2017	 2018	 2019
General fund														
Reserved	\$	2,076,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved		8,724,137	-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Nonspendable		-	1,761,379	1,634,901	1,449,818		2,071,820		1,791,582	1,578,930		1,623,597	1,619,687	1,569,862
Assigned		-	605,321	589,028	626,840		300,000		-	-		-	-	-
Restricted		-	-	-	-		-		-	-		-	77,500	80,404
Unassigned		_	8,408,569	9,144,726	8,339,711		7,762,537		8,007,592	8,303,332		8,547,746	9,033,798	11,882,949
Total general fund	\$	10,800,186	\$ 10,775,269	\$ 11,368,655	\$ 10,416,369	\$	10,134,357	\$	9,799,174	\$ 9,882,262	\$	10,171,343	\$ 10,730,985	\$ 13,533,215
All other governmental funds														
Reserved	\$	7,271,469	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-	\$ _	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:	-	, ,						-						
Special revenue funds		243,976	-	_	_		-		-	-		_	-	-
Capital projects funds		9,354,103	_	_	-		-		_	_		-	_	-
Debt service funds		-	-	-	_		-		-	-		-	-	-
Nonspendable		_	75,000	_	-		11,709		402,577	_		-	230,000	-
Restricted		-	15,502,709	9,892,961	10,314,163		10,480,740		10,974,549	12,697,326		15,725,655	14,756,865	15,308,192
Assigned		_	11,069,132	10,666,183	12,231,672		11,784,859		11,235,991	9,844,541		9,514,852	11,264,413	9,367,272
Unassigned		_	(4,553,852)	(4,572,305)	(4,374,225)		(3,841,960)		(3,904,273)	(3,672,678)		(3,508,626)	(3,772,199)	(2,654,371)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	16,869,548	\$ 22,092,989	\$ 15,986,839	\$ 18,171,610	\$	18,435,348	\$	18,708,844	\$ 18,869,189	\$	21,731,881	\$ 22,479,079	\$ 22,021,093
Total governmental funds	\$	27,669,734	\$ 32,868,258	\$ 27,355,494	\$ 28,587,979	\$	28,569,705	\$	28,508,018	\$ 28,751,451	\$	31,903,224	\$ 33,210,064	\$ 35,554,308

Note: It is the city's policy to maintain an unrestricted general fund balance of not less than 15% of operating revenues or three months of general fund expenditures, whichever is greater. The projected target for 2019 was \$8,005,666 which represents three months of budgeted operating expenditures. The city exceeded this limit by \$3,877,283. The city implemented GASB Statement 54 beginning with fiscal year 2011. Refer to Note I D 10 in the Notes to Financial Statements section of the report.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)
Fiscal Year

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues		<u> </u>			<u></u>			<u></u>		=
Taxes (see Schedule 6)	\$ 18,928,612	\$ 19,372,644	\$ 20,225,496	\$ 20,959,622	\$ 20,588,063	\$ 20,887,634	\$ 21,617,852	\$ 21,981,699	\$ 22,925,315	\$ 22,021,092
Intergovernmental	23,009,047	23,963,992	23,612,491	22,449,953	22,704,505	22,913,912	22,964,293	22,436,639	22,386,326	22,298,080
Licenses and permits	579,017	590,135	652,541	863,215	938,474	970,400	908,737	810,263	930,851	874,915
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	1,270,139	1,217,884	1,151,148	1,134,664	1,077,893	937,079	795,998	793,591	780,934	839,569
Fees and service charges	720,898	655,964	664,322	732,733	792,397	816,604	818,488	816,408	850,262	868,215
Rent	15,469	56	3,615	13,031	19,178	47,003	57,804	47,992	48,426	77,441
Special assessments	158,485	225,047	204,105	188,098	190,402	312,480	280,934	301,179	181,709	445,809
Investment income	28,627	1,027,796	1,163,493	580,052	431,892	433,241	513,378	290,359	663,241	1,134,475
Unrealized Gain (loss) on investment	-	-	-	(964,552)	479,956	(187,938)	(226,204)	-	-	-
Public charges for services	2,576,526	2,520,878	2,642,302	2,703,076	2,709,994	2,686,514	2,512,226	2,805,361	2,951,775	2,954,676
Other	2,963,236	2,657,310	2,842,474	2,925,678	2,230,696	2,199,253	2,174,997	1,772,753	1,828,636	1,756,882
Total revenues	50,250,056	52,231,706	53,161,987	51,585,570	52,163,450	52,016,182	52,418,503	52,056,244	53,547,475	53,271,154
Expenditures										
Current										
General government	3,849,649	3,935,480	3,769,962	3,828,921	3,705,212	3,739,168	3,594,944	3,802,126	3,735,593	3,456,460
Community development	3,963,150	3,916,607	4,224,110	3,452,579	2,864,857	3,408,202	2,959,096	3,011,525	2,929,178	5,334,163
Public safety	18,447,116	19,113,358	19,118,570	20,372,113	20,423,475	20,470,156	20,137,594	20,174,270	20,452,943	20,635,006
Public works	8,325,488	8,194,319	7,958,183	8,883,972	8,943,426	8,600,822	8,346,050	7,860,052	8,534,307	8,541,995
Parks, recreation, and education	1,992,966	2,045,247	2,036,683	2,038,937	2,090,762	2,140,358	2,236,552	2,352,785	2,232,644	2,224,300
Capital outlay	9,474,436	11,075,644	14,064,117	7,254,823	9,513,875	8,663,135	11,549,110	7,579,934	11,215,512	8,900,383
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	5,609,568	5,923,641	11,952,889	11,334,674	6,993,294	7,237,072	7,561,023	9,350,155	7,703,037	6,613,034
Interest and fiscal charges	3,119,978	3,181,470	3,085,618	2,842,047	2,303,641	2,165,894	2,011,867	1,939,205	1,920,594	1,860,125
Total expenditures	54,782,351	57,385,766	66,210,132	60,008,066	56,838,542	56,424,807	58,396,236	56,070,052	58,723,808	57,565,466
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(4,532,295)	(5,154,060)	(13,048,145)	(8,422,496)	(4,675,092)	(4,408,625)	(5,977,733)	(4,013,808)	(5,176,333)	(4,294,312)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Debt issued	4,462,587	1,500,000	3,753,800	3,686,989	3,149,816	3,370,000	4,960,000	3,525,000	5,395,000	5,470,000
Debt issued - refunding	-	14,006,168	3,706,200	12,079,111	5,477,459	-	-	2,510,000	-	-
Capital lease issued	-	3,915,445	1,498,489	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on bonds	-	-	139,913	423,115	256,111	-	130,133	200,080	131,430	243,147
Payments to escrow agent	-	(9,759,095)	(2,458,608)	(7,664,827)	(5,643,847)	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of city property	262,246	302,433	106,598	150,427	568,504	116,084	340,759	63,480	96,003	110,345
Debt service - principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	2,141,710	2,509,837	2,613,170	3,387,428	2,439,001	2,266,370	2,752,842	2,441,410	4,879,721	4,001,142
Transfers out	(1,557,211)	(2,122,204)	(1,824,177)	(2,407,262)	(1,590,226)	(1,405,516)	(1,962,568)	(1,574,389)	(4,018,981)	(3,186,078)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,309,332	10,352,584	7,535,385	9,654,981	4,656,818	4,346,938	6,221,166	7,165,581	6,483,173	6,638,556
Net change in fund balances	\$ 777,037	\$ 5,198,524	\$ (5,512,760)	\$ 1,232,485	\$ (18,274)	\$ (61,687)	\$ 243,433	\$ 3,151,773	\$ 1,306,840	\$ 2,344,244
Debt service as a percentage										
of non-capital expenditures	16.78%	17.92%	24.74%	24.14%	16.81%	18.12%	18.54%	20.82%	17.76%	15.48%

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property	Mobile Home	Payments In Lieu of	Prior Year Collections/ (Rescinded)	Motel	Total
2010	18,852,196	12,182	10,509	899	52,826	18,928,612
2011	19,299,003	12,628	9,038	2,006	49,969	19,372,644
2012	20,147,260	15,267	10,822	(5,420)	57,567	20,225,496
2013	20,867,890	13,462	9,089	1,773	67,408	20,959,622
2014	20,505,168	12,869	8,808	(4)	61,222	20,588,063
2015	20,785,707	12,541	9,104	760	79,522	20,887,634
2016	21,491,882	13,891	26,342	-	85,737	21,617,852
2017	21,823,022	11,774	19,462	-	127,441	21,981,699
2018	22,740,363	12,391	24,294	-	148,267	22,925,315
2019	21,773,650	18,198	22,547	-	206,697	22,021,092

Note: Wisconsin Statutes limits the amount that the property tax levy may increase to the percentage increase in the tax base attributed to net new construction.

Taxable

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Assessed Value and Equalized Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Manufacturing Property	Agricultural Property	Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	City Direct Tax Rate	Total Equalized Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Equalized Value
2010	900,230,900	427,694,300	135,080,700	679,600	87,133,340	1,550,818,840	10.04	1,610,889,800	96.27%
2011	899,392,250	432,887,800	141,146,700	596,600	82,989,040	1,557,012,390	10.33	1,558,718,400	99.89%
2012	894,849,000	424,796,000	166,829,600	599,300	102,931,800	1,590,005,700	10.30	1,507,977,900	105.44%
2013	888,191,900	424,675,300	180,902,200	593,200	84,031,800	1,578,394,400	10.62	1,377,134,000	114.61%
2014	884,755,300	430,356,700	168,818,300	576,400	81,975,602	1,566,482,302	10.83	1,471,696,200	106.44%
2015	883,032,900	439,131,000	163,631,548	549,800	84,559,452	1,570,904,700	10.96	1,557,937,900	100.83%
2016	883,276,700	471,910,400	165,852,600	546,900	87,247,190	1,608,833,790	11.11	1,593,559,300	100.96%
2017	887,557,400	439,840,500	183,826,900	549,500	82,752,330	1,594,526,630	11.40	1,607,119,800	99.22%
2018	896,333,000	441,798,280	201,252,600	540,500	63,378,600	1,603,302,980	11.28	1,650,289,200	97.15%
2019	907,040,900	444,963,280	195,112,400	532,500	66,880,100	1,614,529,180	11.33	1,785,854,900	90.41%

Note: Property in the city is assessed each year as of January 1. Property is assessed at actual value; however, the Wisconsin Department of Revenue each year estimates the market value of all taxable property for the purpose of apportioning tax levies among the various taxing jurisdictions.

This value is referred to as the equalized value. Taxable assessed value does not include tax exempt properties. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value and the city direct rate represents the city's portion of the tax levy. The total tax rates including those of other taxing jurisdictions can be found on Schedule 8.

Taxes are levied in December based on the assessed value as of January 1 and collected the following year.

Source: City of Beloit annual budget.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Beloit School District

			City of Beloit							_				
Levy Year	Collection Year	Basic Rate	G. O. Debt Service Rate	Direct Tax Rate	Rock County	State of Wisconsin	Technical College	Beloit School District	Gross Tax Rate	School Tax Credit	Net Tax Rate			
2010	2011	7.09	2.95	10.04	6.23	0.18	1.80	9.84	28.08	(1.37)	26.71			
2011	2012	6.59	3.74	10.33	6.30	0.17	1.79	9.48	28.07	(1.30)	26.77			
2012	2013	7.51	2.79	10.30	6.18	0.16	1.75	10.11	28.50	(1.27)	27.22			
2013	2014	7.59	3.03	10.62	6.00	0.15	1.68	10.08	28.53	(1.31)	27.21			
2014	2015	7.77	3.06	10.83	6.27	0.16	1.04	10.88	29.18	(1.34)	27.84			
2015	2016	7.92	3.04	10.96	6.60	0.17	1.19	11.47	30.39	(1.59)	28.80			
2016	2017	8.09	3.02	11.11	6.52	0.17	1.20	9.63	28.62	(1.59)	27.04			
2017	2018	8.39	3.01	11.40	6.43	-	1.21	11.63	30.68	(1.72)	28.96			
2018	2019	8.02	3.26	11.28	6.24	-	1.18	12.08	30.77	(1.73)	29.04			
2019	2020	8.07	3.26	11.33	6.48	-	1.23	11.39	30.43	(1.76)	28.67			

Beloit Turner School District

City of Beloit						Overlapping	g Rates (a)				
Levy Year	Collection Year	Basic Rate	G. O. Debt Service Rate	Direct Tax Rate	Rock County	State of Wisconsin	Technical College	Beloit Turner School District	Gross Tax Rate	School Tax Credit	Net Tax Rate
2010	2011	7.09	2.95	10.04	6.23	0.18	1.80	10.95	29.20	(1.37)	27.83
2011	2012	6.59	3.74	10.33	6.30	0.17	1.79	11.05	29.63	(1.30)	28.34
2012	2013	7.51	2.79	10.30	6.18	0.16	1.75	11.08	29.47	(1.27)	28.20
2013	2014	7.59	3.03	10.62	6.00	0.15	1.68	10.35	28.80	(1.31)	27.48
2014	2015	7.77	3.06	10.83	6.27	0.16	1.04	10.72	29.02	(1.34)	27.68
2015	2016	7.92	3.04	10.96	6.60	0.17	1.19	10.88	29.79	(1.59)	28.21
2016	2017	8.09	3.02	11.11	6.52	0.17	1.20	10.52	29.51	(1.59)	27.92
2017	2018	8.39	3.01	11.40	6.43	-	1.21	10.36	29.40	(1.72)	27.68
2018	2019	8.02	3.26	11.28	6.24	-	1.18	10.56	29.26	(1.73)	27.53
2019	2020	8.07	3.26	11.33	6.48	-	1.23	11.93	30.98	(1.76)	29.22

Clinton Community School District

		City of Beloit				Overlapping Rates (a)					
Levy Year	Collection Year	Basic Rate	G. O. Debt Service Rate	Direct Tax Rate	Rock County	State of Wisconsin	Technical College	Clinton School District	Gross Tax Rate	School Tax Credit	Net Tax Rate
2010	2011	7.09	2.95	10.04	6.23	0.18	1.80	11.97	30.21	(1.37)	28.84
2011	2012	6.59	3.74	10.33	6.30	0.17	1.79	12.34	30.92	(1.30)	29.63
2012	2013	7.51	2.79	10.30	6.18	0.16	1.75	11.64	30.03	(1.27)	28.76
2013	2014	7.59	3.03	10.62	6.00	0.15	1.68	10.68	29.13	(1.31)	27.82
2014	2015	7.77	3.06	10.83	6.27	0.16	1.04	11.53	29.82	(1.34)	28.48
2015	2016	7.92	3.04	10.96	6.60	0.17	1.19	12.05	30.97	(1.59)	29.38
2016	2017	8.09	3.02	11.11	6.52	0.17	1.20	12.13	31.12	(1.59)	29.53
2017	2018	8.39	3.01	11.40	6.43	-	1.21	12.21	31.26	(1.72)	29.54
2018	2019	8.02	3.26	11.28	6.24	-	1.18	11.55	30.24	(1.73)	28.51
2019	2020	8.07	3.26	11.33	6.48	-	1.23	10.23	29.27	(1.76)	27.51

Note: The city's property tax rate is approved each year by the City Council and is based on the city's tax levy and the taxable assessed value of property in the city. Property taxes are levied in December based on the assessed value as of January 1 of the tax year and collected the following year.

⁽a) Overlapping rates are those of other local governments and taxing authorities that apply to property owners within the City of Beloit. The school district rates apply only to those properties located within the various school districts whereas the city, county, state, and technical college rates would apply to all properties in the city.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	<u>20</u>	<u>019</u>		<u>2010</u>				
			Percentage of			Percentage of		
		Taxable	Total Taxable		Taxable	Total Taxable		
		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		
Taxpayer	Type of Business/Property	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	
ABC Supply/Hendricks	Wholesale Distribution/Property Development	\$ 82,820,690	5.13%	1	\$ 63,466,540	4.09%	1	
Kerry Ingredients	Mfg of Food Additives	38,924,300	2.41%	2	51,218,100	3.30%	2	
Frito Lay Inc	Food Processor	22,035,600	1.36%	3	22,261,600	1.44%	4	
Pratt Industries	Corrugated Packaging Manufacturer	17,434,900	1.08%	4				
Woodmans	Retail Grocer	16,531,570	1.02%	5	14,643,250	0.94%	8	
One Reynolds Drive LLC	Warehouse	16,106,800	1.00%	6				
Beloit Health Systems	Health Services	15,289,980	0.95%	7	14,866,820	0.96%	7	
Staples Contract & Commercial	Fullfillment Center	14,625,800	0.91%	8	34,139,420	2.20%	3	
Kettle Foods	Food Processor	13,642,400	0.84%	9				
Walmart	Retailer	12,464,240	0.77%	10	16,322,510	1.05%	5	
Menards	Retailer				16,076,710	1.04%	6	
Jacobson Beloit LLC	Southeastern Container				12,825,000	0.83%	9	
Hawks Ridge Apartments LLC	Apartment Rentals				11,711,350	0.76%	10	
Totals		\$ 249,876,280	15.48%	<u> </u>	\$ 257,531,300	16.61%	<u> </u>	

Source: City of Beloit Assessor's Office.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

		_	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections	Total Collections to Date	
	Collection	Total City		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
Levy Year	Year	Tax Levy (1)	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2010	2011	15,564,530	3,861,158	24.81%	11,692,161	15,553,319	99.93%
2011	2012	16,085,443	2,917,275	18.14%	13,165,124	16,082,399	99.98%
2012	2013	16,394,872	3,331,278	20.32%	13,062,062	16,393,340	99.99%
2013	2014	16,769,023	1,992,160	11.88%	14,775,750	16,767,910	99.99%
2014	2015	16,963,108	3,843,552	22.66%	13,105,602	16,949,154	99.92%
2015	2016	17,211,767	3,062,611	17.79%	14,104,637	17,167,248	99.74%
2016	2017	17,868,428	4,374,679	24.48%	13,387,123	17,761,802	99.40%
2017	2018	18,184,413	4,510,840	24.81%	13,598,548	18,109,388	99.59%
2018	2019	18,080,071	4,660,287	25.78%	13,395,570	18,055,857	99.87%
2019	2020	18,298,448	3,200,950	17.49%	N/A	N/A	

Note: In addition to city property taxes, the city also collects and remits property taxes to the State of Wisconsin, Rock County, Beloit School District, Beloit Turner School District, Clinton Community School District and Blackhawk Technical College. Taxes are levied in December of each year based on the assessed value as of the preceding January 1. Real estate taxes can be paid in four installments on January 31, March 31, May 31 and July 31. Personal property taxes are due January 31. Tax settlements to the other taxing authorities are made in January, February, April, June and the final settlement is in August. The city contracts with the Rock County Treasurer to collect all real estate taxes. The city collects all personal property taxes unpaid after January 31.

(1) Source: City of Beloit budget

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Storm						
	General	Issuance				Sewer	Water	Water	Total		Percentage of			Debt to
Fiscal	Obligation	Premiums		Capital	Other Capital	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Outstanding	Estimated Full	Full Property		Debt per	Personal
Year	Bonds	(Discounts)	Other Debt	Leases	Leases	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Debt	Property Value	Value	Population	Capita	Income
Governmental A	ctivities													
2010	54,003,141	(278,357)	100,000	17,723,067	602,607	_	-	-	72,150,458	1,610,889,800	4.48%	36,966	1,952	6.12%
2011	55,450,472	(721,460)	90,000	20,442,853	503,988	-	-	-	75,765,853	1,558,718,400	4.86%	36,945	2,051	6.16%
2012	50,222,921	(809,965)	80,000	20,446,434	466,990	-	-	-	70,406,380	1,507,977,900	4.67%	36,850	1,911	5.33%
2013	49,839,619	389,297	70,000	18,269,381	428,441	-	-	-	68,996,738	1,377,134,000	5.01%	36,820	1,874	4.92%
2014	48,305,828	607,154	60,000	16,370,388	346,426	-	-	-	65,689,796	1,471,696,200	4.46%	36,805	1,785	4.61%
2015	46,827,654	568,900	50,000	13,991,490	346,426				61,784,470	1,557,937,900	3.97%	36,792	1,679	4.20%
2016	46,798,538	530,646	40,000	11,473,188	302,821				59,145,193	1,593,559,300	3.71%	36,657	1,613	3.99%
2017	46,163,976	622,695	30,000	8,848,028	257,388				55,922,087	1,607,119,800	3.48%	36,520	1,531	3.64%
2018	46,962,975	674,971	20,000	5,798,330	210,050				53,666,326	1,650,289,200	3.25%	36,683	1,463	3.31%
2019	47,839,309	761,576	-	3,838,285	160,727				52,599,897	1,785,854,900	2.95%	36,548	1,439	3.09%
Business-Type	<u>Activities</u>													
2010	5,925,112	(626,876)	_	_	_	-	29,155,000	1,470,000	35,923,236	1,610,889,800	2.23%	36,966	972	3.05%
2011	5,577,580	(501,757)	-	-	-	2,866,012	28,075,000	1,420,000	37,436,835	1,558,718,400	2.40%	36,945	1,013	3.04%
2012	5,225,896	(362,058)	-	-	-	3,267,644	26,960,000	1,365,000	36,456,482	1,507,977,900	2.42%	36,850	989	2.76%
2013	4,859,952	26,566	-	-	_	3,129,884	25,800,000	1,310,000	35,126,402	1,377,134,000	2.55%	36,820	954	2.51%
2014	4,680,857	179,630	-	-	_	2,988,818	24,560,000	1,255,000	33,664,305	1,471,696,200	2.29%	36,805	915	2.36%
2015	4,224,935	124,094	-	-	_	2,844,366	23,290,000	1,225,000	31,708,395	1,557,937,900	2.04%	36,792	862	2.15%
2016	3,715,865	1,001,970	-	-	-	2,696,447	21,155,000	1,160,000	29,729,282	1,593,559,300	1.87%	36,657	811	2.00%
2017	3,219,819	924,830	-	-	-	2,544,978	19,855,000	1,095,000	27,639,627	1,607,119,800	1.72%	36,520	757	1.80%
2018	2,949,086	849,609	-	-	-	6,149,874	22,415,000	1,030,000	33,393,569	1,650,289,200	2.02%	36,683	910	2.06%
2019	2,687,716	704,165	-	-	-	5,856,047	20,950,000	960,000	31,157,928	1,785,854,900	1.74%	36,548	853	1.83%
Total Governme	nt-wide													
2010	59,928,253	(905,233)	100,000	17,723,067	602,607	-	29,155,000	1,470,000	108,073,694	1,610,889,800	6.71%	36,966	2,924	9.17%
2011	61,028,052	(1,223,217)	90,000	20,442,853	503,988	2,866,012	28,075,000	1,420,000	113,202,688	1,558,718,400	7.26%	36,945	3,064	9.20%
2012	55,448,817	(1,172,023)	80,000	20,446,434	466,990	3,267,644	26,960,000	1,365,000	106,862,862	1,507,977,900	7.09%	36,850	2,900	8.09%
2013	54,699,571	415,863	70,000	18,269,381	428,441	3,129,884	25,800,000	1,310,000	104,123,140	1,377,134,000	7.56%	36,820	2,828	7.43%
2014	52,986,685	786,784	60,000	16,370,388	346,426	2,988,818	24,560,000	1,255,000	99,354,101	1,471,696,200	6.75%	36,805	2,699	6.97%
2015	51,052,589	692,994	50,000	13,991,490	346,426	2,844,366	23,290,000	1,225,000	93,492,865	1,557,937,900	6.00%	36,792	2,541	6.35%
2016	50,514,403	1,532,616	40,000	11,473,188	302,821	2,696,447	21,155,000	1,160,000	88,874,475	1,593,559,300	5.58%	36,657	2,424	5.99%
2017	49,383,795	1,547,525	30,000	8,848,028	257,388	2,544,978	19,855,000	1,095,000	83,561,714	1,607,119,800	5.20%	36,520	2,288	5.44%
2018	49,912,061	1,524,580	20,000	5,798,330	210,050	6,149,874	22,415,000	1,030,000	87,059,895	1,650,289,200	5.28%	36,683	2,373	5.37%
2019	50,527,025	1,465,741	-	3,838,285	160,727	5,856,047	20,950,000	960,000	83,757,825	1,785,854,900	4.69%	36,548	2,292	4.92%

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund (a)	Total	Per Capita (c)	Percentage of Estimated Actual Market Value of Property (b)	Total Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	Legal Debt Limit (d)	Legal Debt Margin (e)	Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit
2010	59,928,253	2,077,288	57,850,965	1,565	3.59%	59,928,253	80,544,490	20,616,237	25.60%
2011	61,028,052	6,031,219	54,996,833	1,489	3.53%	61,028,052	77,935,920	16,907,868	21.69%
2012	55,448,817	1,871,641	53,577,176	1,454	3.55%	55,448,817	75,398,895	19,950,078	26.46%
2013	54,699,571	2,212,595	52,486,976	1,426	3.81%	54,699,571	68,856,700	14,157,129	20.56%
2014	52,986,685	2,048,472	50,938,213	1,384	3.46%	52,986,685	73,584,810	20,598,125	27.99%
2015	51,052,589	2,012,373	49,040,216	1,333	3.15%	51,052,589	77,896,895	26,844,306	34.46%
2016	50,514,403	1,745,892	48,768,511	1,330	3.06%	50,514,403	79,677,965	29,163,562	36.60%
2017	49,383,795	1,241,939	48,141,856	1,318	3.00%	49,383,795	80,355,990	30,972,195	38.54%
2018	49,912,061	754,798	49,157,263	1,340	2.98%	49,912,061	82,514,460	32,602,399	39.51%
2019	50,527,025	879,948	49,647,077	1,358	2.78%	50,527,025	89,292,745	38,765,720	43.41%

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) Restricted net position balance for debt service refer to page 1.

⁽b) Property value data can be found in Schedule 6: Total Equalized Value is used as estimated market value.

⁽c) Population data can be found in Schedule 15: Demographic and Economic Indicators. Under city's Debt Policy target is \$950-\$1,050.

⁽d) Wisconsin State Statutes limit the city's general obligation indebtedness to 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the city's boundaries. The city has established a self imposed limit under its Debt Policy of 3.0-3.5% of equalized value.

⁽e) The legal debt margin is the city's available borrowing authority under State Statutes and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of December 31, 2019

Governmental Unit	General Obligation Debt Outstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable (a)	 timated Share Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes				
County of Rock, Wisconsin Blackhawk Technical College Beloit School District Beloit Turner School District Clinton Community School District Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$	48,730,000 45,775,000 48,152,328 23,365,000 1,695,000	14.44% 12.16% 94.50% 11.14% 12.95%	\$ 7,038,269 5,564,501 45,505,009 2,601,903 219,480 60,929,162
City direct debt				 52,599,897
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 113,529,059
Population				36,548
Overlapping debt per capita				\$ 1,667
Direct and overlapping debt per capita				\$ 3,106

Sources: Equalized value data provided by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue was used to determine the estimated percentage of overlapping debt applicable. Debt outstanding data was provided by each jurisdiction.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Beloit. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be considered. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and is responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(a) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using estimated market value (equalized value) of property as provided by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Applicable percentages were calculated by using the portion of the taxing jurisdiction's estimated market value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by the jurisdiction's total estimated market value.

Direct Debt includes outstanding long term bonded debt, notes, loans, and capital leases of the city's governmental activities.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Sewer	Utility	Revenue	Bonds
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				Debt	Service		
iscal Year	Utility Charges and Other	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2010	7,083,699	5,370,311	1,713,388	-	-	-	
2011	6,867,461	5,471,436	1,396,025	-	13,820	101.01	
2012	6,975,312	5,803,825	1,171,487	130,030	74,991	5.71	
2013	6,779,720	6,051,452	728,268	137,760	76,771	3.39	
2014	6,878,377	6,135,784	742,593	141,066	73,424	3.46	
2015	6,899,605	6,475,410	424,195	144,452	69,998	1.98	
2016	7,297,866	6,102,227	1,195,639	147,919	66,490	5.58	
2017	7,752,906	6,191,780	1,561,126	133,242	81,080	7.28	
2018	7,829,771	6,202,268	1,627,503	155,104	119,667	5.92	
2019	8,229,911	6,420,497	1,809,414	293,827	175,682	3.85	

				Deb	t Service	
	Utility Charges	Less: Operating	Net Available		_	
	and Other	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	5,174,136	1,853,338	3,320,798	1,110,000	1,189,850	1.44
2011	5,472,411	1,823,566	3,648,845	1,080,000	1,220,495	1.59
2012	5,874,505	1,810,557	4,063,948	1,115,000	1,183,233	1.77
2013	5,600,028	2,266,499	3,333,529	1,235,000	1,064,519	1.45
2014	5,515,294	2,068,833	3,446,461	1,240,000	992,212	1.54
2015	5,535,133	2,633,314	2,901,819	1,270,000	962,339	1.30
2016	5,550,013	2,306,354	3,243,659	1,300,000	963,725	1.43
2017	5,919,662	2,061,800	3,857,862	1,260,198	797,172	1.88
2018	6,008,411	2,809,093	3,199,318	1,420,000	810,323	1.43
2019	6,027,076	2,556,570	3,470,506	1,465,000	829,865	1.51

Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds

				Deb	t Service	
	Utility Charges and Other	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	951,506	737,653	213,853		41,424	5.16
2011	950,724	635,318	315,406	50,000	72,369	2.58
2012	958,856	702,539	256,317	55,000	71,444	2.03
2013	958,980	699,169	259,811	55,000	69,813	2.08
2014	959,068	720,259	238,809	55,000	68,694	1.93
2015	972,517	846,762	125,755	-	23,371	5.38
2016	1,131,853	778,841	353,012	65,000	34,850	3.54
2017	1,137,755	748,405	389,350	36,215	60,385	4.03
2018	1,134,838	777,875	356,963	65,000	31,600	3.70
2019	1,145,320	764,312	381,008	70,000	30,250	3.80

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Sewer, water, and stormwater charges include non-operating revenues. Operating expenses do not include interest, amortization, or depreciation. The City's required coverage ratios are 1.10 for the sewer bonds and 1.25 for the water and stormwater bonds.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Estimated Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	School Enrollment (4)	Labor Force (5)	Employment (5)	Unemployment (5)	City Unemployment Rate (5)
2010	36,966	1,179,104,502	31,897	9,525	17,923	14,988	2,935	16.4%
2011	36,945	1,230,453,225	33,305	9,618	17,182	14,981	2,201	12.8%
2012	36,850	1,321,256,750	35,855	9,671	17,082	15,205	1,877	11.0%
2013	36,820	1,401,148,280	38,054	9,754	17,281	15,429	1,852	10.7%
2014	36,805	1,424,831,965	38,713	9,812	16,933	15,666	1,267	7.5%
2015	36,792	1,472,636,592	40,026	9,702	17,120	16,002	1,118	6.5%
2016	36,657	1,483,765,389	40,477	9,575	17,264	16,298	966	5.6%
2017	36,520	1,534,789,520	42,026	9,466	17,449	16,622	827	4.7%
2018	36,683	1,621,535,332	44,204	9,180	17,273	16,579	694	4.0%
2019	36,548	1,701,192,885	46,547*	9,089	17,372	16,621	751	4.3%

Sources: (1) State of Wisconsin Department of Administration or U. S. Census Bureau (2010).

⁽²⁾ Personal income estimate for the city is based on city population and per capita personal income for Rock County, WI using data obtained from the Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.

⁽³⁾ Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Rock County, WI.

^{* 2019} Per Capita Personal Income is an estimate from the Wisconsin Department of Revenue in their Metropolitan Statistical Area Outlook Report.

⁽⁴⁾ State of Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

⁽⁵⁾ State of Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development - Office of Economic Advisors.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2019 2010 Percentage of Percentage of **Total City Total City Employment Employment Employer Employees** Rank **Employees** Rank Beloit Health Systems 1,553 1 9.34% 1,491 9.95% 1 633 Kerry Ingredients 971 2 5.84% 4.22% 4 School District of Beloit 938 3 1,159 2 7.73% 5.64% Birds Eye 4 0.00% 800 4.81% 663 5 3.99% 739 3 4.93% Frito-Lay Blackhawk Technical College 588 6 3.54% 7 **Taylor Company** 525 3.16% City of Beloit 8 520 3.13% 519 5 3.46% Fairbanks - Morse 505 9 3.04% 345 7 2.30% 2.31% 6 2.82% Beloit College 384 10 422 2.03% Hormel 304 8 First National Bank & Trust 252 9 1.68% Staples Distribution Center 242 10 1.61% 7,447 44.80% Total 40.74% 6.106

Source: City of Beloit Department of Economic Development.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin
Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
City Manager	3.00	3.30	3.14	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.25	3.25
City Attorney	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Information Technology	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.50	5.00	5.00
Human Resources	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	2.00	2.10	2.25	2.25
Economic Development	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Finance and Administrative Services	24.35	23.25	22.50	22.20	22.25	21.35	21.50	20.35	20.50	20.35
Police	95.91	95.91	88.76	90.26	90.66	91.16	91.16	91.16	91.16	92.41
Fire	65.55	65.65	59.25	59.74	64.74	63.24	64.86	64.73	61.83	61.83
Community Development	28.00	29.00	29.50	28.50	28.50	27.50	28.00	27.50	27.50	27.50
Department of Public Works	159.41	161.31	153.15	153.99	152.49	155.14	153.11	149.90	151.40	149.90
Library	25.59	25.76	27.15	25.59	27.34	27.60	26.98	32.66	32.66	25.44
Total	416.31	419.68	398.95	398.78	403.48	404.99	402.61	403.90	404.55	396.93

Source: City of Beloit annual budget

A full time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave used). Full time equivalent employment is determined by dividing the total hours worked by 2,080.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General government										
New Building permits	2	3	2	7	6	7	10	12	20	20
Building permits issued	925	1,030	1,156	990	1,074	1,002	1,009	945	1,199	1,171
Building inspections conducted	3,972	3,932	4,540	3,874	1,657	2,269	3,449	3,025	3,463	3,778
Site plans reviewed	14	18	21	25	14	13	12	14	22	19
Police										
Physical Arrests	7,952	7,736	8,756	10,026	4,850	4,683	3,802	3,635	2,362	3,555
Traffic Violations	6,434	6,261	6,494	5,529	4,746	3,564	2,611	3,253	3,968	4,051
Parking Violations	9,536	8,461	6,782	6,230	7,072	3,837	2,275	3,440	2,778	2,538
Fire										
Emergency responses	7,834	7,896	7,693	8,194	8,452	8,513	8,929	10,067	8,331	8,587
Fires extinguished	125	134	150	107	122	134	114	115	198	95
Inspections conducted	2,336	2,293	2,029	2,000	2,050	2,096	1,964	1,945	1,953	1,992
Ambulance runs	3,498	3,534	3,517	3,726	3,835	3,969	4,428	4,837	4,690	4,699
Engineering and public works										
Development plans reviewed	14	18	21	25	14	13	12	14	22	25
Infrastructure projects designed	30	20	23	16	15	24	16	29	33	20
Infrastructure projects completed	20	18	19	16	14	20	15	21	25	15
Highways and Streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	4.8	1.9	3.1	5.5	1.92	6.3	6.1	3.6	5.67	5.11
Potholes repaired	47,218	50,590	40,319	38,725	38,176	38,720	43,737	36,921	37,507	40,305
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/day)	34	33	32.39	33.79	39.07	37	42.51	42.55	42.56	41.16
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	23	16	15.92	15.15	18.47	16.5	19.96	24.25	21.8	16.68
Culture and Recreation										
Facility use permits issued	448	460	469	431	491	530	577	589	596	565
Number of programs offered	77	75	78	81	84	86	84	87	90	86
Rounds of golf played	28,117	17,524	25,174	21,822	20,056	19,502	19,266	20,575	17,801	19,358
Senior center participants	24,318	24,011	23,919	25,822	25,934	26,194	26,546	26,599	22,706	20,019
Number of cemetery internments	161	185	170	175	147	164	141	152	160	148
Water										
Work orders processed	3,656	2,952	2,711	2,724	2,321	2,336	2,910	2,157	3,614	3,804
DHL locate tickets processed	4,248	4,187	4,289	5,196	4,170	5,183	5,033	5,175	5,484	4,802
Main breaks	35	30	32	56	52	34	36	33	37	41
Average daily production (MGD)	5.89	5.47	5.75	5.55	5.468	6.109	5.804	5.931	6.062	6.004
Peak daily production (MGD)	8.36	8.59	10.14	8.726	7.500	8.427	8.593	8.786	7.809	7.692
Wastewater										
Average daily treatment (MGD)	4.26	3.664	3.529	4.32	3.776	3.95	4.205	4.272	4.992	5.88
Peak daily treatment (MGD)	6.22	4.999	4.671	15.459	9.640	6.071	5.414	6.466	14.4	16.44
Transit										
Total route miles	343.029	343.029	343.029	343.029	311,017	287,839	287,963	287,963	287,963	274.461
Passengers	272,089	265,590	246,323	243,859	223,291	198,719	184,013	146,198	143,158	131,561
Common Verices eiterden entre entre	,_,-0	,	,	,			,	0, .00	,	,

Source: Various city departments.

City of Beloit, Wisconsin Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	39	40	40	40	40	40	51	47	45	45
Fire										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trucks	10	10	10	14	14	14	14	14	14	12
Ambulances	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Refuse Collection										
Garbage trucks	14	14	14	13	13	13	12	12	12	12
94 Gallon trash cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,647	12,647	12,720	12,776
94 Gallon recycling cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,647	12,647	12,735	12,788
64 Gallon trash cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	278	278	288	320
64 Gallon recycling cart	0	0	0	0	0	0	278	278	288	320
Other public works										
Streets/highways (miles)	183.5	183.5	183.5	183.5	183.5	184.8	184.8	184.8	186.7	186.7
Streetlights	1,229	1,320	1,308	1,308	1,308	1,456	1,498	1,499	1,538	1,538
Traffic signals	40	40	40	40	40	41	42	42	43	43
Parks and recreation										
Acreage	861	861	861	924	924	924	924	924	924	924
Parks	35	35	35	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Tennis courts	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	9	9
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
Water										
Wells	7	7	8	8	9	8	8	8	8	8
Water mains (miles)	197.7	197.7	198.9	198.9	198.9	199	199	199	204.2	204.4
Hydrants	1,464	1,464	1,555	1,555	1,555	1,558	1,488	1,574	1,613	1,653
Storage capacity (MGD)	2.75	2.75	4.15	4.15	4.150	4.15	4.15	4.15	4.15	5.25
Wastewater										
Treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sanitary sewer (miles)	175	172.8	172.8	172.8	172.8	172.8	172.8	172.8	177.7	187.1
Storm sewer (miles)	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	110.2	111.8	113.8
Treatment capacity (MGD)	11	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	11.3	13.2	13.2
Transit										
Buses	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

Source: Various city departments.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Beloit Beloit, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beloit, Wisconsin (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., a component unit, and the limited liability corporations (LLC's) presented as component units of the City of Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA), as described in our report on the City's financial statements. The financial statements of the Beloit Public Library Foundation, Inc., and the LLC's of the CDA, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001 and 2019-002, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to Findings

Baker Tilly Virchaw Frause, LLP

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Madison, Wisconsin June 19, 2020



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Beloit Beloit, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and Major State Program

We have audited City of Beloit, Wisconsin's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal and major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2019. The City's major federal and major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal and major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and Major State Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-003. Our opinion on each major federal and major state program is not modified with respect to this matter.

City's Response to Finding

The City response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not did identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-003, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

City's Response to Finding

The City's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

Baker Tilly Virchaw Franse, LLP

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Madison, Wisconsin June 19, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Federal Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Passed Through Agency	Number/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Other Agencies
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster					
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	Direct	359**	\$ 844.005	\$ 254.948
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants - Revolving Loan/Program Income		Direct	359**	266,368	-
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster	2.0	2551	333	1,110,373	254,948
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	C/ Janesville	35125-36125	18,368	-
Home Investment Partnerships Program - Program Income	14.239	C/ Janesville	35125-36125	191,736	
Total CFDA #14.239				210,104	-
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	Direct		390,703	-
Housing Voucher Cluster					
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	Direct		3,291,771	-
Public Housing Capital Fund					
WI39-PO64-501-15	14.872 14.872	Direct Direct		9,417	-
WI39-PO64-501-16 WI39-PO64-501-17	14.872			23,968 50,430	-
Wi39-P064-501-18	14.872			141,508	-
Total CFDA #14.872	14.072	Biroot		225,323	
Family Self-Sufficiency Program	14.896	Direct		14,606	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				5,242,880	254,948
U.S. Department of Justice					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607	Direct	38378	4,238	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	00.005	W DOT	05070	00.047	
Highway Planning and Construction		WI DOT	35278	93,817 100,656	-
Highway Planning and Construction Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205	IL DOT	35279	194,473	
Federal Transit Cluster					
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	WI DOT	WI-04-X045	320,300	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	WI-90-X794-00	607,979	
Total Federal Transit Cluster				928,279	-
Highway Safety Cluster					
State and Community Highway Safety					
Seatbelt CIOT		WI DOT	10669	5,949	-
Alcohol Enforcement	20.600	WI DOT	10579	64,093	
Total Highway Safety Cluster				70,042	-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				1,192,794	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 6,439,912	\$ 254,948

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

State Agency/Pass-Through Agency/Program Title	State Number	Grant Number	Exp	Total penditures	Passed Through to Other Agencies
Wisconsin Department of Transportation					
Transit Operating Aids 2019 Operating Aids	395.104	25707410-436001	\$	447,020	¢
2019 Paratransit Aids	395.104	85.205	φ	19,593	Φ -
Total Wisconsin Department of Transportation	333.104	65.205		466,613	
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources					
Recycling Grants to Responsible Units	370.670	N/A		128,141	-
Recycling Consolidation Grant	370.673	N/A		9,333	
Total Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources				137,474	
Wisconsin Department of Administration					
Office of Justice Assistance					
Uniform Beat Patrol Officers	455.275	61622239-406001-10029		111,234	
TOTAL STATE AWARDS			\$	715,321	\$ -

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (the "schedule") includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Beloit (the "City") under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended December 31, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Guidelines. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

The reporting entity for the City is based upon criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City is the primary government according to GASB criteria, while the Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA) is a component unit. Federal and state awards received directly by the CDA are included in this report.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The underlying accounting records for some grant programs are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. The accounting records for other grant programs are maintained on the accrual basis; i.e., when the revenue has been earned and the liability is incurred.

NOTE 3 - Pass-Through Agencies

The following identifies the pass-through agency acronyms used on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

C/ Janesville City of Janesville, Wisconsin

WI DOT Wisconsin Department of Transportation IL DOT Illinois Department of Transportation

NOTE 4 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
> Material weakness (es) identified?	X yes no
> Significant deficiency (ies) identified?	yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over major programs:	Federal Programs State Programs
> Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	none none X yes reported yes X reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance or the State Single Audit Guidelines?	X yes no yesX no
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> no
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000 \$ 250,000

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (cont.)

FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (cont.)

Identification of major federal programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

Housing Voucher Cluster

14.871 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers

Federal Transit Cluster

20.507 Federal Transit – Formula Grants

Identification of major state programs:

State Number Name of State Program

395.104 Transit Operating Aids

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

FINDING 2019-001: INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Repeat of prior year finding 2018-001

Criteria: According to Statement on Auditing Standards AU-C Section 265, *Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit*, sufficient internal controls should be in place that provide for the preparation of reliable financial statements that are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. According to Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), sufficient internal controls should be in place that provide for the preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards.

Condition: The City's financial records contained material misstatements and the City did not prepare its annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause: Due to staffing and financial limitations, the City chooses to contract with the auditors to assist with some year-end audit entries and prepare the annual financial statements.

Effect: Complete and accurate financial statements are not available until the conclusion of the audit.

Recommendation: We recommend the City evaluate if additional procedures are practical at this time to eliminate material adjustments proposed by the auditor and to increase the City's involvement in the financial reporting process.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (cont.)

FINDING 2019-001: INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (cont.)

Management's Response: Most entries are prepared by City staff. The Finance and Administrative Services Director and Director of Accounting and Purchasing review and approve the financial statements, disclosures and schedules prepared by our auditing firm utilizing a financial statement disclosure checklist. The Director of Accounting and Purchasing and Senior Accountant have also made changes by conducting monthly reconciliations for payables and major receivables, and monthly reconciliations for cash.

FINDING 2019-002: INTERNAL CONTROL ENVIRONMENT

Repeat of prior year finding 2018-002 – certain aspects of finding 2018-002 were addressed and no longer appear and one new point added

Criteria: According to Statement on Auditing Standards AU-C Section 315, *Understanding the Entity and Its Environment and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement*, sufficient internal accounting controls should be in place that mitigate the risk of material misstatement in the financial records due to fraud or error.

Condition: We identified key controls that ideally should be present or strengthened in order to mitigate the risk of material misstatement in relation to the City's significant transaction cycles as follows:

CONTROLS OVER INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

1. Unnecessary generic accounts within Munis should be identified and eliminated.

Management's Response: The Information Technology Department has reviewed all generic level restricted accounts and is in the process of eliminating or revising each account on a case by case basis. Multiple generic system accounts which were created for system level processes will be eliminated or consolidated as needed. Systems requiring generic accounts to maintain reasonable functionality will be thoroughly documented and passwords will be changed per departmental policy.

CONTROLS OVER CAPITAL ASSETS

 Capital assets and the related accumulated depreciation do not materially reconcile from the City's Fixed Asset System to the financial statements. Also, material capital asset additions were identified during our testing that were not identified by the City.

Management's Response: During 2020, the Accounting Director will reconcile the capital assets and accumulated depreciation from the Munis Fixed Asset System to the financial statements and make the appropriate adjustments as needed. The City will also put a process in place to help capture all capital asset additions during the year.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FINDING 2019-003

PROGRAM CFDA NUMBER: 14.871 Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers

FEDERAL GRANTOR: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Criteria: According to 24 CFR part 5.230(a), each member of the family of an assistance applicant or participant who is at least 18 years of age, and each family head and spouse regardless of age, shall sign one or more consent forms.

Condition/Context: During our testing of the Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Program, it was noted that 4 out of the 40 files selected for testing at the City of Beloit Community Development Authority (CDA) did not contain a signed consent form. The sample was not a statistical sample.

Cause: The CDA did not have a process in place to verify that all applicants sign a consent form.

Effect: Third party income and employment information may have been retrieved on certain applicants without their written consent.

Questioned Costs: None noted.

Recommendation: We recommend the CDA implement a procedure to verify that all applicants sign a consent form and that a copy is kept in their file.

Management's Response: The four files with deficiencies belonged to a CDA employee who is no longer with the agency. These four files were participants who "Ported-In" to our agency from other housing authorities. CDA staff has been instructed to meet with individuals porting into our jurisdiction to ensure that all income information and HUD-required forms are executed and up to date. This will ensure that this finding won't occur in the future. Upon port-in to the CDA, the files will be reviewed by the CDA Director to ensure compliance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

SECTION IV - OTHER ISSUES	
Does the auditor's report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?	yes <u>X</u> no
Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned costs, material weakness, significant deficiency, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the <i>State Single Audit Guidelines</i> :	
Department of Transportation Department of Natural Resources Department of Administration	yes
Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?	X yes no
Name and signature of partner	X yes no
	Carla A. Gogin, CPA, Partner
Date of report	June 19, 2020